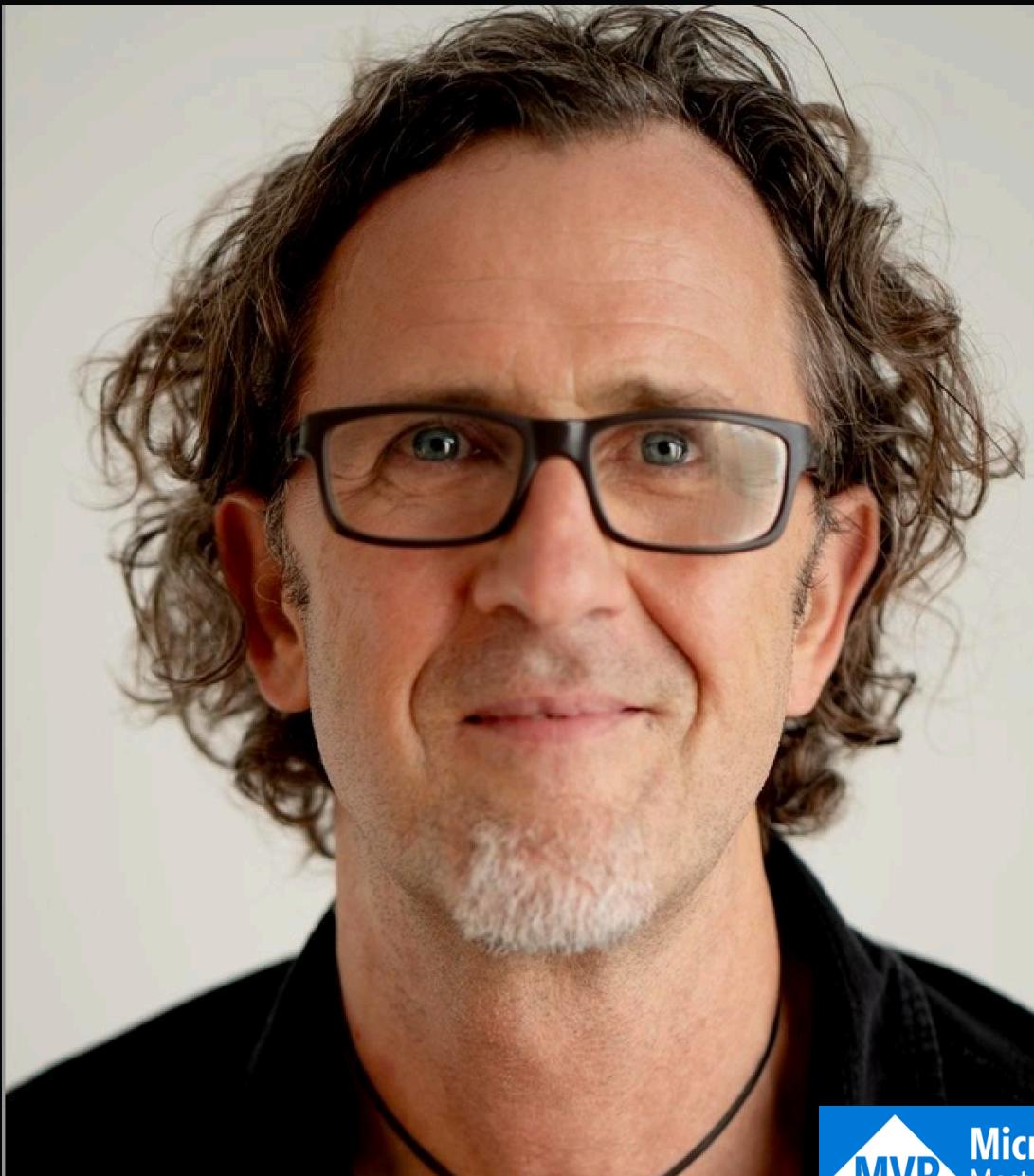


Think You Have  
Entra Backup?  
Think Again!

Klaus Bierschenk  
Director Consulting Expert,  
CGI Germany

# Meet the Speaker



## Klaus Bierschenk

Director Consulting Expert / CGI Germany

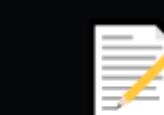
- Based in Murnau in Bavaria
- With my Family, two cats and two snakes
- Mountain lover, Ultrarunner



[linkedin.com/in/klabier/](https://linkedin.com/in/klabier/)



