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ALBANY
SENIOR
HIGH SCHOOL

ESP32 Remote monitoring activity

ESP32 Web Server

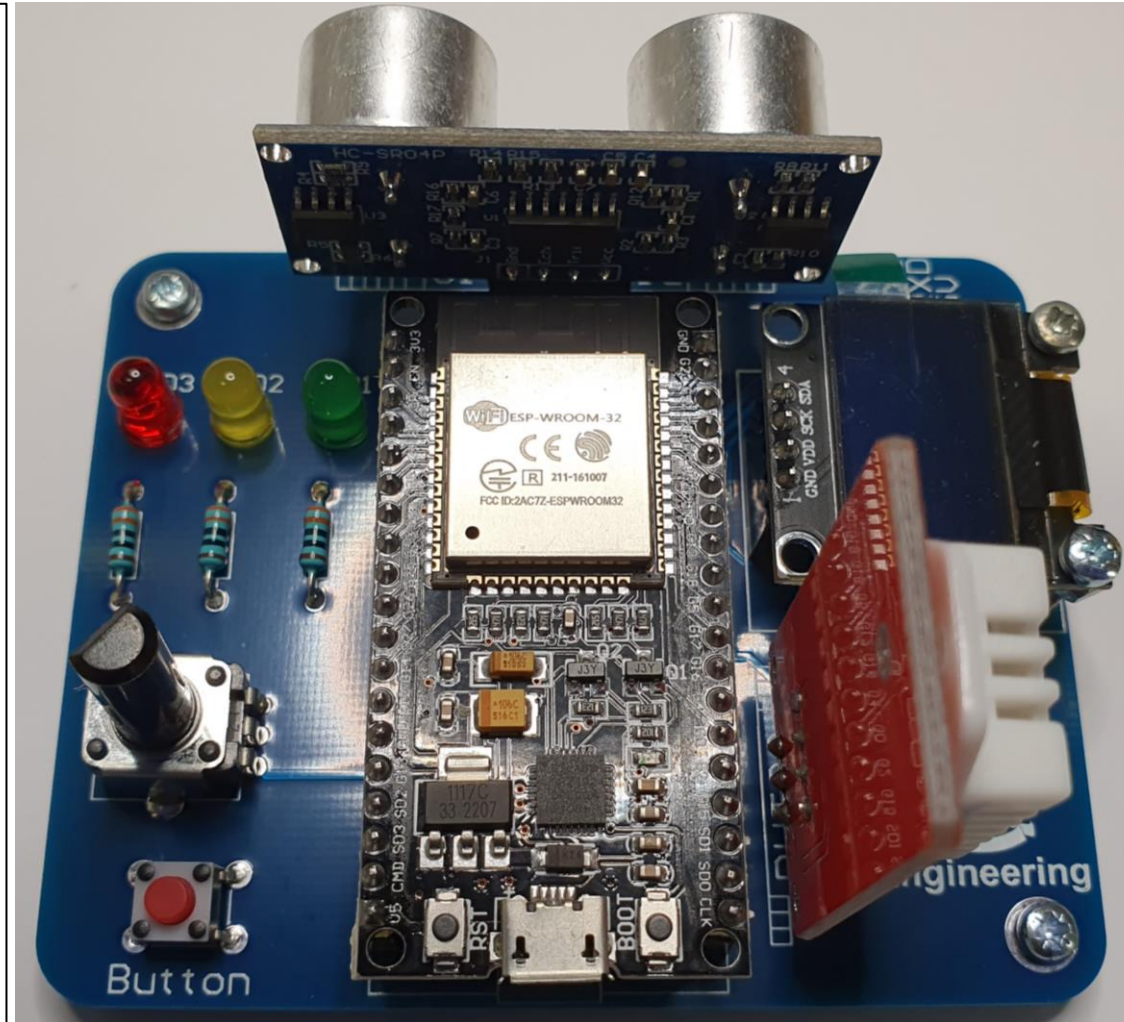
 Temperature 21.60 °C

 Humidity 62.80 %

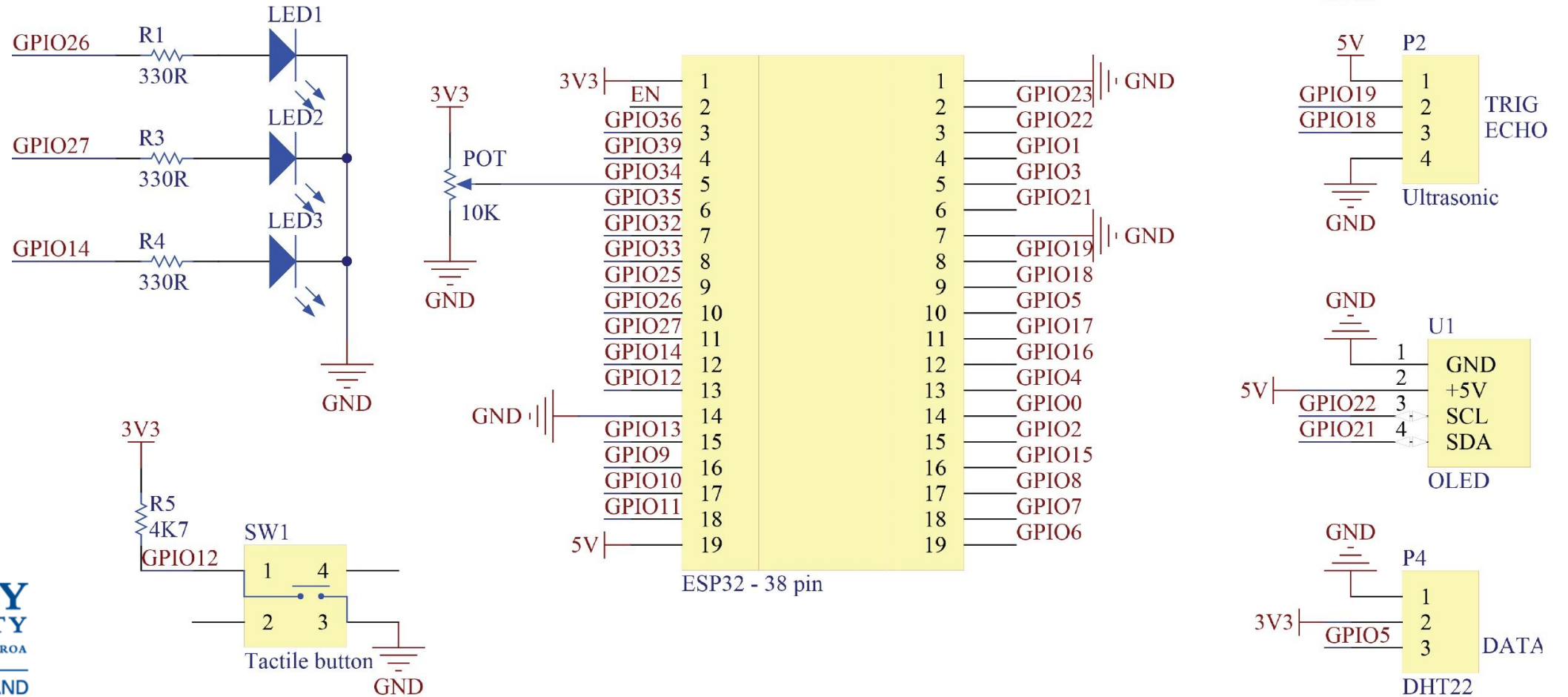
 Ultrasonic 13.89 cm;

