# Vocabulary for IELTS 雅词词汇真经

# 自然地理 第一组

- atmosphere | [ˈætməsfɪə(r)] | n. 大气层,大气圈;气氛 | The approaching examination created a tense atmosphere on the campus.
- hydrosphere | ['haɪdrəʊsfɪə(r)] | n. 水圈; 大气中的水汽 | All the water of the earth's surface is included
  in the hydrosphere.
- lithosphere | ['lɪθəsfɪə(r)] | n. 岩石圏 | The hydrosphere and the lithosphere together form the earth's surface.
- oxygen | ['pksɪdʒən] | n. 氧气 | Hydrogen and oxygen are gases.
- oxide | ['pksaɪd] | n. 氧化物 | Oxide is a part of our daily life.
- carbon dioxide | [ˌkɑːbən daɪˈɒksaɪd] | n. 二氧化碳 | Soft drinks usually contain carbon dioxide.
- hydrogen | ['haɪdrədʒən] | n. 氢气 | Two parts hydrogen, one part oxygen, you'll get water every time.
- core | [kɔː(r)] | n. 中心,核心;地核 | He is the core of the working group.
- crust | [krʌst] | n. 地壳;外壳 | The crust on the snow was thick enough for us to walk on it.
- mantle | ['mæntl] | n. 地幔; 斗篷, 披风 v. 覆盖 | Parents often use mantles for their babies to keep warm.
- longitude | ['lɒngɪtjuːd] | n. 经度 | The captain determines the latitude and longitude of his ship.
- latitude | [ˈlætɪtjuːd] | n. 纬度 | Our position is 40 degrees north latitude.
- horizon | [həˈraɪz(ə)n] | n. 地平线; [~s] 眼界,见识 | I could see a ship on the horizon.
- altitude | [ˈæltɪtjuːd] | n. 高度,海拔 | We are currently flying at an altitude of 8,000metres.
- disaster | [dɪ'zɑ:stə(r)] | n. 灾难 | There was a great flood disaster in East China.
- mishap | ['mɪshæp] | n. 小灾难 | A mishap prevented him from attending the routine company meeting.
- catastrophic | [,kætə'strɒfɪk] | adj. 灾难性的 | If the forecast had been wrong, the consequences could have been catastrophic.
- calamity | [kəˈlæməti] | n. 灾难,不幸的事 | A hurricane would be a calamity for this low-lying coastal region.
- endanger | [ɪn'deɪndʒə(r)] | v. 使遭受危险, 危及 | If you work hard without rest, you will endanger your health.
- jeopardise | ['dʒepədaɪz] | v. 危害,危及 | If you are rude to the boss, your chances of success may be jeopardised.
- destructive | [dɪ'strʌktɪv] | adj. 破坏性的,有害的 | Jealousy is an extremely destructive emotion.
- El Niño | [el 'ni:njau] | n. 厄尔尼诺现象 (赤道附近东太平洋水域大范围海水反常增温、鱼群大量死亡的现象)
   What changed the equation that year was ElNiño.
- greenhouse | ['griːnhaʊs] | n. 温室,暖房 | The flowers are grown in the greenhouse.
- phenomenon | [fəˈnɒmɪnən] | n. 现象 | Snow is an almost unknown phenomenon in Egypt.
- pebble | ['peb(ə)l] | n. 鹅卵石 | The boy put his hand into the money bag and drew out a pebble.
- magnet | ['mægnət] | n. 磁铁,吸铁石 | He picked all the pins up with a magnet.
- ore | [ɔː(r)] | n. 矿石;矿 | This mountain area is rich in iron ore.
- mineral | ['mɪnərəl] | n. 矿物,矿物质;矿产 | China is rich in mineral resources.



- marble | ['mɑ:b(ə)l] | n. 大理石; (玩具) 弹球 | They used marble to build the steps.
- quartz | [kwɔːts] | n. 石英 | Have you bought the quartz clock?
- granite | ['grænɪt] | n. 花岗岩 | His grave is made of granite.
- gust | [gʌst] | n. 一阵狂风; (感情的) 迸发 | A gust of wind blew the leaves off the trees.
- breeze | [bri:z] | n. 微风, 和风 | We are enjoying the cool breeze that comes from the lake.
- monsoon | [,mpn'su:n] | n. 季风;雨季 | The monsoon brings rain to us.
- gale | [geɪl] | n. 大风 | We got our roof blown off in a gale last night.
- hurricane | ['hʌrɪkən] | n. 飓风;暴风 | The hurricane flung their motorboat upon the rocks.
- tornado | [tɔːˈneɪdəʊ] | n. 龙卷风 | When a tornado touches the ground, it does a lot of damage.
- typhoon | [taɪˈfuːn] | n. 台风 | The typhoon is gathering strength.
- volcano | [vɒlˈkeɪnəʊ] | n. 火山 | The volcano erupted and two small towns were buried under metres of hot ash, mud and bits of molten rock.
- erupt | [ɪˈrʌpt] | v. 爆发,喷发;(斑疹等) 突然出现 | Hot lava erupted from the crust.
- magma | ['mægmə] | n. 岩浆 | Some types of minerals are made when magma cools and solidifies.
- thermodynamic | [,θ3:mθσdaɪˈnæmɪk] | adj. 热力的; 热力学的 | His theory violates current thermodynamiclaws.
- smog | [smɒg] | n. 烟雾,雾霾 | The smog was so bad that schoolchildren were advised to stay indoors.
- fume | [fjuːm] | n. [~s] (难闻且常为有害的) 烟,气体 v. 冒烟;发怒 | Petrol fumes from cars are poisoning the atmosphere.
- mist | [mɪst] | n. 薄雾; 水汽; 使视线模糊的东西 | She could hardly recognise her son through amist of tears
- tsunami | [tsuːˈnɑːmi] | n. 海啸 | A terrible tsunami followed the earthquake.
- drought | [draʊt] | n. 干旱,旱灾 | Many areas in Africa have suffered severe drought this year.
- flooding | [ˈflʌdɪŋ] | n. 洪水泛滥 | Since the flooding began last month, 16 people have died statewide.
- torrent | ['tɒrənt] | n. 激流, 洪流 | A torrent of water poured down the mountain.
- earthquake | ['ɜːθkweɪk] | n. 地震 | Several countries in eastern Europe are counting the losses caused by vesterday's earthquake.
- seismic | ['saɪzmɪk] | adj. 地震的,地震引起的 | The discovery of seismic activity suggests geological activity could provide large amounts of heat and minerals.
- avalanche | [ˈævəlɑːnʃ] | n. 雪崩 | Yesterday's avalanche destroyed several trees.
- terrain | [təˈreɪn] | n. 地形 | He climbed a tree to view the surrounding terrain.
- landscape | ['lændskeɪp] | n. 风景,地貌 v. 对......进行景观美化 | The trees and the mountains made the landscape very beautiful.
- continent | ['kɒntɪnənt] | n. 大陆;洲 | It is generally thought that Columbus discovered the American continents.

## 自然地理 第二组

- cave | [keɪv] | n. 洞穴,山洞 | This cave was used by smugglers in the eighteenth century.
- cliff | [klɪf] | n. 悬崖,峭壁 | The narrow path leads to a wooden hut on the cliff.
- glacier | ['glæsiə(r)] | n. 冰河, 冰川 | The glacier dislocated the great stones.



- swamp | [swpmp] | n. 沼泽、湿地 | In the swamp, we were beset by mosquitoes.
- delta | ['deltə] | n. 三角洲 | The Nile Delta used to be a fertile land.
- plain | [pleɪn] | n. 平原 adj. 简朴的; 明白的 | Once there were 70 million buffalo roaming the Great
   Plains.
- plateau | ['plætəʊ] | n. 高原 | The atmosphere is thin on the plateau.
- oasis | [əʊˈeɪsɪs] | n. 绿洲;宜人之地 | Oasis symbolises a hope in desert areas.
- vertical | ['vɜːtɪk(ə)l] | adj. 垂直的, 直立的 | In some places the cliff was almost vertical, and too dangerous to climb.
- steep | [stiːp] | adj. 陡峭的,陡直的 | A long steep path leads to a teahouse with a grand view of the sea
- parallel | ['pærəlel] | n. 平行线;相似之物;相似之处 adj. 平行的 v. 与…… 相似;比得上 | There are few parallels between American football and European football.
- narrow | ['nærəʊ] | adj. 狭窄的;有局限的 n. [~s] 海峡 v. 变窄 | The only access to the garden is by a narrow path at the side of the house.
- globe | [gləʊb] | n. 球体; 地球仪; [the ~] 地球 | There are people in almost every habitable part of this globe.
- hemisphere | ['hemɪsfɪə(r)] | n. 半球 | In the northern hemisphere, you can hardly see the Magellanic Clouds.
- equator | [ɪˈkweɪtə(r)] | n. 赤道 | The equator is an imaginary line around the middle of the earth.
- arctic | ['ɑːktɪk] | adj. 极冷的;[A~] 北极的 n. [the A~] 北极地区,北极 | The polar bear's habitat is the icy waters of the Arctic.
- Antarctic | [æn'tɑ:ktɪk] | adj. 南极的 n. [the ~] 南极地区,南极洲 | Because of the extreme cold, the environment in the Antarctic is uniquely fragile.
- pole | [pəʊl] | n.(地) 极;截然相反的两极之一 | English is spoken from pole to pole.
- polar | ['pəʊlə(r)] | adj. 极地的, 近极地的; 对立的 | In these polar regions, the balance of nature has already been disrupted.
- axis | ['æksɪs] | n. 轴,轴线 | The earth's axis is the line between the North and South Poles.
- deteriorate | [dɪ'tɪəriəreɪt] | v. 恶化,变坏 | Relations between the two countries have deteriorated sharply in recent weeks.
- aggravate | ['ægrəveɪt] | v. 加重,加剧,使恶化 | Grief aggravated her illness.
- degrade | [dɪ'greɪd] | v. 降解;降低......的身份;使恶化,使退化 | A dishonest action like that will degrade you.
- erode | [ɪˈrəʊd] | v. 侵蚀,腐蚀 | The waves erode the rocks on the shore.
- Mediterranean | [ˌmedɪtəˈreɪniən] | adj. 地中海的; 地中海地区的 n. 地中海; 地中海地区 | This dish is a cross between Asian and Mediterranean food.
- Atlantic | [ətˈlæntɪk] | adj. 大西洋的 n. [the ~] 大西洋 | The Atlantic coast is within sight of the hotel.
- pacific | [pəˈsɪfɪk] | adj. 平静的, 和平的; [P~] 太平洋的 n. [the P~] 太平洋 | What a beautiful and pacific place this is!
- ocean | ['əʊʃ(ə)n] | n. 海洋;(五大洋之一的) 洋 | These creatures live in the depth of the Pacific Ocean.
- marine | [məˈriːn] | adj. 海生的,海洋的;海事的 n. 水兵 | It is true that a lot of people like marine plants as their food.



- navigation | [ˌnævɪˈgeɪ[n] | n. 航行; 航海 | Navigation is a game for brave people.
- gulf | [gʌlf] | n. 海湾 | The gulf extends northward.
- beach | [biːtf] | n. 海滩,河滩 | They walked along the beach, talking and laughing.
- coast | [kəʊst] | n. 海岸,海滨 | He is going to live by the coast for the sake of his health.
- shore | [ʃɔː(r)] | n.(海、湖等大水域的) 岸,滨 | His ship pulled in to the shore at midnight.
- tide | [taɪd] | n. 趋势,潮流;潮汐 | The gravitational attraction between the moon and the earth causes tides.
- current | ['kʌrənt] | n. 水流, 潮流; 电流; 气流 | He was swept away by the current.
- brook | [brʊk] | n. 小河,溪 | Before we drink at a brook, it is good to know its source.
- stream | [striːm] | n. 小河,溪;流 v. 流动,流出 | On either bank of the stream stand rows of willow trees.
- source | [sɔːs] | n. 河的源头;根源 | I've heard from reliable sources that the company is in trouble.
- shallow | ['ʃæləʊ] | adj. 浅的;肤浅的,浅薄的 | The sea is shallow here.
- flat | [flæt] | adj. 平坦的;扁平的;单调的 | In flat open country, there is plenty of grass for the cattle to feed on.
- smooth | [smuːð] | adj. 光滑的; 平稳的; 流畅的 | The process of negotiation was not entirely smooth.
- rough | [rʌf] | adj. 粗糙的; 粗略的 | You'd better give us a rough idea of your price.
- sandy | ['sændi] | adj. 铺满沙的; 含沙的 | We walked across the fields on the sandy path.
- stony | ['stəʊni] | adj. 石头的;多石的 | The ground in this part of the country is poor and stony.
- upgrade | [ˌʌpˈɡreɪd ] | V. 使升级;提高,改善 | The antivirus software should often be upgraded.
- superficial | [ˌsuːpərˈfɪʃl] | adj. 表皮的,表层的 | Superficial scratches can be easily removed .

#### 自然地理 第三组

- shower | ['ʃaʊə(r)] | n. 阵雨; (一) 阵; 淋浴 | The weatherman predicts showers this afternoon.
- Oceania | [¡əʊsiˈɑːniə] | n. 大洋洲 | Oceania is a separate landmass, but it is separated from Asia by very shallow water.
- mainland | ['meɪnlənd; 'meɪnlænd] | n. 大陆,本土 | Hawaii and Alaska are not on the mainland of the United States.
- peninsula | [pəˈnɪnsjələ] | n. 半岛 | His house is located on the tip of the peninsula.
- climate | ['klaɪmət] | n. 气候;风气,思潮,环境 | The current political climate in that country is favourable for foreign investment.
- weather | ['weðə(r)] | n. 天气, 气象 | In warm weather, you should wear clothing that is cool and comfortable.
- meteorology | [,mi:tiə'rɒlədʒi] | n. 气象学 | Nowadays,few people like to study meteorology.
- mild | [maɪld] | adj. 温和的;不严重的 | The weather is mild today; it is neither hot nor cold.
- heating | ['hiːtɪŋ] | n. 供暖; 暖气装置 | The workers are installing a heating system.
- moderate | ['modərət ]/['modəreɪt] | adj.适度的; 温和的; 中等的 v.(使) 缓和 | The wind was strong all day, but it moderated in the evening.
- warm | [wɔːm] | adj. 温暖的 v (使) 变暖 | The blood of a warm-blooded animal remains around the same temperature both on warm and cold days.



- thermal | ['θɜːm(ə)l] | adj. 热量的 | The thermal energy has become more and more important.
- tropics | [tropiks] | n. [the ~] 热带地区 | He lives in the tropics.
- arid | [ˈærɪd] | adj. 干燥的,干旱的;枯燥的 | It is difficult to grow fruit in arid desert areas.
- moist | [mɔɪst] | adj. 潮湿的, 湿润的 | His eyes were moist with tears.
- damp | [dæmp] | adj. 潮湿的,湿气重的 | The damp match won't strike.
- humid | ['hjuːmɪd] | adj. 潮湿的, 湿热的 | The milk powder has lumped together because my home is so humid.
- snowy | ['snəʊi] | adj. 下雪多的;被雪覆盖的 | The snowy weather lasted the whole time we were there.
- frost | [frɒst] | n. 霜;霜冻;严寒 | Sweet potatoes decayed after the frost.
- hail | [heɪl] | n. 雹,冰雹 v. 赞扬;招呼;下雹 | It hailed during the night.
- thaw | [θɔː] | v. 解冻, 融解, 融化 n. 解冻时期 | The sun thawed the ice and melted the snow.
- chill | [tʃɪl] | v.(使) 变冷;使恐惧 n. 寒冷;害怕 | The bad news cast a chill over the wholefamily.
- freeze | [fri:z] | v. 结冰 n. 霜冻; 严寒期 | The weatherman predicted a freeze for tonight.
- frigid | ['frɪdʒɪd] | adj. 寒冷的 | Hohhot is a frigid city in winter.
- tremble | ['tremb(ə)I] | v.n. 战栗, 颤抖 | There was a tremble in her voice.
- shiver | ['ʃɪvə(r)] | v. 颤抖,哆嗦,发抖 | She shivered because she was worried and afraid.
- thunder | ['θʌndə(r)] | n. 雷; 雷声 v. 打雷; 轰隆隆地快速移动 | An express train thundered through the station.
- lightning | ['laɪtnɪŋ] | n. 闪电 adj. 闪电般的,极快的 | During the storm, flashes of lightning appeared in the sky.
- stormy | ['stɔːmi] | adj. 有暴风雨的;争吵激烈的;(大海)波涛汹涌的 | Our ship was tossed about on the stormy sea.
- downpour | ['daʊnpɔː(r)] | n. 倾盆大雨 | For the past six hours, the downpour had been continuous.
- rainfall | ['reɪnfɔːl] | n. 降雨量 | There have been four years of below-average rainfall.
- sprinkle | ['sprɪŋk(ə)l] | v. 撒, 洒; 下小雨 n. 少量; 小雨 | We've only had a few sprinkles of rain recently.
- rainbow | ['reɪnbəʊ] | n. 虹,彩虹 | A rainbow is usually seen after a heavy rain.
- Celsius | ['selsiəs] | adj. 摄氏的 n. 摄氏温度 | The maximum temperature in July may be 36 degrees Celsius.
- temperature | ['temprətʃə(r)] | n. 气温;体温;温度 | After the storm, there will be a sharp drop in temperature.
- forecast | ['fɔːkɑːst] | n. 预测,预报 v. 预测,预言 | The recent statement of the president forecasts a change in the situation.
- peak | [pi:k] | n. 山峰; 顶点 v. 达到最大值 | The mountain peaks are covered with snow all year round.
- mount | [maʊnt] | v. 渐渐增加;爬上,登上 n. [M~] 山 | The old lady can only mount the stairs with difficulty.
- mountain | [ˈmaʊntən] | n. 山,山岳,高山 | The northern side of the mountain is almost vertical.
- ridge | [rɪdʒ] | n. 山脊,山脉 v. 使隆起 | The sky above the ridge of the mountains brightened.
- slope | [sləʊp] | v. 倾斜;有坡度 n. 山坡;斜坡 | He ran up the slope to the top of the hill.
- valley | ['væli] | n. 山谷, 溪谷 | The valley was hidden from view in the mist.



- hillside | ['hɪlsaɪd] | n.(小山的) 山腰, 山坡 | The path steepened as they climbed the hillside.
- overlook | [əʊvəˈlʊk] | v. 俯瞰,远眺;未注意到 | The house on the hill overlooks the village.
- southern | ['sʌðən] | adj. 南部的;南方的 | Only in the southern part of Taiwan have I seen such scenery.
- southeast | [ˌsaʊθ'iːst] | n. 东南方;东南部 adj. 东南方的;东南部的 | Austria lies to the southeast of Germany.
- southwest | [ˌsaoθ'west] | n. 西南方; 西南部 adj. 西南方的; 西南部的 | Ireland is in the southwest of the British Isles.
- northeast | [,no:θ'i:st] | n. 东北方; 东北部 adj. 东北方的; 东北部的 | Snow in October is nothing strange in northeast China.
- northwest | [,no:θ'west] | n. 西北方; 西北部 adj. 西北方的; 西北部的 | There is a large hilly area in the northwest.
- eastern | ['iːstən] | adj. 东部的;东方的 | The eastern situation is similarly intense.
- oriental | [,ɔ:ri'ent(ə)l] | adj. 东方的 (尤指中国和日本的) | She has studied the cultures of oriental countries.
- range | [reɪndʒ] | n. 山脉; 范围 | A range of hills rose on our left.

# 自然地理 第四组

- rural | ['rʊərəl] | adj. 农村的, 乡村的; 田园的 | The disease occurs most frequently in rural areas.
- suburb | ['sʌbɜːb] | n. 郊区,郊外,近郊 | They proposed setting up a school in the suburbs.
- outskirts | ['aʊtskɜːts] | n. 郊区, 市郊 | We live on the outskirts of the city.
- remote | [rɪˈməʊt] | adj. 遥远的;偏僻的;疏远的 | She came from a remote village.
- desolate | ['desələt] | adj. 荒凉的 | So how should they escape from these desolate canyons?
- distant | ['dɪstənt] | adj. 疏远的; 遥远的 | It snows all year round in that distant little village.
- adjacent | [ə'dʒeɪs(ə)nt] | adj. 邻近的, 毗连的 | We stayed in adjacent rooms.
- toxic | ['toksɪk] | adj. 有毒的 | All medicines are toxic.
- pollution | [pə'lu:ʃ(ə)n] | n. 污染 | Waste water from the factory is the main cause of pollution in local rivers.
- pollutant | [pəˈluːtənt] | n. 污染物质 | Coal is a heavy pollutant.
- contaminate | [kənˈtæmɪneɪt] | v. 弄脏,污染 | The river was contaminated with waste.
- geology | [dʒi'plədʒi] | n. 地质学; 地质状况 | He devoted all his life to the research of the agricultural geology.
- border | ['bɔːdə(r)] | n. 边界; 边界地区; 镶边 v. 和......毗邻; 形成......的边界 | The border incident lead to the war between the two countries.
- margin | [ˈmɑːdʒɪn] | n. 边缘;页边空白;余地 | There is no margin for error in our plan.
- fringe | [frɪndʒ] | n. 边缘;刘海儿 adj. 次要的;非主流的 | We feel it's pretty good and we also offer some good fringe benefits.
- plate | [pleɪt] | n.(地质学中的大陆) 板块; 盘 | It is generally accepted that earthquakes are caused by two tectonic plates bumping into each other.
- debris | ['debri:] | n. 碎片,残骸 | We are searching for his corpse among the debris after the explosion.
- crack | [kræk] | v. 破裂;发出爆裂声 n. 裂缝;缝隙 | The door opened just a crack.



- gap | [gæp] | n. 缺口, 裂缝;差距;空白 | There are wide gaps in my knowledge of history.
- splendid | ['splendId] | adj. 极好的;壮观的 | You're all doing a splendid job; keep up the good work!
- grand | [grænd] | adj. 宏大的;豪华的,宏伟的;极好的 | He was born in the purple and was brought up in the grand palace.
- magnificent | [mægˈnɪfɪs(ə)nt] | adj. 壮丽的,宏伟的;令人印象深刻的 | The king lived in this magnificent palace.
- super | ['suːpə(r)] | adj. 超级的,极好的 | I've discovered a super restaurant near here!
- interesting | ['ɪntrəstɪŋ] | adj. 有趣的;引人入胜的 | There is an interesting programme on television tonight.
- dramatic | [drəˈmætɪk] | adj. 戏剧的;引人注目的 | She made a dramatic speech at the meeting.
- wilderness | ['wɪldənəs] | n. 荒野 | From his attic window, he looked out over a beautiful wilderness.
- desert | ['dezət] | n. 沙漠 v. 离弃,遗弃;擅离 | The baby's mother deserted him soon after giving birth.
- deforest | [ˌdiː'fɒrɪst] | v. 毁掉.....森林 | The land is severely eroded as a result of widespread deforesting and intensive farming.
- barren | ['bærən] | adj. 贫瘠的, 荒芜的; 不结果实的 | That remote barren land has blossomed into rich granaries.
- fertile | ['fɜːtaɪl] | adj. 肥沃的,富饶的 | There's enough to transform barren coral atolls into fertile groves.
- fertilise | ['fɜːtəlaɪz] | v. 施肥于 | I fertilised the lawn and pulled out the weeds.
- solar | [ˈsəʊlə(r)] | adj. 太阳的,日光的 | This toy is operated by solar energy.
- lunar | [ˈluːnə(r)] | adj. 月亮的,月球的 | All traditional Chinese festivals are lunar calendar festivals.
- calendar | ['kælɪndə(r)] | n. 日历;历法 | The Islamic calendar has fewer days than the Gregorian calendar.
- inevitable | [ɪn'evɪtəbl] | adj. 不可避免的,必然的 | Such a difficult operation may not succeed, but it's an inevitable gamble.
- irreversible | [ˌɪrɪˈvɜːsəb(ə)l] | adj. 不可逆转的;不可挽回的 | He suffered irreversible brain damage from the incident.
- irregularly | [ɪ'regjələli] | adv. 不规则地;不合常规地 | The patient is breathing irregularly.
- inappropriate | [,ɪnə'prəʊpriət] | adj. 不合适的 | Your bright red coat would be quite inappropriate for a funeral.
- abnormal | [æbˈnɔːm(ə)l] | adj. 不正常的,反常的;变态的 | El Niño will result in the abnormal weather.
- sediment | ['sedɪmənt] | n. 沉淀物; 沉积物 | The sediment of coffee will settle.
- silt | [sɪlt] | n. 淤泥,泥沙 v.(使) 淤塞 | River sediments gradually silted up the harbour.
- muddy | ['mʌdi] | adj. 泥泞的;浑浊的 | We left the car and struck out along the muddy track.
- clay | [kleɪ] | n. 黏土,陶土 | Bricks and dishes are made from various kinds of clay.
- dirt | [dɜːt] | n. 污垢,灰尘; [尤美]泥土 | The children were outside, playing happily in the dirt.
- sunrise | ['sʌnraɪz] | n. 日出 | The beauty of the sunrise is beyond description.
- sunset | ['sʌnset] | n. 日落 | By sunset we had covered thirty miles.
- eclipse | [ɪ'klɪps] | n. 日食; 月食 | It will take about an hour to reach full eclipse stage.
- dusk | [dʌsk] | n. 黄昏,傍晚 | The street lights go on at dusk.



- heaven | ['hevn] | n. 天堂;极乐 (之地); [the ~s] 天空 | Our week on the tropical island was heaven.
- paradise | ['pærədaɪs] | n. 天堂;乐园,福地 | This club is a sportsman's paradise.

### 自然地理 第五组

- sunshine | ['sʌnʃaɪn] | n. 阳光,日光 | I was sitting in the garden, enjoying the sunshine.
- shadow | ['ʃædəʊ] | n. 影子,阴影 | The willow's shadow falls on the lake.
- vapour | ['veɪpə(r)] | n. 蒸气; 水汽 | When water changes to water vapour, we say it evaporates.
- evaporate | [ɪˈvæpəreɪt] | v.(使) 蒸发; 消失 | The pool of water on the playground evaporated in the sun.
- circulate | ['ss:kjəleɪt] | v.(使) 循环,(使) 流通;(信息等) 传播 | Circulating blood helps transfer the body heat out to the air.
- precipitate | [prɪˈsɪpɪteɪt] | v. (水汽等) 凝结; 沉淀 | Clouds usually precipitate as rain or snow.
- reservoir | ['rezəvwa:(r)] | n. 水库,蓄水池 | This reservoir gives water to the whole city.
- waterfall | ['wo:təfo:l] | n. 瀑布 | They were filled with wonder at the new waterfall.
- fountain | ['faʊntən] | n. 喷泉; 源泉 | Social life is the fountain of wisdom for writers.
- spring | [sprɪŋ] | n. 春天;泉水 | It can be quite windy there, especially inspring.
- dew | [djuː] | n. 露水 | Dew dripped from the leaves.
- pour | [pɔː(r)] | v. 倾泻;倒;(雨) 倾盆而下 | Tears poured from her eyes.
- drain | [dreɪn] | v. 排空; (使) 流出 n. 耗竭 | They drain the swamp and turn it into fertile land.
- drip | [drɪp] | v. 滴出 (液体);滴下 | Be careful! Your paintbrush is dripping.
- drown | [draʊn] | v.(使) 淹死; 浸泡 | She attempted to drown herself in the river.
- blow | [bləʊ] | v. 吹;(风) 吹;吹动 n. 用力的一击;打击,挫折 | Now, Peter, make a wish and blow out the candles.
- puff | [pʌf] | v. 喷出;喘息 n. (吹出的) 一股,一缕 | Don't puff cigarette smoke in my face.
- gush | [gʌʃ] | v.n. 涌出 | In a moment more, the crowd began to gush forth from the doors of the church.
- dense | [dens] | adj. 密集的; 稠密的 | There will be dense fog in northern parts of the country tomorrow.
- intensity | [ɪn'tensəti] | n. 强度;强烈 | I was surprised by the intensity of his anxiety.
- intensive | [ɪn'tensɪv] | adj. 加强的,集中的,密集的 | Intensive care in hospitals is given to the seriously ill.
- emerge | [ɪˈmɜːdʒ] | v. 浮现,露出;摆脱出来;暴露 | The sun emerged from behind the clouds.
- flash | [flæʃ] | v.(使) 闪光;(使) 闪现;(通过计算机、卫星等) 快速发送 n. 闪光(灯);闪现 | The good news was flashed across the country.
- float | [fləʊt] | v. 漂浮; 飘浮 | The smell of roses floated around.
- environment | [ɪnˈvaɪrənmənt] | n. 自然环境;环境,周围状况 | An increasing number of people are concerned about the pollution of the environment.
- surrounding | [səˈraʊndɪŋ] | adj. 周围的, 附近的 | The polluted waste is often dumped unceremoniously, making the surrounding land infertile.