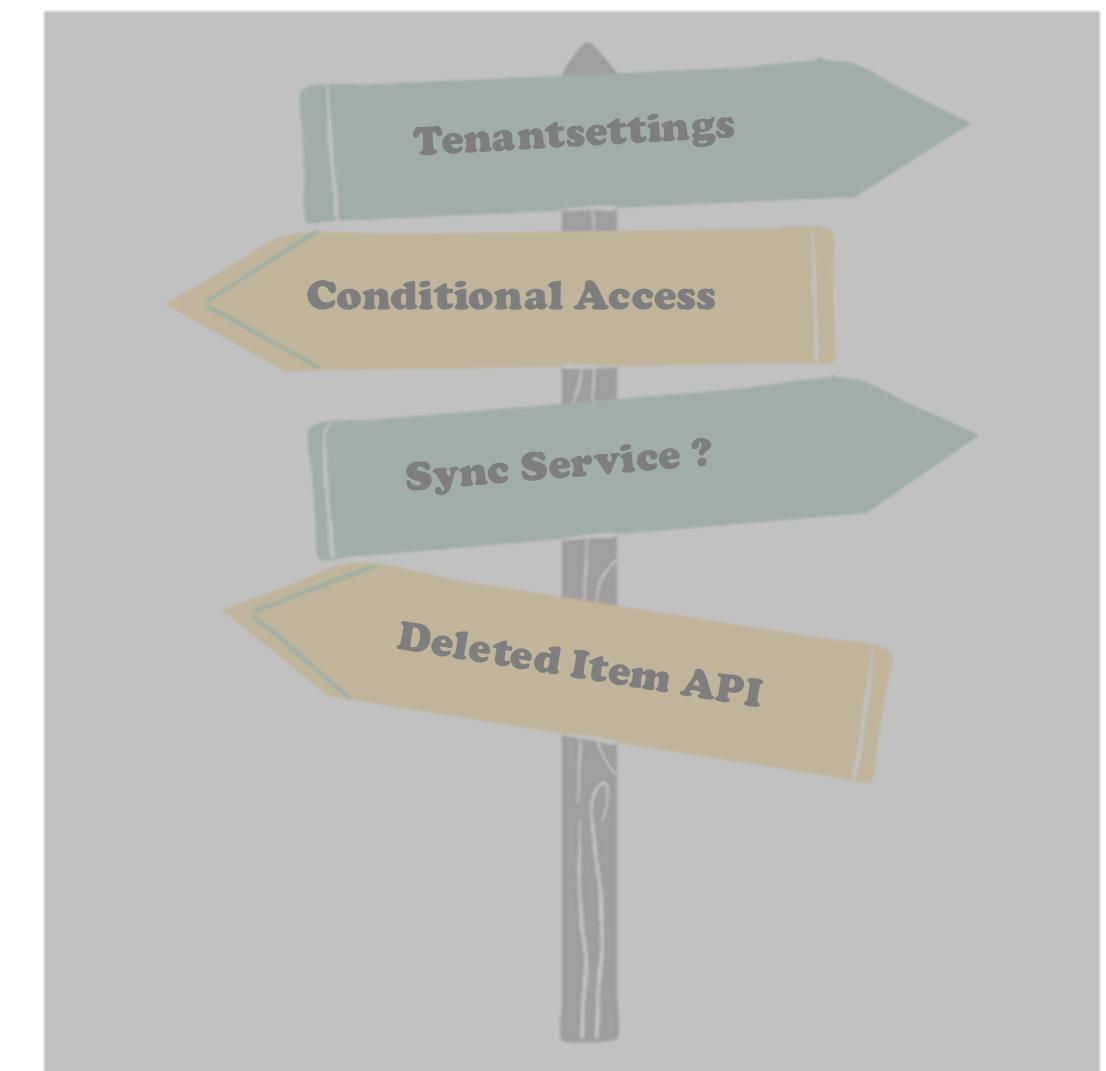
[Klaus@nothingbutcloud.net](mailto:Klaus@nothingbutcloud.net)



<https://nothingbutcloud.net>

# Trust is good, backup is better... ... so what's our topic today?

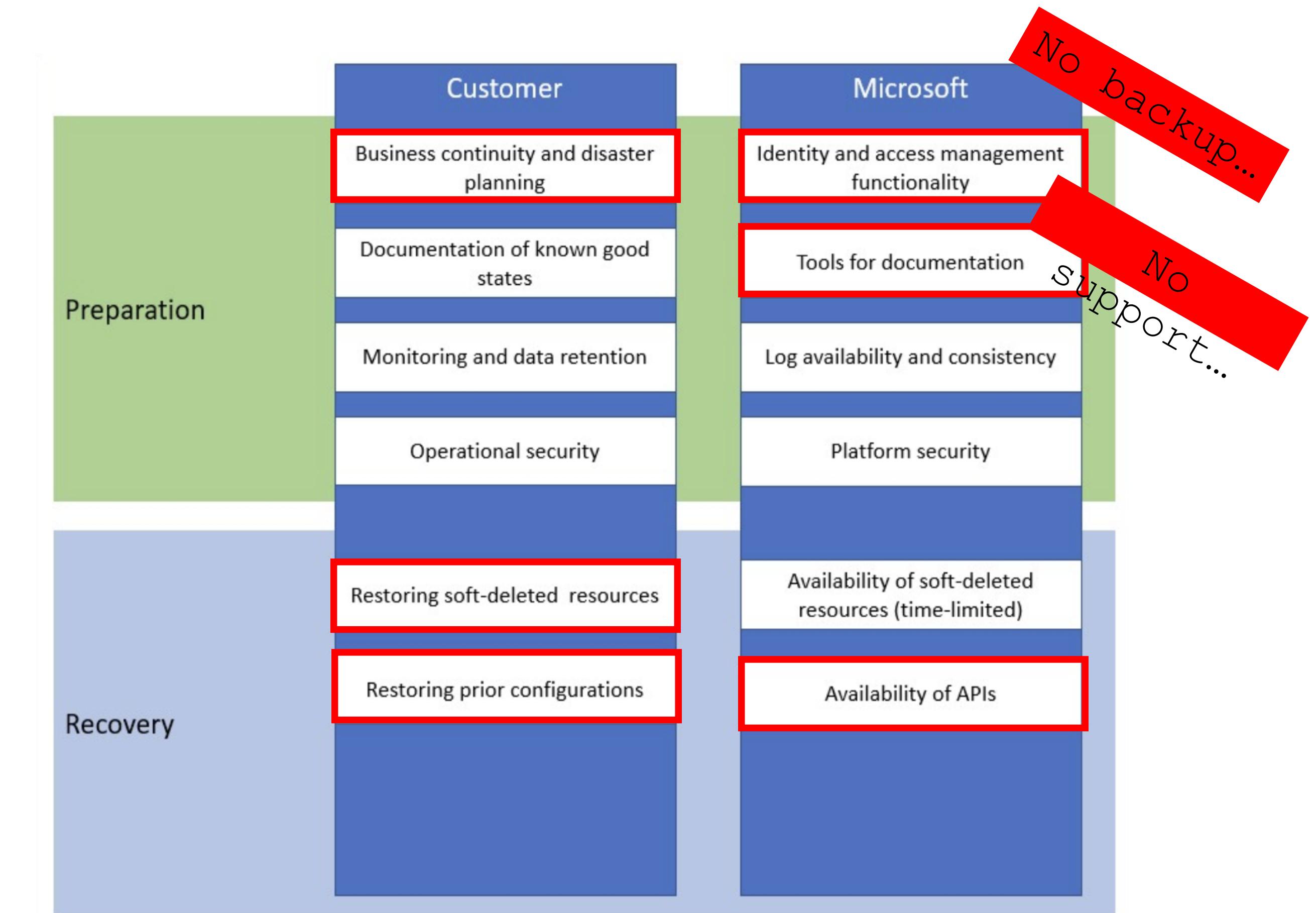
- What is Microsoft's standpoint on backup and restore in Entra ID ?
- How can we back up Entra ID – or should we rather ask: what can actually be restored ?
- Operational prerequisites: How can we prevent object or configuration loss in Entra ID ?



