1

Control Systems

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Abstract—The objective of this manual is to introduce control system design at an elementary level.

Download python codes using

svn co https://github.com/gadepall/school/trunk/control/ketan/codes

 $H(s) = \frac{1}{s+9}$

Solution: The system flow can be described

(4.1.2)

Fig. 4.1

$$G_1(s) = \frac{1}{s(s+6)}.$$
 (4.1.3)

For Nyquist plot,

as,

X(s) S(s+6) K Y(s) Y(s) Y(s)

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Im
$$\{G_1(j\omega)H(j\omega)\}=\frac{-(54-\omega^2)}{(\omega)(\omega^2+56)(\omega^2+81)}$$
(4.1.4)

Re
$$\{G_1(j\omega)H(j\omega)\}=\frac{-15\omega}{(\omega)(\omega^2+56)(\omega^2+81)}$$
(4.1.5)

From (4.1.4) and (4.1.5)

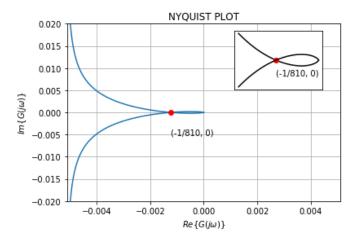


Fig. 4.1: Nyquist plot for $G_1(s)H(s)$

Nyquist Stability Criterion:

$$N = Z - P \tag{4.1.6}$$

where Z is # unstable poles of closed loop transfer function, P is # unstable poles of open loop transfer function and N is # clockwise encirclement of (-1/K, 0).

For stable system,

$$Z = 0 \tag{4.1.7}$$

From (4.1.2) and (4.1.3),

$$P = 0$$
 (4.1.8)

$$\implies N = 0 \tag{4.1.9}$$

Since, there is a zero at origin, an infinite radius half circle will enclose the right hand side of end points of the Nyquist plot. So for (4.1.9),

$$\implies \frac{-1}{K} < \frac{-1}{810} \implies K < 810 \qquad (4.1.10)$$

And also,

$$K > 0$$
 (4.1.11)

$$\implies 0 < K < 810 \tag{4.1.12}$$

The following python code generates Fig. 4.1

codes/ee18btech11028_1.py