Useful code

Getting started

First we need to load all the necessary packages:

```
library(ape)
library(phangorn)
library(msa)
library(ggmsa)
```

If we get an error loading a package, this is usually an indication the package is not installed. In that case we need to install the package. This has be done on a computer only once. This code now depends in which repository the package is stored. Most packages are on CRAN:

```
install.packages("ape")
install.packages("phangorn")
```

If the packages is from the bioconductor repository

```
install.packages("BiocManager")
library(BiocManager)
BiocManager::install("msa")
BiocManager::install("ggmsa")
```

Now we should be able to load all the packages:

```
library(ape)
library(phangorn)
library(msa)
library(ggmsa)
```

Tip

Often you will need to read or write the path to a file. Typing tmp <- file.choose() will store the path in the variable tmp and you can use it to read in the file.

Reading in sequences

Let's start with reading in the sequences from the BLAST searches.

```
reference <- read.FASTA("data_raw/Q05115.fasta", type="AA")
deltablast <- read.FASTA("data_raw/3dtv_deltablast.txt", type="AA")
blastp <- read.FASTA("data_raw/3dtv_pBLAST.txt", type="AA")
psyblast <- read.FASTA("data_raw/psiblast.txt", type="AA")</pre>
```

After this we combine the sequences and have a short look at them

```
aa <- c(reference, blastp, psyblast, deltablast)
aa

## 301 amino acid sequences in a list
##
## Mean sequence length: 235.6
## Shortest sequence: 212
## Longest sequence: 251

tmp <- names(aa)
head(tmp)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "sp|Q05115|AMDA_BORBO Arylmalonate decarboxylase OS=Bordetella bronchiseptica OX=518 PE=1 SV=1"
## [2] "3DG9_A Chain A, Arylmalonate decarboxylase [Bordetella bronchiseptica]"
## [3] "2VLB_A Chain A, ARYLMALONATE DECARBOXYLASE [Bordetella bronchiseptica]"
## [4] "3DTV_B Chain B, Arylmalonate decarboxylase [Bordetella bronchiseptica]"
## [5] "Q05115.1 RecName: Full=Arylmalonate decarboxylase; Short=AMDase [Bordetella bronchiseptica]"
## [6] "WP_280016214.1 MULTISPECIES: aspartate/glutamate racemase family protein [unclassified Achromobale]"
```

Now the names are very long. Let's try to clean them up:

```
accession <- sapply(strsplit(tmp, " ") , \(x)x[[1]])
accession[1] <- "Q05115"
accession <- gsub("\\:.*" , "", accession)

species <- sapply(strsplit(tmp[-1], "\\[") , \(x) x[[2]])
species <- gsub("\\]", "", species)
species <- c("Bordetella bronchiseptica", species)

gene <- sapply(strsplit(tmp, " ") , \(x) x[-1])
gene <- sapply(gene, paste0, collapse=" ")
gene <- gsub("\\[.*" , "", gene) |> trimws()
gene[1] <- "Arylmalonate decarboxylase"</pre>
```

Finally we write out our sequences with accession number as ID and create a table with the accession number, the gene name and the species name. And we save this data so that we can use later on or with other softerware:

```
X <- cbind(accession, gene, species)
head(X)</pre>
```

```
##
        accession
## [1,] "Q05115"
## [2,] "3DG9 A"
## [3,] "2VLB_A"
## [4,] "3DTV B"
## [5,] "Q05115.1"
## [6,] "WP_280016214.1"
##
        gene
## [1,] "Arylmalonate decarboxylase"
## [2,] "Chain A, Arylmalonate decarboxylase"
## [3,] "Chain A, ARYLMALONATE DECARBOXYLASE"
## [4,] "Chain B, Arylmalonate decarboxylase"
## [5,] "RecName: Full=Arylmalonate decarboxylase; Short=AMDase"
## [6,] "MULTISPECIES: aspartate/glutamate racemase family protein"
##
        species
## [1,] "Bordetella bronchiseptica"
## [2,] "Bordetella bronchiseptica"
## [3,] "Bordetella bronchiseptica"
## [4,] "Bordetella bronchiseptica"
## [5,] "Bordetella bronchiseptica"
## [6,] "unclassified Achromobacter"
write.table(X, file = "data/info.csv", row.names = FALSE)
names(aa) <- accession</pre>
```

```
write.FASTA(aa, "data_raw/all_sequences.fas")
```

Handling Alignments