# What is Microsoft's standpoint on backup and restore in Entra ID ?

*Microsoft provides platform & APIs*

*Customer responsible for planning & restoring*



Source: [Microsoft Learn](#)

# Prioritize your crown jewels

- Knowing „**What is really important?**“ otherwise a recovery concept becomes difficult
- Sometimes proper documentation is enough, sometimes a backup procedure is the better choice  
*(... with a tenant of >50 CA policies, documentation alone is not helpful)*
- Every company is different, every Entra ID tenant is different – not everything is always equally critical  
*(... when a tenant has Security Defaults enabled, backing up CAs is not the major topic)*



# Many settings. Which ones really matter?



## User Management & Settings

- User roles & permissions
- Default sign-in options for users
- User lifecycle policies
- Locked account policies
- User sign-in & session policies
- Policies for secondary email addresses
- User sign-in logs & auditing
- Management of authentication methods
- Self-service user registration

## Authentication & Security

- Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) policies
- Passwordless authentication (FIDO2, Windows Hello)
- Certificate-based authentication
- Token lifetimes & session configuration
- Continuous Access Evaluation (CAE)
- Risk-based authentication
- Identity risk policies
- Authentication strengths for external users
- Adaptive authentication policies

## Password Policies & Password Protection

- Password length & complexity requirements
- Password expiration period
- Banned password policy (custom deny list)
- Smart lockout policy (failed sign-in attempts)
- Self-Service Password Reset (SSPR) policies
- Security questions for SSPR
- Temporary Access Pass policies
- Advanced password protection policies for on-premises AD

## Global Secure Access (GSA)

- Network access policies
- Centralized access for network connections
- Controlled access to network segments
- Assignments for specific users and apps
- Zero Trust Network
- Web content filtering
- DNS security policies
- Logging & monitoring for network access

## Dynamic group policies

- Group-based license assignment
- Self-service group management policies
- Automatic group membership based on attributes

## Guest Users & External Collaboration (B2B/B2C)

- Guest invitation settings
- External identity providers (Google, Facebook, SAML, OpenID)
- B2B collaboration policies
- Guest user permission policies
- Automate external user deletion
- Session policies for guest users

## Entra Cloud Sync & settings

- Cloud Sync & Synchronization Settings
- Enterprise synchronization
- Active Directory Connect
- Cloud synchronization
- Hybrid synchronization (Sync, Hash Sync)
- SCIM synchronization with third-party providers
- On-premises directory synchronization (Azure AD Connect)
- Custom synchronization rules

## Conditional Access & Access Control

- Conditional Access & Access Control Policies for users & groups
- Device state & location
- Session duration
- Conditional access filters for apps & services
- And more ...
- Custom risk-based rules
- Cross-tenant access
- Security levels for external identities
- Terms of use pages



## Security & Monitoring Policies

- Security alerts & Identity Protection
- Identity protection and risk detection settings
- Audit logging for identity activities
- Anomaly detection for sign-in attempts
- Security assessments & recommendations

## Roles & Permissions (RBAC & PIM)

- Custom roles & permissions
- Least privilege access policies
- Time-bound role assignments (Just-In-Time)
- Approval workflows for admin roles
- Audit logs for privileged roles
- Security reviews for highly privileged accounts

## Identity-Governance & Compliance

- Identity Governance & Compliance
- Regulations & compliance
- Automated governance
- Compliance reporting
- Automated audit management
- Entitlement management
- Access control workflows

## Device Management & Microsoft Entra ID

- Register devices in Entra ID (Hybrid Azure AD Join, Azure AD Join)
- Device tagging and compliance
- Device management for Windows, macOS, iOS, and Android
- Enable/disable devices in Entra ID
- Device lifecycle management
- Configure and manage Entra ID Cloud Sync
- Define synchronization filters for groups and users
- SCIM synchronization with third-party services
- Manage on-premises directory synchronization (Azure AD Connect, Cloud Sync)

## Add/remove enterprise applications

- Enable Single Sign-On (SSO) for applications
- Configure App Proxy for legacy applications
- Define OAuth and OpenID Connect policies
- Configure third-party identity providers
- Manage token lifetimes for applications
- Define Conditional Access policies for applications
- Configure user and group permissions for apps
- Set up managed identities for services

## Administrative Units (AUs)

# Administrative Units (AUs)

## Tenant Settings & Organizational Policies

- Manage tenant name and domains
- Configure organizational branding
- Define privacy policies for identities
- Restrictions for multi-tenant organizations
- Enable Microsoft Entra ID Governance
- Manage Adaptive Application Controls
- Conditional Access for tenant-level policies
- Control self-service group management

## Microsoft Entra Cross-Tenant Access

- Policies for cross-tenant collaboration
- Manage external access to organizational resources
- Define tenant-based authentication rules
- Adaptive authentication mechanisms for external users

