```
In [3]: !pip install -U -q tensorflow tensorflow_datasets
#!apt install --allow-change-held-packages libcudnn8=8.1.0.77-1+cuda11.2
```

Import the necessary packages

```
In [4]: import os
    import pathlib

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
from numpy import random
import shutil

import tensorflow as tf

from tensorflow.keras import layers
from tensorflow.keras import models
```

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\mfarag\AppData\Roaming\Python\Python39\site-packages\ke ras\src\losses.py:2976: The name tf.losses.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy is deprecated. P lease use tf.compat.v1.losses.sparse softmax cross entropy instead.

Download the speech commands dataset

Get different class labels

```
In [8]: commands = np.array(tf.io.gfile.listdir(str('data')))
   commands = commands[commands != 'README.md']
   print('Commands:', commands)

Commands: ['.DS_Store' 'backward' 'bed' 'bird' 'cat' 'dog' 'down' 'eight' 'five'
   'follow' 'forward' 'four' 'go' 'happy' 'house' 'learn' 'left' 'LICENSE'
   'marvin' 'mydataset' 'nine' 'no' 'off' 'on' 'one' 'right' 'seven'
   'sheila' 'six' 'speech_commands.zip' 'stop' 'testing_list.txt' 'three'
   'tree' 'two' 'up' 'validation_list.txt' 'visual' 'wow' 'yes' 'zero'
   ' background noise ']
```

Create the directories for on, off, others and silent data

```
In [13]: import shutil, errno
         def copy data(src, dst):
            try:
                 shutil.copytree(src, dst)
             except OSError as exc: # python >2.5
                 if exc.errno in (errno.ENOTDIR, errno.EINVAL):
                     shutil.copy(src, dst)
                 else: raise
In [15]: copy data('data/on','data/mydataset/on')
         copy data('data/off','data/mydataset/off')
In [11]: # You may use the following code instead of calling the copy data() function above if yo
         #!cp -r 'data/on' 'data/mydataset'
         #!cp -r 'data/off' 'data/mydataset'
         'cp' is not recognized as an internal or external command,
         operable program or batch file.
         'cp' is not recognized as an internal or external command,
         operable program or batch file.
In [16]: | os.mkdir('data/mydataset/silent')
         os.mkdir('data/mydataset/others')
         other labels = ["yes", "no", "up", "down", "left", "right", "bed", "bird", "cat", "dog",
In [17]:
         sample per label = 150
         for label in other labels:
            path = 'data/'+label
             f = os.listdir(path)
             num files = len(f)
             file indx = np.arange(num files)
             random.shuffle(file indx)
             for i in range(sample per label):
                 index = file indx[i]
                 file name = f[index]
                 source = path + '/' + file name
                 destination = 'data/mydataset/others/' + file name
                 # copy only files
                 if os.path.isfile(source):
                     shutil.copy(source, destination)
```

Create silent data

```
In [18]: import scipy
from scipy.io.wavfile import write

fs = 16000
num_files = 2400

for i in range(num_files):
    sample = np.zeros(fs)
    filename = str(i*100)+'silent.wav'
    sample = sample + 0.1*random.randn(fs)
    scipy.io.wavfile.write('data/mydataset/silent/'+filename, fs, sample.astype(np.int16))
```

```
train ds, val ds = tf.keras.utils.audio dataset from directory(
In [22]:
             directory='data/mydataset',
             labels='inferred',
             batch size=64,
             class names=None,
             validation split=0.2,
             seed=0,
             output sequence length=16000,
             subset='both')
         label names = np.array(train ds.class names)
         print()
         print('label names:', label names)
         Found 11943 files belonging to 4 classes.
         Using 9555 files for training.
         Using 2388 files for validation.
         label names: ['off' 'on' 'others' 'silent']
         Remove the extra audio channel
In [23]: train ds.element spec
         def squeeze(audio, labels):
             audio = tf.squeeze(audio, axis=-1)
             return audio, labels
         train ds = train ds.map(squeeze, tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
         val ds = val ds.map(squeeze, tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
In [24]: test_ds = val_ds.shard(num shards=2, index=0)
         val ds = val ds.shard(num shards=2, index=1)
In [25]: for sample_audio, sample_label in train ds.take(1):
           print(sample audio.shape)
           print(sample label.shape)
         (64, 16000)
         (64,)
```

