

Student 1 Test

Section I, Part A

Questions 7–9 refer to the excerpt below.

"The history of mankind is a history of repeated injuries and usurpations on the part of man toward woman, having in direct object the establishment of an absolute tyranny over her. To prove this, let facts be submitted to a candid world.

"He has never permitted her to exercise her inalienable right to the elective franchise.

"He has compelled her to submit to laws, in the formation of which she had no voice. . . .

"Having deprived her of this first right of a citizen, the elective franchise, thereby leaving her without representation in the halls of legislation, he has oppressed her on all sides. . . .

"He has taken from her all right in property, even to the wages she earns."

Seneca Falls Convention, Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions, 1848

7. The ideas expressed in the excerpt most directly challenged the prevailing ideal in the early nineteenth century that
- (A) women should enjoy full and equal rights with men
 - (B) women should focus on the home and the domestic sphere
 - (C) the ability of women to earn wages was a positive development
 - (D) women should educate their children about the rights and responsibilities of citizenship
- Which of the following developments in the second half of the nineteenth century best represented the continuation of the ideas expressed in the declaration?
- (A) The formation of voluntary organizations and reform efforts
 - (B) Women's support for the Social Gospel
 - (C) Support for outlawing the production and sale of alcohol
 - (D) A movement focused on religious revivals and personal conversion
- Many supporters of the declaration in 1848 broke ranks with which of the following groups by the 1870s?
- (A) Social Darwinists
 - (B) Supporters of Southern secession and states' rights
 - (C) Supporters of the Fifteenth Amendment
 - (D) Isolationists

Student 1 Test

Section I, Part A

Questions 10 and 11 refer to the excerpt below.

"Governments are instituted among Men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed. That whenever any Form of Government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the Right of the People to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new Government, laying its foundation on such principles and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their Safety and Happiness."

Thomas Jefferson, Declaration of Independence, 1776

10. The excerpt was written in response to the

- (A) British government's attempt to assert greater control over the North American colonies
- (B) British government's failure to protect colonists from attacks by American Indians
- (C) colonial governments' failures to implement mercantilist policies
- (D) colonial governments' attempts to extend political rights to new groups

 The ideas about government expressed in the excerpt are most consistent with which of the following?

- (A) The concept of hereditary rights and privileges
- (B) The belief in Manifest Destiny
- (C) The principle of religious freedom
- (D) The ideas of the Enlightenment

Student 2 Test

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