**Just the big picture – not for detailed reading**



# Entra objects

Objekttyp	Soft delete	Restore?
User object	✓	30d Recycle

```
1  {
2    "id": "049fab0d-a309-43b9-a3f9-e2f25aa9caf8",
3    "templateId": null,
4    "displayName": "CA003-Global-BaseProtection-AllApps-AnyPlatform-MFA",
5    "createdDateTime": "2022-07-05T17:05:36.8206457Z",
6    "modifiedDateTime": "2025-07-31T19:38:28.5262738Z",
7    "state": "enabled",
8    "deletedDateTime": null,
9    "partialEnablementStrategy": null,
10   "sessionControls": null,
11   "conditions": {
12     "userRiskLevels": [],
13     "signInRiskLevels": [],
14   },
15   "clientAppTypes": [...],
16   "platforms": null,
17   "locations": null,
18   "times": null,
19   "deviceStates": null,
20   "devices": null,
21   "clientApplications": null,
22   "applications": {...},
23   "users": {
24     "includeUsers": [...],
25   },
26   "excludeUsers": [
27     "08a644d4-6533-4931-9158-edee7db7ffffa",
28     "349c5270-e777-4727-b655-43f99f454dc2"
29   ],
30   "includeGroups": [...],
31   "excludeGroups": [
32     "af7e030f-84e5-4edd-827f-8c7a7a1d14be"
33   ],
34   "includeRoles": [...]
```

# Entra object restore – reality check

Objekttyp	Soft delete	Restore?
User object	✓	🗑️ 30d Recycle Bin -> Hard deleted
Security group	✗	🚫 No restore ⚠️
M365 group	✓	🗑️ 30d Recycle Bin -> Hard deleted
Device object	✗	🚫 No restore -> New registration (dsregcmd.exe)
Enterprise Application	✓	🔄 Multi-Tenant -> Deleted Item API 🔄 Single-Tenant -> App Reg Recycle Bin
App Registration	✓	🗑️ Recycle Bin (Secrets & Certs ✓)
Administrative Unit	✓	🔄 Deleted Item API (30d) -> Hard deleted
Conditional Access	✓	🔄 Deleted Item API (30d) -> JSON export / import

# Recover via deletedItems API



GET GET v1.0 https://graph.microsoft.com/beta/identity/conditionalAccess/deletedItems/policies Run query

Request Body Request Headers Modify Permissions Access token

Request body

OK - 200 - 242 ms OK - 200 - 121 ms

Response preview Response headers Code snippets Toolkit component Adaptive cards

```
{
  "@odata.context": "https://graph.microsoft.com/beta/$metadata#identity/conditionalAccess/deletedItems/policies",
  "@microsoft.graph.tips": "Use $select to choose only the properties your app needs, as this can lead to performance improvements. For example: GET identity/conditionalAccess/deletedItems/policies?$select=conditions,createdDateTime",
  "value": [
    {
      "id": "7bedcea6-9403-450a-8cdb-7e73ee937552",
      "templateId": null,
      "displayName": "CA116-TESTAdmins-ProtectedAction-DeleteCAPolicies-Grant-OnlyGA",
      "createdDateTime": "2025-04-05T11:06:56.8869666Z",
      "modifiedDateTime": "2025-07-31T20:05:11.4691406Z",
      "state": "disabled",
      "deletedDateTime": "2025-09-16T15:18:04Z",
      "deletionType": "soft"
    }
  ]
}
```

## Supported resources:

- Administrative unit
- Application
- M365 Group
- ServicePrincipal
- User
- CA Policy **NEW**

<https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/directory/deletedItems/microsoft.graph.serviceprincipal>

<https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/directory/deletedItems/microsoft.graph.administrativeUnit>

<https://graph.microsoft.com/beta/identity/conditionalAccess/deletedItems/policies>



# Recover via deletedItems API



POST  https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/directory/deletedItems/49807c30-fa32-4f17-92ed-d95666262d83/restore

No resource was found matching this query

► Request body

Permissions

One of the following permissions is required to run the query. If possible, consent to the least privileged permission.

OK - 200 - 799 ms

↳ Response preview

□ {

```
"@odata.context": "https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/$metadata#directoryObjects/$entity",
"@odata.type": "#microsoft.graph.servicePrincipal",
"id": "49807c30-fa32-4f17-92ed-d95666262d83",
"deletedDateTime": null,
"accountEnabled": true,
"alternativeNames": [],
"appDisplayName": "Microsoft Graph Command Line Tools",
```

Permissions and additional reading at [Microsoft Learn](#)



# How to create a smart and easy Backup?

→ Manually

Code-based

→ PowerShell

Some manual

```
$AllPolicies = Get-MgIdentityConditionalAccessPolicy -All

foreach ($Policy in $AllPolicies) {
    # Get the display name of the policy
    $PolicyName = $Policy.DisplayName

    # Convert the policy object to JSON with a depth of 6
    $PolicyJSON = $Policy | ConvertTo-Json -Depth 10

    # Write the JSON to a file in the export path
    $PolicyJSON | Out-File "$BackupFolder\$PolicyName.json" -Force

    # Print a success message for the policy backup
    Write-Host "Successfully backed up CA policy: $($PolicyName)" -ForegroundColor Green
}

Write-host "`nFiles stored in" $($BackupFolder) "`n" -ForegroundColor Green
```