- condition | [kən'dɪʃn] | n. 条件;情况,状态 | I had almost decided to accept their conditions at that time.
- situation | [ˌsɪtʃu'eɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 情况,处境,形势 | Due to poor management, they finally got into a difficult financial situation.
- nature | ['neɪtʃə(r)] | n. 大自然;本性;性质 | In fact, nature is much better at recycling than we humans are.
- natural | ['nætʃrəl] | adj. 自然的; 天然的 | It is natural that he should fall in love with such a beautiful girl.
- artificial | [ˌɑːtɪˈfɪʃl] | adj. 人造的 | This fruit juice contains absolutely no artificial flavourings or colourings.
- synthetic | [sɪn'θetɪk] | adj. 人造的, 合成的 n. [~s] 合成物 | Nylon is a synthetic material; it is not from nature.
- petrol | ['petrəl] | n. [ 英 ] 汽油 | My new car really eats up petrol.
- gas | [gæs] | n. 气体; [ 美 ] 汽油 | There are reports that some gas stations have run out of gas.
- gasoline | ['gæsəliːn] | n. [美] 汽油 | The price of gasoline is unstable.
- petroleum | [pəˈtrəʊliəm] | n. 石油 | Petroleum is an important natural resource.

## 植物研究 第一组

- photosynthesis | [ˌfəʊtəʊ'sɪnθəsɪs] | n. 光合作用 | The algae capture the sun' s energy by photosynthesis and store it in organic molecules.
- respire | [rɪ'spaɪə(r)] | v. 呼吸 | Plants respire in the same way as animals, taking in oxygen and giving out carbon dioxide.
- dioxide | [daɪˈɒksaɪd] | n. 二氧化物 | Plants can absorb carbon dioxide and release oxygen.
- vegetation | [ˌvedʒə'teɪʃn] | n. 植物,草木 | There is not much vegetation in deserts.
- herb | [hɜːb] | n. 药草;香草 | There is a herb garden behind the house.
- perennial | [pəˈreniəl] | n. 多年生植物 adj. 长期的, 持久的 | These perennials should be planted where they can naturalise.
- botany | ['bɒtəni] | n. 植物学 | He was involved in the structural botany.
- ecology | [iˈkɒlədʒi] | n. 生态学; 生态 | I am interested in the ecology of the desert.
- ecosystem | ['iːkəʊsɪstəm] | n. 生态系统 | Water is the core of a healthy ecosystem.
- eco-friendly | [ˌiːkəʊ ˈfrendli] | adj. 对生态环境友好的,不妨害生态环境的 | Attention to eco-friendly packaging is increasing.
- horticulture | ['hɔːtɪkʌltʃə(r)] | n. 园艺学; 园艺 | Horticulture is the industry and science of plant cultivation.
- organism | ['ɔːgənɪzəm] | n. 有机体, 生物 | This insect behaves like a parasite—anorganism that lives on or in another organism called a host.
- genetics | [dʒəˈnetɪks] | n. 遗传学 | In genetics, genes were formerly called factors.
- mutation | [mju:'teɪʃn] | n. 突变, 变异 | The mutations in plants caused by radiation have been found in experiments.
- variation | [ˌveəriˈeɪʃn] | n. 变种; 变异 | Variation among dogs is limited to the possible permutations of their genes.



- diversity | [daɪˈvɜːsəti] | n. 多样性 | This place used to be a flourishing forest with regional diversity.
- hybridisation | [ˌhaɪbrɪdaɪˈzeɪʃən] | n. 杂 交 | Somatic cell hybridisation is a very useful technique.
- classify | ['klæsɪfaɪ] | v. 分类 | Librarians spend a lot of time classifying books.
- reproduce | [ˌriːprəˈdjuːs] | v. 繁殖 | When they can't reproduce, cancerous cells die off instead of becoming dangerous.
- evolve | [ɪ'vɒlv] | v. 进化;(使) 发展,(使) 逐步形成 | The developmental history of society tells us that man has evolved from some ancient primates.
- fluctuate | ['flʌktʃueɪt] | v. 波动,起伏 | The price of vegetables fluctuates seasonally.
- reclaim | [rɪ'kleɪm] | v. 开垦,开拓,利用 | This land was reclaimed from the sea.
- cultivate | ['kʌltɪveɪt] | v. 耕作;培养 | The farmer is cultivating his land.
- sow | [səʊ] | v. 播种 | These seeds should be sown in April.
- harvest | [ˈhɑːvɪst] | v. 收割 n. 收获;收成 | A good summer harvest is not easy to come by.
- pluck | [plʌk] | v. 采,摘 | He plucked a rose for his lover.
- pick | [pɪk] | v. 拾;摘 | He picked the watch up from the carpet.
- yield | [jiːld] | v. 出产;屈服,服从 n. 产量;投资收益 | This land yields well.
- rear | [rɪə(r)] | v. 培养, 抚养; 饲养 n. 后部 | Most farmers in this area rear sheep.
- arable | [ˈærəb(ə)l] | adj. 适于耕种的 | This area changed quickly from arable land to desert.
- plough | [plaʊ] | n. 犁 v. 耕 (地) | The ground was ploughed and planted with corn.
- spade | [speɪd] | n. 铲,锹 | He bought a new spade.
- rake | [reɪk] | n. 耙子 v. 耙; 搜索 | With an ancient rusty rake | went to work.
- stack | [stæk] | n. 堆, 垛 v. 堆积 | He placed the books in a neat stack.
- heap | [hiːp] | n. (大而杂乱的) 堆 | A heap of old clothes was lying in the corner.
- bundle | ['bʌnd(ə)l] | n. 捆,包,束 | He collected a bundle of sticks.
- bunch | [bʌntʃ] | n. 一束 (花),一串 (钥匙) | I bought a bunch of lilacs.
- vase | [vɑːz] | n. 瓶, 花瓶 | This flaw makes the vase less valuable.
- sunlight | ['sʌnlaɪt] | n. 阳光 | The sunlight was reflected by the water.
- short-day | | adj. 短日照的 | Soybean is a typical short-day crop.
- shade-tolerant | | adj. 耐阴的 | He highlighted the importance of shade- tolerant plants in gardens.
- fungus | ['fʌŋgəs] | n. 真菌 | Don't eat that fungus. It might be poisonous.
- pollen | ['pɒlən] | n. 花粉 v. 给......授粉 | Each spring, pollen from nearby plants is blown into the water.
- germinate | [ˈdʒɜːmɪneɪt] | v.(使) 发芽;开始生长 | Warmth is needed for the seeds to germinate.
- seed | [siːd] | n. 种子,籽;萌芽 | The farmers were scattering seeds over the fields.
- burgeon | ['bɜːdʒən] | n. 嫩枝,新芽 v. 急速增长;发芽,抽枝 | This firm aimed at the burgeoning market for augmented-reality games.
- bud | [bʌd] | n. 芽,苞,蓓蕾 | The roses are in bud.
- flower | ['flaʊə(r)] | v. 开花 n. 花朵 | Cherry trees flower in the early spring.
- blossom | ['blosəm] | v. 开花 n. 花朵 | The tree was covered with beautiful pink blossom.
- bloom | [bluːm] | n. 花朵 | The apple trees are out of bloom.
- scent | [sent] | n. 气味;香味 v. 使具有香味 | The flower scents the air.



- aromatic | [,ærə mætɪk] | adj. 芳香的 | Aromatic plants are often used in cooking.
- ripen | ['raɪpən] | v.(使) 成熟 | The sun ripens the corn.
- wither | ['wɪðə(r)] | v.(使) 枯萎 | The grapes withered on the vine.
- decompose | [,di:kəm'pəʊz] | v.(使) 分解; (使) 腐烂 | You can apply heat to decompose organic compounds.
- rot | [rɒt] | v.(使) 腐烂, (使) 腐坏 n. 腐烂 | Rot in the tree trunk caused the tree to fall.
- decay | [dɪ'keɪ] | v. 腐烂 | The vegetables have begun to decay.
- stale | [steɪl] | adj. 不新鲜的;没有新意的,陈腐的 | He always bought two loaves of stale bread.
- rainforest | ['reɪnfɒrɪst] | n. 雨林 | The rainforest is being systematically destroyed.
- jungle | ['dʒʌŋg(ə)l] | n.(热带) 丛林, 密林 | Tigers are found in the jungle of Asia.
- plantation | [plɑːnˈteɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 种植园;栽植 | They work on plantations.
- field | [fiːld] | n. 原野;场地;野外 | The students of the geological class will be out on field exploration for the duration of the school year.
- mould | [məʊld] | V. 发霉 | The walls were black with mould.
- fruit | [fruːt] | v. 结果实 | The apple trees fruited early this year.
- terrace | ['terəs] | n.梯田 | The terrace channels are convenient for irrigation.

# 植物研究 第二组

- energy | ['enədʒi] | n. 能源; 精力 | The majority of the energy we consume comes from fossil fuel energy sources.
- timber | ['tɪmbə(r)] | n. 木材, 木料; 林木 | The farmer spent a day in the woods hewing timber.
- charcoal | ['t[aːkəʊl] | n. 木炭 | Prepare a fire in a charcoal grill.
- log | [log] | n. 原木;(航海、飞行)日志 | A log got in his way as he drove.
- logo | ['ləʊgəʊ] | n. 标识,标志,徽标 | The letterhead was impressed with the company's logo.
- forestry | ['fɒrɪstri] | n. 林学; 林业 | Mountainous areas, covered by forests, are the very place for forestry development.
- branch | [brɑːntʃ] | n. 树枝;(企业或组织的)分支机构,分店 | The company's head office is in this city,
   but it has branches all over the country.
- trunk | [trʌŋk] | n.树干;驱干;大箱子 | Can she move that trunk by herself?
- bough | [baʊ] | n. 大树枝 | The window of her car was broken by a bough during last night's storm.
- hay | [heɪ] | n. 干草 | Make hay while the sun shines.
- straw | [strox] | n. 稻草,麦秆;吸管 | This hat is made of straw.
- reed | [riːd] | n. 芦苇 | The roof is made of dried reeds.
- thorn | [θɔːn] | n. 刺, 棘刺; 荆棘 | She got her finger pricked by a thorn.
- weed | [wiːd] | n. 杂草, 野草 v. 除杂草 | The garden is choked with weeds.
- grass | [grɑːs] | n. 草; 草地 | The grass was wet with dew.
- meadow | ['medəʊ] | n. 草地; 牧场 | The children ran free across the meadow.
- lawn | [lɔːn] | n. 草地,草坪 | My mother asked me to mow the lawn.
- olive | ['plɪv] | n. 橄榄; 橄榄树 | The olive branch is the emblem of peace.
- pine | [paɪn] | n. 松树;松木 | It's a place noted for its pine trees and springs.



- vine | [vaɪn] | n. 葡萄藤 | The grapes withered on the vine.
- violet | ['vaɪələt] | n. 堇菜 | The violet is a dainty spring flower.
- tulip | ['tju:lɪp] | n. 郁金香 | She trimmed the stalks of the tulips before putting them in a vase.
- mint | [mɪnt] | n. 薄荷;薄荷糖;铸币厂 v. 铸造 (硬币) | We sat in the back row, sucking mints.
- reef | [riːf] | n.(暗) 礁,礁脉 | The ship was wrecked on a reef.
- alga | [ˈælgə] | n. 海藻,藻 | Some of the algae are edible.
- enzyme | ['enzaɪm] | n. 酶 | One enzyme can activate a thousand of these chemical reactions in an hour.
- catalyst | ['kætəlɪst] | n. 催化剂;促进因素 | A catalyst is a substance which speeds up a chemical reaction
- release | [rɪˈliːs] | v.n. 释放;发布 | I released the horse and it ran away.
- emission | [ɪ'mɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 排放, 散发; 排放物, 散发物 | This conference aims to reduce carbon emissions or greenhouse gas emissions around the world.
- circulation | [ˌsɜːkjə'leɪʃn] | n. 流通;循环;流传 | Sea surface temperatures and atmospheric circulation are strongly coupled.
- exceed | [ɪk'siːd] | v. 超过 | The driver exceeds the speed limit.
- uptake | ['ʌpteɪk] | n. 摄取;领会 | The doctor advised me to reduce the salt uptake.
- nutrient | ['nju:trient] | n. 营养物质 | The nutrient in the soil acts as a stimulus to growth in plants.
- surroundings | [səˈraʊndɪŋz] | n. 环境 | The adaptability of the youth to new surroundings is one of their good qualities.
- mechanism | ['mekənɪzəm] | n. 机制;构造 | Bones and muscles are parts of the mechanism of the body.
- counterbalance | ['kaʊntəbæləns] | n.起平衡作用的事物;抗衡力 v.抵消;对.....起平衡作用 | Their strength in defence counterbalances our strength in attack.
- protect | [prə'tekt] | v. 保护 | We have to do what it takes to protect our parks and protect our planet for generations to come.
- preserve | [prɪˈzɜːv] | v. 保护;维持 (原状);保存 | It is the duty of the police to preserve public order.
- conservation | [ˌkɒnsə'veɪʃ(ə)n] | n.(对自然环境的) 保护;保存 | Some accommodation between conservation and tourism is essential.
- bush fire | ['bʊʃ faɪə(r)] | n. 林区大火 | The friendly fallow deer were trapped by abush fire.
- extinguish | [ɪk'stɪŋgwɪʃ] | v. 扑灭 (火); 使 (想法、感情等) 破灭 | They tried every means to extinguish
  the fire.
- destruct | [dɪ'strʌkt] | v.(使) 自毁 | The tape would self-destruct in twenty minutes.
- ruin | ['ruːɪn] | v. 毁坏,摧毁 n. 毁灭;废墟 | The storm ruined the crops.
- perish | ['perɪʃ] | v. 毁灭,消亡;腐烂 | Flowers perish when frost comes.
- demolish | [dɪˈmɒlɪʃ] | v. 拆除;毁坏,破坏;推翻 | The fire demolished the town.
- infringe | [ɪnˈfrɪndʒ] | v. 侵犯;违反 | The press infringed a copyright agreement.
- undermine | [ˌʌndəˈmaɪn] | v. 破坏;逐渐削弱 | The constant criticism was beginning to undermine her confidence.
- extinction | [ɪk'stɪŋkʃn] | n. 灭绝 | By 2050, a quarter of the earth's species could be threatened with extinction.



- pattern | ['pæt(ə)n] | n. 模式; 式样; 底样 | Training and education follow different patterns in different regions.
- outcome | ['aʊtkʌm] | n. 结果 | We are anxiously awaiting the outcome of their discussion.
- impact | ['ɪmpækt] | n. 影响 | We are a flash in time, but our impact is forever.
- seasonal | ['si:zən(ə)l] | adj. 季节性的 | The greatest seasonal change on our planet is now under way.
- experimental | [ɪkˌsperɪˈment(ə)l] | adj. 实验的;试验性的 | There is no cure or vaccine, but some patients have been given experimental treatments.
- favourable | ['feɪvərəb(ə)l] | adj. 有利的; 赞成的, 肯定的 | It's encouraging to receive a favourable report on one's study.
- productive | [prəˈdʌktɪv] | adj. 多产的 | Once the plants have produced fruit, they become less productive.
- effective | [ɪˈfektɪv] | adj. 有效的 | These are effective measures.
- efficient | [ɪ'fɪʃ(ə)nt] | adj. 效率高的 | This new copy machine is more efficient than the old one.
- considerable | [kənˈsɪdərəb(ə)l] | adj. 相当多的 | It is a considerable sum of money.
- massive | ['mæsɪv] | adj. 巨大的, 大规模的, 庞大的 | There are massive mineral resources in the west part of China.
- immense | [ɪ'mens] | adj. 巨大的 | They plunged into their work with immense zeal.
- maximal | ['mæksɪml] | adj. 最大的 | She obtained maximal benefit from the course.
- minimal | ['mɪnɪml] | adj. 最小的,极小的 | I stayed with friends, so my expenses were minimal.
- optimal | ['pptɪməl] | adj. 最佳的,最理想的 | This is the optimal season for the growth of plants.
- root | [ruːt] | n.根 v.(使) 生根 | The dog is snuffling around the root of a tree.
- absorb | [əb'sɔːb] | V. 吸收;眼引全部注意力 | Dry sand absorbs water.

## 动物保护 第一组

- feed | [fi:d] | v. 供养; 喂, 饲养; 进食 | He has to work hard to feed and clothe hisfamily.
- beast | [biːst] | n. 兽,野兽;凶残的人,畜生 | The hunters blocked up the den of the beast.
- breed | [briːd] | v. 饲养; 繁殖 n. 品种 | She breeds orchids in her greenhouse.
- bristle | ['brɪs(ə)l] | n. 鬃毛; (刷子的) 毛 | The brush is made of animal bristles.
- brood | [bruːd] | n. 一窝幼鸟 v. 孵 (蛋) | The bird was trying to find food for its brood.
- brute | [bruːt] | n. 粗野的人,残忍的人 | We all want to punish the brute.
- claw | [klɔː] | n. 爪;钳;螯;爪状物 | A hen's claw has four toes.
- creature | ['kri:t∫ə(r)] | n. 生物, 动物 | The crocodile is a strange-looking creature.
- curl | [kɜːl] | n. 鬈发;卷曲;螺旋状物 v.(使)卷曲 | As he got older, his hair lost its curl.
- feather | ['feðə(r)] | n. 羽毛, 翎毛 | A feather is very light, so that we say "(as) light as a feather".
- flock | [flok] | n. (羊或鸟) 群 v. 聚集 | Sheep usually flock together.
- fur | [fɜː(r)] | n. (动物的) 软毛; (用于制衣等的) 毛皮 | Alice is allergic to the fur of cats.
- hatch | [hætʃ] | v.n. 孵化 | Don't count the chickens before they are hatched.
- herd | [hɜːd] | n. 兽群, 畜群 | The herdsman looks after a herd of animals.
- paw | [poː] | n. (动物的) 脚掌,爪子 | This is a black cat with white paws.
- skin | [skɪn] | n. 皮肤;外皮 | When he fell, he just broke the skin.



- swarm | [swo:m] | n.(蜜蜂等昆虫的) 一大群;(迅速移动的) 人群 | I saw a swarm of bees attacking the poormonkey.
- throng | [θrɒŋ] | n. 人群,一大群人 v. 群集 | He was met by a throng of journalists and photographers.
- wing | [wɪŋ] | n. 翼,翅膀 | A seagull fluttered down with an injured wing.
- lay | [leɪ] | v. 产 (卵); 放置; 铺设 | They lay eggs from the beginning of July to the middle of August.
- ancestor | [ˈænsestə(r)] | n. 祖宗,祖先 | Lions and house cats evolved from a common3 ancestor.
- derive | [dɪˈraɪv] | v. 得到; (使) 源自 | I derived a lot of pleasure from meeting new people at college.
- cruel | ['kruːəl] | adj. 残酷的,残忍的,残暴的 | The death of their daughter was a cruel blow.
- stem | [stem] | v. 起源于,来自 n. 茎,梗 | Correct decisions stem from correct judgments.
- reptile | ['reptaɪl] | n. 爬行动物 | It is said that he hates reptiles.
- offspring | ['ɒfsprɪŋ] | n. [ 单复数同形 ] 后代,子孙;产物 | They have two offspring.
- descendant | [dɪˈsendənt] | n. 后裔,后代 adj. 下降的 | He is a descendant of Queen Victoria.
- originate | [ə'rɪdʒɪneɪt] | v. 发源,来自;创始 | The use of the computer has originated many other societal reforms.
- mature | [məˈtʃʊə(r)] | adj. 成熟的 v. 成熟 | You are a mature man now; you are no longer a boy.
- biologist | [baɪˈɒlədʒɪst] | n. 生物学家 | The biologist brought out a specimen box and showed the items one by one.
- zoologist | [zuˈɒlədʒɪst; zəʊˈɒlədʒɪst] | n. 动物学家 | The zoologist had spent a long time living withmonkeys.
- ecologist | [iˈkɒlədʒɪst] | n. 生态学家 | A contemporary ecologist once said: man lives on the earth as a guest of green plants.
- botanist | ['bɒtənɪst] | n. 植物学家 | The botanist discovered many rare plants.
- mammal | ['mæm(ə)l] | n. 哺乳动物 | Human beings also belong to the mammal species.
- primate | ['praɪmeɪt] | n. 灵长目动物 | Compared to body size, the primate brain is larger than that of other animals.
- vertebrate | ['vɜːtɪbrət] | n. 脊椎动物 | Fish, birds and human beings are vertebrates.
- amphibian | [æmˈfɪbiən] | n. 两栖动物; 水陆两用车 adj. 两栖动物的; 水陆两用的 | Nobody knows wh y amphibians are disappearing, dolphins are dying and coral is turning white.
- carnivore | ['kɑːnɪvɔː(r)] | n. 食肉动物 | Lions and tigers are carnivores.
- herbivore | ['hɜːbɪvɔː(r)] | n. 食草动物 | Pandas are classified as carnivores but they mainly have a diet
  of an herbivore.
- wildlife | ['waɪldlaɪf] | n. 野生动物;野生生物 | Environmental pollution endangers wildlife.
- fauna | ['fɔːnə] | n. (尤指某一地区的) 动物群 | The park is also home to grizzly bears, and other Rocky Mountain faunas.
- flora | ['floːrə] | n.(尤指某一地区的) 植物群 | There they compiled precious documents on the manners, government, religion, fauna and flora of thecountry.
- species | ['spi:ʃi:z] | n. [ 单复数同形 ] 种, 物种 | Some species of animals have become extinct because they could not adapt to a changing environment.
- subgroup | ['sʌbgruːp] | n. 子群 | According to a subgroup analysis, violence produces more violence.
- interbreed | [,ɪntə'bri:d] | v.(使) 品种间杂交,(使) 生混种 | Fish of different shapes are difficult to interbreed.



- hybridise | ['haɪbrɪdaɪz] | v.(使) 杂交 | Immediately, rose breeders began to hybridise it with other red roses.
- proliferate | [prəˈlɪfəreɪt] | v. 迅速增殖; 剧增 | Microbes proliferate rapidly.
- sterility | [stəˈrɪləti] | n. 不生育 | This disease causes sterility in both males and females.
- courtship | ['kɔːtʃɪp] | n. 求偶 | They attract females with elaborate courtshiprituals.
- spawn | [spoːn] | n. (鱼、蛙等的) 卵 v. 产卵; 引起 | Many sea fishes spawn in rivers.
- beak | [biːk] | n. 鸟嘴,喙 | The bird picked a hole in the ice with its beak.
- fin | [fɪn] | n. 鳍 | In the future, shark fin soup will be off themenu at a major resort in Singapore.
- plume | [pluːm] | n. 羽毛 | This is the long plume of a heron in the breedingseason.
- crowd | [kraʊd] | n.入群;观众;一伙人 | The crowd was very well behaved.
- mate | [meit] | v.交配; n. 配偶 | Many animals mate in the spring.

#### 动物保护 第二组

- trunk | [trʌŋk] | n. 象鼻 | The elephant's trunk is powerful enough to uproot trees.
- bull | [bʊl] | n. 公牛 | He was a great bull of a man.
- butterfly | ['bʌtəflaɪ] | n. 蝴蝶 adj. 蝶状的 | A butterfly is flying up and down among theflowers.
- camel | ['kæm(ə)l] | n. 骆驼 | The merchant decided to use camels to carry his goods across the desert.
- cattle | ['kæt(ə)l] | n. 牛 | There are many herds of cattle in the meadow.
- cock | [kɒk] | n. 雄禽;公鸡 | The cock has brighter coloured feathers than the hen.
- crow | [krəʊ] | n. 乌鸦 | The farmers tried to fear the crows out of the corn field by planting several men of straw.
- donkey | ['dɒŋki] | n. 驴;傻瓜 | The donkey is eating grass on the field.
- dragon | ['drægən] | n. 龙; 悍妇 | Dragons are described as monsters in most western countries.
- eagle | ['iːg(ə)l] | n. 雕 | The eagle dived down on the rabbit.
- elephant | ['elɪfənt] | n. 象 | A specific attribute of the elephant is its longtrunk.
- fox | [foks] | n. 狐狸;狡猾的人 | Don't trust him; he is a sly old fox.
- frog | [frɒg] | n. 蛙 | A frog can live both on land and in water.
- goose | [guːs] | n. 鹅; 鹅肉 | They often have goose at Christmastime.
- hare | [heə(r)] | n. 野兔 | The hunter watched for the hare to come out of the burrow.
- hawk | [hɔːk] | n. 鹰, 隼 | A hawk hovered in the blue sky.
- horn | [hɔːn] | n.(牛、羊等动物的) 角; (乐器) 号 | The young goat was just beginning to grow horns.
- horse | [hɔːs] | n. 马 | The horse became frightened and ran away.
- insect | ['ɪnsekt] | n. 昆虫 | The insect bit him and drew blood from hisarm.
- mosquito | [məˈskiːtəʊ; mɒˈskiːtəʊ] | n. 蚊子 | The mosquito is an annoying creature.
- mouse | [maʊs] | n. 老鼠 | The cat was playing with a live mouse.
- owl | [aʊl] | n. 猫头鹰 | The owl is sacred for many Californian Indianpeople.
- ox | [pks] | n.(阉割的) 公牛 | The frequent, unreasonable whips angered theox.
- panda | ['pændə] | n. 熊猫 | Pandas are loved by people all over the world.
- pigeon | ['pɪdʒɪn] | n. 鸽子 | An old man sat on the park bench and fed the pigeons.