 Potentiometer 0 %

 ButtonPress 1



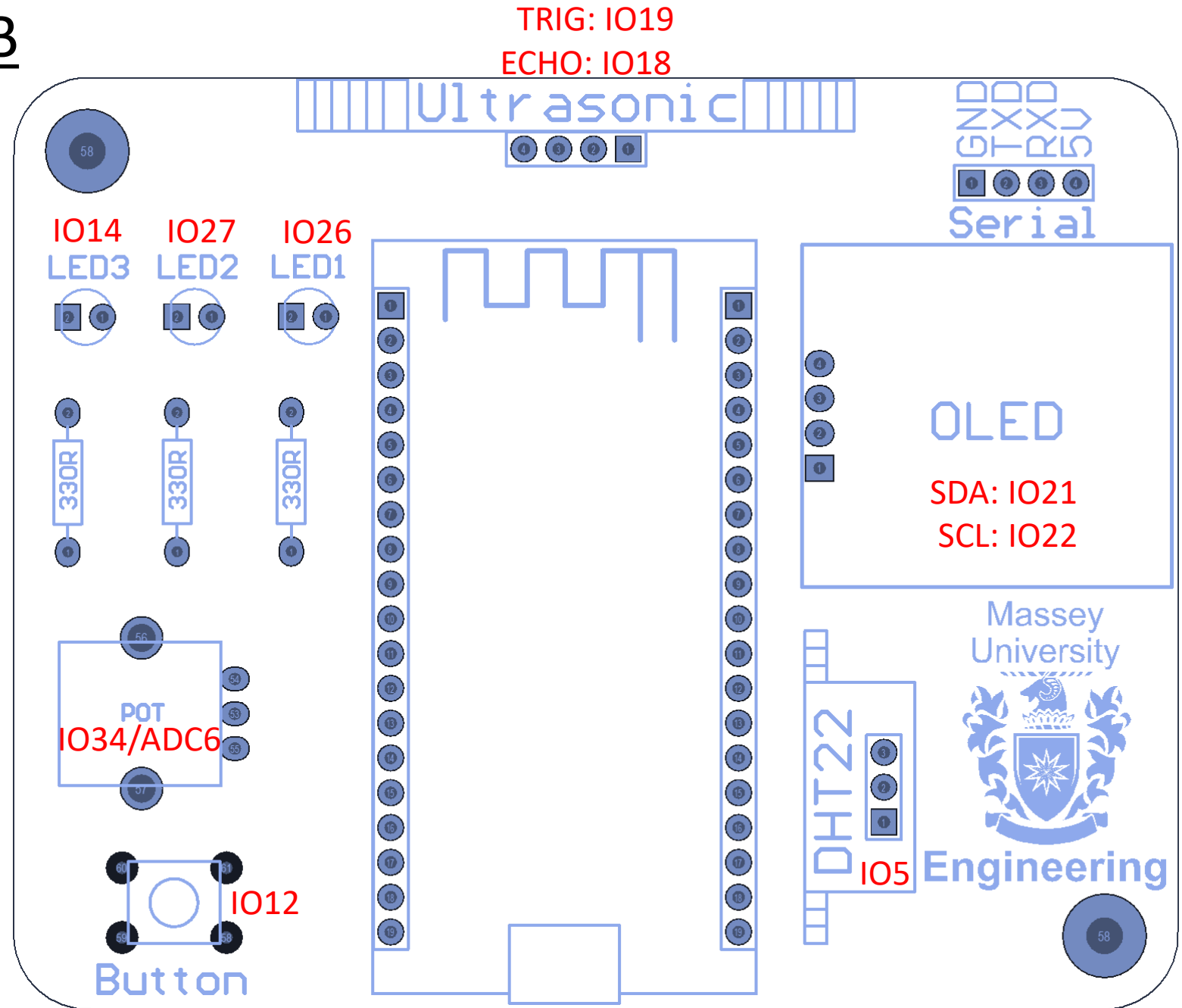
Schematic diagram



Components and PCB

| Part | Quantity |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| ESP32 – 38 pin | 1 |
| LED - Green | 1 |
| LED - Red | 1 |
| LED - Yellow | 1 |
| Resistor - 330R | 3 |
| DHT22 sensor | 1 |
| Potentiometer | 1 |
| OLED – 0.96 inch | 1 |
| Ultrasonic sensor | 1 |
| Tactile button | 1 |
| M2.5, 10mm screw & nut for OLED | 2 |
| PCB | 1 |
| MDF Base | 1 |
| Female headers – 38 pin | 2 |
| Female header – 3 pin | 1 |
| Female header – 4 pin | 2 |