# How to create a smart and easy Backup?

- Manually difficult

*Code-based approaches are much better*

- PowerShell is your friend

*Some manual tweaking... JSON must be precise*

- EntraExporter is your better friend

*Download here: [Open-Source Github](#)*

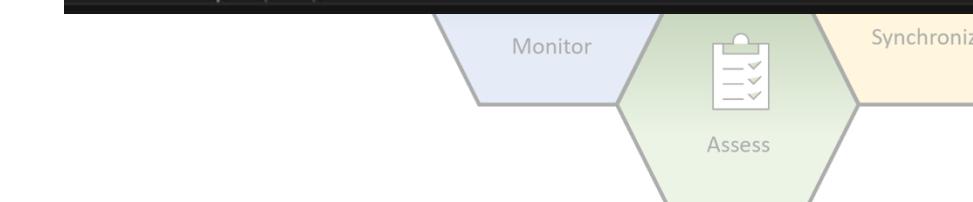


- M365DSC is another great friend

*Download here: [Open-Source Github](#)*



```
1  {
2      "id": "049fab0d-a309-43b9-a3f9-e2f25aa9caf8",
3      "templateId": null,
4      "displayName": "CA003-Global-BaseProtection-AllApps-AnvPlatform-MFA",
5      "createdDateTime": "2022-07-05T17:05:36.8206457Z",
6      "modifiedDateTime": "2025-07-31T19:38:28.5262738Z",
7      "state": "enabled",
8      "deletedDateTime": null,
9      "partialEnablementStrategy": null,
10     "sessionControls": null,
11     "conditions": {
12         "userRiskLevels": [],
13         "signInRiskLevels": [],
14         "clientAppTypes": [
15             ],
16         "platforms": null,
17         "locations": null,
18         "times": null,
19         "deviceStates": null,
20         "devices": null,
21         "clientApplications": null,
22         "applications": {
23             },
24         "users": {
25             "includeUsers": [
26                 ],
27             "excludeUsers": [
28                 "08a644d4-6533-4931-9158-edee7db7fffa",
29                 "349c5270-e777-4727-b655-43f99f454dc2"
30             ],
31             "includeGroups": [],
32             "excludeGroups": [
33                 "af7e030f-84e5-4edd-827f-8c7a7a1d14be"
34             ],
35             "includeRoles": []
36         }
37     }
38 }
```



# How to create a smart and easy Backup?

- Manually difficult

*Code-based approaches are much better*

- PowerShell is your friend

*Some manual tweaking... JSON must be precise – read-only attributes e.g.*



- EntraExporter is your better friend



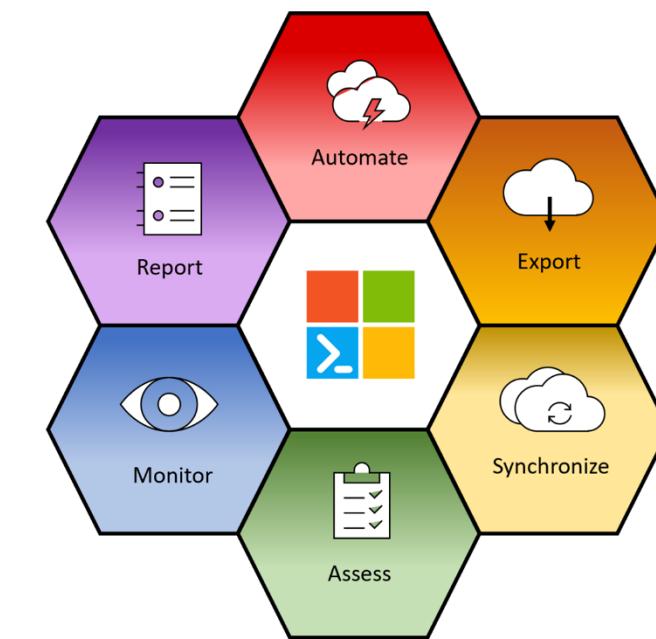
Demo ...

*Download here: [Open-Source Github](#)*

- M365DSC is another great friend



*Download here: [Open-Source Github](#)*



# Hard deleted? And now what?

- ✓ Object must be recreated
- ✓ Previews JSON export required (EntraExporter)
- ✓ Object will become a new ID
- ✓ Microsoft can not help
- ✓ Example article on rebuilding a hard-deleted Administrative Unit on my blog -> [Read Article](#)



# *To make sure it never comes down to a restore ...*

- ✓ Protect sensitive Groups with „PIM Protected Groups“ → possible, but should you?
- ✓ AU – Restricted Management (GA since June 2025)  
Demo ...
- ✓ Protected Actions for hard deletions (GA since January 2025)  
Demo ...
- ✓ Smart Alerting for important Resources (samples at the end of the slide deck)



# Summary: back to the „Agenda-Questions

- ✓ Microsoft's standpoint is clear
- ✓ It is up to the Tenant Admin to define what is important
- ✓ Regularly reassess your crown jewels: what is truly important, and choose the right backup approach
- ✓ Protective measures against configuration loss: *Who can do what?*  
**Being proactive instead of reactive saves time and nerves**





# Further Resources ...



## Microsoft Learn

[Recoverability best practices \(covers Microsoft standpoint in shared responsibility\)](#)

[MS Learn: Recover from deletions](#)

[MS Learn: List deleted Item API Objects](#)

[MS Learn: Restore deleted Items and permissions](#)

[MS Learn: Application objects, service principals etc.](#)

[MS Learn: Restore CA Policy    Public Preview \(New\)](#)



## Best Practices & Community

[Jorge de Almeida Pinto on HIPConf: Best Practices for Resync AD and Entra ID](#)

[Restricted management administrative units in Microsoft Entra ID](#)



## NothingButCloud Blog

[Can I restore deleted Entra objects? Yes? No? Maybe?](#)

[Protecting your Conditional Access Policies: Lean Backup Strategies for Entra ID](#)