- rat | [ræt] | n. 老鼠; 卑鄙的人 | Now I can see why people say he is such a rat.
- saddle | ['sædl] | n. 鞍,马鞍;车座 | He was pu ing a saddle on the horse.
- seal | [siːl] | n. 海豹; 封条; 图章 v. 密封 | Polar bears set off in search of their favourite meal seals.
- sparrow | ['spærəʊ] | n. 麻雀 | A sparrow is very alert in its movement.
- spider | ['spaɪdə(r)] | n. 蜘蛛 | The little girl thinks spiders are terriblecreatures.
- squirrel | ['skwɪrəl] | n. 松鼠 | The squirrel ran up a tree and got out of myreach.
- swan | [swpn] | n. 天鹅 | The witch turned the princess into a swan.
- tortoise | ['tɔːtəs] | n. 龟, 陆龟 | Do you remember the story about a race between the tortoise and the hare?
- wolf | [wʊlf] | n. 狼 | The wolf snapped at the hunter's hand.
- worm | [wɜːm] | n. 蠕虫 | The worm was crushed under the feet.
- zebra | ['zebrə] | n. 斑马 | There are several species of zebra.
- turtle | ['tɜːt(ə)l] | n. 海龟 | If you turn over a turtle on its back, it will becomehelpless.
- whale | [weɪl] | n. 鲸鱼 v. 捕鲸; 猛击 | We may live to see the extinction of the whale.
- buffalo | ['bʌfələʊ] | n. 水牛; 野牛 | There were lots of buffaloes in the North America 100 years ago.
- ivory | ['aɪvəri] | n. 象牙 | The professor lived in an ivory tower.
- pest | [pest] | n. 害虫;有害动物 | Insects which eat crops are pests.
- parasite | ['pærəsaɪt] | n. 寄生虫 | The life of the parasite is maintained by new blood-sucking mosquitoes.
- kangaroo | [ˌkæŋgə'ruː] | n. 袋鼠 | The kangaroo is native to Australia.
- penguin | ['pengwɪn] | n. 企鹅 | The penguin is popular with people.
- cub | [kʌb] | n. 幼兽 | The cub licked the milk from its mother'sbreast.
- calf | [kɑːf] | n. 幼兽; 小牛 | Did you see the cow with her calf?
- pup | [pʌp] | n. 幼小动物 | I'll get you an Alsatian pup for Christmas.
- lamb | [læm] | n. 小羊, 羔羊 | The little lamb was caught by the wolf.
- falcon | ['fɔːlkən] | n. 隼,猎鹰 | His falcon flew into a window of the empty castle and did not return.
- cricket | ['krɪkɪt] | n.蟋蟀 | A cricket in the house is good luck.
- bear | [beə(r)] | n.熊 | The bear is a large, heavy animal with thick fur.
- harness | ['hɑːrnɪs] | n.马具,挽具 | You cannot judge a horse by its harness.
- swallow | ['swɒləʊ] | n.燕子 | There are many swallows flying in the sky.

# 动物保护 第三组

- bark | [bɑːk] | v.(狗等) 吠; 大声嚷 n. 树皮 | Barking dogs seldom bite.
- barn | [bɑːn] | n. 谷仓;牲口棚 | The cows were feeding on hay in the barn.
- bite | [baɪt] | v.n. 咬; (昆虫) 叮; 吞饵 | The mosquitoes are biting me.
- crawl | [krɔːl] | v. 爬, 爬行; 卑躬屈膝, 巴结 | You must not crawl into the favour of your superiors.
- creep | [kriːp] | v. 爬行; 悄悄地缓慢行进 | We take off our shoes and creep cautiously along the passage.
- hedge | [hedʒ] | n. 树篱;障碍物 | There is an opening in the hedge.



- keeper | ['ki:pə(r)] | n. 看守人; 饲养员 | He turned his eyes towards the food which the keeper had brought.
- nest | [nest] | n. 巢,窝,穴 | The male hunts for food while his mate guards the nest.
- roar | [rɔː(r)] | n.v. 吼叫,咆哮 | The whole room rang with a roar.
- shepherd | ['ʃepəd] | n.牧羊人,羊信 | The shepherd set out to look for the sheep that had wandered away
- sting | [stɪŋ] | v. 刺,叮;(使) 感觉刺痛 n. 刺,螫针;蜇痛 | It is the nature of the scorpion to sting.
- tame | [teɪm] | v. 驯养;制服 adj. 驯服的;乏味的 | The tame lions can communicate and dance together with the actors.
- victim | ['vɪktɪm] | n. 受害者;牺牲者 | One of the bombing victims was dead on arrival inhospital.
- cell | [sel] | n. 蜂房巢室;细胞;单人牢房 | The prisoner was locked in a cell.
- bacteria | [bæk'tɪəriə] | n. [bacterium 的复数形式] 细菌 | Bacteria in drinking water have spread theillness.
- germ | [dʒɜːm] | n. 微生物,细菌 | Disinfectants are used to kill germs.
- instinct | [ˈɪnstɪŋkt] | n. 本能,天性;直觉 | Don't trust anything except your instinct.
- sensitive | ['sensətɪv] | adj. 灵敏的;过敏的;易担忧的;(话题等) 须谨慎对待的 | She is sensitive to what people think of her.
- trace | [treɪs] | v. 追踪; 查出; 追溯 n. 痕迹; 少许 | They traced the criminal to a house in the city.
- track | [træk] | v. 追踪 n. 足迹,踪迹;轨道 | The hunter followed the animal's tracks.
- intelligence | [ɪn'telɪdʒəns] | n. 智慧,智力;情报,谍报 | Use your intelligence, and you're sure to succeed some day.
- optical | ['pptɪk(ə)l] | adj. 视觉的; 光学的 | Microscopes and telescopes are optical instruments.
- captive | ['kæptɪv] | n. 俘虏 adj. 被关押的;受控制的 | Armed gunmen broke into the church and took the priest captive.
- protein | ['prəʊtiːn] | n. 蛋白质 | You need more protein to build you up.
- vitamin | ['vɪtəmɪn] | n. 维生素 | Fresh green foodstuffs contain rich vitamin.
- rub | [rʌb] | v. 擦;摩擦 n. 困难,障碍 | It is an Eskimo custom to rub noses as a greeting.
- undergo | [ˌʌndəˈgəʊ] | v. 经历,经受 | I underwent so much suffering in early years that I am afraid of nothing today.
- exist | [ɪgˈzɪst] | v. 存在; 生存 | Most scientists believe that water doesn't exist on the surface of the moon.
- alternate | [ɔːl'tɜːnət] | v.(使) 交替, (使) 轮流 | Sunny weather alternated with rain.
- devour | [dɪˈvaʊə(r)] | v. 吞食,狼吞虎咽地吃 | The lion devoured the deer.
- behaviour | [bɪˈheɪvjə(r)] | n. 行为;活动方式 | They observed the behaviour of their new pet.
- intuitive | [ɪn'tjuːɪtɪv] | adj. 直觉的 | He seemed to have an intuitive knowledge of how I was feeling.
- potential | [pəltenʃ(ə)l] | n. 潜力 adj. 潜在的 | She showed great potential as an actress.
- functional | ['fʌŋk[ən(ə)l] | adj. 功能的; 起作用的 | What are the functional benefits of the brand?
- flexible | ['fleksəb(ə)l] | adj. 可弯曲的; 灵活的, 易变通的 | We can visit your company on Monday or Tuesday. Our plans are fairly flexible.
- acoustic | [ə'kuːstɪk] | adj. 听觉的;声音的 | Acoustic beauty is also very important to the modern gardens.



- nocturnal | [nɒk'tɜːn(ə)lī] | adi. 夜间发生的;夜间活动的 | Hamsters are nocturnal creatures.
- dormant | ['dɔːmənt] | adj. 睡着的;休眠的;(动物等) 冬眠的 | Many living things are dormant in winter.
- hibernation | [,haɪbəˈneɪ[n] | n. 冬眠 | Some animals can overwinter without thehibernation.
- prey | [preɪ] | n. 被捕食的动物, 猎物 v. 捕食 | Snakes track their prey by its scent.
- predator | ['predətə(r)] | n. 掠夺者; 捕食性动物 | These predators of the African grasslands live on mice and rabbits.
- defensive | [dɪˈfensɪv] | adj. 防御性的 | We took a defensive attitude in the negotiation.
- suffer | ['sʌfə(r)] | v. 遭受;受折磨;变糟 | They suffered huge losses in the financialcrisis.
- vulnerable | [ˈvʌlnərəbl] | adj. 易受伤的,脆弱的;易受影响的 | The young girl looked very vulnerable.
- subsistence | [səb'sɪstəns] | n. 勉强维持生活 | The standard of living at that time was on the edge of subsistence.
- exterminate | [ɪkˈstɜːmɪneɪt] | v. 消灭,根除 | We've made great efforts to exterminate mosquitoes and flies.
- habitat | ['hæbɪtæt] | n. (动植物的) 生活环境,栖息地 | The Arctic region is the habitat of the polar bear.
- hive | [haɪv] | n. 蜂房; 繁忙的场所 v.(使)(蜂)入蜂箱; (像蜜蜂般)密集群居 | This marketplace was once a hive of activity.
- cage | [keɪdʒ] | n. 笼子 | The lion paced the floor of his cage restlessly.
- stable | [ˈsteɪb(ə)l] | n. 马厩;牛棚 adj. 稳定的;稳固的 | The horse in the stable has broken out.
- barrier | ['bæriə(r)] | n. 障碍; 屏障, 障碍物 | Lack of confidence is the biggest barrier to the improvement of your English.
- anatomy | [əˈnætəmi] | n. 解剖学 | We have to do anatomy next term.
- epidemic | [,epɪ'demɪk] | n. 流行病; (坏事的) 盛行 adj. 流行性的; 极为盛行的 | Violence is reaching epidemic levels in some of the films and TV shows.
- gene | [dʒiːn] | n. 基因 | You have good genes from your parents, so you should live a long time.
- virus | ['vaɪrəs] | n. 病毒 | My computer was accidentally infected with a virus called Trojan Horse.
- microbe | ['maɪkrəʊb] | n. 微生物 | Would the good microbes do battle with the bad microbes and help to restore their health?
- metabolism | [mə'tæbəlɪzəm] | n. 新陈代谢 | Some people's metabolism is more efficient than others.
- secrete | [sɪ'kriːt] | v. 分泌 | The kidneys secrete urine.
- excrete | [ɪkˈskriːt] | v. 排泄;分泌 | The function of the kidneys is to excrete wasteproducts.
- bar | [bɑː(r)] | n. 栅, 栏杆; 条, 长块 | A bar of chocolate is enough to stop his crying.

#### 学校教育 第一组

- excellent | ['eksələnt] | adj.优秀的, 杰出的 | She had a high reputation for her excellent detective novels.
- affair | [əˈfeə(r)] | n. 事件; [~s] 公共事务, 政治事务 | The minister is busy with important state affairs.
- inspire | [ɪn¹spaɪə(r)] | v.鼓舞;给......灵感 | Our task is to motivate those voters and inspire them to join our cause.
- spoil | [spɔɪl] | v.宠坏,溺爱;破坏,糟蹋 | It's easy to abuse one's power.



- academy | [əˈkædəmi] | n. 专科院校; {美国的} 私立中学; 研究院, 学会 | This is an academy of music.
- acquire | [ə'kwaɪə(r)] | v.获得 (技能、知识等); 购得 | We hope to acquire the knowledge within happiness.
- brilliant | ['brɪliənt] | adj.光辉的; 聪颖的; (光线等) 明亮的; 非常好的 | She drew the curtains and brilliant sunlight flooded into the room.
- capable | ['keɪpəb(ə)l] | adj.有能力的,有才能的 | Not everyone is capable of judging fine arts.
- clever | ['klevə(r)] | adj.聪明的;精明的 | Even clever people may do something stupid when put on the spot.
- college | ['kɒlɪdʒ] | n.学院;大学 | Their son will start college in the autumn.
- education | [ˌedʒu'keɪʃn] | n.教育;教育学 | A good education gives your child a good start in life.
- genius | ['dʒiːniəs] | n.天才人物; 天赋 | His genius is not confined to maths and physics.
- institute | ['InstItju:t] | n.研究所,学院 | The government set up an institute devoted to renewable energy sources.
- knowledge | ['nplɪdʒ] | n.知识, 学识;知悉 | To the young boy, his big brother was the fountain of all knowledge.
- outstanding | [aʊt'stændɪŋ] | adj.突出的,杰出的 | He is an outstanding athlete and deserved towin.
- primary | ['praɪməri] | adj.主要的;最初的;小学教育的 | The primary cause of his failure was his underestimation of the enemy.
- problem | [ˈprɒbləm] | n.习题;问题 | Heavy traffic poses a problem in many bigcities.
- riddle | ['rɪd(ə)l] | n.谜, 谜语 | He figured out the riddle at last.
- smart | [smɑ:t] | adj.聪明的; 智能的 | This boy is very smart. He may become another Stephen Hawking.
- university | [juːnɪˈvɜːsəti] | n. (综合性) 大学 | She is a student at Peking University.
- wit | [wɪt] | n.风趣的人; 机智,风趣;智慧 | Holmes was gregarious, a great wit, a man of wide interests.
- secondary | ['sekənd(ə)ri] | adj.中等教育的;次要的 | The most important factor is price-location is a secondary issue.
- spur | [spɜː(r)] | v.鞭策,刺激 n.马刺;刺激 | Pride spurred the man to fight.
- motivate | ['məʊtɪveɪt] | v.激发, 驱使 | Good teachers are those who can motivate theirstudents.
- motive | ['məʊtɪv] | n.动机, (行动的) 缘由 | His motive for working so hard is that he needs money.
- idiot | ['ɪdiət] | n.白痴,傻瓜 | He is behaving like a perfect idiot.
- indulge | [ɪn'dʌldʒ] | v.迁就,放任;沉湎;让......享受一下 | You can indulge yourself without spending afortune.
- obscure | [əb'skjʊə(r)] | adj.难以理解的 | Rules for the game are somewhat obscure.
- learn | [lɜːn] | v.学习;得知 | It's more useful to learn modern languages, such as English and French, than Latin.
- study | ['stʌdi] | v.n.学习;研究 | This reference book is very useful to studyfrom.
- expertise | [,eksp3:'tiz2] | n.专门知识,专门技能 | We were amazed at his expertise on herbs.
- novice | ['novɪs] | n.新手 | I'm a complete novice at yoga.
- recruit | [rɪˈkruːt] | V.吸收 (新成员) | The country's first act would be to recruit for the navy.
- literate | ['lɪtərət] | adj.有读写能力的 | Over one-quarter of the adult population are not fully literate.



- illiteracy | [ɪ'lɪtərəsi] | n.文盲 | We must do our best to eliminate illiteracy.
- numerate | ['njuːmərət] | adj.识数的,有计算能力的 | All students should be numerate and literate when they leave school.
- issue | ['ɪʃuː] | n.重要问题;发行 v.公布,发出 | On this issue, they thought as one.
- controversial | [ˌkɒntrə'vɜːʃ(ə)l] | adj.有争议的 | They tried to stay away from controversial topics at the
  dinner party.
- puzzle | ['pʌzl] | n.难题;谜 v.使迷惑 | He is puzzled about the matter.
- instil | [ɪn'stɪl] | v.逐渐灌输 | A sense of duty must be instilled in our children.
- cram | [kræm] | V.把.....塞进; (为应考) 临时死记硬背 | Lectures were all called off, so students could cram for the semester finals.
- emphasise | ['emfəsaɪz] | v.强调,着重 | I tried to emphasise my strengths without sounding boastful.
- enhance | [ɪnˈhɑːns] | v.提高,增强 | A good score of IELTS will enhance my chance of getting the offer.
- stimulate | ['stɪmjuleɪt] | v.刺激;激励 | I'm trying to stimulate him to study harder.
- impetus | ['Impɪtəs] | n.推动,促进;动量;惯性 | The car ran down the bridge under its own impetus.
- intelligent | [ɪnˈtelɪdʒənt] | adj.聪明的,有才智的 | Clara is a highly intelligent girl.
- all-round | [ˌɔːl 'raʊnd] | adj.有多方面才能的,全面的 | She is an all-round artist.
- elite | [eɪˈliːt] | n.精英人物;精华;上层人士 | The army was controlled by a small ruling elite.
- wisdom | ['wɪzdəm] | n.智慧; 学问 | Confucius's words holds a great deal of wisdom.
- aptitude | ['æptɪtjuːd] | n.天生的才能,资质 | That student has an aptitude for music.
- enable | [ɪnˈeɪb(ə)l] | V. 使能够 | This dictionary will enable you to understand English words.
- abuse | [əˈbjuːz] / [əˈbjuːs] | v. 滥用;虐待 n. 滥用;虐待 | It's easy to abuse one's power.

#### 学校教育 第二组

- scientist | ['saɪəntɪst] | n.科学家 | I admired him as a true scientist and a very moral man.
- doctor | ['doktə(r)] | n.博士; 医生 | He is a Doctor of Philosophy.
- license | ['laɪsns] | n.执照,许可证 | His driving license was suspended for three months.
- pupil | ['pjuːp(ə)l] | n.小学生;瞳孔 | As a girl, she had been a model pupil.
- assistant | [əˈsɪstənt] | n.助手,助理 | Her assistant was accused of theft and fraud by the police.
- degree | [dɪ'griː] | n.学位; 学位课程;程度 | He left without completing his degree.
- diligent | [ˈdɪlɪdʒənt] | adj.勤勉的,勤奋的 | She is diligent and busy with all kinds of experiments all the time
- faculty | ['fæk(ə)lti] | n.(大学的) 系,院; [美] (大学的) 全体教员 | Faculty members devote most of their time to scholarly research.
- headmaster | [ˌhedˈmɑːstə(r)] | n. [英] 男校长 | His track record as a headmaster was excellent.
- professor | [prəˈfesə(r)] | n.教授 | Our professor is a learned man with great insight.
- register | ['redʒɪstə(r)] | v.登记,注册 n.登记表,注册簿 | You must register for the tax.
- scheme | [skiːm] | n.计划,方案;阴谋 v.谋划 | All the schemes and intrigues are doomed tofailure.
- scholar | ['skple(r)] | n.学者 | He is a serious scholar who is highly respected by his students.
- tutor | ['tjuːtə(r)] | n.家庭教师; (英国大学或学院中的) 导师 | She was my personal tutor at university.



- junior | ['dʒuːniə(r)] | n. [美] (大学或高中)三年级学生;较年幼者 adj.成人的;级别 (或地位) 较低的 | At that time, I was a sophomore and Miss Yang was a junior.
- qualify | ['kwɒlɪfaɪ] | v. 使具备资格;使奋权 | His knowledge and skills qualify him for thejob.
- notorious | [nəʊ'tɔːriəs] | adj.声名狼藉的 | The notorious thief was finally caught and put toprison.
- ambassador | [æmˈbæsədə(r)] | n.大使 | He was appointed ambassador to France.
- bachelor | ['bæt∫ələ(r)] | n.学士; 单身汉 | To do the job, you must have at least a bachelor's degree in engineering.
- orientation | [ˌoːriən'teɪʃ(ə)n] | n.(学前、岗前等的) 情况介绍,迎新会;方向 | The university will hold a one-day orientation session for freshmen.
- platform | ['plætfɔːm] | n.平台;讲台 | He spoke to us from a platform in the lecturehall.
- coed | [,kəʊ'ed] | adj.男女同校的 n. (男女同校的大学中的) 女生 | A nationwide research is under way for typicalcoeds.
- roster | ['rɒstə(r)] | n.花名册,登记表;执勤表 | I am on the roster for tomorrow night.
- enrol | [ɪnˈrəʊl] | (=enroll) v,登记;注册 (课程);(使) 加入 | They enrolled that freshman as a member of the club.
- matriculation | [mə,trɪkju'leɪʃn] | n.注册入大学 | Matriculation was increasing in many universities in the 1990s.
- prestige | [pre'sti:ʒ] | n.威望, 声望 | These new policies will affect the president's national and international prestige.
- reputation | [ˌrepju'teɪʃn] | n.名誉,声誉 | If a company has a good reputation, investors will naturally back it.
- eminent | ['emɪnənt] | adj.著名的; 杰出的 | The students are expecting the arrival of an eminent scientist.
- esteem | [ɪ'stiːm] | v.尊重,尊敬 | I esteem it as a privilege to attend this conference and give a report here.
- respect | [rɪˈspekt] | n.v.尊敬,敬重 | You should know how to respect yourself before you can get respect from others.
- painstaking | ['peɪnzteɪkɪŋ] | adj.极其仔细的,辛苦的 | The mastery of a language requires painstaking effort.
- approach | [ə'prəʊtʃ] | n.方法 v.接近 | I like his approach to the problem.
- principal | ['prɪnsəpl] | n. [美] (中小学) 校长; [英] 大学校长, 学院院长 adj.首要的 | He is going to resign from the position of principal.
- dean | [diːn] | n. (大学的) 学院院长, 系主任 | She is the dean of the Faculty of Social Science.
- mentor | ['mentɔː(r)] | n.导师;顾问 | He fed on the great ideas of his mentor.
- lecturer | ['lektʃərə(r)] | n. [英] (大学的) 讲师 | I have to submit this report to my lecturer.
- candidate | ['kændɪdət] | n.候选人;求职者; [英] 考生 | They are interviewing candidates for the position of sales manager.
- certify | ['sɜːtɪfaɪ] | v.证明;颁发专业合格证书 | I certify on my honour that she is innocent.
- diploma | [dɪˈpləʊmə] | n.毕业文凭 | My cousin won her diploma in only threeyears.
- diplomat | ['dɪpləmæt] | n.外交官; 善于交际的人 | As a natural diplomat, he found it easy to get the two sides to reach a consensus.



- ceremony | ['serəməni] | n.典礼;礼节 | What the old headmaster said at the graduation ceremony dwells in my mind.
- master | ['mɑːstə(r)] | n.硕士; 大师 v.精通; 控制 | They are able to master the situation.
- fresher | ['freʃə(r)] | n. [英] (大学) 一年级新生 | Only a few months ago, the freshers started their exciting life at university.
- sophomore | ['sɒfəmɔː(r)] | n. [美] (大学或高中) 二年级学生 | My sophomore year at college was perhaps the most remarkable year of my life.
- senior | ['siːniə(r)] | n. [美] (大学或高中) 毕业班学生;较年长者 adj.成人的;级别 (或地位) 高的 | The seniors defeated the juniors by 4-2.
- alumni | [ə'lʌmnaɪ] | n. [alumnus 的复数形式] 毕业生,校友 | My alumni and alumna are present at my birthdayparty.
- permit | [pəˈmɪt] | n,许可证 | You can't work here without a work permit.
- skill | [skɪl] | n. 技巧,技能 | It requires an athlete to have great skill, cool nerves and quick reflexes.
- graduate | ['grædʒuət,] / ['grædʒueɪt] | n.大学毕业生; [美] {大学、中学等的) 毕业生 v. 大学毕业;
   [美] 中学毕业 | Preference will be given to gradua in journalism.
- campus | ['kæmpəs] | n. (大专院校的) 校园 | The campus covers an area of about 1.37 square kilometres.
- dining hall | ['daɪnɪŋ hɔːl] | n. 食堂 | This is my first time to eat in your dining hall.

# 学校教育 第三组

- record | ['rekɔːd] | n.记录;履历 | The subjects in the research were asked tokeep a record of everything they ate for a week.
- magazine | [ˌmægəˈziːn] | n.杂志,期刊 | This magazine has a large circulation.
- story | [ˈstɔːri] | n.故事,小说;(尤指口头的) 叙述 | Her little sister often asks her to retell the story.
- accommodation | [ə,kpmə'deɪʃ(ə)n] | n.住处; 食宿招待 | The authorities must provide suitable accommodation for the family.
- dorm | [do:m] | n.宿舍 | Are you going to live in the student's dorm or at home?
- experiment | [ɪk'sperɪmənt] | n.实验; 试验 | We will have an experiment in the laboratory this afternoon.
- file | [faɪl] | n.档案 v.把......归档 | The police have a file on him.
- laboratory | [ləˈbɒrətri] | n.实验室,研究室 | It is important to check when the laboratory can do the tests.
- library | ['laɪbrəri; 'laɪbri] | n.图书馆; (书、唱片等) 个人收藏 | I went to the library and returned your books for you.
- major | ['meɪdʒə(r)] | n. [美] 主修科目,专业 v. [美] 主修 adj.主要的 | She majored in International Economy atuniversity.
- politics | ['pɒlətɪks] | n.政治学; 政治; 政治事务 | He closed down the business and went intopolitics.
- reel | [riːl] | n.卷轴;卷筒;一巻胶巻 | I put a new reel of film in my camera.
- sketch | [sketʃ] | n.概略 v.概述 | I have figured out a basic sketch of a plan.
- tale | [teɪl] | n.故事,传说 | She looks like a princess in a fairy tale.
- canteen | [kæn'tiːn] | n.水壶; [英] 食堂 | This canteen is much frequented by students.
- quality | ['kwpləti] | n.质量 | It was a bad year for films, in terms of quality rather than quantity.



- data | ['deɪtə] | n. [datum的复数形式]数据 | The data should be updated once a week.
- quantity | ['kwpntəti] | n.数量 | Our company is more concerned with quality than with quantity.
- chapter | ['tʃæptə(r)] | n.(书等的) 章; (人生或历史的) 重要时期 | Steamboat travel opened a new chapter in America's exploration of the West.
- diary | ['daɪəri] | n.日记,日记簿 | Her diary is full of entries about him.
- frame | [freɪm] | n. (画、镜子等的) 框架;眼镜框;构架 | The house has a wooden frame which is braced with brick.
- index | ['ɪndeks] | n.指数;指标;索引 v.为.....编索引 | The index is arranged in alphabetical order.
- list | [lɪst] | n. 一览表,目录 v.列举;把……列表 | The results are listed in numerical order.
- series | ['sɪəriːz] | n.连续;一系列;系列节目 | He published a new book series for English learners.
- minor | ['maɪnə(r)] | n. [美] 辅修科目 adj.不严重的 | My major is English, but I also have a minor inhistory.
- sociology | [ˌsəʊsiˈɒlədʒi] | n. 社会学 | A few years ago, sociology was the most popular subject for undergraduates.
- catalogue | ['kætəlɒg] | n.目录 | You can look for the book in the librarycatalogue.
- documentary | [ˌdɒkjuˈment(ə)ri] | n.纪录片 adi.纪录的 | The documentary left me in a state of shock.
- literature | ['lɪtrətʃə(r)] | n.文学;文学作品;文献 | Literature stands related to man as science stands to nature.
- article | [ˈɑːtɪk(ə)l] | n.文章 | The editor asked him to contribute a weekly article on European affairs.
- author | ['ɔːθə(r)] | n.作者,作家 | The author's style is subtle and elegant.
- fiction | ['fɪkʃ(ə)n] | n.小说;虚构,杜撰 | The writer poignantly described her own mothering experiences in her fiction.
- poetry | ['pəʊətri] | n.诗,诗歌,诗作 | I myself enjoy cinema, drama, poetry andtravelling.
- journal | ['dʒɜːn(ə)l] | n.日报,周报;(尤指专门学科的)杂志;日志 | This study was published by two journals ofrepute.
- coverage | ['kʌvərɪdʒ] | n.新闻报道;覆盖范围 | The wedding of the two movie stars got massive media coverage.
- encyclopedia | [ɪnˌsaɪklə'piːdiə] | n.百科全书 | I know someone who is a walking encyclopedia— she knows about everything.
- biography | [baɪˈɒɡrəfi] | n.传记 | One of my friends likes to read biographies of great men to enhance himself.
- profile | ['prəʊfaɪl] | n.概述;人物简介;侧面轮廓 | Her beautiful profile impressed the judges verymuch.
- draft | [draːft] | n.草稿; 汇票 v.起草 | When the first draft was completed, she took abreak.
- brochure | ['brəʊʃə(r)] | n.小册子 | I'll send you the company brochure right away.
- manual | ['mænjuəl] | n.使用手册,指南 adj.手工的 | The maintenance manual gives diagrams and instructions for repairing your car.
- category | ['kætəgəri] | n.种类,类别,范畴 | There are different categories of books in a library.
- inventory | ['ɪnvəntri] | n.库存;详细目录 | We made an inventory of everything in the old museum.
- context | ['kɒntekst] | n.上下文,语境;背最,来龙去脉 | We should judge the past in its historic context.
- volume | ['vɒljuːm] | n.(书) 卷;体积,容积;音量 | The volume of this container is one cubicmetre.