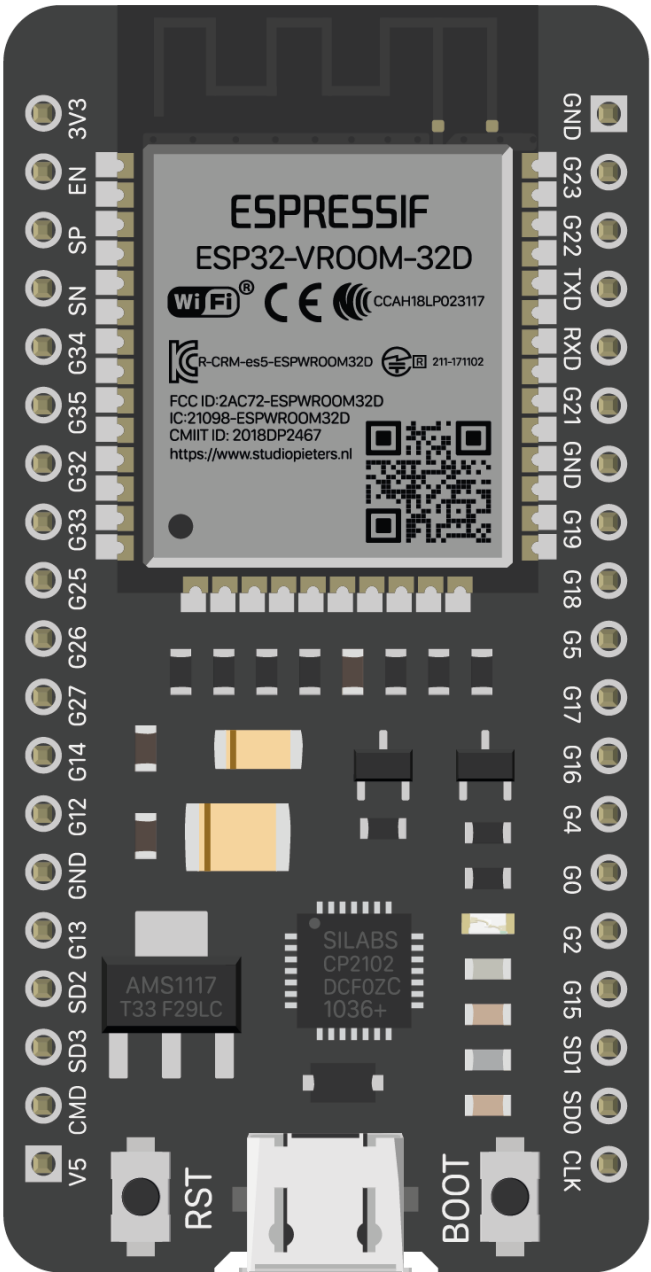
Note: ESP32 pins are labelled in red for the corresponding peripheral