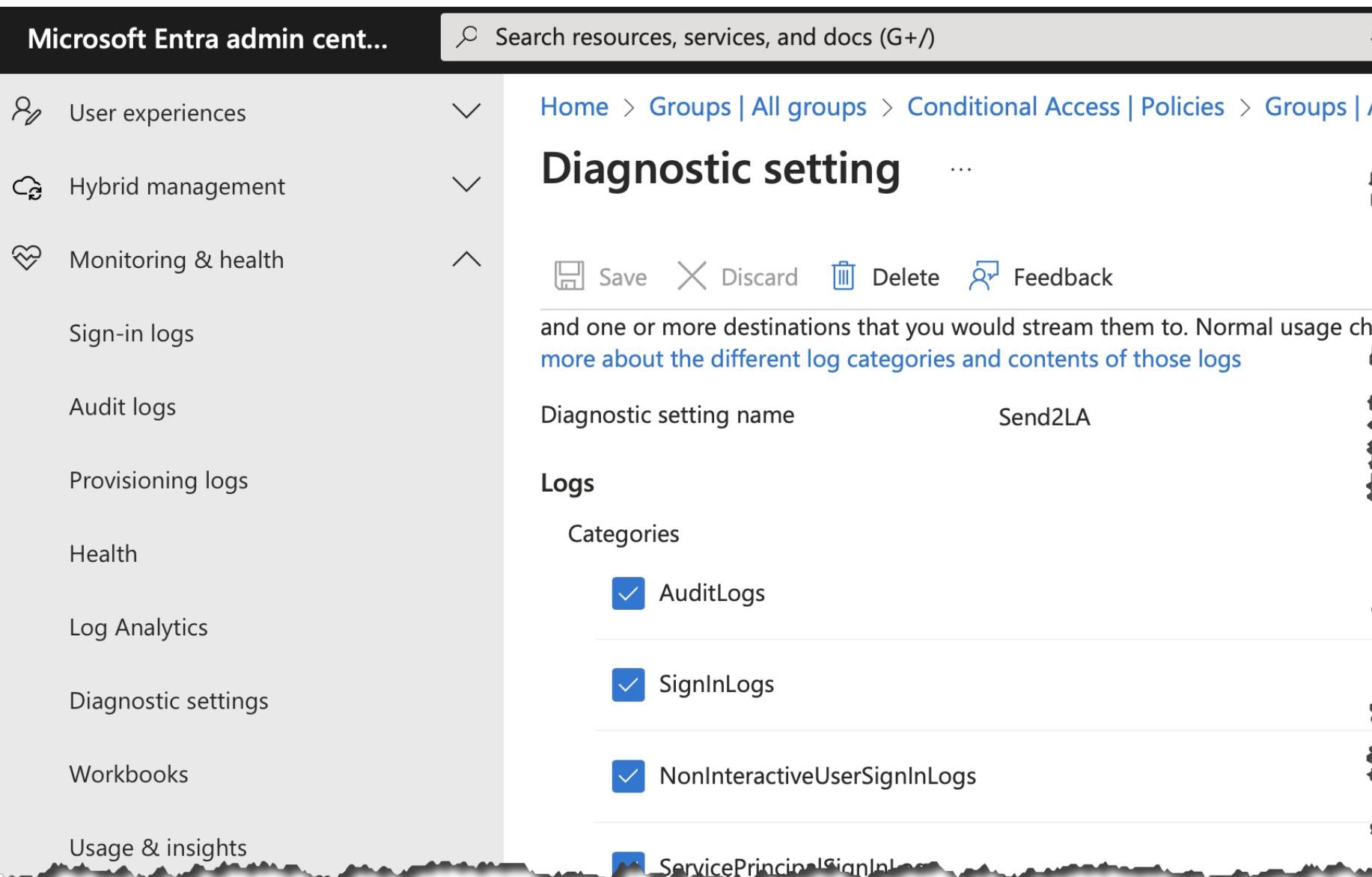
# Questions?



# Backup slides!

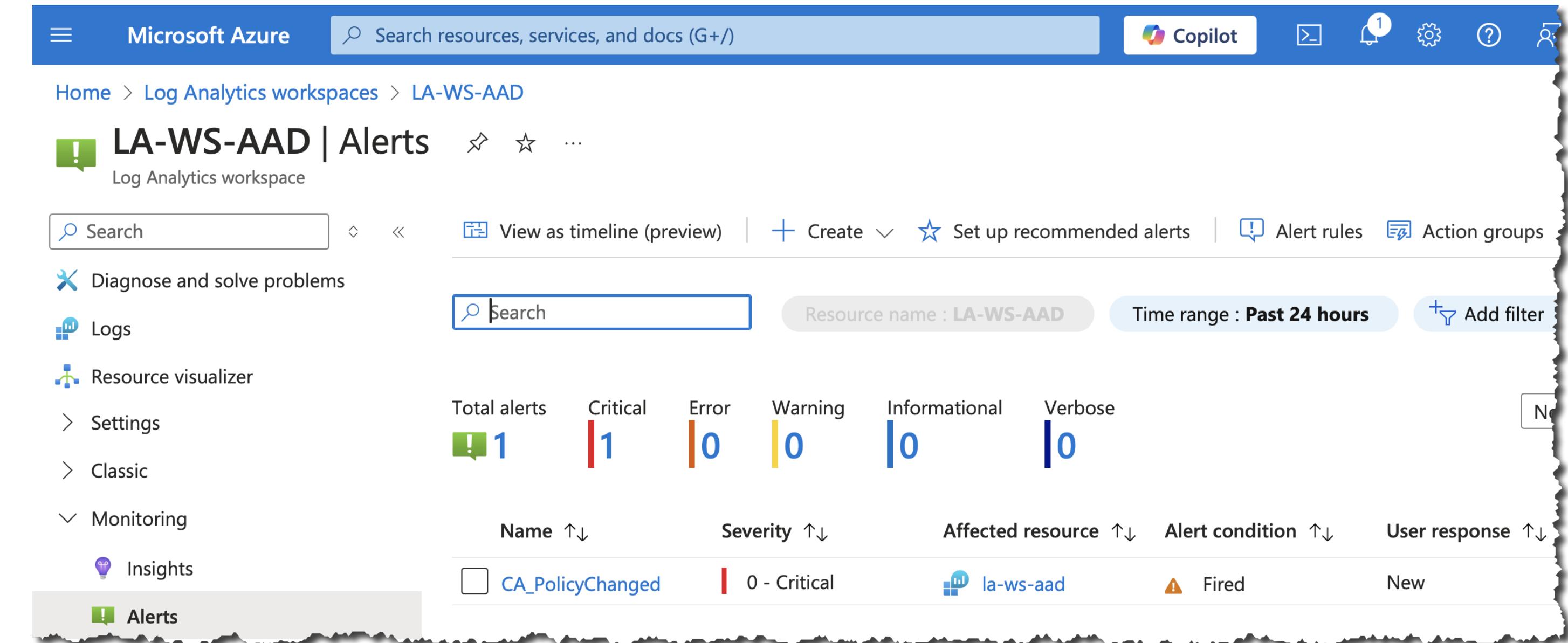
# The simple way to alerting (1/2)