- subject | ['sʌbdʒɪkt; 'sʌbdʒekt] | n.科目; 主题; 实验对象 | In the car, she reverted to the subject which is uppermost in her mind.
- economics | [ˌiːkəˈnɒmɪks] | n.经济学 | Whenever they start talking about economics, I feel totally out of my depth.
- bibliography | [,bɪbli'ɒgrəfi] | n. 参考书目 | The bibliography is a very impotant part of a paper.
- content | ['kɒntent] /[ kən'tent] | n. 内容;目录;含量 adj. 满足的 | The calorie content in a regular Coke is very high.
- object | ['pbdʒɪkt ] / [əb'dʒekt] | n. 物体;目标 v.反对 | He strongly objects to getting up early.

# 学校教育 第四组

- table | ['teɪb(ə)l] | n.表格;桌子 | We should create a table for the sales data.
- agriculture | ['æɡrɪkʌltʃə(r)] | n.农业;农学 | In the past, agriculture located a family to aplace.
- biology | [baɪˈɒlədʒi] | n.生物学;生命机理 | Biology is the study of living things.
- chemistry | ['kemɪstri] | n.化学 | I am not good at organic chemistry.
- electronics | [ɪˌlek'trɒnɪks] | n.电子学; 电子器件 | That country wants to increase tariffs on items such as electronics.
- engineering | [ˌendʒɪˈnɪərɪŋ] | n.工程;工程学 | The percentage of girls in engineering has increased in recent years.
- geography | [dʒi¹ɒgrəfi] | n.地理学; 地形, 地势 | I'd like to introduce you to my geography professor.
- geometry | [dʒiˈɒmətri] | n.几何学 | Geometry is a piece of cake for me but a big headache for my friend Claire.
- logic | ['lɒdʒɪk] | n.逻辑;逻辑学 | Socrates laid the foundations of logic.
- maths | [mæθs] | n.数学 | The teacher will test us in maths.
- mechanics | [məˈkænɪks] | n.力学; 机械学 | He is studying mechanics and now is learning all the parts
  of an engine.
- philosophy | [fəˈlɒsəfi] | n.哲学 | She has a master's degree in philosophy.
- physics | ['fɪzɪks] | n.物理学 | He is one of the top students in physics.
- even | ['i:v(ə)n] | adj.均匀的;偶数的;相等的 adv.甚至 | He won the first round and I won the second, so our scores are even now.
- mean | [miːn] | adj.卑鄙的; 吝啬的 v.意思是 | The guy is mean. I mean, really mean, I think you should stay away from him.
- divide | [dɪˈvaɪd] | v.除以;除 | 12 divided by 3 is 4.
- equation | [ɪˈkweɪʒ(ə)n] | n.相等;平衡,综合体;方程式,等式 | If you're trying to lose weight in a healthy way, exercise should be part of the equation.
- maximum | [ˈmæksɪməm] | n.最大值,最大限度 | The maximum load for this truck is ten tonnes.
- minimum | ['mɪnɪməm] | n.最小值,最低限度 | You must get a minimum of 60 questions right to pass the test.
- minus | ['maɪnəs] | adj.负的,零以下的 prep.减 (去) | The temperature is minus 10 degrees now.
- multiply | ['mʌltɪplaɪ] | v.乘,使相乘;(使)成倍增加;繁殖 | Friendships multiply joy and divide grievances.
- subtract | [səb'trækt] | v.减去,减 | The little girl has begun to learn to add andsubtract.



- sum | [sʌm] | n.总数,总和;金额 | The man has decided to give his son a hugesum of money for his independence from the family.
- total | ['təʊt(ə)l] | adj.总的,全部的 n.总数 | In total, over 100,000 people were killed in the tsunami, and a great many people were homeless.
- multiple | ['mʌltɪpl] | n.倍数 adj.多样的,数量多的 | 18 is a multiple of 6.
- variable | ['veəriəb(ə)l] | n.变量; 可变因素 adj.易变的 | There are some variables that can change ourplan.
- identical | [aɪ'dentɪk(ə)l] | adj.同一的 | This is the identical hotel we stayed at lastyear.
- rational | ['ræʃnəl] | n.有理数 adj. (数、式等) 有理的 | A rational number can be expressed as a ratio of two integers.
- algebra | [ˈældʒɪbrə] | n.代数学,代数 | The young boy is good at algebra.
- calculus | ['kælkjələs] | n. 微积分;结石 | Calculus is a difficult course for most college students.
- remainder | [rɪˈmeɪndə(r)] | n.余数;剩余部分 | Divide 4 into 13, and the remainder is 1.
- logistics | [ləˈdʒɪstɪks] | n.物流;后勤 | I have a good command in the procedures oflogistics.
- history | ['hɪst(ə)ri] | n.历史; 历史学 | China is an oriental country with a long history.
- arithmetic | [əˈrɪθmətɪk] | n.算数 | Arab brought arithmetic and algebra to the fore once again and placed it almost on a par withgeometry.
- plus | [plʌs] | prep.加上 adj.正 (数) 的,在零以上的 | Intelligence plus wit makes for an interesting person.
- merger | ['mɜːdʒə(r)] | n.合并,归并 | The proposed merger between two of the largest software companies has been passed.
- dividend | ['dɪvɪdend] | n.被除数 | In "12 ÷ 2", 12 is the dividend.
- marketing | ['ma:kɪtɪŋ] | n.市场营销 | This company puts a high value on marketing.
- accounting | [ə'kaʊntɪŋ] | n.会计 | A company's accounting records must be open for inspection at all times.
- audit | [ˈɔːdɪt] | n.审计 v.旁听;审计 | They worked all day without a break and finished the audit on time.
- statistics | [stə'tɪstɪks] | n,统计学 | There is a compulsory course in statistics.
- odd | [pd] | adj.奇数的; 古怪的 | 1, 3, 5 and 7 are odd numbers.
- double | ['dʌb(ə)l] | adj.两倍的 n.两倍数,两倍量 v.(使) 加倍 | Many things now cost double what they did a couple of years ago.
- triple | ['trɪp(ə)l] | adj.三倍的,三重的 n.三倍数,三倍量 v.(使) 增至 | His income tripled.
- quadruple | ['kwpdrσp(ə)l] | adj.四倍的 n.四倍 v.(使) 成四倍 | Our profits have quadrupled in the last decade.
- approximately | [əˈprɒksɪmətli] | adv.大约 | The yolk contains all the fat and approximately half the protein of the egg.
- chart | [t∫ɑːt] | n.图, 图表; 海图 | This chart displays the links connecting thesegroups.
- graph | [grɑːf] | n.图, 图表 | They made a graph of how cold the weather was every day for a month.
- diagram | ['daɪəgræm] | n.图表;示意图,图解 | The teacher draws a diagram showing how the plant seedling bends towards the sunlight.
- matrix | ['meɪtrɪks] | n.矩阵;铸模 | She cannot find the matrix for the competition.



- psychology | [saɪ'kɒlədʒi] | n. 心理学; 心理特征 | The professor has considerable expertise in studying a criminal's psychology.
- parameter | [pəˈræmɪtə(r)] | n. 参数;起限定作用的因素 | Political dissent is a parameter of modern life.

## 学校教育 第五组

- rust | [rʌst] | v.(使) 生锈 n.锈, 铁锈 | If you leave your metal tools outside in the rain, they will rust.
- mercury | ['mɜːkjəri] | n.水银, 汞; [M~] 水星 | The mercury stood at nearly 40°C.
- angle | ['æŋg(ə)l] | n.角;角度 | The temple is especially beautiful to look at from this angle.
- dot | [dɒt] | n.点,圆点 v.在.....上打点 | On the map, convenience stores are marked by a red dot.
- round | [raʊnd] | adj.圆的 n.绕圈; 一轮 adv.环绕 | He went round and round, but could find no way to get out of the room.
- cube | [kju:b] | n.立方体;立方,三次幕;立方形的东西 | She dropped a cube of sugar into her coffee and stirred it with a spoon.
- fraction | ['frækʃn] | n.分数;小部分;片断 | She spends only a fraction of her earnings onclothes.
- rate | [reɪt] | n.比率, 率; 速度 | The rate of inflation decreased to 5% last year.
- ratio | ['reɪʃiəʊ] | n.比 (率) | The ratio of 3 to 9 is the same as that of 9 to 27.
- sphere | [sfɪə(r)] | n.球体;球状物;范围,领域 | We move in different social spheres.
- triangle | ['traɪæŋgl] | n.三角形; 三角关系 | The three places form a triangle.
- acid | ['æsɪd] | n.酸 adj.酸的;讽刺的,尖刻的 | When she spoke, her tone was like acid.
- battery | ['bætri; 'bætəri] | n.电池; (物品的) 一组 | You can charge your car battery in this carpark.
- dissolve | [dɪˈzɒlv] | v.(使) 溶解;解散 | Sugar dissolves in water.
- extent | [ɪk'stent] | n.广度, 范围; 程度 | No one cares about the extent of his debts.
- friction | ['frɪkʃ(ə)n] | n.摩擦; 摩擦力; 不和, 矛盾 | In designing this device, it is necessary to reduce friction as much as possible.
- gravity | ['grævəti] | n.地球引力,重力 | Enormous energy is needed to launch a spacecraft against gravity.
- hollow | ['hɒləʊ] | adj.空 (心) 的,中空的 | The trunk of this tree looks solid, but in fact it ishollow.
- length | [lenkθ] | n.长度 | The room is 7 metres in length and 5 metres inbreadth.
- ounce | [aʊns] | n.盎司;少量 | An ounce of prevention is worth a pound ofcure.
- proportion | [prəˈpɔːʃn] | n.比例 | This door is very narrow in proportion to itsheight.
- radiate | ['reɪdieɪt] | v.辐射,发散;从中心向四周散开 | Four avenues radiate from the square.
- static | ['stætɪk] | adj.静态的;静力的 | This cloth material has static electricity.
- transparent | [trænsˈpærənt] | adj.透明的;易看穿的 | Not all glass is transparent.
- volt | [vəʊlt] | n.伏特 (电压单位) | A child miraculously survived a 25,000-volt electric shock.
- width | [wɪdθ] | n.宽度 | In front of the mountain is a river of great width.
- rectangle | ['rektæŋgl] | n.长方形,矩形 | The plate itself is a small rectangle made ofgold.
- diagonal | [daɪˈægən(ə)l] | adj.斜纹的;对角线的 n.对角线;斜纹织物 | The two diagonals of a square cross in thecentre.
- straight | [streɪt] | adj.直的 adv.笔直地;直接 | The old lady closed her book and looked straightat me.
- circle | ['sɜːk(ə)l] | n.圆 | The circle is 10 centimetres in diameter.



- cone | [kəʊn] | n.圆锥体;锥形物 | The police have sectioned off the road with traffic cones.
- scale | [skeɪl] | n.刻度;规模; [~s] 天平;鳞 v.攀登 | A machine for weighing people has a scale from 1 pound to 300 pounds on it.
- density | ['densəti] | n.密度;浓度 | The population density of big cities is increasing year by year.
- Fahrenheit | ['færənhaɪt] | adj.华氏温标的 | Water freezes at 32 degrees Fahrenheit.
- emit | [iˈmɪt] | v.散发 (光、热、气等);发出 (声音) | The tail exhaust pipe of the car emitted poisonoussmoke.
- ozone | ['əʊzəʊn] | n.臭氧 | The ozone layer protects the earth from most of the sun's ultraviolet radiation.
- eccentric | [ɪk'sentrɪk] | adj.不同圆心的; 古怪的 | The old lady has some eccentric habits.
- displace | [dɪsˈpleɪs] | V.移动.....的位置; 取代, 替代 | A bone in his knee was displaced when he crashed against another player.
- boil | [boɪl] | v.煮沸, (使) 沸腾 n.沸点 | The watched pot never boils.
- melt | [melt] | v.(使) 融化; (使) 熔化 | Iron melts at a great heat.
- dilute | [daɪˈluːt] | v.冲淡,稀释 adj.稀释了的;减弱了的 | The nurse diluted the drug with saline water.
- noxious | ['nokʃəs] | adj.有害的 | Increasing tax on petrol would encourage people to drive cars with fewer noxious emissions.
- inert | [ɪ¹nɜːt] | adj. 无生气的;惰性的,不活泼的 | Helium and neon are inert gases.
- inherent | [ɪnˈherənt] | adj.内在的,固有的 | Polarity is inherent in a magnet.
- decimal | ['desɪm(ə)l] | adj. 小数的;十避位的 n. 小数 | The decimal system is widely used.
- percent | [pə(r)'sent] | n. [单复数同形] 百分之...... | I am 100 per cent in agreement.
- ferment | [fə(r)'ment] [ / 'fɜ(r):ment] | v. (使) 发酵;骚动 n. 酶;发酵;动乱 | The whole country was in a state of ferment.
- formula | ['fɔːmjələ] | n. 公式,万程式;原则;配方;分子式 | The formula for water is H20.

## 学校教育 第六组

- superficial | [ˌsuːpəˈfɪʃ(ə)l] | adj.表面的,外表的;肤浅的 | Superficial scratches can be easily removed.
- basic | ['beɪsɪk] | adj.基本的,基础的 | The government increased prices on several basic commodities like meat and dairy products.
- consult | [kənˈsʌlt] | V.请教; 查阅 | In this case, I recommended that you consultyour doctor.
- course | [kɔːs] | n.课程 | She is currently doing a business studiescourse at Leeds.
- discipline | ['dɪsəplɪn] | n.纪律; 训练 | It takes years of discipline to become a ballerina.
- elementary | [ˌelɪˈmentri] | adj.基本的; 初级的 | Their course of study includes elementary hygiene and medical theories.
- examination | [ɪgˌzæmɪˈneɪʃ(ə)n] | n.考试;细查 | Did you have to get through an entranceexamination?
- fundamental | [ˌfʌndəˈment(ə)l] | adj.基础的,基本的;根本的 | Another fundamental consideration in the conception of a design is function.
- inspect | [ɪnˈspekt] | v.检查;检阅,视察 | The mayor will inspect our school tomorrow.
- lesson | [lesn] | n.一堂课;课程;教训 | The lesson from your failure is perhaps a broader one.



- practical | ['præktɪkl] | adj.实际的;有用的;务实的;心灵手巧的 | He is very practical—he can make or mend almost anything.
- quiz | [kwɪz] | n.智力竞赛;小测验 | The quiz was a good opportunity for him to exhibit his knowledge.
- recite | [rɪˈsaɪt] | V.背诵,朗诵 | Each child had to recite a poem in class.
- review | [rɪ'vjuː] | n.v.回顾;复习 | We must hold a careful review of historicalevents.
- scan | [skæn] | v.细看;浏览;扫描 n.扫描检查;浏览 | I just had a quick scan through your book again.
- schedule | ['ʃedjuːl] | n.日程安排; [美] 时刻表 | The next thing on my schedule is to buy some milk in the supermarket.
- skim | [skɪm] | v.掠过,擦边;略读 | It's important for you to skim through this article.
- system | ['sɪstəm] | n.系统;体系,制度 | The new system is still in the planning stage.
- term | [tɜːm] | n.期限;术语;[尤英]学期 | The protocol would have very positive results in the long term.
- test | [test] | n.v.试验,检验 | The scientists have already experimented attest sites.
- theory | ['θɪəri] | n.理论; 学说 | There are many theories about the origin of the universe.
- blend | [blend] | v.混合; (使) 交融 n.混合物 | His manner was a blend of friendliness andrespect.
- mixture | ['mɪkstʃə(r)] | n.混合 (物) | Her new play is a mixture of sadness andhumour.
- submit | [səbˈmɪt] | v.服从;提交,呈递 | I hope you can submit your term papers before the deadline.
- surface | ['sɜːfɪs] | n.表面; 地面; 水面 | The surface of the bamboo feels so smooth.
- doctrine | ['doktrɪn] | n.学说; 教义; 信条 | The doctrine is unchangeable.
- presentation | [,prezn'teɪ[n] | n.陈述;表演,演出 | There is a presentation of our new play tonight.
- component | [kəmˈpəʊnənt] | n.成分,组成部分 | Regular exercise is one of the key components of a healthy lifestyle.
- compose | [kəmˈpəʊz] | v.组成,构成;创作 (音乐);写 | Water is composed of hydrogen and oxygen.
- empirical | [ɪm'pɪrɪk(ə)l] | adj.以实验为依据的; 经验主义的 | His thesis is not very convincing for lack of empirical evidence.
- principle | ['prɪnsəpl] | n.原则;(科学) 原理 | A bicycle and a motorcycle are built on the sameprinciple.
- semester | [sɪˈmestə(r)] | n.学期 | There are two semesters in a year.
- timetable | ['taɪmteɪb(ə)l] | n.时间表;课程表 | There are eight English classes listed in this term's timetable.
- deadline | ['dedlaɪn] | n.截止日期 | I hope we can finish this before the deadline.
- curriculum | [kəˈrɪkjələm] | n.课程; (学校等的) 全部课程 | The staff should work together to revise the school curriculum.
- seminar | ['semɪnɑ:(r)] | n.研讨会; 讨论课 | Why didn't you come to yesterday's seminar?
- forum | ['fɔːrəm] | n.讨论会,论坛;公开讨论的广场 | The forum is now open to all small and medium-sized enterprises.
- syllabus | ['sɪləbəs] | n.教学大纲 | The syllabus changes every year.
- rudimentary | [ˌruːdɪˈmentri] | adj.基本的,粗浅的 | He has only a rudimentary knowledge of thedinosaur.
- profound | [prəˈfaʊnd] | adj. (影响) 深刻的, 深远的; 见解深刻的 | His brother's words have had a profound effect on him.
- prerequisite | [ˌpriː'rekwəzɪt] | n.必备条件 adj.必备的 | Training is a prerequisite for competence.



- selective | [sɪˈlektɪv] | adj.选择性的 | The man seemed to have a very selective recall of past events.
- elective | [ɪ'lektɪv] | adj.选举的; [美] 选修的 n. [美] 选修科目 | Besides the required courses, I'm taking an elective in computer science.
- assignment | [ə'saɪnmənt] | n. (布置的) 作业; {分派的} 任务 | A brave fighter never shrinks from danger when executing an assignment.
- preview | ['priːvjuː] | n.v.预习 | Please do the preview and review work.
- revise | [rɪˈvaɪz] | v.修订,修改 | The writer was revising what he had written.
- scrutinise | ['skru:tɪnaɪz] | v.详细检查,仔细查看 | The jeweller scrutinised the ruby for flaws.
- dictate | [dɪk'teɪt] | v.让 (某人) 昕写; 命令,强行规定 | The English teacher dictates to the class every other week.
- compulsory | [kəmˈpʌlsəri] | adj. 强制的 | Britain did not introduce compulsory primary education until 1880.

## 学校教育 第七组

- project | ['prodʒekt] | n. (大中学学生的) 专题研究; 顶目, 方案 | It is an elaborate project that applies to manypurposes.
- conclude | [kənˈkluːd] | v.推断出,得出结论;(使) 结束 | What do you conclude from his explanation?
- contrast | ['kɒntrɑːst] | n.对比;明显的差异 | There is a great contrast between good andevil.
- copy | ['kɒpi] | n.复制品 v.抄写;复制 | This painting is a copy of the one in the museum.
- deduce | [dɪˈdjuːs] | v.演绎,推论 | We can deduce a conclusion from this premise.
- infer | [ɪnˈfɜː(r)] | v.推断,推理 | From your smile, I infer that you like this drink.
- introduce | [ˌɪntrəˈdjuːs] | v.介绍;引进 | Britain did not introduce compulsory primary education until 1880.
- perceive | [pə'siːv] | v.感知,察觉,意识到 | I perceived that it was not possible to make her change her mind.
- suppose | [səˈpəʊz] | v.假定;认为 | Let us suppose another planet with conditions similar to those on the earth.
- analyse | ['ænəlaɪz] | v.分析 | We should analyse the cause and effect of thisevent.
- represent | [,reprɪ'zent] | V.代表; 象征 | A committee has been elected to represent us.
- outset | ['aʊtset] | n.开端,开始 | The science fiction fascinates the readers from the outset.
- heading | ['hedɪŋ] | n.标题; 主题 | The heading was in large print.
- outline | ['aʊtlaɪn] | n.概要;轮廓,略图 | These documents provided a broad outline of the country's development after World War II.
- summary | ['sʌməri] | n.摘要,概要 | The professor asked the students to make a summary of the reading material.
- insist | [ɪnˈsɪst] | v.坚持,坚决认为 {或主张、要求) | We insist on self-reliance.
- understand | [ˌʌndəˈstænd] | v.懂得,理解 | What human beings have understood is just the tip of the iceberg.
- analogy | [əˈnælədʒi] | n.类比;类推 | The man drew an analogy between the human skin and a brick wall.
- reckon | ['rekən] | v.估计;期望;认为 | We had reckoned on your support.



- presume | [prɪˈzjuːm] | v.假定,假设;料想 | From his words, I presumed that he had been in France for several years.
- comprehend | [,kpmprrhend] | v.理解,领悟 | You can say you have comprehended a word if you can use it correctly and effectively.
- speculate | ['spekjuleɪt] | v.推测 | The doctors could only speculate that he died of cancer.
- extract | ['ekstrækt] | n.摘录 | The following extract is taken from his commentary on the movie.
- plagiarise | ['pleɪdʒəraɪz] | v.抄袭 | It's not a viable option to plagiarise someone'swork.
- print | [prɪnt] | v.打印 n. 印刷品;冲印出来的) 照片 | Print these words in Italics across the top of the page.
- thesis | ['θi:sɪs] | n.论文 | To be specific, the argument in your graduation thesis is logical.
- essay | ['eseɪ] | n. (学生为某门课程写的) 短文论说文; (关于政治、社会等的) 小品文 | This essay represents a considerable improvement on your recent work.
- paper | ['peɪpə(r)] | n.论文; 纸 | She is working hard at her term paper in thelibrary.
- dissertation | [ˌdɪsə'teɪʃ(ə)n] | n.专题论文, (尤指) 学位论文 | Each student will have a supervisor to advise on the writing of the dissertation.
- gist | [dʒɪst] | n.主旨,要点 | He cannot understand the gist of their argument.
- opinion | [ə'pɪnjən] | n.看法;评价 | She asked her friends' opinions about herplans.
- reference | ['refrəns] | n.参考;推荐函;提及,涉及 | This book is for reference only.
- cite | [saɪt] | v.引用 | I'll just cite some figures for comparison.
- elicit | [ɪ'lɪsɪt] | v.引出;探出,套出 | At last, we elicited some important information from him.
- quote | [kwəʊt] | v.引用,引述;报(价) | The author frequently quoted Shakespeare.
- assume | [əˈsjuːm] | v.假定,设想;承担 {责任);取得 {权力) | We assume his innocence before hearing the evidence against it.
- hypothesis | [haɪˈpɒθəsɪs] | n.假说,假设 | This is only a scientific hypothesis which has not been proved by experiments.
- predict | [prɪˈdɪkt] | V.预测 | It is virtually impossible to predict the futureaccurately.
- discern | [dɪˈsɜːn] | v.觉察出;分辨出 | The child finds it hard to discern between red and green.
- recognise | ['rekəgnaɪz] | v. 认识,辨认出 | I recognised Peter at once although I hadn't seen him for many years.
- conscious | ['kɒnʃəs] | adj.意识到的;奋知觉的 | He was conscious of his guilt.
- deem | [diːm] | v.认为,相信 | The board deemed it urgent that these files be printed right away.
- imply | [ɪmˈplaɪ] | v.暗指,意味着 | The way he talked implied that he was not wing to accept the agreement.
- persist | [pə'sɪst] | v.坚持不懈; 持续存在 | On the top of the massive mountains, snow persists throughout the year.
- compare | [kəmˈpeə(r)] | v.比较;但......比作;比得上 | Your knowledge cannot yet compare with his.
- point | [pɔɪnt] | n. 点;要点 | That is not the point in question.
- abstract | [ˈæbstrækt] /[ əbˈstrækt] | n. 摘要 adj. 抽象的 / | Iron is abstracted from ore.
- postulate | ['postjuleɪt ] / ['postjulət] | v. 假定,假设 n. 假定,假设 | The experts have postulated that this disease can be cured in a couple of decades.



- detect | [dɪ'tekt] | v. 察觉,发觉;侦察出 | The man is responsible for detecting some kind of weak signals.
- deliberate | ,[dɪˈlɪbəreɪt] / [dɪˈlɪbərət] | v.深思熟虑,仔细考虑 adj.审慎的 | She deliberated the question before she made an answer.
- diagnose | ['daɪəgnəʊz] | v.判断; 诊断 | We can use a test to diagnose a variety of diseases.

## 学校教育 第八组

- prize | [praɪz] | n.奖赏 v.珍视 | We prize honour above money.
- accomplish | [əˈkʌmplɪʃ] | v.达到(目的),完成 | Though the task was challenging, they managed to accomplish it on time.
- attain | [ə'teɪn] | v.获得; 达到 | Greater efforts are needed before we can attainour goal.
- award | [əˈwɔːd] | n.奖;奖品 | The novice writer is especially thrilled with thisaward.
- confirm | [kənˈfɜːm] | v.证实;确保,巩固 | Her new film confirmed her as one of our leading directors.
- contradiction | [ˌkɒntrəˈdɪkʃn] | n.矛盾,不一致;反驳 | Your attitude is in contradiction to your character.
- demonstrate | ['demənstreɪt] | v.示范,演示;证明 | He demonstrated how to use the new machine.
- detail | ['di:teɪl] | n.细节; (画等的) 细部 | No detail was too small to escape the detective'sattention.
- differ | ['dɪfə(r)] | v.不同,相异 | The two theories differ from each other in many ways.
- disagree | [ˌdɪsə'griː] | v.有分歧;不同意 | I strongly disagree with this amoral approach to science.
- grade | [greɪd] | v.给.....分等级 n.等级;成绩等级 | This grade of jade can be bought at a fairly lowprice.
- illustrate | ['ɪləstreɪt] | v. (用图等) 说明;给 (书) 加插图 (或图表) | The book was illustrated with colour photographs.。
- inquire | [ɪnˈkwaɪə(r)] | v.询问;调查 | We must inquire into the matter.
- queue | [kjuː] | n.行列 v.排队等候 | You should join the queue inside the bank.
- research | [rɪˈsɜːtʃ; ˈriːsɜːtʃ] | n.调查;探索 | It is a good idea to do some research before you buy a house.
- row | [rəʊ; raʊ] | n. (一) 排, {一) 行 | A row of children are standing in front of a row of chairs.
- scholarship | ['skɒləʃɪp] | n.奖学金; 学问, 学识 | For a few, scholarships were their main source of support.
- thorough | ['θʌrə] | adj.彻底的,详尽的 | A thorough brushing helps to protect your teeth and gums.
- credit | ['kredɪt] | n.赊购;学分;信任 | I need three more credits to graduate.
- decide | [dɪˈsaɪd] | v.决定 | Don't decide on important matters too quickly.
- resolve | [rɪˈzɒlv] | v.决心,决定;{使}分解为;解决 | A recent survey of public opinions shows thatmany people are worried about the rising houseprices.
- example | [ɪgˈzɑːmp(ə)l] | n.例子;榜样 | Her diligence has set an example to the others.
- instance | ['ɪnstəns] | n.实例;情况,场合 | Nowadays, we can read many instances of good people and good deeds in the press.
- appreciate | [əˈpriːʃieɪt] | v.赏识;感激;意识到 | We appreciate your efforts for the development of the company.
- fellowship | [ˈfeləʊʃɪp] | n.研究生奖学金 | As a student, he was awarded the fellowship atHarvard.



