

2.38)

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & (-\frac{T_0}{4} \leq t \leq \frac{T_0}{4}) \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

a)  $x(t) = A \Pi\left(\frac{2t}{T_0}\right) \cos \omega_0 t$

$\omega_0 T_0 = 2\pi$   
 $f = \frac{1}{T_0}$

$\omega = 2\pi f$

F.T. 오직 라이온에 의함,

$\tau = \frac{T_0}{2}$

$$X(f) = \frac{1}{2} X(f-f_0) + \frac{1}{2} X(f+f_0)$$

$$= \frac{T_0}{2} \times A \times \left\{ \frac{1}{2} \text{sinc}\left(\frac{T_0}{2}(f-f_0)\right) + \frac{1}{2} \text{sinc}\left(\frac{T_0}{2}(f+f_0)\right) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{T_0}{4} \cdot A \cdot \left\{ \text{sinc}\left(\frac{f}{2f_0} - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \text{sinc}\left(\frac{f}{2f_0} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right\}$$

b) F.T.의 컨볼루션에 의함, (a) 결과에  $\frac{1}{2} A \Pi\left(\frac{2t}{T_0}\right)$ 의 F.T.를 곱하면 된다.

$$\therefore X(f) = \frac{T_0}{4} \cdot A \cdot \left\{ \text{sinc}\left(\frac{1}{2f_0}\right) + \text{sinc}\left(\frac{f}{2f_0} - \frac{1}{2}\right) + \text{sinc}\left(\frac{f}{2f_0} + \frac{1}{2}\right) \right\}$$

c)

$$P(nf_0) = \frac{AT_0}{4} \left\{ \text{sinc}\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right) + \text{sinc}\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right) \right\}$$

b2.151

$$P(f) = X(f) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f_s P(nf_s) \delta(f - nf_s) \quad f_s \rightarrow f_0$$

$\text{sinc}(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x}$

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} f_s \frac{AT_0}{4} \left\{ \text{sinc}\left(\frac{n-1}{2}\right) + \text{sinc}\left(\frac{n+1}{2}\right) \right\} \delta(f - nf_0)$$

$$\begin{aligned} n=0 &\rightarrow \frac{A}{4} \delta(f-f_0) + \frac{A}{4} \delta(f+f_0) + \frac{A}{3\pi} \delta(f-f_0) + \frac{A}{3\pi} \delta(f+f_0) \\ &+ \dots \end{aligned}$$

$$2.48) \quad H(f) = \pi \left( \frac{f}{2B} \right) = \begin{cases} 1 & |f| \leq B \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$x(t) = 2W \text{sinc}(2Wt) = 2W \frac{\text{sinc}(2Wt)}{2Wt}$$

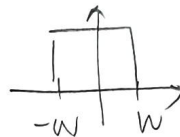
$$H(\omega) = \frac{Y(\omega)}{X(\omega)} = |H(\omega)| e^{j\angle H(\omega)}$$

$$Y(f) = H(f) X(f) \quad X(f) = \pi \left( \frac{f}{2W} \right)$$

$$= \pi \left( \frac{f}{2B} \right) \cdot \pi \left( \frac{f}{2W} \right)$$

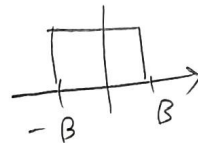
a.  $W < B$

$$Y(f) = \pi \left( \frac{f}{2W} \right)$$



b.  $W > B$

$$Y(f) = \pi \left( \frac{f}{2B} \right)$$

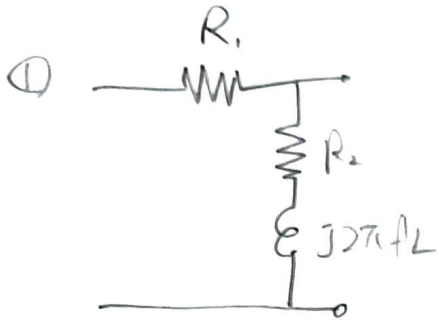


c.  $W > B$  일때, distortion이 없는 경우이다.