ESP32 – 38pin Pinout

- ~ PWM
- PIN NUMBER
- NAME
- GROUND
- POWER
- CONTROL
- I/O
- ADC
- COMM. INTERFACE
- DAC
- I2C
- HS
- TOUCH

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|------|----|---|
| | | | | 3V3 | 2 | — | |
| | | | | EN | 3 | — | |
| | ADC0 | GPIO36 | SENSOR VP | | 4 | ↘ | |
| | ADC3 | GPIO39 | SENSOR VN | | 5 | ↘ | |
| | ADC6 | GPIO34 | IO34 | | 6 | ↘ | |
| | ADC7 | GPIO35 | IO35 | | 7 | ↘ | |
| TOUCH 9 | ADC4 | GPIO32 | IO32 | | 8 | ↘ | |
| TOUCH 8 | ADC5 | GPIO33 | IO33 | | 9 | ↘ | |
| | DAC 1 | ADC18 | GPIO25 | | 10 | ↘ | |
| | DAC_2 | ADC19 | GPIO26 | | 11 | ↘ | |
| | TOUCH 7 | ADC17 | GPIO27 | | 12 | ↘ | |
| TOUCH 6 | HS2 CLK | HSPICLK | ADC16 | GPIO14 | IO14 | 13 | ↘ |
| TOUCH 5 | HS2_DATA2 | HSPIQ | ADC15 | GPIO12 | IO12 | 14 | ↘ |
| | | | | | GND | 1 | — |
| TOUCH 5 | HS2 DATA3 | HSPID | ADC14 | GPIO13 | IO13 | 16 | ↘ |
| | HS1 DATA2 | SPIHD | GPIO9 | | SD2 | 17 | ↘ |
| | HS1 DATA3 | SPIWP | GPIO10 | | SD3 | 18 | ↘ |
| | HS1 CMD | SPICS0 | GPIO11 | | CMD | 19 | ↘ |
| | | | | 5V | | — | |