- overestimate | [ˌəʊvər'estɪmeɪt] | v.高估 | Most customers overestimated the price of theovercoat.
- manifest | ['mænɪfest] | v.显示,表明 | Her bravery manifests itself in times of difficulties.
- overlap | [,əʊvəˈlæp] | V.与......复叠; (与......) 部分相同 | The plots and descriptions in these two novels largely overlap.
- observe | [əbˈzɜːv] | v.观察,观测;注意到 | I observed a stranger enter my neighbour'shome.
- score | [skɔː(r)] | n.得分,成绩 | Now the score in the football game is 1-1.
- mark | [mɑːk] | v.分数;标记 v.标志着; v.给......打分;在....上做记号 | It is dangerous to swim beyond this mark.
- rank | [ræŋk] | n.等级;排,列 v.给····平级;位列 | There are people of all ranks and classes.
- grant | [grɑːnt] | v.授予;准予;承认 | I grant that the book gives us some insights into human nature, but generally speaking, it is boring.
- praise | [preɪz] | n.赞美 v.赞扬 | American reviewers are lavish in their praise of this movie.
- feedback | ['fi:dbæk] | n.反馈,反应 | We'd appreciate it if you give us some feedback on our new product.
- reward | [rɪˈwɔːd] | n.报答;黄金 v.报答 | Virtue is its own reward.
- diverse | [daɪ'vɜːs] | adj.不一样的,多种多样的 | The original meaning of this word has become more diverse over time.
- nuance | ['njuːɑːns] | n.细微差别 | The investigator watched the suspect's face intently to catch every nuance of expression.
- inductive | [ɪnˈdʌktɪv] | adj.归纳的;诱导的 | You need to infer by inductive reasoning.
- prove | [pruːv] | v.证明;结果是 | He has proved his loyalty in the battle.
- determine | [dɪ'tɜːmɪn] | v.决定;下定决心;查明 | He determined to move to another city and start a new life.
- query | ['kwɪəri] | n.疑问;询问 v.怀疑;询问 | I have several queries about the work you gave me.
- questionnaire | [,kwestʃə'neə(r)] | n.调查表,调查问卷 | We have sent out nearly 3,000 questionnaires, but only a third of them were returned.
- survey | ['sɜːveɪ] / [ sə'veɪ] | n. 民意调查 v. 对......避行民意调查 | A recent survey of public opinions shows that many people are worried about the rising house prices.
- apply | [ə'plaɪ] | v.申请 | My cousin applied to four universities and was accepted by all of them.
- fee | [fi:] | n. 酬金;费用 | A higher fee does not necessarily mean a better course.

#### 科技发明 第一组

- engineer | [ˌendʒɪ'nɪə(r)] | n. 工程师,技师 | Each engineer needs to be in touch with the entire engineering department.
- tool | [tuːl] | n. 工具 | Advertising is a tool that nearly every company is utilising.
- absorb | [əb'zɔːb] | v.理解;掌握 | His ability to absorb bits of disconnected information was astonishing.
- field | [fiːld] | n. 领域 | He has become famous in his own field.
- assemble | [əˈsemb(ə)l] | v.组装;装配 | She assembled the bookshelf all by herself.
- devise | [dɪ'vaɪz] | v. 设计,发明 | The team is trying to devise a new system for handling mail orders.



- foundation | [faʊnˈdeɪ[n] | n. 基础;地基;基金会 | He laid the foundations of his success by hardwork.
- concentrate | ['kɒns(ə)ntreɪt] | v. 集中 (心思); (使) 浓缩 | They will concentrate on teaching the basics of reading, writing and arithmetic.
- facility | [fəˈsɪləti] | n. 设备;便利 | This facility is open to both new and existingborrowers.
- instrument | ['ɪnstrəmənt] | n. 仪器; 工具; 乐器 | A plough is an instrument used for farming.
- technology | [tek'nplədʒi] | n. 技术 | Life is made so much easier with modern science and technology.
- accessory | [ək'sesəri] | n. 附件,配件 | Car accessories include the roof rack and radio.
- accumulate | [əˈkjuːmjəleɪt] | v. 积累; (数额)逐渐增加 | Dust and dirt soon accumulate if you don't
   6clean your house regularly.
- add | [æd] | v. 添加; 附加 | He didn't add milk nor sugar to his coffee.
- advance | [əd'vɑːns] | n.v. 发展; 前进 | We have advanced greatly in our knowledge of the universe.
- appliance | [ə'plaɪəns] | n. 应用; (家用) 器具 | The household appliances were just bought by him for his family.
- apply | [əˈplaɪ] | v. 申请 | My cousin applied to four universities and was accepted by all of them.
- auxiliary | [ɔːgˈzɪliəri] | adj. 辅助的,协助的;备用的 | When there is power shortage, they count on the auxiliary power supply.
- belong | [bɪ'lɒŋ] | v. 应在 (某处); 适合 (某种情形) | Russia is a major oil exporter, but does not belong to OPEC.
- compute | [kəmˈpjuːt] | v. 计算;估计 | I compute my loss at 500 dollars.
- disclose | [dɪsˈkləʊz] | v. 揭露,透露 | The authorities finally disclosed the truth to thepress.
- discover | [dɪˈskʌvə(r)] | v. 发现 | He discovered his talent for fashion design when he was very young.
- echo | ['ekəʊ] | n. 回声 v. 发回声;模仿;重复 | The cathedral is echoing with joyous hymns.
- equipment | [ɪ'kwɪpmənt] | n. 设备 | We should make a better use of the existing equipment.
- expose | [ɪk'spəʊz] | v. 使暴露;揭发,使曝光 | The crime of the corrupt officials must be exposed without any reserve.
- gauge | [geɪdʒ] | n. 测量仪器 v. 测量;判断 | It was difficult to gauge how people wouldrespond.
- invent | [ɪnˈvent] | v. 发明,创造 | Do you know who invented the magneticneedle?
- lens | [lenz] | n. 透镜; (照相机等的) 镜头 | When viewing through the lens, we can see the thing clearer, larger or smaller.
- mechanic | [məˈkænɪk] | n. 技工,机械师,机修工 | This car has broken down again! I'll have to ring the mechanic.
- microscope | ['maɪkrəskəʊp] | n. 显微镜 | The optical microscope magnifies the object 1,000 times.
- network | ['netws:k] | n. 网络;广播网,电视网 | Present Bush's speech was broadcast on national television networks.
- radar | ['reɪdɑː(r)] | n. 雷达,无线电定位装置 | Officials want to scan the tomb with radar in the hope of unlocking the mystery.
- reveal | [rɪ'viːl] | v. 展现;显示,透露 | His deed revealed him to be a kind man.
- technique | [tek'ni:k] | n. 技巧;技术 | I want to learn the latest technique in toy making.
- usage | ['juːsɪdʒ] | n. 使用; (词语的) 用法 | The College Board says words on the new test will relate to usage.
- assess | [ə'ses] | v. 评估;估算 | We will assess the damage caused by theflood.



- evaluate | [ɪ'væljueɪt] | v. 评价, 评估 | The research project has only been under way for three months, so it's too early to evaluate its success.
- uncover | [ʌnˈkʌvə(r)] | v. 揭露,发现 | The detective must uncover the murderer by deduction of facts.
- sensor | ['sensə(r)] | n. 传感器 | Place the sensor on a flat surface and rotate it slowly through 360°.
- versatile | ['vɜːsətaɪl] | adj. 多功能的, 多用途的 | Plastics are a versatile material in industry.
- polytechnic | [,ppli'teknɪk] | adj. 有关多种工艺的 n. 理工学院 | Your trainees will acquire polytechnic training.
- innovate | ['ɪnəveɪt] | v. 创新,改革 | We must innovate in order to make progress.
- breakthrough | ['breɪkθruː] | n. 突破 | Surgeons have made a great breakthrough inkidney transplantation.
- gizmo | [ˈgɪzməʊ] | n. 小装置 | The modern world is increasingly populated by intelligent gizmos whose universal existence has removed much human labour.
- patent | ['pæt(ə)nt] | n. 专利,专利权 v. 得到.....的专利权;给......专利证 | The government patented the device to its inventor.
- domain | [dəˈmeɪn; dəʊˈmeɪn] | n. (活动、学问等的) 领域; 领土, 领地 | This is out of my domain.
- realm | [relm] | n. 领域 | Such an idea only belongs in the realm of science fiction.
- specialise | ['spe[əlaɪz] | v. 专攻 | Many students specialise in engineering.
- focus | ['fəʊkəs] | v.(把.....) 集中 (于) n. 焦点 | Today he was able to focus his message exclusively on the economy.
- utilise | ['juːtəlaɪz] | v. 利用 | In order to utilise land more fully, they adopted close planting.
- tester | ['testə(r)] | n. 测试仪;测试员 | The battery tester is in my garage.
- measure | ['meʒə(r)] | v. 测量 n. 衡量; 措施 | Measure this impedance and you can measure how much it has rained.
- calculate | ['kælkjuleɪt] | v. 计算;考虑,打算 | Our price has already been closely calculated; there is no room for reduction.
- count | [kaʊnt] | v. 计算 | It is impossible to count the stars in the sky.
- byproduct | ['baɪprɒdʌkt] | n. 副产品 | Happiness is not a goal; it is a byproduct.
- gather | ['gæðə(r)] | v. 聚集;采集 | He took the trouble to gather the materials forme.
- attach | [ə'tætʃ] | v. 使依附;附加;缚,系,贴 | China will not attach itself to any big power.
- optics | ['pptɪks] | n. 光学 | Newton published his first work on optics.
- multimedia | [ˌmʌltiˈmiːdiə] | n. 多媒体 | As part of the celebrations, they staged a big, open-air multimedia event.
- browser | ['braʊzə(r)] | n. 浏览器 | In your Web browser's cache are the most recent Web files that you have downloaded.
- dial | ['daɪəl] | v. 拨 (电话号码) | She picked up the phone, and began to dial his number.

# 科技发明 第二组

- keyboard | ['kiːbɔːd] | n. 键盘 | The machine is operated through the keyboard.
- screen | [skriːn] | n. 屏; 屏幕 v. 遮蔽 | A list of items is repeatedly flashed up on the screen.
- tape | [teɪp] | n. 磁带,录音带;胶带 | A technician loads a video tape into one of themachines.



- mould | [məʊld] | n. 霉菌 v. 发霉 | The walls were black with mould.
- purify | ['pjʊərɪfaɪ] | v. 净化,使纯净 | They open the windows to purify the air of theroom.
- operate | ['opəreɪt] | v. 操作;运营;做手术 | It's too difficult for him to operate this new sophisticated machine.
- simplify | ['sɪmplɪfaɪ] | v. 简化,精简 | Try to simplify your explanation for the children.
- cassette | [kəˈset] | n. 盒式磁带;底片盒 | He inserted a cassette into the machine.
- correct | [kəˈrekt] | adj. 正确的 | The correct answers can be found at the bottom of page 8.
- error | ['erə(r)] | n. 错误, 过失 | The accident was caused by human error.
- mistake | [mɪˈsteɪk] | n. 错误 v. 误解 | I may have made a mistake in that regard.
- phase | [feɪz] | n. 阶段,时期 | The first phase of the project has been completed.
- stumble | ['stʌmb(ə)l] | v. 犯错误; 绊脚; 跌跌撞撞地走 | The sudden weakness in her legs made herstumble.
- wrong | [rɒŋ] | adj. 错误的 adv. 错误地 | Instead of complaining about what's wrong, be grateful for what's right.
- accurate | ['ækjərət] | adj. 准确的,正确无误的 | Hearsay definitely can' t be regarded asaccurate information.
- adapt | [ə'dæpt] | v. 适应; 改编 | There will be more than one person who can adapt to your personality.
- adjust | [əˈdʒʌst] | v. 调节;改变 (行为或观点) 以适应 | He soon adjusted to army life.
- aspect | ['æspekt] | n.(问题、事物等的) 方面 | We must consider a problem in all its aspects.
- compress | [kəm'pres] | v. 压紧,压缩 | Reining in inflation can increase income inequality by compressing wages while allowing asset prices tosoar.
- condense | [kən'dens] | v. 简缩, 精简; (使气体) 凝结 | A long story may be condensed into a fewsentences.
- framework | ['freɪmwɜːk] | n. 框架,结构;体系 | This bridge over the river has a steel framework.
- generator | ['dʒenəreɪtə(r)] | n. 发电机 | A new type of wind generator may offer an answer to that problem.
- loudspeaker | [ˌlaʊd'spiːkə(r)] | n. 扬声器,喇叭 | The loudspeaker announced each airplane as it landed at the airport.
- microphone | ['maɪkrəfəʊn] | n. 话筒, 麦克风 | Unfortunately, I didn't have a microphone at that time to record us.
- pump | [pʌmp] | n. 泵 v. (用泵) 抽 | At the farm, there was an old-fashioned pump for drawing water from a well.
- refine | [rɪˈfaɪn] | v. 精炼,提纯 | The purpose of oil refinery is to refine crude petroleum.
- wireless | ['waɪələs] | adj. 不用电线的,无线的 | We still don't have the wireless network.
- filter | ['fɪltə(r)] | v. 过滤; (光或声) 透过 n. 过滤器 | Sunlight filtered through the chinks of theshutters.
- digital | ['dɪdʒɪt(ə)l] | adj. 数字的 | The BBC has just successfully demonstrated a new digital radio transmission system.
- precise | [prɪˈsaɪs] | adj. 精确的, 准确的; 一丝不苟的 | A lawyer needs a precise mind.
- shift | [ʃɪft] | v. 转移,变换 n. 转移,变换;轮班 | The wind shifted to the north.
- transform | [træns'fo:m] | v. 使改变形态; 使改观 | The solar cell can convert the energy of sunlight into electric energy.



- turn | [tɜːn] | v. 转; 翻 n.(依次轮到的) 机会 | It was your turn last time; it's always your turnto be the boss.
- flaw | [flɔː] | n. 缺陷;错误 | This flaw makes the vase less valuable.
- prototype | ['prəʊtətaɪp] | n. 原型;雏形 | The prototype for future school building was showed in the library.
- gear | [gɪə(r)] | n. 齿轮,传动装置 v. 使适合 | Education should be geared to children's needs.
- drainage | ['dreɪnɪdʒ] | n. 排水系统;排水 | The drainage of the city is poor, some of the pipes are broken.
- software | ['sɒftweə(r)] | n. 软件 | This is a computer software shop.
- hydraulic | [haɪˈdrɒlɪk] | adj. 水力的,液压的 | The boat has no fewer than five hydraulic pumps.
- facilitate | [fəˈsɪlɪteɪt] | v. 使便利,促进 | Many modern inventions facilitate housework.
- alter | ['ɔːltə(r)] | v. 改变,变更 | If it is not a convenient time, we can alter thedate.
- pinpoint | ['pɪnpɔɪnt] | v. 精确指明.....的位置 n. 针尖;极小的事物 | With this device, we can pinpoint your exactlocation.
- fault | [fɔːlt] | n. 缺点;故障 v. 找出缺点 | It is hard to fault the way he runs his own operation.
- contingency | [kən'tɪndʒənsi] | n. 意外事件,可能发生的事 | We must always be prepared for every contingency.
- laptop | [ˈlæptɒp] | n. 笔记本电脑 | A laptop would be really useful when I'm working on the train.
- binary | ['baɪnəri] | adj. 二进制的;二元的 | The machine does binary calculations.
- high-definition | [,haɪ ,defɪ'nɪ[n] | adj. 高分辨率的 | High-definition pictures can show detail very clearly.
- audio | ['ɔːdiəʊ] | adj. 声音的 | The reproductive quality of audio tapes has improved enormously.
- fantasy | ['fæntəsi] | n. 幻想 | He is unable to divorce fantasy from reality.
- pivot | ['pɪvət] | n. 枢轴,支点;中心,重点 | The mother is often the pivot of family life.
- sewage | ['suːɪdʒ] | n.(下水道的) 污水 | Discharge of raw sewage into the sea is unsanitary and unsafe.
- ventilation | [ˌventɪˈleɪʃn] | n. 通风;通风设备 | Some people think that ventilation is the same thing as air conditioning.
- distil | [dɪˈstɪl] | v.蒸馏;提取.....的精华 | You can distil the water from the lake and make it drinkable.

# 文化历史 第一组

- decorate | ['dekəreɪt] | v. 装饰 | Using extremely different decorating schemes in adjoining rooms may result in lack of unity in style.
- soul | [səʊl] | n. 灵魂;心灵;精神 | No words can express the secret agony of my soul.
- spirit | ['spɪrɪt] | n. 精神,心灵 | We need a spirit of enterprise if we are to overcome our difficulties.
- foreigner | ['fɒrənə(r)] | n. 外国人 | Some foreigners assimilate easily into our way of life.
- native | ['neɪtɪv] | adj. 本土的 n. 本地人 | He is a native of Beijing.
- Bible | ['baɪb(ə)l] | n. 基督教的《圣经》| The Bible begins with the Genesis.
- cathedral | [kə'θiːdrəl] | n. 大教堂 | This cathedral was regarded as a miracle in architectural history.
- holy | ['həʊli] | adj. 神圣的;圣洁的,虔诚的 | A holy person is spiritually pure.
- museum | [mjuˈziːəm] | n. 博物馆 | A visit to the museum is an unforgettable experience.
- priest | [pri:st] | n. 牧师; 神父; 教士 | The priest persuaded him to give up his badhabit.



- religion | [rɪˈlɪdʒən] | n. 宗教、宗教信仰 | There are many religions in the world.
- sacred | ['seɪkrɪd] | adj. 神圣的; 宗教的 | This area was hallowed by sacred memories.
- bishop | ['bɪ[əp] | n. 主教 | I've heard a whisper that the Bishop intends toleave.
- Pope | [pəʊp] | n. 教皇 | The election of a new Pope is coming.
- missionary | ['mɪʃənri] | n. 传教士 | The missionary was sent to India last year.
- monk | [mʌŋk] | n. 僧侣 | The man was a monk from Mount Emei.
- humanitarian | [hjuːˌmænɪ'teəriən] | n. 人道主义者 adj. 人道主义的,博爱的 | Hepburn is known as a great humanitarian.
- alien | [ˈeɪliən] | n. 外侨;外星生物 adj. 外国的;陌生的 | I ran into an old friend in the alien land.
- antique | [æn'tiːk] | n. 古董 adj. 古董的 | He wears designer clothes and drives anantique car.
- convention | [kənˈvenʃn] | n. 惯例;大型会议 | The handshake is a social convention.
- culture | ['kʌlt[ə(r)] | n. 文化,文明;教养 | China plays an important role in promoting Asian culture.
- civilisation | [ˌsɪvəlaɪˈzeɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 文明 | Western civilisation was cradled in Ancient Greece.
- renaissance | [rɪˈneɪs(ə)ns] | n. [the R~] 文艺复兴时期 | The Renaissance was an epoch of unparalleled cultural achievement.
- epic | ['epɪk] | n. 史诗 adj. 宏大的 | Their epic fight is the subject of a new film.
- ideology | [ˌaɪdiˈɒlədʒi] | n. 意识形态,思想体系 | An obsolete ideology can hamper an economy.
- tradition | [trəˈdɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 传统 | Asia has a long tradition of tea-drinking. China is no exception.
- custom | ['kʌstəm] | n. 习俗; (个人的) 习惯 | The custom prevails over the whole area.
- feudalism | ['fjuːdəlɪzəm] | n. 封建主义;封建制度 | Feudalism was not abolished in England until 1660.
- slavery | ['sleɪvəri] | n. 奴隶制 | They thought slavery was morally wrong.
- ethical | ['eθɪk(ə)l] | adj. 伦理的, 道德的 | You can't divorce science from ethical questions.
- moral | ['mɒrəl] | adj. 道德上的;有道德的 n. [~s] 道德 | The old gentleman claimed himself to be a very moral man, who had never told a lie in his life.
- tribe | [traɪb] | n. 部落 | The tribe's development was more primitive than that of their neighbours.
- aboriginal | [ˌæbəˈrɪdʒən(ə)l] | n. [A~] 澳大利亚土著人 adj. 本土原有的;土著的 | Many Aboriginals do not like the idea of a day to celebrate the British landing.
- inhabitant | [ɪnˈhæbɪtənt] | n. 居民 | The local inhabitants do not like noisy tourists in summer.
- local | [ˈləʊk(ə)l] | adj. 当地的 n. 当地人 | He provided local delicacies for his guests.
- exotic | [ɪg'zptɪk] | adj. 外来的;异国情调的 | The exotic atmosphere will fascinate you.
- anthropologist | [,ænθrə'pɒlədʒɪst] | n. 人类学家 | The anthropologist contrasted two cultures in his lecture.
- heritage | ['herɪtɪdʒ] | n. (国家的) 遗产 | They take great pride in their cultural heritage.
- inherit | [ɪn'herɪt] | v. 继承 (财产等);经遗传获得 | He inherited a house from his father.
- archaeology | [,a:ki'plədʒi] | n. 考古学 | Archaeology is the study of ancient civilisations.
- excavate | ['ekskəveɪt] | 挖掘,发掘 | It took a long time to excavate the ancient city of Troy.
- pottery | ['potəri] | n. 陶器 | Modern pottery is usually ornamental.
- engrave | [ɪnˈɡreɪv] | v. 在.....上雕刻 | The jeweller will engrave the inside of the ring with her name.
- ritual | ['rɪtʃuəl] | n. 仪式 | The scientists found that personal involvement in aritual is necessary.
- etiquette | ['etɪkət] | n. 礼仪, 礼节 | He felt very sorry for his breach of etiquette.



- belief | [bɪˈliːf] | n. 信念;信仰 | His firmness in his beliefs supported him through difficulties.
- hallowed | ['hæləʊd] | adj. 神圣的; 受尊崇的 | The Ganges is hallowed as a sacred, cleansing river.
- church | [t[s:t[] | n. 教堂 | I'm just going to the church to see the priest.
- choir | ['kwaɪə(r)] | n. 唱诗班 | The choir sang the Amens beautifully.
- temple | ['temp(ə)I] | n. 寺院, 庙宇 | The temple has been considered an example of classic design.
- pagoda | [pəˈgəʊdə] | n. 佛塔 | The pagoda perches on top of the hill.

### 文化历史 第二组

- king | [kɪŋ] | n. 国王 | The king is the most important person in a kingdom.
- queen | [kwiːn] | n. 王后;女王 | They were bowing as the king and queen walked in.
- background | ['bækgraʊnd] | n. 背景; (个人出身、受教育) 经历 | He is a man with a special cultural background.
- accident | ['æksɪdənt] | n. 事故; 意外, 偶然的事 | His left knee was hurt in a traffic accident.
- thrive | [θraɪv] | v. 繁荣, 兴旺发达; 茁壮生长 | First thrive and then wive.
- emperor | ['empərə(r)] | n. 皇帝 | The emperor unified the country by the sword.
- lord | [lɔːd] | n. (英国) 贵族; [L~] 阁下,大人; [the L~] 上帝 | The young lord with the red-gold hair bowed, "As you command, Lord Edward.
- prince | [prɪns] | n. 王子; 亲王 | The prince fell in love with a fair young maiden.
- princess | [ˌprɪnˈses] | n. 公主; 王妃 | The princess was ostracised for marrying a rich bourgeois man.
- experience | [ɪkˈspɪəriəns] | n. 经验; (一次) 经历,体验 | It was a truly memorable experience.
- incident | ['ɪnsɪdənt] | n.(尤指不寻常的、重要的或暴力的) 事件;(两国间的) 冲突 | A serious incident along the border increased our fears of war.
- majesty | ['mædʒəsti] | n. 威严,壮观;陛下 | I enjoyed all the majesty of royal ceremonies.
- knight | [naɪt] | n. 骑士 v. 封 (某人) 为爵士 | He was knighted for his war services.
- empire | ['empaɪə(r)] | n. 帝国 | The empire had for years been falling intodecadence.
- imperial | [ɪmˈpɪəriəl] | adj. 帝国的 | They made an objection to the imperial system with resolution.
- royal | [ˈrɔɪəl] | adj. 皇家的;高贵的 | Britain has always had a large navy, called the Royal Navy.
- dynasty | ['dɪnəsti] | n. 朝代 | The Tang Dynasty is a period remarkable for its liberality.
- chronology | [krəˈnɒlədʒi] | n. 年表,事件发生顺序表;年代学 | It seems that the paper has confused the chronology of these events.
- nobility | [nəʊˈbɪləti] | n. 高尚的品质;贵族 | Virtue is the only true nobility.
- guardian | ['gɑːdiən] | n. 保卫者; 监护人 adj. 守护的 | He became the legal guardian of his brother's daughter.
- nostalgia | [nɒˈstældʒə] | n. 思乡之情;怀旧之情 | The soldiers were filled with nostalgia.
- homesick | ['həʊmsɪk] | adj. 思乡的 | My American friend tells me, she is never as homesick as during this time of year, around Thanksgiving.
- celebrity | [sə'lebrəti] | n. 名人;名誉 | Celebrity, money and possessions are too often the touchstones for teenagers.
- status | ['steɪtəs] | n. 地位,身份 | Being an engineer gives him a high social status.
- anecdote | [ˈænɪkdəʊt] | n. 轶事,奇闻 | He preceded his lecture with a humorous anecdote.



- prosperity | [prp/sperati] | n. 繁荣, 兴旺 | The empire was on the wane after its period of prosperity.
- setback | ['setbæk] | n. 挫折, 阻碍 | This setback has drained away my keenness.
- adversity | [ədˈvɜːsəti] | n. 逆境 | Hardship disposes man to meet adversity.