Function to compute audio spectrogram

```
In [26]: def get_spectrogram(waveform):
    # Convert the waveform to a spectrogram via STFT.
    spectrogram = tf.signal.stft(waveform, frame_length=127, frame_step=64)
    # Obtain the absolute magnitude of the STFT.
    spectrogram = tf.abs(spectrogram)
    # Add a third dimension as channel, so that the spectrogram can be used
    # as image-like input data with convolution layers (which expect
    # shape ('batch_size', 'height', 'width', 'channels').
    spectrogram = spectrogram[..., tf.newaxis]
    return spectrogram
```

```
from IPython import display
In [27]:
        for i in range(5):
            indx = random.randint(0, sample audio.shape[0]-1)
            label = label names[sample label[indx]]
            waveform = sample audio[indx]
            #spectrogram = get spectrogram(waveform)
            print('Label:', label)
            print('Audio shape:', waveform.shape)
            #print('Spectrogram shape:', spectrogram.shape)
            print('Audio playback')
            display.display(display.Audio(waveform, rate=16000))
        Label: on
        Audio shape: (16000,)
        Audio playback
          → 0:00 / 0:01 →
        Label: on
        Audio shape: (16000,)
        Audio playback
          0:00 / 0:01
        Label: silent
        Audio shape: (16000,)
        Audio playback
        C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\IPython\lib\display.py:187: RuntimeWarning: i
        nvalid value encountered in divide
          scaled = data / normalization factor * 32767
          0:00 / 0:01
        Label: others
        Audio shape: (16000,)
        Audio playback
          0:00 / 0:01
        Label: silent
        Audio shape: (16000,)
        Audio playback
          0:00 / 0:01
```

Spectrogram plot function

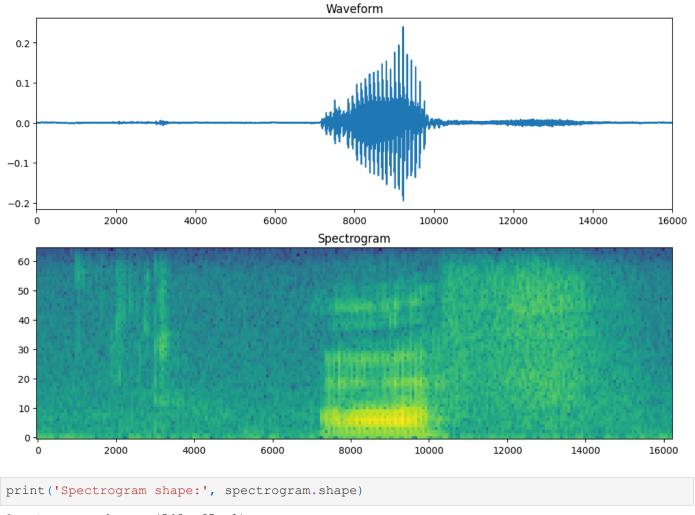
```
In [28]:

def plot_spectrogram(spectrogram, ax):
    if len(spectrogram.shape) > 2:
        assert len(spectrogram.shape) == 3
        spectrogram = np.squeeze(spectrogram, axis=-1)
    # Convert the frequencies to log scale and transpose, so that the time is
    # represented on the x-axis (columns).
    # Add an epsilon to avoid taking a log of zero.
    log_spec = np.log(spectrogram.T + np.finfo(float).eps)
    height = log_spec.shape[0]
    width = log_spec.shape[1]
    X = np.linspace(0, np.size(spectrogram), num=width, dtype=int)
    Y = range(height)
    ax.pcolormesh(X, Y, log_spec)
```

Plotting the spectrogram

```
In [43]: indx = random.randint(0, sample_audio.shape[0]-1)
label = label_names[sample_label[indx]]
waveform = sample_audio[indx]
spectrogram = get_spectrogram(waveform)
fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, figsize=(12, 8))
timescale = np.arange(waveform.shape[0])
axes[0].plot(timescale, waveform.numpy())
axes[0].set_title('Waveform')
axes[0].set_xlim([0, 16000])

plot_spectrogram(spectrogram.numpy(), axes[1])
axes[1].set_title('Spectrogram')
plt.suptitle(label.title())
plt.show()
```