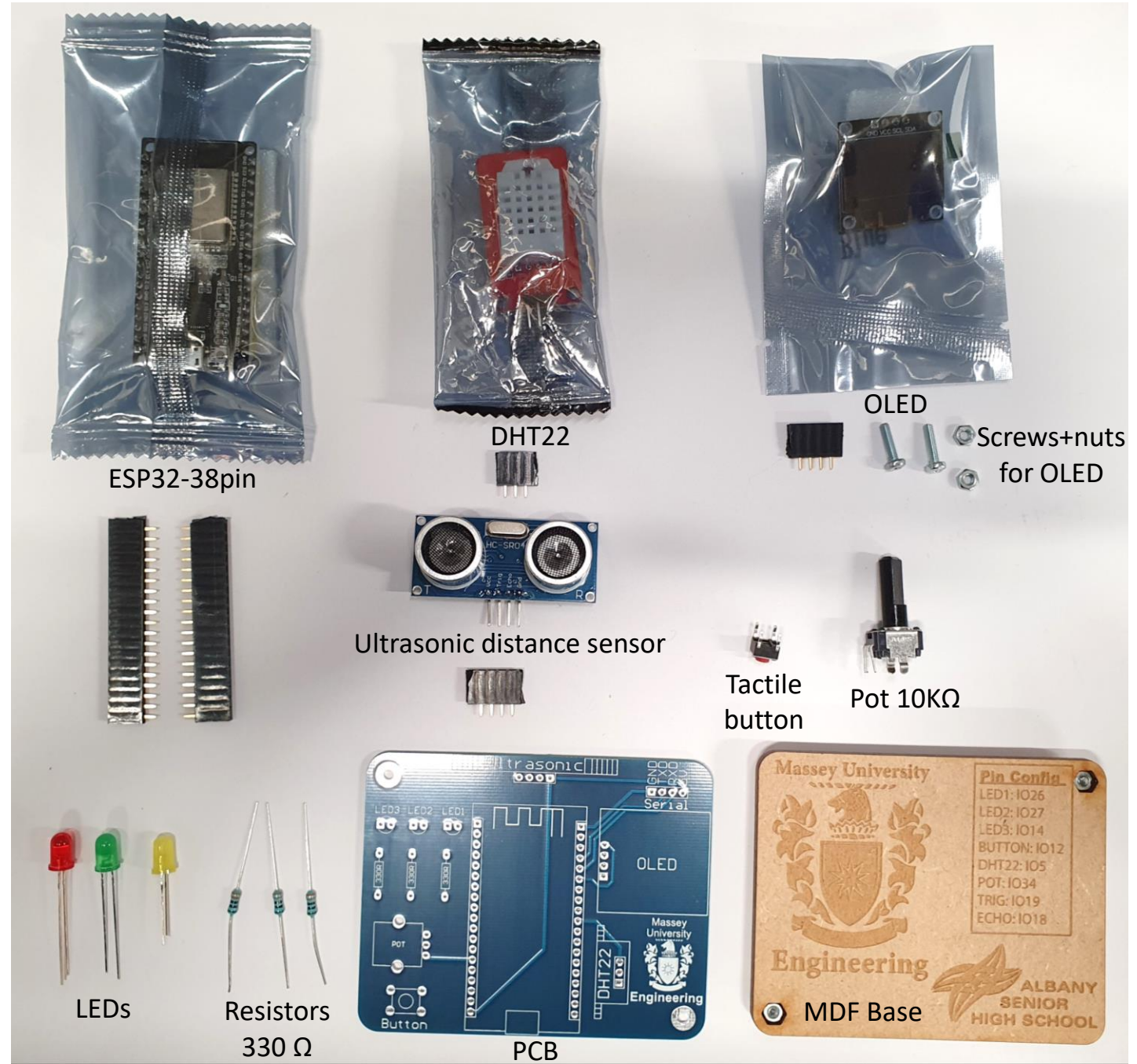


| | | | | | |
|----|-------|--------|------------|------------|--------------------|
| | | GND | | | |
| 37 | IO23 | GPIO23 | VSPID | HS1 STROBE | |
| 36 | IO22 | GPIO22 | VSPWP | SCL | |
| 35 | GPIO1 | TXD0 | | | |
| 34 | GPIO3 | RXD0 | | | |
| 33 | IO21 | GPIO21 | VSIHD | SDA | |
| | | GND | | | |
| 31 | IO19 | GPIO19 | VSPIQ | | |
| 30 | IO18 | GPIO18 | VSPICLK | HS1- DATA7 | |
| 29 | IO5 | GPIO5 | VSPICS0 | HS1- DATA6 | |
| 28 | IO17 | GPIO17 | HS1- DATA5 | | |
| 27 | IO16 | GPIO16 | HS1- DATA4 | | |
| 26 | IO4 | GPIO4 | ADC10 | HSPID | HS1- DATA1 TOUCH 0 |
| 25 | IO0 | GPIO0 | ADC11 | TOUCH 1 | |
| 24 | IO2 | GPIO2 | ADC12 | HSPWP | HS2_DATA0 TOUCH 2 |
| 23 | IO15 | GPIO15 | ADC13 | HSPICS0 | HS2 CMD TOUCH 3 |
| 22 | SD1 | GPIO8 | SPID | HS1_DATA1 | |
| 21 | SD0 | GPIO7 | SPIQ | HS1_DATA0 | |
| 20 | CLK | GPIO6 | SPICLK | HS1_CLK | |

Components

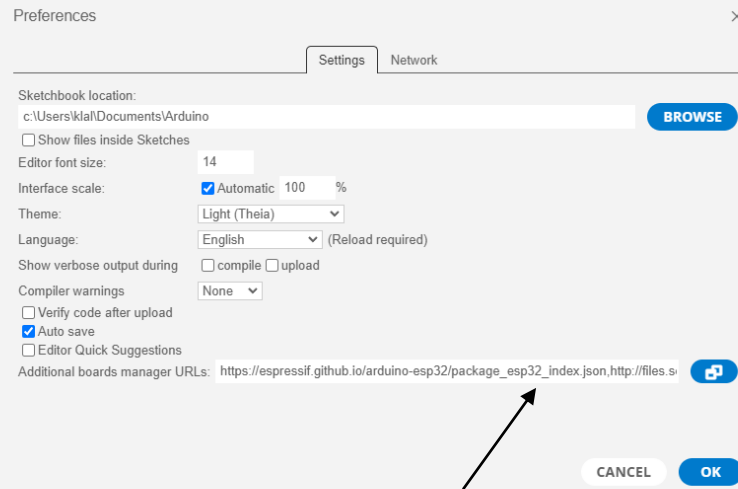
Notes:

- Resistors are not polarised and can be soldered on the PCB in any direction.
- The LEDs are polarised. Long leg is positive and short leg is negative, denoted on the PCB by a square pad for positive and round pad for negative.
- Solder the provided female headers in place of ESP32, DHT22, OLED, and Ultrasonic. Mount these components on top of the female headers, so that, the component can be replaced if broken.
- The 4-pin connector labelled Serial on top right corner of the PCB provides an added functionality to communicate with another device/microcontroller such as Arduino. This pin can be left unconnected.