#### 娱乐运动 第一组

- artist | ['aːtɪst] | n. 艺术家 | He was not the kind of artist who could work collaboratively.
- programme | ['prəʊɡræm] | n. 节目; 方案; (演出或活动的) 程序 | There was an interesting programme on TV yesterday.
- film | [fɪlm] | n. 影片; 胶卷 | A good film will be on this weekend.
- movie | [muːvi] | n. 电影 | This movie was hyped up in the media before it was screened.
- concert | ['kɒnsət] | n. 音乐会 | Various performers will present a concert to raise money for AIDS charities.
- magic | ['mædʒɪk] | n. 魔术; 魔法 | The magician thrilled his audience with his magic.
- press | [pres] | n. 新闻界,记者;报刊;出版社 | The power of the press is very great.
- correspondent | [,kprə'sppndənt] | n. 通信者;通讯员,记者 | That war correspondent proudly outgunned the army sharpshooters.
- messenger | ['mesɪndʒə(r)] | n. 邮递员,信使 | The messenger brought your note today.
- medium | ['miːdiəm] | n. 媒介 adj. 中间的,中等的 | Present's speech was broadcast through the medium of television.
- entertain | [ˌentə'teɪn] | v.娱乐;招待;心存,怀有 | This television programme is designed to educate and to entertain as well.
- announcer | [əˈnaʊnsə(r)] | n. 广播员,播音员 | The announcer started with the day's topstories.
- critic | ['krɪtɪk] | n. 批评家;挑剔的人 | The critics said the new movie would not do well at the box office
- journalist | ['dʒɜːnəlɪst] | n. 记者,新闻工作者 | No journalist was bold enough to challenge the Prime Minister.
- painter | ['peɪntə(r)] | n. 画家;油漆匠 | This painter is not first-class.
- typist | ['taɪpɪst] | n. 打字员 | The two typists have already worked all day.
- drama | ['drɑːmə] | n. 戏,剧;戏剧艺术 | My brother was studying a course in drama at university.
- imitate | ['ɪmɪteɪt] | v. 模仿,效仿 | He imitates other people to perfection.
- opera | ['pprə] | n. 歌剧 | She joined the Royal Opera House the following year.
- orchestra | ['ɔ:kɪstrə] | n. 管弦乐队 | This orchestra has been established under the patronage of the government.
- perform | [pəˈfɔːm] | v. 表演, 演出 | A jazz band will perform live at tomorrow'sparty.
- rehearsal | [rɪˈhɜːsl] | n. 排练 | The play is in rehearsal now.
- await | [ə'weɪt] | v. 等候,期待;将降临到……身上 | If you are lucky enough to vacation in the Alps, what delights will await you?
- expect | [ɪk'spekt] | v. 预料,预期 | The managers expect exceptional sales growth in the last quarter.
- circus | ['sɜːkəs] | n. 马戏团; 圆形广场 (常用于地名) | Last Christmas, the circus owner decided to take some presents to a children's hospital.



- handout | ['hændaʊt] | n. 传单;讲义 | Please read the handout carefully.
- ballet | ['bæleɪ] | n. 芭蕾舞; 芭蕾舞剧 | I wanted to be a ballet dancer when I was a child.
- leaflet | ['li:flət] | n. 传单 v. 散发传单 | We were paid to leaflet advertisements in the shopping mall.
- gossip | ['gɒsɪp] | n. 闲聊;流言蜚语 | I've read about it in the gossip column.
- propaganda | [ˌprɒpəˈgændə] | n. 宣传,鼓吹 | These reports clearly contain elements of propaganda.
- recreation | [ˌriːkriˈeɪʃn] | n. 休闲,娱乐 | Harry makes up funny stories to amuse his little brother.
- foresee | [fɔːˈsiː] | v. 预见,预知 | They cannot foresee how things will turn out.
- comedy | ['kɒmədi] | n. 喜剧 | Dwayne Johnson talked about his experiences of starring in comedies.
- symphony | ['sɪmfəni] | n. 交响乐 | The Royal Stockholm Philharmonic Orchestra played Beethoven's
   Ninth Symphony .
- festival | ['festɪv(ə)l] | n.节日; (音乐、电影等的) 节 | This music festival will feature fireworks, live music, and barbecue.
- feast | [fi:st] | n.盛宴; (宗教) 节日 | The feast was served by his mother and sisters.
- mimic | ['mɪmɪk] | v.模仿,效仿 | He mimicked the teacher's accent.
- simulate | ['sɪmjuleɪt] | v.模拟;假装,冒充 | We can use computers to simulate many situations.
- tragedy | ['trædʒədi] | n.悲剧; 悲惨的事 | She was too exhausted and distressed to talk about the tragedy.
- animation | [ˌænɪˈmeɪʃ(ə)n] | n.动画片;动画制作 | It is this cartoon that brought the animation industry back from the dead.
- X-rated | ['eks reɪtɪd] | adj.x级的,青少年不宜的 | When Logan was showed in cinema, it was X-rated.
- craftsman | ['krɑːftsmən] | n.工匠, 工艺师 | The original designs were made by highly skilled craftsmen.
- commentator | ['kɒmənteɪtə(r)] | n. 评论员; 实况解说员 | I enjoy this sports commentator's commentaries very much.
- exponent | [ɪk'spəʊnənt] | n. 阐述者,倡导者,拥护者 | He is an exponent of the opinions of Einstein.
- editor | ['edɪtə(r)] | n. 编辑,校订者;(电台或电视台的) 记者,编辑 | She gave the editor a dishonest account of this event.
- publish | ['pʌblɪʃ] | v. 公布; 出版, 发行 | News of the pop star's sudden death was not published for several days.
- disseminate | [dɪ'semɪneɪt] | v. 散布,传播 | The agency would collect and disseminate information.
- anticipate | [æn'tɪsɪpeɪt] | v. 预期,预料 | Sales are better than they have anticipated.
- pastime | ['pɑːstaɪm] | n. 消遣,娱乐 | Listening to music is the favourite pastime of many people all over the world.
- rumour | ['ruːmə(r)] | n. 谣言,传闻 | The rumour soon swept the entire company.
- consensus | [kənˈsensəs] | n. 共识,一致的意见 | Could we reach a consensus on this issue? Let's take a vote.
- amuse | [əˈmjuːz] | v. 逗乐;给......提供娱乐 | Harry makes up funny stories to amuse his little brother.

# 娱乐运动 第二组

• role | [rəʊl] | n. 角色;作用;职能 | I played the role of the mean aunt in the play.

- competition | [ˌkɒmpə'tɪʃ(ə)n] | n.竞争;比赛 | There is a rise in unemployment, so the competition for jobs is very fierce.
- piano | [piˈænəʊ] | n.钢琴 | He started to learn the piano when he was very young.
- violin | [ˌvaɪə'lɪn] | n.小提琴 | The violin is not quite in tune with the piano.
- drum | [drʌm] | n.鼓;鼓状物;大桶 | The drum beats were steady and slow.
- guitar | [gɪˈtɑː(r)] | n.吉他 | She strummed her guitar, singing her own song.
- exhibition | [ˌeksɪˈbɪʃ(ə)n] | n.展览 | They are coming to the exhibition as my guests.
- band | [bænd] | n.乐队; | The band will play on request.
- jazz | [dʒæz] | n.爵士乐 | He is well versed in many styles of jazz.
- musical | ['mjuːzɪk(ə)l] | adj.音乐的; 悦耳的 | The drum is one of the oldest musical instruments.
- pop | [ppp] | n.流行音乐,流行乐曲 | The radio had fed him a stream of pop songs.
- rhythm | ['rɪðəm] | n节奏,韵律 | I can't dance to music without a good rhythm.
- stage | [steɪdʒ] | n.舞台; 阶段; | Each stage of the battle was carried off flawlessly.
- tone | [təʊn] | n.音色; 声调; 腔调 | This violin has a very good tone.
- trumpet | ['trʌmpɪt] | n.喇叭, 小号 | His performance as a trumpet player was quite revolutionary.
- tune | [tjuːn] | n.曲调;短乐曲 | The violin seems to be out of tune.
- rock | [rɒk] | n.摇滚乐;岩石 | Glam rock developed in the early 1970s and David Bowie was one of the most influential glam rock artists.
- patron | ['peɪtrən] | n.赞助人; 顾客, 老主顾 | A wealthy patron has promised to send him to study overseas.
- spectator | [spek'teɪtə(r)] | n.观众 | The match attracted over 40,000 spectators.
- champion | ['tʃæmpiən] | n.冠军,第一名 | As the defending champion, she is expected to reach the final.
- melody | ['melədi] | n.乐曲; 旋律 | I like that song, because its melody is really pleasant.
- solo | ['səʊləʊ] | n 独奏,独唱 | She has acquired a reputation as this country's premier solo violinist.
- scene | [siːn] | n.景色; 现场; (戏剧的) 场面 | The scene is perfect when you see the sun rising slowly in the east.
- gallery | ['gæləri] | n.美术馆 | The pictures in the gallery were well spacedout.
- aesthetic | [iːsˈθetɪk] | adj.审美的 | His aesthetic standards are quite different from mine.
- collect | [kə'lekt] | v.收集;收藏 | He used to collect stamps, but now he likes to collect coins.
- select | [sɪ'lekt] | v.选择,挑选 | They were selected from many applicants.
- opt | [ppt] | v.选择 | My aunt opted for early retirement.
- photograph | [ˈfəʊtəgrɑːf] | n.照片,相片 | His photograph showed how the plant turned out.
- portrait | ['pɔ:treɪt] | n.肖像,半身画像 | Her portrait hangs in the lobby of the library.
- painting | ['peɪntɪŋ] | n.油画,绘画; | This painting is invaluable.
- sculpture | ['skʌlpt[ə(r)] | n.雕塑 | The smooth contour of the sculpture is wonderful.
- draw | [drɔː] | v.画;拉;拔出 | Draw a line with a ruler.
- depict | [dɪˈpɪkt] | v.描述, 描写; | In this new biography, she is depicted as a lonely and unhappy woman.
- describe | [dɪˈskraɪb] | v.描述、形容 | Words cannot describe the beauty of the scene.



- carve | [kɑːv] | V.雕刻;切下 | The statue was carved out of marble.
- improvise | ['ɪmprəvaɪz] | V.临时做;即兴创作 | If an actor forgets his lines on stage, he has to improvise.
- classical | ['klæsɪk(ə)l] | adj.古典的,传统的 | Beethoven is regarded as one of the immortals of classical music.
- hip-hop | ['hɪp hɒp] | n.嘻哈文化 | Hip-hop singers like to wear bling-bling in their music videos to look fancy.
- lyric | ['lɪrɪk] | n.抒情诗; | I don't understand the lyrics, which are in French, but the song sounds peaceful.
- disc | [dɪsk] | n. 光碟;唱片; [英] (计算机) 磁碟,磁盘 | There is no disc that interest me.
- cello | ['t∫eləʊ] | n..大提琴 | She plays the cello in an orchestra.
- harmonica | [hɑːˈmɒnɪkə] | n.口琴 | He played a tune on his harmonica.
- flute | [flu:t] | n. 长笛 | The long-drawn-out sound of a flute is coming from far to near.
- tournament | ['tʊənəmənt] | n.锦标赛, 联赛 | He has 65 tournament wins to his name.
- Olympic | [ə'lɪmpɪk] | adj.奥林匹克运动会的 | The most important part of the Olympics is to participate rather than to win.
- sponsor | ['sponsə(r)] | n.发起人;主办人;赞助人 | The company had sponsored the football match.
- athlete | [ˈæθliːt] | n.运动员: [英] 田径运动员 | The boy first showed promise as an athlete in primary school.
- volunteer | [ˌvɒlən'tɪə(r)] | n.志愿者 v.自愿做 | Many people volunteer to work on the farms.

#### 娱乐运动 第三组

- famous | ['feɪməs] | adj.著名的,出名的 | Wuthering Heights is one of the most famous novels in the world.
- picnic | ['pɪknɪk] | n.野餐;野餐食物 v.野餐 | Let's eat our picnic by the waterfall.
- trip | [trɪp] | v.绊倒 n.旅行; 绊倒 | The trip was expensive and uncomfortable.
- camp | [kæmp] | n.营地;阵营 | At dusk, we pitched camp in the middle of nowhere.
- exercise | ['eksəsaiz] | n.锻炼,运动;习题,练习 v.锻炼 | Swimming is probably the best form of exerciseyou can get.
- climb | [klaɪm] | v.攀登, 爬 | It is not easy to climb a steep mountain.
- jog | [dʒɒg] | v.慢跑 | The old bus jogged steadily down the road.
- race | [reɪs] | n.赛跑,速度竞赛;人种,种族 | The horse is racing against five others.
- jump | [dʒʌmp] | v.跳;暴涨;跳远 | He jumped when he heard the news.
- skate | [skeɪt] | V.滑冰 | What fun it is to throw snowballs, and to skate on the ice!
- tennis | ['tenɪs] | n.网球 | He is a professional tennis player.
- chess | [t∫es] | n.国际象棋 | Games like chess are intellectual pursuits.
- gym | [dʒɪm] | n.体育活动; | Both able-bodied and disabled people can use this gym.
- spring | [sprɪŋ] | vn.跳,跃 | The cat crouched ready to spring.
- cricket | ['krɪkɪt] | n.板球 | A cricket in the house is good luck.



- plunge | [plʌndʒ] | V.纵身投入;猛跌;(使) 投身 n.跳水;猛跌 | He plunged into the water to save the child.
- motion | ['məʊ[n] | v. 做动作,示意 | She motioned for us to hide ourselves.
- stadium | ['steɪdiəm] | n.体育场,运动场 | The stadium has been fitted with seating for 100,000 spectators.
- strain | [streɪn] | V.拉紧: 拉伤, 纽伤 n.张力, 拉力; (精神上的) 紧张 | I strained my back when I lifted the box.
- tumble | ['tʌmb(ə)l] | v.摔倒,滚下 | She tumbled on the slick, damp ground.
- wander | ['wondə(r)] | v.闲逛,漫步;走柿,开小差 | It is fun to wander the world.
- badminton | ['bædmɪntən] | n.羽毛球 | Badminton can be played by two or four people.
- bat | [bæt] | n.球拍,球棒,球板 | I want to buy a new cricket bat.
- bounce | [baʊns] | v. (使) 反弹, {使) 弹起; (使) 跳动 | The ball hit the wall and bounced off it.
- dive | [daɪv] | v.跳水;潜水;俯冲 | Diving is a part of this expedition.
- drag | [dræg] | V.拖, 拉, 拽 | Use your mouse to drag the pictures into that folder.
- drift | [drɪft] | v.飘移,漂流;流浪,漂泊 | The dead body drifted ashore on the beach.
- excursion | [ɪkˈskɜːʃn] | n.远足,短程旅行 | We went on an excursion to that town.
- glide | [glaɪd] | v.滑动,掠过 n.滑行 | The beautiful swan glides gracefully on the pond.
- goal | [gəʊl] | n.球门; 进球得分; 目的 | The home side rubbed in their superiority with a further goal.
- hunt | [hʌnt] | n.打猎;搜寻 v.猎取;搜寻 | Parent birds began to hunt for food for their young.
- kick | [kɪk] | v.n.踢 | Don't kick the ball into the road.
- knock | [nɒk] | v.敲, 击; 撞 | I was so hurried that I knocked into my teacher.
- lag | [læg] | v.落后 n.间隔,时间差 | Let not a single classmate lag behind.
- leap | [liːp] | n.跳跃 | The thief leaped over the wall and ran away.
- mobile | ['məʊbaɪl] | adj.可移动的;流动的 | The mobile phone business actually was the company's bread and butter.
- movement | ['muːvmənt] | n. (身体部位的) 活动; 运动; 移动 | Her every movement is very graceful.
- outdoor | [ˈaʊtdɔː(r)] | adj.户外的,室外的 | If you enjoy outdoor activities, this is the trip for you.
- pitch | [pɪtʃ] | n. 沥青 | They used pitch to cover roofs.
- pull | [pʊl] | v.拉,拖,扯;划(小船) | They pulled the boat toward the lighthouse.
- racket | ['rækɪt] | n. (网球、羽毛球等的) 球拍 | Can I borrow your tennis racket?
- ski | [skiː] | v.滑雪 n.滑雪板 | The students often go skiing during winter vacations.
- soccer | ['sɒkə(r)] | n. (英式) 足球 | In soccer, only the goalkeeper can play the ball with his hands.
- stretch | [stretʃ] | V.伸展;伸长 {胳膊、腿) | He stretched out his hand, reaching for a book.
- tent | [tent] | n.帐篷 | He drew back the tent flap and strode out into the blizzard.
- throw | [θrəʊ] | V.投, 掷, 抛, 扔 | Throw the stone in the air.
- toss | [tos] | v.扔,抛,掷; (使)颠簸 | The canoe was tossed about among the eddies.
- training | ['treɪnɪŋ] | n.训练,锻炼;培训 | Training is a prerequisite for competence.
- cruise | [kru:z] | v.乘船游览;以平稳的速度行驶 | The car was cruising along at 60 kilometres an hour.
- indoor | ['ɪndɔː(r)] | adj.室内的 | Billiards is a good indoor game.
- energetic | [ˌenəˈdʒetɪk] | adj.充满活力的,精力充沛的 | He is an energetic basketball player.



- pedestrian | [pəˈdestriən] | n.步行者、行人 | In the accident, a pedestrian and a cyclist were injured.
- stride | [straɪd] | v.大步走,阔步行走 | They are striding forward both in English and in mathematics.
- bend | [bend] | V.俯身, 弯腰; 使弯曲 | He bent his walking direction toward me.
- pace | [peɪs] | n.步速,速度;步调,节奏 v.来回踱步 | Are wages keeping pace with inflation?
- hike | [haɪk] | v.n.徒步旅行,远足 | It may rain, in which case the hike will be canceled.
- hop | [hop] | v.跳上 (或下);单脚跳行;齐足跳行 | The robber hopped into his car and rushed off.
- linger | ['lɪngə(r)] | v.逗留,流连;继续存留 | We lingered at the beach the whole summer.
- well-known | [,wel 'nəʊn] | adj.众所周知的,出名的 | The writer is well-known for his prolific works.
- vigorous | ['vɪgərəs] | adj.充满活力的;活跃的,积极的 | Our attack was very vigorous and the enemy retreated back to the river bank.
- yoga | ['jəʊgə] | n.瑜伽 | Some people practise yoga to aid relaxation.
- sprawl | [spro:l] | V.仰开四肢坐着 {或躺着); 延伸, 蔓延 | He sprawled on the sofa.
- golf | [gplf] | n.高尔夫球 | Hundreds of private golf clubs took part in a recent study.
- marathon | [ˈmærəθən] | n.马拉松赛跑; 马拉松式的活动 | Gallard completed the marathon in less than three hours.
- step | [step] | n.步伐;步骤 | One thing you can do is trying to solve it step by step.
- vacation | [veɪˈkeɪʃn; vəˈkeɪʃn] | v.休假 n.休假;假期 | I was too busy to spare time for a vacation.
- billiards | ['bɪliədz] | n.台球 | He spent a whole afternoon playing billiards.
- volleyball | ['vɒlibɔ:l] | n.排球 | They are watching a live TV broadcast of the volleyball match.
- hockey | ['hɒki] | n.曲棍球; 冰球 | She played hockey for the national team.
- flip | [flɪp] | v.掷;{使} 快速翻动 adj.随便的,轻率的 | Let's flip a coin to see who goes first.
- slide | [slaɪd] | v.滑动;逐渐降低 n.滑行;下跌 | House values may begin to slide.
- slip | [slɪp] | v.滑跤;滑落;溜 n.滑倒 | She slipped and fell down the stairs.
- cycling | ['saɪklɪŋ] | n.骑自行车运动 | He likes cycling very much and wants to buy a bicycle.
- bow | [baʊ, bəʊ] | v.n.鞠躬 | He can't agree with her, but bowed to her greater experience and knowledge.

### 物品材料 第一组

- soap | [səʊp] | n. 肥皂 v. 用肥皂擦洗 | Don't touch anything before you soap your hands.
- towel | ['taʊəl] | n. 毛巾, 手巾 | I dry my hands and face with a towel.
- material | [mə¹tɪəriəl] | n. 材料,原料;人才 adj. 物质的 | There is singer material among these young girls.
- blanket | ['blæŋkɪt] | n. 毛毯, 毯子 | She huddled herself in the blanket.
- broom | [bruːm] | n. 扫帚 v. 用扫帚扫 | She used a broom to sweep up the scraps of paper.
- carpet | ['kɑːpɪt] | n. 地毯,毡毯,毛毯 | The armchair blends well with the colour of the carpet.
- cushion | ['kʊʃ(ə)n] | n. 软垫 | She plumps up the sofa cushion.
- mat | [mæt] | n. 地垫, 地席 | I wiped my shoes on the mat before I came in.
- pillow | ['pɪləʊ] | n. 枕头 | My daughter asked me to buy her a pillow stuffed with feathers.
- plug | [plʌg] | n. 塞子; 插头 v. 把.....塞住 | You don't need to plug your ears since the music is not so loud.



- quilt | [kwɪlt] | n. 被子 | If you air your quilt on such a wet day, it'll soak up the moisture.
- razor | ['reɪzə(r)] | n. 剃刀 v.(用剃刀) 剃 | He razored his face clean of his beard.
- rug | [rʌg] | n. 小地毯;(盖肩或腿的)小毯子 | He bargained with the merchant for an hour before he bought the rug.
- shampoo | [ʃæmˈpuː] | v. 用洗发剂洗 (头发) n. 洗发剂 | She wetted her hair and then put shampoo on it.
- shave | [[eɪv] | v. 剃须, 刮脸 | I lathered my face and started to shave.
- sheet | [ʃiːt] | n. 被单,床单;一张 (纸);薄板 | We change the sheet every week.
- sponge | [spʌndʒ] | n. 海绵 | That child soaks up new facts like a sponge!
- tap | [tæp] | n. 旋塞,龙头 | He rigged a rubber hose to the tap in the kitchen.
- tub | [tʌb] | n. 桶,盆;[美] 浴缸,浴盆 | She comforted her husband by putting his feet in a tub of hot water.
- nail | [neɪl] | n. 指甲;钉子 v.(用钉子)钉住 | Please hammer a nail into the wall.
- pad | [pæd] | n. 衬垫,垫;便笺本 v. (用软材料)填塞 | She always kept a pad and a pencil by the phone.
- pipe | [paɪp] | n.管子,管道;烟斗 | All through the afternoon and the evening, he went on thinking silently, and smoking pipe after pipe.
- raw | [rɔː] | adj. 天然的,未经加工的;(感情) 原始的 | Today, the main sources of raw cotton are China and India.
- tube | [tjuːb] | n. 管;(电视机的)显像管; [ 英 ](伦敦) 地铁 | She passed me a tube of toothpaste.
- junk | [ dʒʌŋk ] | n. 无用的东西,废物 | What about junk food?
- necessity | [nəˈsesəti] | n. 必需品,必不可少的事物;必要 | Water is a necessity of life.
- sweep | [swi:p] | v. 打扫; (迅猛地) 吹走; 掠过 | I saw the tops of trees moving in circles, and pieces of wood were swept up into the air.
- crude | [kruːd] | adj. 天然的,未经加工的;粗糙的 n. 原油 | The price of crude oil has come down recently.
- garbage | ['gɑ:bɪdʒ] | n. [ 尤美 ] 垃圾,废物 | They fouled the water by throwing in garbage.
- rubbish | ['rʌbɪʃ] | n. [ 尤英 ] 垃圾,废弃物,废话 | The dustman comes once a week to collect the rubbish.
- litter | ['lɪtə(r)] | n. 垃圾,废弃物 v. 乱丢东西 | Litter covered the cinema floor after the film.
- mop | [mpp] | n. 拖把 v. 用拖把擦 | She mopped up the water.
- utensil | [juː'tens(ə)l] | n. (家庭) 用具,器皿 | He took a camping utensil that can serve as a knife, fork and spoon to school.
- kit | [kɪt] | n. 成套工具 | There is a repair kit provided in the boot of each car.
- merchandise | ['maːt[əndaɪs] | n. 商品 | We often call these goods merchandise.
- souvenir | [ˌsuːvəˈnɪə(r)] | n. 纪念品 | These souvenirs were gathered from all parts of the world.
- mattress | ['mætrəs] | n. 床垫 | A mattress is filled with feathers, cotton, or straw.
- staple | ['steɪp(ə)l] | n. 订书钉; 主要部分 | He used a pair of scissors to take the staple out of the document.
- stuff | [stʌf] | n. 东西;原料 | I've got quite a lot of stuff to read.
- artefact | ['aːtɪfækt] | n. 人造物品;手工艺品 | Software is a cultural artefact of the modern world.
- outfit | [ˈaʊtfɪt] | n. 全套服装;全套装备 v. 配备,装备 | The football team were wearing orange outfits.



- trash | [træ[] | n. [美] 垃圾 | Trash can do great damage to the environment.
- recycle | [ˌriː'saɪkl] | v. 使再循环,回收利用;反复应用 | I plan on recycling old warehouses as condominiums.
- reuse | [ˌriː'juːz] | v. 再次使用 | These bottles are designed to be reused up to 20 times.
- waste | [weɪst] | n. 废物;浪费 v. 浪费 | It's a waste of time to speak to her.
- landfill | ['lændfɪl] | n. 垃圾填埋地; 垃圾填埋 | Americans send more than 30 million tons of food to the landfill every year.
- sewerage | ['su:ərɪdʒ] | n. 排水系统,污水处理系统; (= sewage)污水 | Our town has a modern sewerage system.
- detergent | [dɪ'tɜːdʒənt] | n. 洗涤剂 | He recommended a new detergent to me.
- lotion | ['ləʊ[n] | n. 洁肤乳; 润肤乳 | This lotion helps brighten and smooth your skin.
- item | [ 'aɪtəm ] | n. 一件物品,一件商品 | She couldn't wedge another item into the suitcase.

# 物品材料 第二组

- fridge | [frɪdʒ] | n. 冰箱 | The butter will soften out of the fridge.
- match | [mætʃ] | n. 火柴; 比赛; 匹配的人或物 v. 与......匹配 | A high standard of play marked the match between the two teams.
- candle | ['kænd(ə)I] | n. 蜡烛 | The candle was blown out by the wind.
- scissors | ['sɪzəz] | n. 剪刀,剪子 | It is rumoured that Leonardo Da Vinci invented the scissors.
- glue | [gluː] | n. 胶,胶水 | Stick them on the card using a small amount of glue.
- phone | [fəʊn] | n. 电话;电话机;电话昕筒 | We swapped phone numbers.
- rubber | ['rʌbə(r)] | n. 橡胶;[ 英 ] 橡皮擦 | Rubber is the country's principal export.
- camera | ['kæm(ə)rə] | n. 照相机,摄影机 | You'd better declare the camera to the official.
- fan | [fæn] | n. 扇子; 风扇; 狂热爱好者 v. 扇 | He has charmed most of them into membership of his fan club.
- wax | [wæks] | n. 蜡;蜂蜡 | The candle gutters when the melted wax runs down its sides.
- bell | [bel] | n. 钟; 铃 | I was roused by the sound of the bell this morning.
- bolt | [bəʊlt] | n. 螺栓;插销 v. 闩上 (门、窗) | We need an eye bolt to fit this valve.
- bucket | ['bʌkɪt] | n. (有握手的) 桶 | One bucket of paint will be enough fo the ceiling.
- bulb | [bʌlb] | n. 电灯泡;球茎;球茎状物 | An efficient bulb may lighten the load of power stations.
- cable | ['keɪb(ə)l] | n. 电缆;缆绳,钢索;电报;有线电视 | This country has almost 15 million subscribers to satellite and cable television.
- curtain | ['ks:t(ə)n] | n. 窗帘; 帘; 幕布 v. 给......装上帘子 | I have enough material to curtain all the windows.
- handle | ['hænd(ə)I] | n. 柄;把手 v. 拿;处理 | You have to press on the handle to turn it; it's very stiff.
- knob | [npb] | n. 球形把手; 旋钮 | He twisted the knob of the door and went inside.
- lantern | [ˈlæntən] | n. 提灯,灯笼 | The Ice Lantern Festival held in Harbin every winter is fantastic.
- pail | [peɪl] | n. [ 尤美 ] (通常是金属或木制的) 桶,提桶 | He tipped the slops out of the pail.
- pane | [peɪn] | n.(一块) 窗玻璃 | He suffered a lot of pain after he accidentally broke a pane of glass.
- refrigerator | [rɪˈfrɪdʒəreɪtə] | n. 冰箱 | My refrigerator suddenly broke down yesterday evening.