Configure diagnostic settings in Entra ID



The screenshot shows the Microsoft Entra admin center interface. On the left, there's a navigation sidebar with options like User experiences, Hybrid management, Monitoring & health, Sign-in logs, Audit logs, Provisioning logs, Health, Log Analytics, Diagnostic settings, Workbooks, and Usage & insights. The main area is titled "Diagnostic setting" and shows a "Diagnostic setting name" field set to "Send2LA". Below it, under "Logs", there's a "Categories" section with three checked boxes: AuditLogs, SignInLogs, and NonInteractiveUserSignInLogs.

Configure response in Azure Portal

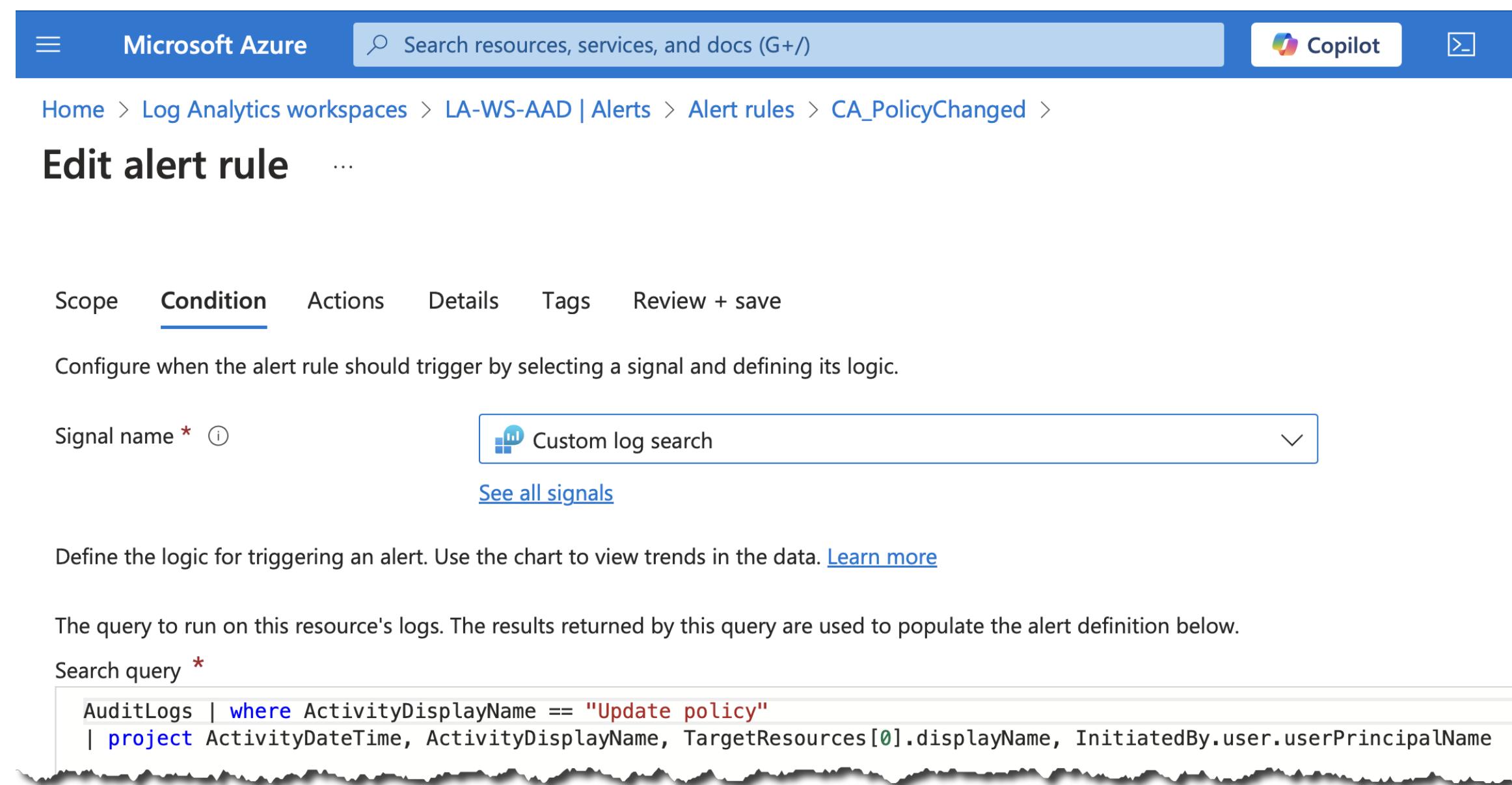


The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure Log Analytics workspace interface. It displays an "Alerts" dashboard for the workspace "LA-WS-AAD". At the top, it shows "Total alerts: 1", "Critical: 1", "Error: 0", "Warning: 0", "Informational: 0", and "Verbose: 0". Below this, there's a table with columns for Name, Severity, Affected resource, Alert condition, and User response. One alert is listed: "CA\_PolicyChanged" (Severity: Critical, Affected resource: "la-ws-aad", Alert condition: Fired, User response: New).