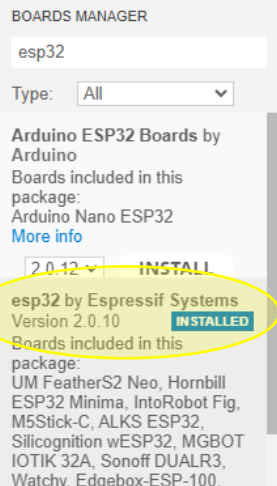
Sample Arduino Code – Installing the ESP32 board and libraries

I am working on the latest version of Arduino IDE 2.0



Under File > Preferences, paste the following link for additional boards:
https://espressif.github.io/arduino-esp32/package_esp32_index.json

Under Tools > Board > Boards Manager, search for ESP32. Install “esp32 by Espressif Systems”.



The required libraries can be downloaded from the links below. To install them, you will need to extract the contents of the zip files and place it in the Arduino libraries folder which is usually found in Documents > Arduino.

- <https://github.com/me-no-dev/AsyncTCP>
- <https://github.com/me-no-dev/ESPAsyncWebServer/archive/master.zip>
- https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit_SSD1306
- <https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit-GFX-Library>
- https://downloads.arduino.cc/libraries/github.com/adafruit/DHT_sensor_library-1.4.4.zip

Download a copy of the code from my GitHub page

<https://github.com/KlaEngineer/ASHS.git>

Sample Arduino Code – Network SSID & Password

```
// Import required libraries
#include "WiFi.h"
#include "ESPAsyncWebServer.h"
#include <Wire.h>
#include <DHT22.h>
#include <Adafruit_GFX.h>
#include <Adafruit_SSD1306.h>

// set this to 'true' when testing all the peripherals on the PCB to ensure
works
// set this to 'false' to enable the web server
#define HARDWARE_TEST true

// Replace with your network credentials
const char* ssid = "place-your-network-name-here";
const char* password = "place-your-network-password-here";

/* Ultrasonic sensor variables */
#define TRIG_PIN 19 // ultrasonic sensor - trig pin
#define ECHO_PIN 18 // ultrasonic sensor - echo pin
//define sound speed in cm/uS
#define SOUND_SPEED 0.034
#define CM_TO_INCH 0.393701
long duration = 0;
float distance = 0.0;
/* DHT22 sensor variables */
#define DHT_PIN 5 // data pin of DHT22 sensor
DHT22 dht22(DHT_PIN);
float t_prev = 0.0;
float h_prev = 0.0;
/* OLED size in pixels */
#define SCREEN_WIDTH 128 // OLED display width, in pixels
#define SCREEN_HEIGHT 64 // OLED display height, in pixels
/* Button, Potentiometer and LEDs */
#define BUTTON_PIN 12
#define POT 34 // Potentiometer
#define LED_RED 27
#define LED_GREEN 26
#define LED_YELLOW 14
// declare an SSD1306 display object connected to I2C
Adafruit_SSD1306 oled(SCREEN_WIDTH, SCREEN_HEIGHT, &Wire, -1);
// Create AsyncWebServer object on port 80
AsyncWebServer server(80);
```

Set the `HARDWARE_TEST` variable to 'true' for complete hardware test. Set to 'true' when you are using the board for the first time after soldering the PCB to ensure everything works correctly. When set to 'false', ESP32 will connect to the local network

ESP32 needs to connect to your local network. Place your network name and password here. Your smartphone needs to be connected to the same network. Upon power up, ESP32 will create a generic web server to display sensor data on a specific IP address that your local network will assign. The OLED will display the IP address and the web server will be hosted on that IP which can be accessed through your smartphone.

Note: To upload the program on ESP32, you may need to hold down 'BOOT' button.

Screenshot of web server receiving data from sensors

ESP32 Web Server

Temperature 21.60 °C

Humidity 62.80 %

Ultrasonic 13.89 cm;

Potentiometer 0 %

ButtonPress 1

Finished product