- shear | [ʃɪə(r)] | n. [~s] (尤指修剪篱笆用的) 大剪刀 v. 剪 | With a few quick snips of the shears, he pruned the bush.
- switch | [swɪtʃ] | n. 开关;转换 v. 转换 | Press the switch to see if the light comes on.
- tissue | ['tɪʃuː] | n. 薄绢,薄纸;组织;面巾纸 | She wiped off the sweat from her face with a tissue.
- vacuum | ['vækjuːm] | n. 真空; 真空吸尘器 adj. 真空的 | The food is kept in a vacuum pack.
- ink | [ɪŋk] | n. 墨水,油墨 | If the ink sinks in, it'll be hard to remove it.
- cord | [kɔːd] | n. 细绳,粗线 | Our voices depend on our vocal cords.
- element | ['elɪmənt] | n. (化学中的) 元素;组成部分;基本部分 | Both hydrogen and oxygen are elements.
- factor | ['fæktə(r)] | n. 因素,要素 | Her friendly manner is an important factor in her rapid success.
- portable | ['pɔ:təb(ə)l] | adj. 手提式的, 便携式的 | The new portable computers are selling like hot cakes.
- tag | [tæg] | n. 标签; 称号 | Don't forget to put tags with your name and address on your suitcases.
- barrel | ['bærəl] | n.桶 | The wine is aged in oak barrels.
- jar | [dʒɑː(r)] | n. 罐,广口瓶;猛烈震动 | I can't get the lid off this jar.
- edge | [edʒ] | n. 边缘,边;刀口 | Look out! You could fall off the edge here!
- rim | [rɪm] | n.(圆形物的) 外缘, 边缘 | Mike liked very much the golden rims of his glasses.
- shutter | ['ʃʌtə(r)] | n. 百叶窗; (相机) 快门 v. 停止 (营业) | The company shuttered its Hong Kong investment banking business a year ago.
- pamphlet | ['pæmflət] | n. 小册子 | I took a few pamphlets from the travel agency.
- stationery | ['steɪʃ(ə)n(ə)rɪ] | n. 文具;信纸 | Stationery can be imprinted with your message or logo.
- duplicate | ['dju:plɪkeɪt] | v. 重复 n. 副本,复制品 | Don't duplicate what you have already done.
- fuse | [fjuːz] | n. 保险丝;导火线 v.(使)熔化;(使)融合 | We fuse copper and tin to make bronze.
- strand | [strænd] | n. 缕,股;滨,岸 | One strand of silk doesn't make a thread; one tree doesn't make a forest.
- portfolio | [pɔːtˈfəʊlɪəʊ] | n. 文件夹,公事包 | She has left her portfolio in a chair.
- paperback | ['peɪpəbæk] | n. 简装书, 平装书 | This bookshop only sells paperbacks.
- cover | ['kʌvə(r)] | n. 封面;盖子;套子 | The front cover of the novel has been torn off.
- memorandum | [,meməˈrændəm] | n. 备忘录;建议书; (= memo) (公司或组织内部的) 公务便条 | They agreed on the memorandum.
- section | ['sek∫n] | n. 部分;章,节 | One section of the class was reading and the other section was writing.
- label | [ˈleɪb(ə)l] | n. 标签,标贴 | I read the information on the labels before deciding which jam to buy.
- badge | [bædʒ] | n. 徽章;证章;标志,象征 | Wisdom is the badge of maturity.
- opacity | [əʊˈpæsəti] | n.不透明性 | They have chosen the frosted glass owing to its opacity.
- spotlight | ['spotlaɪt] | n. 聚光灯;聚光灯照出的光圈 | The spotlight followed the dancer round the stage.
- flashlight | [ˈflæʃlaɪt] | n.(闪光灯的) 闪光;手电筒 | You can use the flashlight when you take a photo indoors.
- Xerox | [ 'zɪərɒks ] | n.施乐复印件 | He kept the original copy and gave her only a Xerox.



# 物品材料 第三组

- raincoat | ['reɪnkəʊt] | n. 雨衣 | He had no raincoat on when the rain started.
- cotton | ['kptn] | n. 棉;棉线;棉布 | The cotton has been picked and weighed up.
- shelf | [[elf] | n. 架子,搁板 | The shelf is too weak to hold all those books.
- umbrella | [ʌmˈbrelə] | n. 伞,雨伞 | The wind blew my umbrella inside out.
- metal | ['metl] | n. 金属 | A gust of wind pried loose a section of sheet-metal roofing.
- iron | ['aɪən] | n. 铁; 熨斗 v. 熨, 烫 | They analysed the ore and found iron in it.
- plastic | ['plæstɪk] | n. 塑料 adj. 有塑性的; 塑料的 | Many items in daily use are made out of plastic.
- alloy | ['ælɔɪ] | n. 合金; (金属的) 成色 | Brass is an alloy of copper and zinc.
- brass | [bra:s] | n. 黄铜;黄铜制品 | Brass is formed by the fusion of copper and zinc.
- bronze | [bronz] | n. 青铜;青铜艺术品 | We fuse copper and tin to make bronze.
- canvas | ['kænvəs] | n. 帆布;油画布 | They carried canvas sacks over their shoulders.
- cement | [sɪ'ment] | n. 水泥; 胶接剂 v. 使黏结 | The mixed cement has been hoisted up the building.
- crystal | ['krɪst(ə)l] | n. 水晶;结晶,晶体 | People imitate diamonds with crystal.
- fibre | ['faɪbə(r)] | n. 纤维;纤维素 | Scientists are recommending that people eat more fibre.
- fuel | [fjʊəl] | n.燃料 v.给.....加燃料 | We aim for a 10% saving in fuel.
- leather | ['leðə(r)] | n. 皮革; (尤指骑摩托车者穿的) 皮衣 | Wax polish preserves wood and leather.
- lime | [laɪm] | n. 石灰 | Lime in the soil is detrimental to some plants.
- linen | ['lɪnɪn] | n.亚麻布: 亚麻织品 | Low elasticity, imparting a hard and smooth texture, makes linen subject to wrinkling.
- lumber | ['lʌmbə(r)] | n. 木材, 木料 | Forested areas have been expanding every year, with the amount of the increase in standing timber greater than that of felled lumber.
- mine | [maɪn] | n. 矿, 矿井; 地雷 | The mine was closed owing to exhaustion.
- nylon | ['naɪlɒn] | n. 尼龙 | This dress is 80% nylon.
- pit | [pɪt] | n. 深坑;煤矿;潜在危险 | When you fall into a pit, you either die or get out.
- plaster | ['plɑːstə(r)] | n. 灰泥;熟石膏 | The plaster had started to come away from thewall.
- wooden | ['wodn] | adj. 木制的; 呆板的 | There is a wooden porch over the sidewalk.
- diamond | ['daɪmənd] | n. 金刚石,钻石;菱形 | The diamond ring on her finger glittered in the light.
- knit | [nɪt] | v. 编织, 针织 | My grandmother knitted me some socks.
- fence | [fens] | n. 栅栏; 围栏 | That fence is the limit of the schoolyard.
- drawer | [drɔː(r)] | n. 抽屉 | The keys are in the back left-hand corner of the drawer.
- stool | [stuːl] | n. 凳子 | Because of that stool and a pair of computers, I gained a best friend.
- mill | [mɪl] | n. 磨粉机;磨坊 v. 碾碎;无目的地乱转 | Corn is ground into flour in a mill.
- durable | ['djʊərəb(ə)l] | adj. 耐用的, 持久的 | Some parts of the machine have to be made from durable materials.
- available | [ə'veɪləb(ə)l] | adj.可获得的 | Water and electric hook-ups are available and facilities are good.
- pitch | [pɪtʃ] | n. 沥青 | They used pitch to cover roofs.



- inferior | [ɪnˈfɪərɪə] | adj.差的;下级的,低等的 n.级别 (或地位) 低的人;次品 | I grudge paying so much for such inferior goods.
- pedal | ['ped(ə)l] | n. 踏板 v. 踩踏板 | One of the pedals has come off my bicycle.
- lubricate | ['luːbrɪkeɪt] | v. 润滑,加润滑油于 | We find it necessary to lubricate machines.
- miniature | ['mɪnətʃə(r)] | adj. 微型的,很小的 n. 缩微模型;微型画 | The locket contained a miniature portrait of her late husband.
- forge | [fɔːdʒ] | n.锻铁炉 V.锻造;伪造 | These machine parts have been forged with the finest steel.
- hurdle | ['hɜːd(ə)l] | n. 栏架;跨栏赛跑 | With her speed and agility, she can beat all her competitors in the hurdle race.
- ladder | ['lædə(r)] | n. 梯子; (进步、晋升等的) 阶梯 | Diligence is often a ladder to success.
- lift | [lɪft] | v. 提, 抬; 提高 n. [英] 电梯 (美式英语用 elevator) | This box is too heavy for me to lift.
- dredge | [dredʒ] | n. 挖泥船, 挖掘机 v. 挖掘; 撒 (糖、面粉等) | She dredged a little sugar over the cake.
- can | [kæn; kən] | v. 把 (食品) 装罐保存 n. 罐头,听 | She was carrying an armful of cat-food cans and talking to herself.
- lead | [liːd] | n. 铅 | Lead is one of the softer metals.
- fabric | ['fæbrɪk] | n. 织物,布料 | The jacket is comfortable because the fabric breathes.
- weave | [wiːv] | v. 编织;编造 | We are weaving garlands of flowers for heroes.
- counterfeit | ['kaʊntəfɪt] | adj. 假冒的 v. 伪造 | It is against the law to counterfeit money.
- fake | [feɪk] | adj. 假冒的 n. 冒充者;假货 | On closer examination, the painting was proved to be a fake.
- fragile | [ 'frædʒaɪl ] | adj.易碎的; 脆弱的 | Glass is fragile and must be handled with great care.

#### 时尚潮流 第一组

- model | ['mod(ə)l] | n.模型;模范;模特儿 v.使模仿 | After a brief spell as a model, she got into singing.
- dress | [dres] | n.衣服; 连衣帽 | She wears a beautiful evening dress.
- jacket | ['dʒækɪt] | n.夹克衫 | He wore a pair of dark glasses and a jacket all day long.
- sweater | ['swetə(r)] | n.毛衣,线衣 | This woollen sweater may keep you warm in winter.
- trousers | ['traʊzəz] | n. [尤英]裤子 | This pair of trousers is too tight for me.
- jeans | [dʒiːnz] | n.牛仔裤 | Jeans are made of jean, denim, or other durable fabrics.
- skirt | [skɜːt] | n.裙子 | How many skirts do you have?
- perfect | ['pɜːfɪkt] | adj. 完美的 | No one expects you to be perfect, but we do expect you to do your best always.
- beautiful | ['bjuːtɪf(ə)l] | adj.美丽的 | Looking at a beautiful painting always gives one satisfaction.
- pretty | ['prɪti] | adj.漂亮的 adv.相当地 | All the pretty women wore their smartest dresses.
- handsome | ['hænsəm] | adj.数量大的;英俊的 | The waitress received a handsome tip.
- ugly | ['ʌgli] | adj.丑陋的 | You can't persuade me to buy this ugly vase!
- current | ['kʌr(ə)nt] | n. 潮流,趋势 adj. 当前的 | Newspapers influence the current of thought.
- appearance | [əˈpɪər(ə)ns] | n.外貌; 出现 | Don't judge by appearances.
- clasp | [klɑːsp] | n.搭扣 v.扣住 | The button won't clasp.



- clothe | [kləʊð] | v. 给......穿衣;为......提供衣服 | He had to work hard to feed and clothe the large family.
- dye | [daɪ] | n.染料;(染上的) 颜色 v.染 | My roommate has dyed her hair red—it looks so unnatural.
- fashion | ['fæ[(ə)n] | n. 时尚 v.制作、制成 | Loose trousers are the latest fashion.
- gown | [gaʊn] | n. 长外衣; 女礼服 | She put on her silk gown and went to the ball.
- jewel | ['dʒuːəl] | n.宝石 | That jewel has a beautiful shimmer.
- overall | [,əʊvər'ɔːl; 'əʊvərɔːl] | n. [英] (工作时穿的) 罩衣, adj.全面的 | The shop assistant was wearing a white overall.
- overcoat | ['əʊvəkəʊt] | n.大衣 | He turned his overcoat collar up.
- robe | [rəʊb] | n.长袍;浴袍 | She was simply dressed in a plain white robe.
- uniform | ['juːnɪfɔːm] | n.制服 adj.一致的 | Do you have to wear a uniform if you work at McDonald's?
- tendency | ['tend(ə)nsɪ] | n. 趋势;倾向,偏好 | There is a growing tendency for people to work at home instead of in offices.
- trend | [trend] | n.趋势,倾向 | The youth like to follow the latest trends in fashion.
- charming | ['tʃɑːmɪŋ] | adj.迷人的 | Her colourful character makes her very charming.
- grace | [greɪs] | n.优美,优雅 | She was a beautiful girl with the grace and poise of a natural model.
- garment | ['gɑːmənt] | n. (一件) 衣服 | This garment should be washed carefully.
- jewellery | ['dʒuːəlri] | n.珠宝,首饰 | This piece of jewellery is priceless.
- veil | [veɪl] | n.面纱;遮蔽物 | The bride's face was covered with a white veil.
- wardrobe | [ˈwɔːdrəʊb] | n.衣柜; (某人的) 全部服装 | Can you hang these in the wardrobe, please?
- ornament | ['ɔːnəmənt] | n.装饰晶 v.装饰 | Clearness ornaments profound thought.
- extravagant | [ɪk'strævəgənt] | adj. 奢侈的; 过分的 | She's very extravagant—she spends all her money on clothes.
- fascinate | ['fæsɪneɪt] | v.迷住 | This city fascinates him.
- style | [staɪl] | n. 风格;样式;时尚 | The style of this skirt is just in season.
- popularity | [pppjʊˈlærətɪ] | n. 流行 | That record made the singer's popularity boom.
- vogue | [vəʊg] | n.流行 | Long hair for men and high boots for ladies are no longer in vogue.
- prevail | [prɪˈveɪl] | v.盛行; 获胜 | Truth will ultimately prevail.
- icon | ['aɪkɒn] | n.偶像;图标 | That singer is one of the pop culture icons of 1980s.
- idol | ['aɪdl] | n.偶像,受到崇拜的人或物;神像 | That football player is the idol of many young people.
- luxury | ['lʌkʃ(ə)rɪ] | n. 奢侈; 奢侈品 | The increasing sales of luxuries are an indication of the country's prosperity.
- gem | [dʒem] | n. 宝石; 珍品 | This picture is the gem of the collection.
- jade | [dʒeɪd] | n.玉石,黄翠 | I have a pair of jade bracelets.
- adorn | [ə'dɔːn] | v.装饰, 装扮 | She likes to adorn herself with jewels.
- embellish | [ɪm'belɪ[] | v.修饰 | The door of the old church was embellished with intricate carvings.
- embroider | [ɪmˈbrɔɪdə(r)] | v.对 (故事等) 加以渲染;在......上刺绣 | Her shirt is embroidered with roses.
- hairdressing | ['heədresɪŋ] | n美发,理发 | She has spent much money and time on hairdressing.
- pigment | ['pɪgmənt] | n.色素;颜料 | This pigment is a good and common food additive.
- masquerade | [ˌmɑ:skəˈreɪd; ˌmæs-] | n. 化装舞会 v. 化装;假扮 | She masqueraded as a shepherdess.



- costume | ['kɒstjuːm] | n. 戏服; (某历史时期或某地的) 服装 | Her national costume showed which country she came from.
- decent | ['diːs(ə)nt] | adj. 得体的;尚好的 | He made a decent record.
- exquisite | [ɪk'skwɪzɪt] | adj.精歇的; 雅致的 | He has exquisite taste and decent manners.
- elegance | ['elig(ə)ns] | n.文雅, 典雅 | He is admired for the elegance of his writing.
- cosmetics | [kpz'metiks] | n.化妆品 | We have many types of cosmetics for sale.
- make-up | [meɪk ʌp] | n. 化妆品;组成成分;性格 | I cannot tell who's who when the women take off their make up.
- laundry | ['lɔːndri] | n.洗衣店; 要 (或正在) 洗的衣物, 刚洗好的衣物 | There's a lot of laundry in the basket.
- button | ['bʌt(ə)n] | n. 纽扣;按钮 v.扣上.....的纽扣 | One of the buttons has come off my coat.

# 时尚潮流 第二组

- sock | [spk] | n.短袜 | There is a hole in my sock.
- cap | [kæp] | n.(有帽舌的) 帽子 (经费等的) 最高限额 | The cap goes well with your suit.
- hat | [hæt] | n.(常指带惰的) 帽子 | She bought a hat yesterday.
- scarf | [skɑːf] | n.围巾,头巾 | The price of this scarf is below ten dollars.
- glove | [glʌv] | n.手套 | It's getting cold and I have to take out my woollen gloves.
- colour | ['kʌlə] | n.颜色颜料 | Due to the use of natural pigments, these folk paintings retain their colour well.
- grey | [greɪ] | adj.灰色的 n.灰色 | He dressed in grey.
- white | [waɪt] | adj.白的 n.白色 | He was white with fury.
- pink | [pɪŋk] | adj.粉红色的 n.粉红色 | She carried a spray of pink roses.
- yellow | [ˈjeləʊ] | adj.黄的 n.黄色 | The leaves turn yellow in autumn.
- brown | [braʊn] | adj.褐色的 n.褐色 | He had brown skin.
- purple | ['pɜːp(ə)l] | adj.紫的 n.紫色 | That girl like to wear purple dresses.
- wallet | ['wɒlɪt] | n.钱包,皮夹子 | She placed the receipt in her wallet.
- belt | [belt] | n.腰带,皮带;地带,地区 | A belt of trees grew between the two fields.
- boot | [buːt] | n.靴子 | My foot won't go into this boot.
- brim | [brɪm] | n.边缘;帽檐 | He drank at the fountain's brim.
- cloak | [kləʊk] | n.斗篷;覆盖物 | She picked up the old brown cloak and handed it to him.
- collar | ['kɒlə] | n.衣领;项圈 | He turned up his coat collar against the chilly wind.
- handkerchief | ['hæŋkətʃɪf] | n.手帕 | He was playing with his handkerchief all the while during the speech.
- necklace | ['neklɪs] | n.项链 | I value this necklace at 5, 000 dollars.
- needle | ['niːd(ə)l] | n.针 | The needle pierced her finger.
- patch | [pætʃ] | n.补丁; (与周围不同的) 小片 v.补缀 | She sewed a patch onto the knee of the trousers.
- pin | [pɪn] | n. 别针,大头针 v.别住,钉住 | Pin the bills together so you won't lose them.
- purse | [ps:s] | n. [尤英] 钱包; [美] 小手提包 | The loss of her purse caused her much inconvenience.



- rag | [ræg] | n.破布 | She wrapped the box with an old rag.
- sew | [səʊ] | v.缝制,缝补 | The skirt is finished and I'm now going to sew a pocket.
- sleeve | [sliːv] | n.袖子 | A stranger pulled at my sleeve as I was leaving.
- slender | ['slendə(r)] | adj.苗条的;微弱的 | All of us admired her slender figure.
- slight | [slaɪt] | adj.纤细的;轻微的 | Our army suffered a slight reverse.
- slipper | ['slɪpə(r)] | n.拖鞋 | No slipper is allowed in the laboratory.
- spin | [spɪn] | v.纺;(使) 旋转 n.高速旋转;(乘车) 兜风 | We took a spin around the town.
- stain | [steɪn] | v.染污 | The coffee stained his shirt brown.
- stitch | [stɪtʃ] | n.针脚 v.缝 | My mother is stitching a new dress.
- stocking | ['stpkɪŋ] | n. (女式) 长筒袜 | The thief masked his face with a stocking.
- strap | [stræp] | n.带子 v.用带子系 (或捆、扎) | A safety strap is used to prevent falling.
- string | [strɪŋ] | n.线; 一串 | We have had a string of complaints about the programme.
- stripe | [straɪp] | n.条纹 | The body of a zebra is marked by black and white stripes.
- tan | [tæn] | adj.棕黄色的 n.棕黄色;晒成的棕褐色 | It took me all summer to get this tan.
- textile | ['tekstaɪl] | adj.纺织的 n.纺织品 | He intends to retail textile goods.
- tight | [taɪt] | adj.紧的 | This drawer is too tight for me to open it.
- velvet | ['velvɪt] | n.丝绒,天鹅绒 | The lawn looks like green velvet.
- vest | [vest] | n. [英] 汗衫; [美] 西装背心 | One button on the vest is loose.
- wool | [wʊl] | n. (羊等的) 毛毛线 | He found a job of shearing wool from sheep.
- figure | ['fɪgə] | n.身材;身影;重要人物;数字 v.认为 | I could see a tall figure near the door.
- wrap | [ræp] | n. 披肩 | Over her shoulders was a much-mended wrap.
- lace | [leɪs] | n.鞋带; 花边 | He stopped to tie the laces of his sneakers.
- shabby | ['ʃæbɪ] | adj.破旧的衣衫褴褛的 | His shabby appearance creates a bad impression.
- bead | [bi:d] | n.珠子; (液体的) 小滴 v.形成珠状 | She wore a string of beads round her neck.
- chain | [tʃeɪn] | n. 链子, 链条 | She wore a silver chain around her neck.
- bracelet | ['breɪslət] | n.手镯 | I'd like you to take this bracelet as a gift.
- fade | [feɪd] | v.逐渐消失; (使) 褪色 | Beauty fades like a flower.
- blot | [blot] | n.污点 | he new power station is a blot on the landscape.
- tailor | ['teɪlə(r)] | n.裁缝 v.专门制作 | The tailor can alter your new coat to fit you.
- thread | [θred] | n.线; 螺纹 | She is looking for threads which match the cloth.
- ribbon | [ˈrɪbən] | n.缎带,丝带 | Her hair was tied up with a ribbon.

### 饮食健康 第一组

- food | [fuːd] | n.食物 | I prefer vegetarian food.
- dish | [dɪʃ] | n.碟; 菜肴 | The careless waiter dropped the dish onto the ground.
- menu | ['menjuː] | n.菜单 | He called the waiter to bring the menu.
- drink | [drɪnk] | v.饮,喝;喝酒 n.饮料 | It is harmful to your health to drink too much.
- juice | [dʒuːs] | n.果汁,菜汁 | She was drinking juice through a straw.
- coffee | ['kpfi] | n.咖啡 | He put some sugar into his coffee.



- bowl | [bəʊl] | n.碗 | I have a bowl of cereal every morning.
- spoon | [spuːn] | n. 匙,调羹 | His soup spoon dropped onto the ground.
- fork | [fɔːk] | n.餐叉; 分岔处 | They usually eat with a knife and fork.
- knife | [naɪf] | n.刀 | He halved an apple with a knife.
- order | ['ɔːdə(r)] | n. 订单;点的餐 v. 点 (酒菜等) | He gave his order to the waiter.
- silver | ['sɪlvə(r)] | n.银;银器 adj,银的;银色的 | She wore a silver chain around her neck.
- glass | [glaːs] | n.玻璃;玻璃杯 | I cut my hand on some broken glass.
- furnace | ['fɜːnɪs] | n.熔炉 | Would you please fire up the furnace?
- kettle | ['ket(ə)l] | n.水壶【美】锅 | The kettle is boiling.
- mug | [mʌg] | n.大杯,马克杯 | He asked me to make him a mug of coffee.
- oven | ['ʌv(ə)n] | n.烤炉,烤箱 | The bread is fresh out of the oven.
- pan | [pæn] | n.平底锅【美】烤盘 | I cracked two eggs into the frying pan.
- pot | [ppt] | n.锅; 壶 | Will you help me wash up all these pots and pans?
- stove | [stəʊv] | n.炉子 | Please warm up this milk over the stove.
- tray | [treɪ] | n.盘,托盘 | He put the toast on the breakfast tray.
- treat | [triːt] | v.请 (客) 对待治疗 | It is my turn to treat us today.
- bar | [bɑː] | n.酒吧; 吧台 | There weren't any free tables, so I sat on a stool at the bar.
- cafeteria | [ˌkæfə¹tɪəriə] | n.自助餐厅 | In the cafeteria, we serve ourselves.
- appetite | [ˈæpɪtaɪt] | n.食欲;强烈欲望 | I lost my appetite.
- brandy | ['brændi] | n.白兰地酒 | I drank a miniature bottle of brandy last night.
- drunk | [drʌnk] | adi.醉的 | He was obviously drunk.
- lid | [lɪd] | n.盖子 | He slammed the lid down.
- liquor | ['lɪkə(r)] | n.烈性酒 | He appears to have drunk a lot of liquor.
- refreshment | [rɪˈfreʃm(ə)nt] | n.【~s】茶点, 点心 | We only serve drinks and light refreshments on this short flight.
- restaurant | ['restront] | n.餐馆 | I had my breakfast in a small restaurant.
- saucer | ['sɔːsə(r)] | n.荼托,荼碟 | He is drinking with a cup and saucer.
- soda | [ˈsəʊdə] | n.无水碳酸钠;苏打水;【美】汽水 | He gave me a bottle of orange soda.
- tin | [tɪn] | n.锡;罐头 | I never eat anything out of a tin.
- whisky | ['wɪski] | n.威士忌酒 | A great deal of whisky is made in Scotland.
- porcelain | ['pɔːsəlɪn] | n.瓷器;瓷 | The museum displays specimens of ancient Chinese porcelain.
- snack | [snæk] | n.快餐,小吃,零食 | Apples are a more nutritional snack than popcorn.
- banquet | ['bæŋkwɪt] | n.宴会 | He met his foreign friends and gave a banquetin their honour.
- diet | ['daɪət] | n.日常饮食; (医生指定的) 特别饮食; 节食 | A sugar-free diet is recommended for diabetics.
- cater | ['keɪtə(r)] | v.为.....提供饮食;满足.....的需要 | Our hotel also caters for weddings and parties.
- provision | [prəˈvɪʒ(ə)n] | n.供应; 预备; 【~s】食品供应 | Provision of shelter was the Red Cross's main concern for the disaster victims.
- edible | ['edɪb(ə)l] | adj.可以吃的 | Take something edible with you when you go there.



