

Dictionaries

Python basics

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2023-10-06

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Learning outcomes

A dictionary in Python is a collection of key-value pairs. 1. looping through a dictionary 2. work with information stored in a dictionary 3. access and modify individual elements in a dictionary 4. nest multiple dictionaries in a list, nest lists in a dictionary, and nest a dictionary inside a dictionary

printing specific values from a dictionary

```
d_0= {'colour' : 'verte', 'point' : 5}

access = d_0['point'] #square brackets to access values
print(f"You have earned {access} points!")
```

You have earned 5 points!

adding key value pairs to dictionaries

```
d_0['tout va bien'] = 0
d_0['oui, ça va'] = 1
print(d_0)
```

```
{'tout va bien': 0, 'oui, ça va': 1}
```

modifying values in dictionaries

```
d_0 = {'colour' : 'green'}    #curly brackets
print(f"The new colour is {d_0['colour']}.")
```

The new colour is green.

```
d_0 = {'colour' : 'marron'}
print(f"The changed colour is {d_0['colour']}.") #square brackets for accessing specific
```

The changed colour is marron.

removing key-value pairs

```
print(d_0)
```

```
{'tout va bien': 0, 'oui, ça va': 1}
```

```
print(d_0)
```

```
{'tout va bien': 0, 'oui, ça va': 1}
```

choosing the value based on key pair

```

favorite_language = {
    'kunal': 'français',
    'ritika' : 'espagneol',
    'kartik' : 'russe',
    'vaibhav' : 'almande'
}

language = favorite_language['kunal'].title()
print(f"Kunal's favorite lanuage is {language}.")

```

Kunal's favorite lanuage is Français.

Remark*- consider using get method to obtain the value of the non assigned value pair

Looping through dictionary

```

user_0 = {'dob' : 'nov 1995',
          'birth_place' : 'gugaron',
          'education' : 'masters',
          'children' : '2',
          }

for key, value in user_0.items():
    print(f"\nKey: {key}")

    print(f"Value: {value}")

```

Key: dob
Value: nov 1995

Key: birth_place
Value: gugaron

Key: education
Value: masters

Key: children
Value: 2

```
print(d_0)
```

```
{'tout va bien': 0, 'oui, ça va': 1}
```

Using keys() method for looping

```
favorite_language  
for name in favorite_language.keys():  
    print(name.title())
```

Kunal
Ritika
Kartik
Vaibhav

```
for language in favorite_language.values():  
    print(language.title())
```

Français
Espagneol
Russe
Almande

Using keys method...

```
if 'raghav' not in favorite_language.keys():  
    print("Raghav, please take your poll!")
```

Raghav, please take your poll!

Looping with keys method in a particular* method

```
for name in sorted(favorite_language.keys()):  
    print(f"{name.title()}, thank you for taking the poll!")
```

Kartik, thank you for taking the poll!
Kunal, thank you for taking the poll!
Ritika, thank you for taking the poll!
Vaibhav, thank you for taking the poll!

Adding keys values with update method()

```
favorite_language.update({'vaisahli' : 'français'})  
favorite_language
```

```
{'kunal': 'français',  
 'ritika': 'espagneol',  
 'kartik': 'russe',  
 'vaibhav': 'almande',  
 'vaisahli': 'français'}
```

Using set method to evit repetition

```
for language in set(favorite_language.values()):  
    print(language.title())
```

Russe
Almande
Espagneol
Français

Nesting - for multiple dictionaries

```
print(user_0)
print(d_0)
print(favorite_language)
```

```
{'dob': 'nov 1995', 'birth_place': 'gugaron', 'education': 'masters', 'children': '2'}
{'tout va bien': 0, 'oui, ça va': 1}
{'kunal': 'français', 'ritika': 'espagneol', 'kartik': 'russe', 'vaibhav': 'almande', 'vaisal'}
```

Using for loop to print all the dictionaries together

```
combined = [user_0, d_0, favorite_language]

for tout in combined:
    print(tout)
```

```
{'dob': 'nov 1995', 'birth_place': 'gugaron', 'education': 'masters', 'children': '2'}
{'tout va bien': 0, 'oui, ça va': 1}
{'kunal': 'français', 'ritika': 'espagneol', 'kartik': 'russe', 'vaibhav': 'almande', 'vaisal'}
```

Nesting a list inside a dictionary

```
programming_languages = {'kunal' : ['python', 'latex', 'html', 'java'],
                          'john' : ['html', 'c', 'C++'],
                          'gofi' : ['java', 'python', 'R', 'html']}

for name, languages in programming_languages.items(): #use items to iterate thorough dict
    print(f"\n{name.title()}s favorite languages are:")
    for language in languages:
        print(f"\t{language.title()}")
```

Kunal's favorite languages are:

```
Python
Latex
Html
Java
```

John's favorite languages are:

Html
C
C++

Gofi's favorite languages are:

Java
Python
R
Html

Nesting a dictionary inside a dictionary and looping

```
users = {  
    'kkhurana' : {  
        'first' : 'kunal',  
        'last' : 'khurana',  
        'location': 'montréal',  
    },  
  
    'asharma' : {  
        'first': 'anita',  
        'last': 'sharma',  
        'location': 'sudbery'  
    },  
  
    'jarora' : {  
        'first' : 'jatin',  
        'last' : 'arora',  
        'location' : 'perth'  
    },  
}
```

users

```
{'kkhurana': {'first': 'kunal', 'last': 'khurana', 'location': 'montréal'},  
'asharma': {'first': 'anita', 'last': 'sharma', 'location': 'sudbery'},  
'jarora': {'first': 'jatin', 'last': 'arora', 'location': 'perth'}}
```



```
for username, user_info in users.items():
    print(f"\nUsername: {username}")
    full_name = f"{user_info['first']} {user_info['last']}"
    location = user_info['location']

    print(f"\tFull name: {full_name.title()}")
    print(f"\tLocation: {location.title()}")
```

Username: kkhurana
Full name: Kunal Khurana
Location: Montréal

Username: asharma
Full name: Anita Sharma
Location: Sudbery

Username: jarora
Full name: Jatin Arora
Location: Perth