

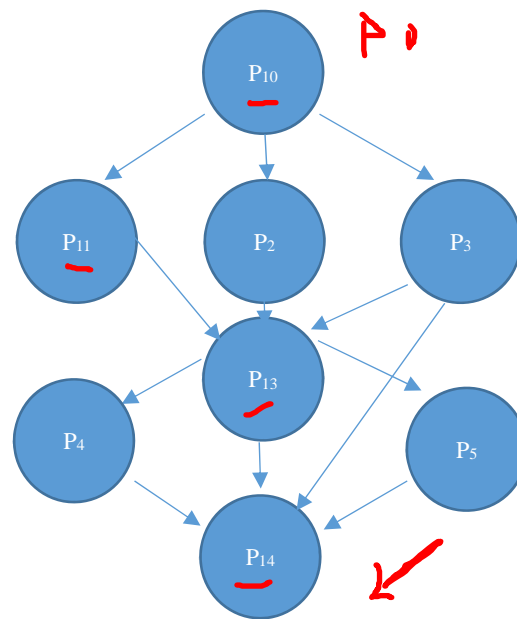
Operating Systems

Laboratory 4

Learning goals: In this laboratory activity, you will improve your understanding the use of fork, wait, and waitpid system calls for parent-child process synchronization.

Exercise 1

Write a C program that uses the system calls **fork** and **waitpid** to implement the following **precedence graph**, where labels P₁₀, P₁₁, P₁₃, and P₁₄ represent sequential statements of the same process P₁.



The processes are, thus, five, and each statement or process in the precedence graph just prints its label and PID. Is this precedence graph feasible?

Process P₅ also asks the user to digit an 8-bit number that will be used as its return code.

Process P₁₄ waits the termination of P₅ and prints the termination code of P₅.

Exercise 2

Using system calls **fork** and **waitpid** write a program that receive a number **n** from the command line and do the following:

1. creates n processes
2. the first created child sleeps n seconds, the second child sleeps n-1 seconds, and so on.....(the last child sleeps 1 second)
3. the parent wait for “all” these children sequentially from the first created to the last one.

Exercise 3

Modify Exercise 2 using wait rather than **waitpid**. How many times the parent has to call wait? Does this program behaves as the previous one?