Convert into TensorFlow equivalent dataset

```
In [46]: train_spectrogram_ds = make_spectrogram_ds(train_ds)
  val_spectrogram_ds = make_spectrogram_ds(val_ds)
  test_spectrogram_ds = make_spectrogram_ds(test_ds)
```

```
In [47]: train_spectrogram_ds = train_spectrogram_ds.cache().shuffle(10000).prefetch(tf.data.AUTO
    val_spectrogram_ds = val_spectrogram_ds.cache().prefetch(tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
    test_spectrogram_ds = test_spectrogram_ds.cache().prefetch(tf.data.AUTOTUNE)
```

Define the CNN model

```
In [48]: from tensorflow.python.util.nest import flatten
    from tensorflow.python.ops.gen_nn_ops import Conv2D
    for example_spectrograms, example_spect_labels in train_spectrogram_ds.take(1):
        input_shape = example_spectrograms.shape[1:]

num_classes = 4
    model = models.Sequential()
    model.add(layers.Conv2D(8, (8, 8), strides=(2, 2), padding='SAME', activation='relu', in model.add(layers.Flatten())
    model.add(layers.Dropout(0.1))
    model.add(layers.Dense(num_classes, activation = 'softmax'))

model.summary()
```

Model: "sequential 1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 125, 33, 8)	520
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 33000)	0
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 33000)	0
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 4)	132004

Total params: 132524 (517.67 KB)
Trainable params: 132524 (517.67 KB)
Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)

```
In [49]: model.compile(optimizer=tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning rate=0.001),
          loss=tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from logits=False),
          metrics=['accuracy'])
   model.fit(train spectrogram ds, validation data=val spectrogram ds, epochs=100)
   Epoch 1/100
   2 - val loss: 0.5655 - val accuracy: 0.7867
   Epoch 2/100
   5 - val loss: 0.5406 - val accuracy: 0.8072
   Epoch 3/100
   9 - val loss: 0.4994 - val accuracy: 0.8225
   Epoch 4/100
   5 - val loss: 0.5082 - val accuracy: 0.8140
   Epoch 5/100
   1 - val loss: 0.5113 - val accuracy: 0.8336
   Epoch 6/100
   5 - val loss: 0.5295 - val accuracy: 0.8396
   Epoch 7/100
   0 - val loss: 0.5359 - val accuracy: 0.8473
   Epoch 8/100
   2 - val loss: 0.5522 - val accuracy: 0.8439
   Epoch 9/100
   0 - val loss: 0.5789 - val accuracy: 0.8311
   Epoch 10/100
   5 - val loss: 0.5794 - val accuracy: 0.8370
   Epoch 11/100
   0 - val loss: 0.5989 - val accuracy: 0.8447
   Epoch 12/100
   4 - val loss: 0.6178 - val accuracy: 0.8464
   Epoch 13/100
   0 - val loss: 0.6485 - val accuracy: 0.8507
   Epoch 14/100
   9 - val loss: 0.6332 - val accuracy: 0.8498
   Epoch 15/100
   9 - val loss: 0.6698 - val accuracy: 0.8549
   Epoch 16/100
   5 - val loss: 0.6200 - val accuracy: 0.8567
   Epoch 17/100
   1 - val loss: 0.6871 - val accuracy: 0.8575
   Epoch 18/100
   2 - val loss: 0.7310 - val accuracy: 0.8549
   Epoch 19/100
   9 - val loss: 0.6513 - val accuracy: 0.8712
```

```
Epoch 20/100
3 - val loss: 0.7277 - val accuracy: 0.8575
Epoch 21/100
8 - val loss: 0.7337 - val accuracy: 0.8549
Epoch 22/100
1 - val loss: 0.7629 - val accuracy: 0.8464
Epoch 23/100
4 - val loss: 0.8181 - val accuracy: 0.8456
Epoch 24/100
3 - val loss: 0.7973 - val accuracy: 0.8584
Epoch 25/100
0 - val loss: 0.8597 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 26/100
2 - val loss: 0.7724 - val accuracy: 0.8584
Epoch 27/100
2 - val loss: 0.7937 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 28/100
4 - val loss: 0.8365 - val accuracy: 0.8626
Epoch 29/100
6 - val loss: 0.8783 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 30/100
8 - val loss: 0.8795 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 31/100
1 - val loss: 0.9203 - val accuracy: 0.8464
Epoch 32/100
7 - val loss: 0.9106 - val accuracy: 0.8481
Epoch 33/100
5 - val loss: 0.9537 - val accuracy: 0.8294
Epoch 34/100
4 - val loss: 0.9356 - val accuracy: 0.8481
Epoch 35/100
3 - val loss: 1.2497 - val accuracy: 0.8123
Epoch 36/100
4 - val loss: 1.0972 - val accuracy: 0.8507
Epoch 37/100
9 - val loss: 1.0532 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 38/100
2 - val loss: 1.0435 - val accuracy: 0.8584
Epoch 39/100
3 - val_loss: 1.0482 - val_accuracy: 0.8584
Epoch 40/100
7 - val loss: 1.0639 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 41/100
```

