



Welcome! Let's talk
about

- 1)Future Forms
- 2)Shopping
- 3)Occupations



FUTURE WITH WILL

She will be here at any time soon.

They will not regret about this.

They won't tell you anything.

Will Rick come with us?

Quando usar a forma WILL para expressar o futuro?



Abreviatons

I'll

You'll

He'll

She'll

It'll

We'll

They'll



FUTURE WITH “BE GOING TO”

I am going to travel tomorrow at nine a.m.

Is she going to the doctor today?

Are you going to have an appointment now?

They are not going to talk to you.

We aren't going to stay here for much longer.

I am gonna help you with your homework this week.

She is gonna work as an assistant at my grandma's house.



**When do we have to
use the future with “be
going to”?**



The present future:

I am studying math tomorrow.

She is buying a car next month.

We are talking to you about that subject next week.

Usamos uma frase no presente com marcos temporais no futuro.



Shopping Vocabulary

Asking for things in shops

“Do you have any...?”

“I’m looking for...”

“I wonder if you could help me...?”

What the shopkeeper says

“I’m sorry, we’re out of stock.”

“I’m sorry, that’s the last one.”

“I’m sorry, that’s all we have left.”



Asking about things in shops

“Do you have this in another size?”

“Do you have this in another colour?”

“Is this made of leather / silk / plastic...?”

“Does this come with a guarantee?”

“Is this fully refundable?”

“Can I bring this back if it’s not the right size?”

“Can I bring this back if it doesn’t fit?”

Paying – what the shopkeeper says

“Do you have anything smaller?” (If you pay with a large denomination note.)

What a sales person says

“Can I help you?”

“Are you looking for anything in particular?”

Your reply

“I’m just looking, thank you.”

“I’m just browsing, thank you.”



Paying – what you say

“I’m sorry, I don’t have any small change.”

“I don’t have anything smaller.”

“Would you have change for this?”

“Can I have the receipt, please?”

“Can I pay by credit card?”

“Can I pay in cash?”

“Is this on sale?”



Types of shops in English

department store – a shop that sells many different items in different departments. Harrods is probably the world's best known department store.

supermarket – a large shop that sells mostly food and household items.

grocer (UK) / **grocery store** (US) – a shop that sells food.

greengrocer – sells fresh fruit and vegetables.

butcher – sells fresh meat.

baker – sells fresh bread and cakes.

fishmonger – sells fresh fish.

chemist (UK) / **drugstore** (US) – sells medicines and toiletries.

pharmacy (US) – sells medicines.

newsagent – sells newspapers and magazines.

stationer – sells paper goods.

optician – sells glasses / contact lenses.



hardware shop / hardware

store / ironmonger – hard goods, such as nails and screws.

corner shop (UK) – a shop on the corner of your street, selling a range of basic goods – food, newspapers, sweets, bread, etc.

delicatessen (deli) – sells specialist food not normally found in supermarkets. For example, an Italian deli, an Asian deli.

bookshop / bookstore – books.

market – market traders (people who work on a market) have stalls that sell fruit and vegetables, clothes, household items and so on.

petshop – for pets and pet food.

flea market – a group of stalls selling old furniture or clothes.



accountant

actor

actress

advisor

artist

astronaut

astronomer

athlete

Attorney

babysitter

baker

ballerina

banker

barber



biologist
blacksmith
builder
butcher
Butler



Author - They write books or novels.

Baker - They make bread and cakes and normally work in a bakery.

Bricklayer - a person that helps to build houses using bricks.

Bus driver - a person that drives buses.

Butcher - a person that works with meat. They cut the meat and sell it in their shop.

Carpenter - a person that makes things from wood including houses and furniture.

Chef/Cook - a person that prepared food for others, often in a restaurant or café.

Cleaner - a person that cleans/tidies an area or place (such as in an office)

Dentist - a person that can fix problems you have with your teeth.

Designer - a person who has the job of designing things.

Doctor - a person you go to see when you are ill or have some type of health problem.

Dustman/Refuse collector - a person that collects trash/rubbish from bins in the street.

Electrician - a person that works with electric circuits.



Engineer - a person who develops solutions to technical problems. They sometimes design, build, or maintain engines, machines, structures or public works.

Factory worker - a person that works in a factory.

Farmer - a person that works on a farm, usually with animals.

Fireman/Fire fighter - a person that puts out fires.

Fisherman - a person that catches fish

Florist - a person that works with flowers.

Gardener - a person that keeps gardens clean and tidy. They take care of the plants in the garden.

Hairdresser - they cut your hair or give it a new style.

Journalist - a person that makes new reports in writing or through television.

Judge - a qualified person that decides cases in a law court.

Lawyer - a person that defends people in court and gives legal advice.

Lecturer - a person that gives lectures, usually in a university.

Librarian - a person that works in a library.

Lifeguard - a person that saves lives where people swim (at a beach or swimming pool).

Mechanic - a person that repairs machines, especially car motors.



Sasha: Hey Erick, What are you going to do today?

Eirck: Hey Sasha, I think I will just take some time to read a book and drink some tea today. Yesterday, I had a very tough day, so today I suppose I'll only chill. You know, I need to take some time for myself.

Sasha: I envy you. I wish I could take some moment to myself as well. I am going to an appointment right now. I have some exams to do and after I will take a bus and I am going to go to work. I am very stressed as well, however my boss won't allow us to get a day off until the end of the year.

Erick: Being a lawyer is certainly hard work, isn't it. I consider being an engineer really demanding really, but I am afraid that your job is even more demanding than my own.

Sasha: I think so. My cousin is a physician, my sister is a veterinarian, my father is a builder, my mom is a baker and my nephew is a teacher, but none of them work as much as I do. The problem here is that I don't earn very well. That is very unfair.

Erick: Sure it is!

Sasha: I think I only continue working where I am, because I truly love my profession.

Erick: Well, yes that is fundamental really.