

1 Simple Stuff

Prerequisites: control flow (branching, iteration), IO, arithmetic, atomic types.

The Good Old Days ★★★★★

Input: An integer 4.

Output: The word "Elephant".

In	Out
4	Elephant

Equation of a Line ★★★★★

Input: Two integers k and b , $k \neq 0$.

Output: Such value x , that it satisfies the equation $kx + b = 0$.

Wait, what? ★★★★★

Input: Two integers a and b .

Output: The product of a and b .

Note: You may not use the multiplication operation.

In	Out
1	0
0	
7	56
8	

Late'o'clock ★★★★★

Input: An integer $0 \leq h < 24$. Hours on a clock.

Note: Convert the given time h to the 12-hour clock format.

Output: First the time h in 12-hour clock format, then "am" or "pm" depending on the time.

In	Out
0	12am
8	8am
13	1pm

Quadratic Equations ★★★★★

Input: Three integers a , b and c .

Output: Find all values of x , such that $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$.

Note: If there are no possible values of x output "NaN" (not a number). The values should not be repeated.

In	Out
1	-2
-1	3
-6	

Qubic Equation ★★★★★

Input: Four integers a , b , c and d .

Output: Find all values of x , such that $ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d = 0$.

Note: If there are no possible values of x output "NaN" (not a number). The values should not be repeated.

Hint: use Cardano's formula.

Euclid Approves ★★★★★

Input: Two integers a and b , sides of a right angled triangle.

Output: The hypotenuse c of the aforementioned triangle.

In	Out
3	5
4	

Euclid Disapproves ★★★★★

Input: Two integers a and b , sides of a right angled triangle and an integer angle θ (given in degrees) between them.

Output: The third side of the triangle.

Hint: You may use `import math` to get some functions you might want.

Everyone but Euclid Approves ★★★★★

Input: An integer n the amount of following lines, $3 \leq n \leq 100$. Each following line i contains a number $-100 \leq a_i \leq 100$, a component of the vector $\hat{v} = \{a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n\}$.

Output: The length of a vector $\|\hat{v}\|$.

Minmaxed ★★★★★

Input: Two integers, a and b .

Output: Two integers, first the largest of them two, next the smallest.

TreE ★★★★★

Input: An integer h , the height of the christmass tree.

Output: A christmas tree with total height $h + 1$, 1 being the trunk of said tree and h all the result of it.

In	Out
4	e a a e e e a a a a a

Sigma for Sum ★★★★★

Input: An integer a such that $1 \leq a \leq 10^{10}$.

Output: The sum all the integers $1 + 2 + \dots + a$.

Hint: Loop isn't the only way to go.

Factor!al ★★★★★

Input: An integer a such that $1 \leq b \leq 10^5$.

Output: The product all the integers $1 \times 2 \times \dots \times b$.

Hint: Lookup the arguments for `range` in the official Python3.x documentation.

Minmaxed 2: The Sequel ★★★★★

Input: Two integers, a and b .

Output: Two integers, first the largest of them two, next the smallest.

Note: You may only use `min()` or `max()`, not both. You may not use branching.

Set Product ★★★★★

Input: Two integers, a and b where $a > 0$ and $b > 0$. They create sets of values: $A = \{0, 1, \dots, a - 1\}$ and $B = \{0, 1, \dots, b - 1\}$.

Output: Print out the product of the two sets.

Note: A product of two sets is a mapping of every element of one set to every element of another, e.g. for sets $C = \{1, 2\}$ and $D = \{3, 4\}$ the product is $C \times D = \{(1, 3), (1, 4), (2, 3), (2, 4)\}$.

2 Functions and Drawing

Prerequisites: `turtle` module, lists, functions, recursion, induction.

Fair Square ★★★★★

Input: An integer A such that $10 \leq A \leq 100$.

Output: Using `from turtle import Turtle`'s methods like `forward` and `right` draw a square of length A .

Fair Ngon ★★★★★

Input: Two integers, A such that $10 \leq A \leq 100$ and N such that $2 \leq N \leq 20$.

Output: Using `Turtle` draw a regular polygon (an N -gon) with N sides and side length $5A$. Ensure that the turtle finishes in the same position as it started in. The turtle shouldn't draw over itself at any point.

Hint: Loops are your friend.

Trigonometry BFF ★★★★★

Input: Two integers, a and b .

Output: Using `Turtle` draw a graph of the function $y = a * \sin(\frac{\pi x}{10}) + b$. From 0 to 200 and a graph of the function $y = b$. Print the final position of the turtle.

Hint: You can get `sin` and π with `from math import pi, sin`, they are accurate enough for this purpose.

The Fair Ngon ★★★★★

Input: Two integers, A such that $10 \leq A \leq 100$ and N such that $2 \leq N \leq 20$.

Output: Using `Turtle` draw a regular polygon (an N -gon) with N sides and side length $10A$. Ensure that the turtle finishes in the same position as it started in. You are only allowed to control the turtle with `goto`.

Hint: Trigonometry might help.

Tick Space Tick Space Tick ★★★★★

Input: Two integers, $10 \leq L \leq 100$ and $1 \leq N \leq 15$.

Output: Draw a horizontal dotted line of N segments. The length of each segment should be L . The space between two segments should also be L .

Note: The turtle should start and end the drawing with a filled segment.

Hint: Make use of `turtle.penup`, `turtle.penup` and `turtle.isdown`.

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