Logs will be sent to Repository

Then set up „Alert Rule“ and „Action Group“ →

# The simple way to alerting (2/2)



Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+) Copilot

Home > Log Analytics workspaces > LA-WS-AAD | Alerts > Alert rules > CA\_PolicyChanged >

**Edit alert rule** ...

Scope Condition Actions Details Tags Review + save

Configure when the alert rule should trigger by selecting a signal and defining its logic.

Signal name \* ⓘ Custom log search

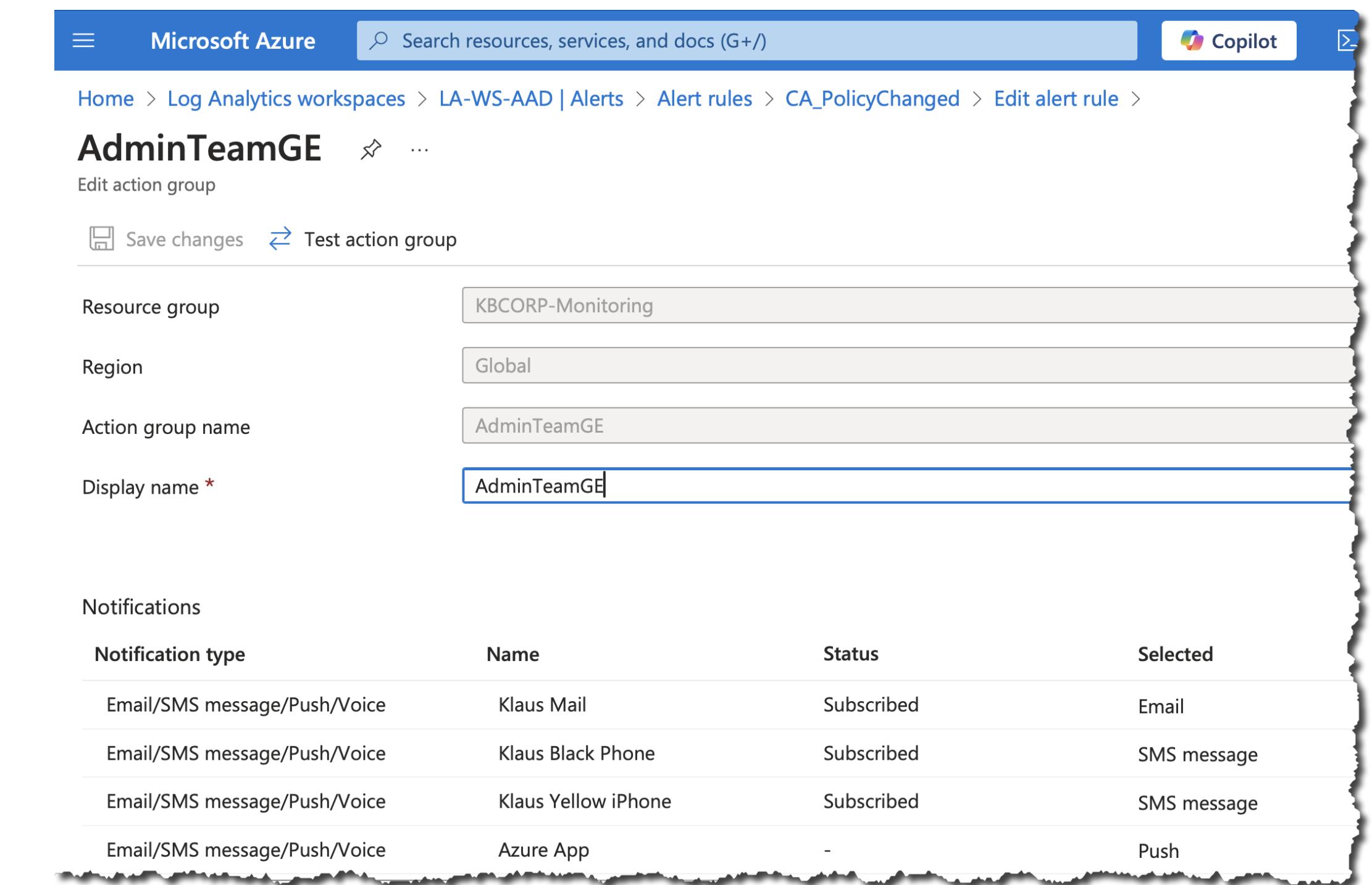
See all signals

Define the logic for triggering an alert. Use the chart to view trends in the data. [Learn more](#)

The query to run on this resource's logs. The results returned by this query are used to populate the alert definition below.

Search query \*

```
AuditLogs | where ActivityDisplayName == "Update policy"
| project ActivityDateTime, ActivityDisplayName, TargetResources[0].displayName, InitiatedBy.user.userPrincipalName
```



Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+) Copilot

Home > Log Analytics workspaces > LA-WS-AAD | Alerts > Alert rules > CA\_PolicyChanged > Edit alert rule >

**AdminTeamGE** ⚙ ...

Edit action group

Save changes Test action group

Resource group	KBCORP-Monitoring
Region	Global
Action group name	AdminTeamGE
Display name *	AdminTeamGE

Notifications

Notification type	Name	Status	Selected
Email/SMS message/Push/Voice	Klaus Mail	Subscribed	Email
Email/SMS message/Push/Voice	Klaus Black Phone	Subscribed	SMS message
Email/SMS message/Push/Voice	Klaus Yellow iPhone	Subscribed	SMS message
Email/SMS message/Push/Voice	Azure App	-	Push

Set up Alert Rule

... then set up Action Group