Input 신호의 폭과 output 신호의 폭이 같아진다.

$$y(t) = 2B \text{sinc}(2Bt)$$

2.50)



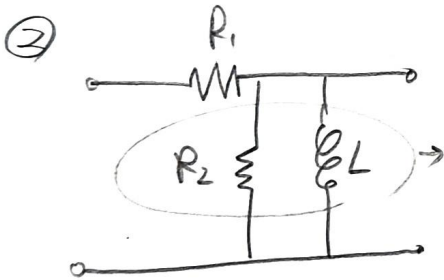
$$y(t) = x(t) - \frac{R_2 + j2\pi fL}{R_1 + (R_2 + j2\pi fL)}$$

$$H(f) = \frac{R_2 + j2\pi fL}{R_1 + R_2 + j2\pi fL}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{\frac{R_1 L}{L}}{\frac{R_1 + R_2 + j2\pi fL}{L}}$$

$\frac{1}{L}$ 에 역변환 푸리에 변환,

$$h(t) = \delta(t) - \frac{R_1}{L} \exp\left(-\frac{R_1 + R_2}{L}t\right)u(t)$$



$$\frac{R_2 L}{R_2 + L} = \frac{2\pi fL \cdot R_2}{R_2 + 2\pi fL}$$

$$H(f) = \frac{\frac{2\pi fL \cdot R_2}{R_2 + 2\pi fL}}{R_1 + \frac{2\pi fL \cdot R_2}{R_2 + 2\pi fL}} = \frac{2\pi fL \cdot R_2}{R_1(R_2 + 2\pi fL) + 2\pi fL \cdot R_2}$$

$$= 1 - \frac{\frac{R_1 R_2 + 2\pi fL \cdot R_1}{R_1 R_2 + (R_1 + R_2) 2\pi fL}}{\frac{1}{L} \left( \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \right) + 2\pi f} = 1 - \frac{\frac{1}{L} \left( \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \right)}{\frac{1}{L} \left( \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \right) + 2\pi f}$$

$$h_2(t) = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} \left[ \delta(t) - \frac{R_1 R_2}{(R_1 + R_2) L} \exp\left(-\frac{R_1 R_2}{(R_1 + R_2) L} t\right) u(t) \right]$$

2.68

$$a. y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x(\lambda) h(t - \lambda) d\lambda$$

$$x_s(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} x(mT_s) \delta(t - mT_s)$$

$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} x(mT_s) \delta(k - mT_s) h(t - k) dk$$

$$= \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} x(mT_s) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(k - mT_s) h(t - k) dk$$

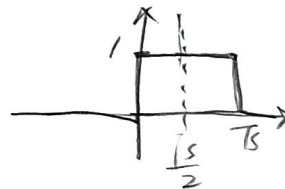
$$y(t) = \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} x(mT_s) h(t - mT_s)$$

$$= \sum_{m=-\infty}^{\infty} x(mT_s) \{u(t) - u(t - T_s)\} = \sum_{m=0}^{T_s} x(mT_s)$$

한편 bandwidth가 작아 샘플링 주파수가 커야 클리어하다.

$$b. Y(f) = X_s(f) H(f)$$

$$h(t) = \Pi\left[\frac{t - \frac{1}{2}T_s}{T_s}\right]$$



$$H(f) = \text{sinc}(T_s f)$$

$$Y(f) = H(f) X(f)$$

$$= \text{sinc}(T_s f) \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} X(f - n f_s) e^{-j\pi f T_s}$$

$$f_s = \frac{1}{T_s}$$

$$\omega_0 = 2\pi f_s = \frac{2\pi}{T_s}$$

$$f_s = \frac{1}{T_s} > \omega_0$$

$$T_s < \frac{1}{\omega_0}$$