0 - val loss: 1.0509 - val accuracy: 0.8515

```
Epoch 42/100
7 - val loss: 1.1303 - val accuracy: 0.8447
Epoch 43/100
5 - val loss: 1.0628 - val accuracy: 0.8558
Epoch 44/100
3 - val loss: 1.1114 - val accuracy: 0.8498
Epoch 45/100
7 - val loss: 1.2002 - val accuracy: 0.8515
Epoch 46/100
4 - val loss: 1.1257 - val accuracy: 0.8541
Epoch 47/100
7 - val loss: 1.1307 - val accuracy: 0.8643
Epoch 48/100
9 - val loss: 1.1535 - val accuracy: 0.8532
Epoch 49/100
1 - val loss: 1.2894 - val accuracy: 0.8353
Epoch 50/100
6 - val loss: 1.1907 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 51/100
7 - val loss: 1.2835 - val accuracy: 0.8584
Epoch 52/100
3 - val loss: 1.3025 - val accuracy: 0.8507
Epoch 53/100
9 - val loss: 1.2703 - val accuracy: 0.8541
Epoch 54/100
3 - val loss: 1.1766 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 55/100
8 - val loss: 1.2618 - val accuracy: 0.8541
Epoch 56/100
8 - val loss: 1.2664 - val accuracy: 0.8515
Epoch 57/100
7 - val loss: 1.3095 - val accuracy: 0.8481
Epoch 58/100
9 - val loss: 1.3152 - val accuracy: 0.8507
Epoch 59/100
1 - val loss: 1.2770 - val accuracy: 0.8626
Epoch 60/100
7 - val loss: 1.4742 - val accuracy: 0.8567
Epoch 61/100
6 - val loss: 1.3405 - val accuracy: 0.8567
Epoch 62/100
8 - val loss: 1.3289 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 63/100
```

8 - val loss: 1.4465 - val accuracy: 0.8618

```
Epoch 64/100
3 - val loss: 1.3015 - val accuracy: 0.8532
Epoch 65/100
3 - val loss: 1.4121 - val accuracy: 0.8456
Epoch 66/100
6 - val loss: 1.3014 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 67/100
5 - val loss: 1.4520 - val accuracy: 0.8473
Epoch 68/100
8 - val loss: 1.3982 - val accuracy: 0.8498
Epoch 69/100
9 - val loss: 1.5203 - val accuracy: 0.8422
Epoch 70/100
5 - val loss: 1.3974 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 71/100
4 - val loss: 1.6131 - val accuracy: 0.8447
Epoch 72/100
0 - val loss: 1.5021 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 73/100
8 - val loss: 1.5733 - val accuracy: 0.8439
Epoch 74/100
2 - val loss: 1.4788 - val accuracy: 0.8541
Epoch 75/100
7 - val loss: 1.4350 - val accuracy: 0.8439
Epoch 76/100
3 - val loss: 1.4575 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 77/100
3 - val loss: 1.5390 - val accuracy: 0.8524
Epoch 78/100
5 - val loss: 1.5860 - val accuracy: 0.8498
Epoch 79/100
8 - val loss: 1.4369 - val accuracy: 0.8549
Epoch 80/100
9 - val loss: 1.4235 - val accuracy: 0.8507
Epoch 81/100
2 - val loss: 1.4645 - val accuracy: 0.8456
Epoch 82/100
8 - val loss: 1.5766 - val accuracy: 0.8430
Epoch 83/100
6 - val loss: 1.5001 - val accuracy: 0.8498
Epoch 84/100
2 - val loss: 1.6584 - val accuracy: 0.8387
Epoch 85/100
```

7 - val loss: 1.4316 - val accuracy: 0.8515

```
Epoch 86/100
9 - val loss: 1.5240 - val accuracy: 0.8498
Epoch 87/100
8 - val loss: 1.4775 - val accuracy: 0.8422
Epoch 88/100
5 - val loss: 1.5533 - val accuracy: 0.8456
Epoch 89/100
9 - val loss: 1.4910 - val accuracy: 0.8567
Epoch 90/100
0 - val loss: 1.5386 - val accuracy: 0.8584
Epoch 91/100
6 - val loss: 1.6028 - val accuracy: 0.8387
Epoch 92/100
3 - val loss: 1.6403 - val accuracy: 0.8515
Epoch 93/100
3 - val loss: 1.5072 - val accuracy: 0.8481
Epoch 94/100
2 - val loss: 1.5584 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 95/100
1 - val loss: 1.7911 - val accuracy: 0.8422
Epoch 96/100
5 - val loss: 1.6426 - val accuracy: 0.8370
Epoch 97/100
2 - val loss: 1.6368 - val accuracy: 0.8541
Epoch 98/100
8 - val loss: 1.6944 - val accuracy: 0.8490
Epoch 99/100
3 - val loss: 1.6616 - val accuracy: 0.8498
Epoch 100/100
0 - val loss: 1.6619 - val accuracy: 0.8532
<keras.src.callbacks.History at 0x1fcacfdd430>
```

Evaluate on test set

Out[49]:

Convert into equivalent TfLite model

```
In [51]: model = tf.keras.models.load_model('model.h5')
    converter = tf.lite.TFLiteConverter.from_keras_model(model)

converter.optimizations = [tf.lite.Optimize.DEFAULT]
    tflite_quant_model = converter.convert()

with open('model.tflite', 'wb') as f:
        f.write(tflite_quant_model)
    tflite_models_dir = pathlib.Path('/content/tflite_models/')
    tflite_models_dir.mkdir(exist_ok=True, parents=True)
    tflite_model_file = tflite_models_dir/"model.tflite"
    tflite_model_file.write_bytes(tflite_quant_model)

INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: C:\Users\mfarag\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpa09v_8u_\assets
INFO:tensorflow:Assets written to: C:\Users\mfarag\AppData\Local\Temp\tmpa09v_8u_\assets
Out[51]:
```

Test the TFLite model

```
In [53]: tflite model file = 'model.tflite'
         # Initialize the TFLite interpreter
         interpreter = tf.lite.Interpreter(model path=tflite model file)
         interpreter.allocate tensors()
         input info = interpreter.get input details()[0]
         input index = input info['index']
         scale, offset = input info['quantization']
         input index = interpreter.get input details()[0]['index']
         output index = interpreter.get output details()[0]['index']
         total count = 0.0
         accurate count = 0.0
         for x, y true in test spectrogram ds:
            input shape = x.shape[1:]
             for count in range(x.shape[0]):
                 temp = x[count,:]
                 temp = tf.reshape(temp,(1, temp.shape[0], temp.shape[1], temp.shape[2]))
                 interpreter.set tensor(input index, temp)
                 interpreter.invoke()
                 prediction = interpreter.get tensor(output index)[0]
                 prediction = np.argmax(prediction)
                 if prediction == y true[count].numpy():
                     accurate count += 1
                 total count += 1
         accuracy = accurate count/total count
         print('Accuracy : ', accuracy)
```

Accuracy: 0.8536184210526315