- recipe | ['resəpi] | n.食谱; 秘诀 | In the recipe, it says that I must use two eggs.
- refectory | [rɪˈfektəri] | n. (学校或其他机构的) 食堂,餐厅 | The meal of the school refectory is healthy and delicious.
- buffet | ['bʌfeɪ] | n.自助餐 | We serve buffet during lunchtime only.
- barbecue | ['bɑ:bɪkju:] | n.烧烤野餐; 烤架 v.烧烤 | If you're not busy Sunday, we'd love to have you both over for a barbecue.
- supper | ['sʌpə] | n.晚餐 | His wife made some pumpkin pies for supper.
- appetiser | ['æpə<sub>i</sub>taɪzə(r)] | n.开胃饮料, 开胃小吃 | We served some crackers and cheese as an appetiser.
- cuisine | [kwɪˈziːn] | n.菜肴; 烹饪 | Chinese cuisine is the perfect fusion of colour, shape, appearance and flavour.
- takeaway | ['teɪkəweɪ] | n.【英】 外卖餐馆,外卖食物 | Eat-in or takeaway?
- chef | [[ef] | n.厨师 | There is only one chef in that grand hotel.
- gourmet | ['gʊəmeɪ; 'gɔː-] | n.美食家 adj.美味佳肴的 | The gourmet is very particular about food.
- vegetarian | [vedʒɪ'teərɪən] | n.素食者 adj.素食的无肉的 | I've become used to a vegetarian diet.
- cutlery | ['kʌtləri] | n.餐具; 刀具 | Knife and fork is the main cutlery used by European people.
- ceramic | [sɪˈræmɪk] | adj.陶瓷的 n.陶瓷制品 | The ceramic industry dates from the ancient times.
- beverage | ['bevərɪdʒ] | n. (水以外的) 饮料 | He is our regular supplier of beverage.
- alcohol | [ˈælkəhɒl] | n.酒精, 乙醇酒 | The doctor told me to keep off alcohol.

#### 饮食健康 第二组

- sausage | ['spsɪdʒ] | n.香肠 | She loves sausage and mash.
- milk | [mɪlk] | n.奶 v.挤奶 | I am boiling the milk.
- wheat | [wi:t] | n.小麦 | This old man is a leading authority on wheat diseases.
- corn | [kɔːn] | n.【英】(小麦等) 谷物【美】 玉米 | The corn is nearly ready for harvesting.
- pork | [pɔːk] | n.猪肉 | The little girl only eats lean pork.
- beef | [biːf] | n.牛肉 | Do you like stewed beef?
- chicken | ['tʃɪkɪn] | n.鸡 | He has a chicken farm.
- cheese | [tʃiːz] | n.奶酪 | Cheese often upsets her stomach.
- pear | [peə(r)] | n.梨 | Would you like a pear?
- grape | [greɪp] | n.葡萄 | Sour grapes can never make sweet wine.
- orange | ['prɪn(d)ʒ] | n.橙子 | Would you peel me an orange?
- lemon | ['lemən] | n.柠檬 | I like orange more than lemon.
- vegetable | ['vedʒtəb(ə)l] | n.蔬菜 | Is a tomato a fruit or a vegetable?
- tomato | [təˈmɑːtəʊ] | n.番茄 | His shirt was stained with tomato juice.
- potato | [pəˈteɪtəʊ] | n.马铃薯 | This salad is made of apple, pear, potato andcelery.
- cabbage | [ˈkæbɪdʒ] | n.洋白菜,卷心菜,甘蓝 | I like to cook dishes with cabbage.
- carrot | ['kærət] | n.胡萝卜 | The dish of boiled beef and carrot tastes good.
- bean | [biːn] | n.豆 | A bean grows rapidly.



- core | [kɔː] | n.果核 | He ate the plum, and then threw the core away.
- fruit | [fru:t] | n.水果; 成果 | Several baskets of fruit were eaten at the party.
- strip | [strɪp] | v.剥去,除去 n.条,带 | Elephants strip the leaves from trees.
- berry | ['beri] | n.浆果 | The berry is nutritious and has a sweetish taste.
- cherry | ['tʃeri] | n.樱桃; 樱桃树 | We have different pies, such as apple, cherry, and strawberry pies.
- cigarette | [sɪgəˈret] | n.香烟 | A cigarette set the dry grass on fire.
- cream | [kriːm] | n.奶油 | He is whipping cream.
- crop | [krop] | n.庄稼;收成,产量 | We have had the biggest wheat crop ever this year.
- cucumber | ['kju:kʌmbə(r)] | n.黄瓜 | I would like a cucumber salad for an appetiser.
- dairy | ['deərɪ] | n.乳制品;乳品店 adj.乳制的 | We bought milk at the dairy.
- fish | [fɪʃ] | n.鱼 v.钓鱼 | We caught three little fish.
- flour | ['flaʊə(r)] | n.面粉;粉状物质 | Bread is chiefly made of flour.
- grain | [greɪn] | n.谷物; 颗粒 | We ship grain to Africa.
- melon | ['melən] | n.瓜,甜瓜 | We garnished the melon with strawberries.
- mushroom | ['mʌʃruːm; -rʊm] | n.蘑菇 v.呈蘑菇状扩散 | The smoke mushroomed into the sky.
- mutton | ['mʌtn] | n.羊肉 | People like to have mutton in the winter.
- onion | ['ʌnjən] | n.洋葱 | I don't like the flavour of onion.
- paste | [peɪst] | n.糨糊; 面团 | We used paste to attach our designs to the poster.
- pea | [piː] | n.豌豆 | This kind of pea has a long pod.
- peach | [piːtʃ] | n.桃子 | The peach is a sweet and juicy fruit.
- peel | [pi:l] | v. 剥 (水果、蔬菜等的) 皮 n.(水果) 皮 | She threw the banana peel into the trash can.
- pond | [ppnd] | n.池塘 | The deer lowered its head to drink from the pond.
- porridge | ['ppridʒ] | n.麦片粥 | She spooned out bowls of porridge.
- radish | ['rædɪʃ] | n.樱桃萝卜 | Please help me to pull up the radishes.
- reap | [riːp] | v.收割;收获 | We reap what we sow.
- rod | [rɒd] | n.杆, 竿 | I bought a new fishing rod last Sunday.
- sober | ['səʊbə] | adj.清醒的头脑清醒的 v.(使) 醒酒 | He was tipsy yesterday, but now he is sober.
- tobacco | [təˈbækəʊ] | n.烟草 | A high amount of money is spent on tobacco every year.
- turkey | ['tɜːkɪ] | n.火鸡 | People often drink white wine with turkey.
- turnip | ['tɜːnɪp] | n.芜菁 | My nephew loves to eat raw turnip.
- hull | [hʌl] | n. (果实等的) 外壳; 船体 v.剥去 (果实等的) 外壳 | Rice is gathered, cleaned and hulled before being sold.
- eggplant | ['egpla:nt] | n.茄子 | We grow many different vegetables, including potatoes, eggplants, etc.
- papaya | [pəˈpaɪə] | n.番木瓜 | I would be happy to share these bananas and papayas with you.
- plum | [plʌm] | n.李子;梅子 | Could I have some sugar for my plum juice?
- kiwi | ['ki:wi] | n.猕猴桃, 奇异果 | In Asia, the hardy kiwi grows well in the shade.
- livestock | ['laɪvstɒk] | n.家畜 | He is good at breeding livestock.
- yogurt | ['jɒgət] | n.酸奶 | Do you have any low-fat yogurt?
- beery | ['bɪəri ] | n.浆果 | The berry is nutritious and has a sweetish taste.



# 饮食健康 第三组

- cook | [kʊk] | v.烹调,烧,煮 n.厨师 | Will she cook dinner this evening?
- sandwich | ['sæn(d)wɪdʒ; -wɪtʃ] | v.把.....夹入 n.三明治 | He was sandwiched between two fat men.
- salad | ['sæləd] | n.色拉 | It only takes a minute to make a salad.
- pie | [paɪ] | n.馅饼,派 | Would you like another piece of apple pie?
- hamburger | ['hæmbɜːgə(r)] | n.汉堡包;汉堡牛肉饼 | I had a hamburger and a fried chicken leg.
- soup | [suːp] | n.汤 | He had spoiled the soup by putting in too much salt.
- biscuit | ['bɪskɪt] | n.【英】饼干【美】烤饼,小圆面包 | He had some biscuits before the dinner.
- candy | ['kændi] | n.糖果 | The greedy little boy ate all the candy at the party.
- chocolate | ['tʃpklət] | n.巧克力 | Never eat chocolate before dinner.
- butter | ['bʌtə(r)] | n.黄油 v.涂黄油 | I'll butter the bread.
- sour | ['saʊə(r)] | adj.酸的;闷闷不乐的 | Most green fruits are sour.
- salt | [so:lt; splt] | n.盐 | Salt lowers the freezing point of water.
- sugar | ['ʃʊgə(r)] | n.糖 | I bought him a packet of sugar.
- sweet | [swiːt] | adj.甜的;愉快的 | The dish tastes a bit sweet.
- delicious | [dɪ'lɪʃəs] | adj.美昧的 | She can make a delicious meal from very simple ingredients.
- thirsty | ['θɜːsti] | adj.渴的;渴望的 | He was thirsty for power.
- jam | [dʒæm] | n.果酱 | He spread some apple jam on the bread.
- swallow | ['swɒləʊ] | v.咽下,吞下 | A boa swallowed its prey whole.
- bake | [beɪk] | v.烘烤; 烤熟 | The bread is baking in the oven.
- bitter | ['bɪtə(r)] | adj.苦的;痛苦的;严寒的 | The medicine has a bitter taste.
- chew | [tʃuː] | v.咀嚼 | You must chew your food well before you swallow it.
- digest | [daɪˈdʒest; dɪ-] | v.消化; 理解, 领悟 | Mary can't digest fat.
- dip | [dɪp] | v.蘸,浸 | She dipped her hand in the sea to find out how cold it was.
- flavour | ['fleɪvə(r)] | n.味道口味特色,风格 | You may choose any one from the six popular flavours!
- fry | [fraɪ] | v.油煎 | The eggs are frying in the pan.
- grind | [graɪnd] | v.碾碎 n.枯燥乏味的事 | The mill of God grinds slowly, but it grinds exceedingly well.
- gum | [gʌm] | n.口香糖;树胶 | Would you like some sugarless gum?
- honey | ['hʌnɪ] | n.蜂蜜 | We can use honey as a substitute for sugar.
- hunger | ['hʌŋgə] | n.饥饿;饥饿感;渴望 | His hunger was soon appeased.
- lick | [lɪk] | v.舔 | He licked his fingers.
- loaf | [ləʊf] | n.一条 (面包) v.游荡,闲逛 | Half a loaf is better than no bread.
- nut | [nʌt] | n.坚果;螺母 | He carefully cracked a nut and then give it tome.
- pepper | ['pepə(r)] | n.胡椒粉;柿子椒 | The pepper in the food caused me to sneeze.
- perfume | ['pɜːfjuːm] | n.香味,芳香;香水 | The smell of her perfume lingered in the empty house.
- pudding | ['pʊdɪŋ] | n. 冷布丁;热布丁糕 | Let the pudding chill for an hour.
- roast | [rəʊst] | v.烤 n.烤肉 | Let's have a nice roast for Sunday dinner.
- sauce | [sɔːs] | n.酱汁 | Waiter, may I have some steak sauce, please?
- soak | [səʊk] | v.浸泡;使湿透 | I have soaked the beans for 8 hours.



- squeeze | [skwizz] | v.挤压 | He squeezed an orange to get the juice out.
- stir | [stɜː] | v.搅动 (使) 行动 | The oatmeal will become lumpy if you don't stir it well.
- suck | [sʌk] | v.吮吸 | Don't suck your thumb; it's so dirty.
- supplement | ['sʌplɪmənt] | n. 营养补剂;补贴 v. 增补,补充 | John had to get a job to supplement the family income.
- toast | [təʊst] | v.向.....祝酒,为......干杯烤 n.烤面包片 | We toasted the bride and bridegroom.
- vinegar | ['vɪnɪgə(r)] | n.醋 | Vinegar has an acid taste.
- spice | [spars] | n.(调味) 香料;给生活增添情趣的事 | Variety is the spice of life.
- mustard | ['mʌstəd] | n.芥末; 芥菜 | He put some mustard into the dish.
- garlic | ['gɑːlɪk] | n.蒜 | Your breath smelt of garlic.
- ginger | ['dʒɪndʒə(r)] | n.姜 | The ginger should be crushed up before it is added to the boiling jam.
- pizza | ['piːtsə] | n.比萨饼 | We decided to go get a carry-out pizza for dinner.
- pasta | ['pæstə] | n.意大利面食 | Do you want chicken or pasta for dinner?
- spaghetti | [spəˈgeti] | n.意大利细面条 | Spaghetti is one of my favourite foods.
- ice cream | ['aɪs kriːm] | n.冰激凌 | Mother knows how to make ice cream.
- vanilla | [vəˈnɪlə] | n.香草 adj.香草味的 | Many children don't like vanilla-flavoured ice cream.
- wasabi | [wə'sɑ:bi] | n.山葵; 山葵根 | Sashimi is usually served with soy sauce and wasabi paste.
- scallion | ['skæliən] | n.大葱 | Kimchi is a well-known Korean side dish made from fermented Chinese cabbage, radish, scallion or cucumber.
- spicy | ['spaɪsi] | adj.辣的 | Which province is famous for its hot and spicy cuisine?
- yummy | ['jʌmi] | adj.美昧的 | This cake is really yummy.
- tasty | ['teɪstɪ] | adj.美味的,可口的 | I always get a double espresso,but their normal coffee is tasty too.
- ketchup | ['ket∫əp] | n.番茄酱 | I want to put some ketchup on the hamburger.
- ingredient | [ɪnˈgriːdɪənt] | n.成分 (烹调的) 原料;因素 | Chilli is a crucial ingredient in Sichuan cuisine.
- slice | [slaɪs] | v.将......切成薄片;切,划 n.(切下的食物)薄片 | I sliced the bread.

#### 建筑场所 第一组

- steel | [stiːl] | n.钢铁 | Hot steel is quenched to be hardened.
- terrace | ['terəs] | n.大阳台, 露天平台 | Do you want to sit at a table on the terrace?
- apartment | [əˈpɑːtmənt] | n. [美] 公寓套房 | I have an apartment in downtown Manhattan.
- block | [blok] | n.街区;障碍;一块 | Walk two blocks down the street and go past the city hall.
- cabin | ['kæbɪn] | n.小木屋;(船上的)小舱 | They lived in a little log cabin in the mountains.
- cabinet | ['kæbɪnət] | n.储藏柜;内阁 | She needs a cherry cabinet in her room.
- ceiling | ['siːlɪŋ] | n.天花板,顶棚 | The traditional houses in that country have very low ceilings.
- cellar | ['selə(r)] | n.地窑, 地下室 | The cellar floods whenever it rains heavily.
- chimney | [tʃɪmni] | n.烟囱 | The chimney is choked up with soot and needs to be cleaned.
- corridor | ['kɒrɪdɔː(r)] | n.走廊,通道 | The corridor leads to the headmaster's office.
- cottage | ['kɒtɪdʒ] | n.村舍,小屋 | The cottage could accommodate up to six people.



- dwelling | ['dwelɪŋ] | n.住所 | He has changed his dwelling recently.
- hut | [hʌt] | n.小屋,棚屋 | The hut was made out of pieces of wood.
- inhabit | [ɪnˈhæbɪt] | v.居住于 | Thoughts inhabit my mind.
- kitchen | [ˈkɪtʃɪn; -tʃ(ə)n] | n.厨房,灶间 | I have to mop the kitchen floor at least once a day.
- lodge | [lɒdʒ] | v.租住 n.小屋;度假屋 | Where we lodge is the problem.
- shed | [ʃed] | n. 简易房,棚 v. 流,洒;摆脱 | He built a bicycle shed.
- shelter | ['ʃeltə] | n. 庇护处;掩蔽 v. 庇护;遮蔽 | These plants must be sheltered from direct sunlight.
- staircase | ['steəkeɪs] | n. (建筑内的) 楼梯 | Only the staff members are allowed to use the staircase.
- storey | ['stɔːri] | n.楼层 | There's a nine-storey apartment building next to the park.
- beam | [bi:m] | n. (能量、放射线或粒子的) 束,柱 | The beams of the searchlights flooded the sky over the airport.
- bench | [ben(t)ʃ] | n.长凳;【the~】法官职位 | An old man sat on the park bench and fed the pigeons.
- column | ['kɒləm] | n.柱;(书、报纸等印刷页的)栏;(报刊的)专栏 | The dome was supported by white marble columns.
- construct | [kənˈstrʌkt] | v.建造 | They are planning to construct a new highway.
- elevator | ['elɪveɪtə] | n.【美】 电梯 | Her job is to operate an elevator.
- found | [faʊnd] | v.创建,创办 | The rich businessman founded a hospital and a school in the town where he was born.
- layer | ['leɪə(r)] | n.层 | There is a layer of dust on the table. Clean it before the guests arrive.
- pillar | ['pɪlə(r)] | n.柱子;中坚,栋梁 | The robber tied him to a pillar.
- porch | [pɔːtʃ] | n.门廊 | A pigeon perched on our porch railing.
- settle | ['set(ə)I] | v.解决在.....定居, 使定居 | They moved the local people and settled them in another place.
- structure | ['strʌktʃə] | n.建筑物;结构 | Most linguists would say they were concerned primarily with the grammatical structures of languages.
- locate | [lə(ʊ)ˈkeɪt] | v.放置,建立找到 | The new hospital will be located near your college.
- concrete | ['kpnkri:t] | n.混凝土 adj.具体的混凝土制的 | The statue rests on a concrete base.
- nursery | ['nɜːsəri] | n.托儿所 adj.托儿所的 | The nursery teacher made the children sit bolt upright.
- fireplace | ['faɪəpleɪs] | n.壁炉 | She edged her chair closer to the fireplace.
- cradle | ['kreɪd(ə)l] | n.摇篮发源地 | Ancient Greece was the cradle of western civilisation.
- reside | [rɪˈzaɪd] | v.居住 | The city in which I reside is very beautiful.
- villa | ['vɪlə] | n.乡间别墅; [英] 度假别墅 | I want to buy a villa outside the city.
- mansion | ['mænʃn] | n.宅第,公馆 | This old mansion became a hospital.
- lobby | ['lɒbɪ] | n.大厅, 前厅; 游说 v.游说 | Please wait for me in the lobby of the hotel.
- balcony | ['bælkəni] | n.阳台; (剧院的) 楼座 | All bedrooms have private bathrooms and balconies.
- vault | [vɔːlt] | n.拱顶;金库,保险库 | The walls and vaults are decorated by marble.
- arch | [ɑːtʃ] | n.拱门 v.(使) 弯成弓形 | The cat arches its back when it sees the dog.
- radiator | ['reɪdɪeɪtə] | n.暖气设备 | He tossed his coat on a chair and warmed his hands at a radiator.
- migrate | [maɪˈɡreɪt; ˈmaɪɡreɪt] | v.迁徙; 移居 | More and more people migrate from one city to another to seek fortune.



- establish | [ɪ'stæblɪʃ; e-] | v.建立,设立 | The Minister established a commission to suggest improvements in the educational system.
- architecture | ['ɑːkɪtektʃə] | n.建筑风格;建筑学 | The Forbidden City is one of the world's greatest works of architecture.
- stability | [stəˈbɪlɪtɪ] | n.稳定 (性) | The government has taken measures to maintain the stability of prices.
- site | [saɪt] | n.地点 | The construction site of a new shopping mall was a hive of activity.
- obstruct | [əbˈstrʌkt] | v.阻塞;妨碍 | The road was obstructed by a fallen tree.
- erection | [ɪ'rekʃn] | n.建筑,建造 | The erection of the building took several years.
- build | [bɪld] | v.建造;开发 | We should study hard to build a better future for ourselves.
- venue | ['venjuː] | n.发生地点,举行场所 | They have already told us the venue for tomorrow's match.
- landmark | ['læn(d)mɑ:k] | n.地标;里程碑 | He orientated himself by finding a familiar landmark.
- situated | ['sɪtʃueɪtɪd] | adj.位于.....的 | The zoo is situated in the suburbs.
- skyscraper | ['skaɪskreɪpə(r)] | n摩天大楼 | The skyscraper towers into the sky.
- hostel | ['host(ə)l] | n.廉价招待所 | We found a happy crew of foreign students in the youth hostel.
- grid | [grɪd] | n.栅栏;网格;输电网 | The city's streets form a grid.
- aisle | [aɪl] | n.走廊,过道 | Don't stand in the aisle.
- stair | [steə] | n.楼梯 | The child was sitting on the bottom stair.
- escalator | ['eskəleɪtə(r)] | n.自动扶梯,滚梯 | I could never find the escalators, or the door I came in.
- handrail | ['hændreɪl] | n.扶手, 栏杆 | Where necessary for safety, in alleyways and stairs for example, handrails shall be fitted.
- eaves | [iːvz] | n.屋檐 | Under the eaves, I have to lower my head.
- reception | [rɪˈsepʃ(ə)n] | n.接待处 | You can leave your key at reception.
- parlour | ['paːlə(r)] | n.客厅 | The parlour has been decorated delicately.
- flat | [flæt ] | n.【尤英】单元房,公寓 | She is buying a flat close to her office.
- living room | ['lɪvɪŋ ru:m] | n.客厅,起居室 | The dining room is next to the living room

# 建筑场所 第二组

- pole | [pəʊl] | n.竿,杆 | The hut is made of poles covered with grass mats.
- trim | [trɪm] | v.修剪; 装饰 adj.整齐的,整洁的 | They trimmed their Christmas tree and put strings of coloured lights on it.
- basin | ['beɪs(ə)n] | n.盆;盆地 | This basin is made of iron.
- bath | [bα:θ] | n.洗澡【英】浴缸 | He has a cold bath every day.
- lavatory | ['lævətri] | n.盥洗室,厕所 | The use of the lavatory is suspended during take-off.
- toilet | ['tɔɪlət] | n.抽水马桶; [英]厕所 | Every flat has its own toilet.
- drill | [drɪl] | n.钻机;反复练习 v.钻 (孔);训练 | The Saudi government has announced plans to drill for water in the desert.
- entrance | ['entrəns] | n.入口;进入权 | I' || meet you at the entrance of the zoo tomorrow.
- entry | ['entri] | n.进入; 进入权 | He pretended not to observe our entry.
- exit | ['eksɪt] | n.出口;退场;离去 v.离去 | I was eventually granted an exit visa



- exterior | [ɪk'stɪəriə(r)] | n.外部, 外观 adj.外部的 | The designer gives a design for the exterior of the container.
- external | [ɪk'stɜ:n(ə)l] | adj.外来的;外面的;对外的 | The external sector has improved performance significantly during the period.
- fix | [fɪks] | v.修理;使固定 | My watch has stopped. Can you fix it?
- furnish | ['fɜːnɪʃ] | v.为.....配备家具陈设 | The house is well fumished.
- hook | [hʊk] | n.钩,钩状物;勾拳 | Hang your coat on the hook.
- inner | ['ɪnə(r)] | adj.内部的;内心的 | I can feel the inner peace again.
- install | [ɪnˈstɔːl] | v.安装 | We're installing a new heating system.
- interior | [ɪn'tɪəriə(r)] | n.内部 adj.内部的 | Interior design is a very promising industry nowadays.
- inward | ['ɪnwəd] | adj.向内的;内心的 adv.向内 | The expedition discovered an inward passage.
- mend | [mend] | v.修理(使)康复 | It won't take long to mend the car.
- outside | [ˌaʊt'saɪd] | adj.外部的 n.外表 | He has a rough outside but a kind heart.
- outward | ['aʊtwəd] | adj.向外的 adv.向外 | Frost consists of tiny crystals of ice which grow outward from a solid surface.
- saw | [soː] | n.锯 | The electric saw whined when my uncle used it to cut the fallen tree.
- screw | [skruː] | n.螺丝钉;螺旋桨 | Turn the screw to the right to tighten it.
- weld | [weld] | v.焊接; 使紧密结合 | His job is to weld all those parts together.
- crane | [kreɪn] | n.起重机; 鹤 | We used a crane to lift a slab of concrete.
- lever | ['liːvə] | n.杠杆; 操纵杆 | Push the lever and the machine will start.
- carpenter | ['kɑːpəntə(r)] | n.木匠 | The carpenter charged 90 dollars for the job.
- store | [stɔː] | n.商店;贮存物 v.贮存 | When he got into the convenience store, he saw the long lines.
- supermarket | ['suːpəmɑːkɪt] | n.超市 | A variety of foods are sold at a supermarket.
- span | [spæn] | n.跨距,跨度;持续时间 | The bridge has a clear span of 40 metres.
- reserve | [rɪˈzɜːv] | n.储备 (量);自然保护区 v.预订 | I have reserved a room for you at the hotel.
- dam | [dæm] | n.水坝 v.控制, 抑制 | A new dam is under construction at the valley.
- tile | [taɪl] | n.瓦; 瓷砖 | Clay is used to make things like pots and tiles.
- vicinity | [vɪˈsɪnɪtɪ] | n.附近,邻近地区 | The stolen car was found in the vicinity of the station
- peripheral | [pəˈrɪfərəl] | adj.外围的 n.外围设备 | The peripheral parts of the city are poor.
- void | [voɪd] | n.空间;空白;空虚 adj.空的 | The amusement park will fill a void in this town, which has little entertainment for children.
- modify | ['modɪfaɪ] | v.稍作修改 | We have to modify our plan a little bit.
- maintain | [meɪn'teɪn; mən'teɪn] | v.维持;维修;坚称 | It is absolutely vital that food supplies should be maintained.
- urban | [ˈɜːb(ə)n] | adj.城市的 | Both urban and rural areas are more and more prosperous.
- apparatus | [,æpəˈreɪtəs] | n.器械、装置 | A new piece of apparatus was used in the experiment.
- infrastructure | ['ɪnfrəstrʌktʃə(r)] | n.基础设施 | The local government is too poor to invest in social welfare programmes, new infrastructure or anything else.
- layout | ['leɪaʊt] | n.设计,布置 | The new page layout is appealing to teenagers.
- enter | ['entə(r)] | v.进入 | Please knock on the door before you enter.



- design | [dɪˈzaɪn] | v.设计;计划 n.设计 | He has already designed a good excuse for not attending the conference.
- downtown | [,daʊn'taʊn] | n.市中心 adj.市中心的 | Most of the old buildings in the downtown were torn down.
- mall | [mɔːl; mæl] | n. [尤美]购物中心 | The local kids often hang out at the mall.
- studio | ['stju:dɪəʊ] | n.演播室; 工作室; 单间公寓 | The studio was filled with the scent of wild flowers.
- castle | ['kɑːs(ə)l] | n.城堡 | The ancient castle commands a fine view of the town.
- malfunction | [mæl'fʌŋ(k)ʃ(ə)n] | v.发生故障 | The computer malfunctioned and printed out wrong words.
- plumb | [plʌm] | n. (表示垂直度等的) 铅锤 v.用铅垂线校正 | We need to plumb the line.
- viaduct | ['vaɪədʌkt] | n.高架桥 | An overhead road for cars or trains is called aviaduct.
- placement | ['pleɪsmənt] | n.放置,布置 | The placement of the buttons and knobs in the car is well thought out.
- room | [ruːm; rʊm] | n.房间;空间 | There is no room for a table in my bedroom.
- booth | [buːð; buːθ] | n.售货摊;电话亭;小隔间 | Would you please watch over my booth?
- casino | [kəˈsiːnəʊ] | n.赌场 | The City of Dreams casino does not seem worried about the decline in tour groups.
- spacious | ['speɪ[əs] | adj.宽敞的 | The hotel room is neither spacious nor comfortable.
- airtight | ['eətaɪt] | adj.密封的,不透气的 | The whole room is airtight.
- expanse | [ɪkˈspæns; ek-] | n.广阔, 辽阔 | There was a vast expanse of desert before us.
- plaza | ['plɑːzə] | n.广场;购物中心 | The plaza is crammed with people.
- mason | ['meɪs(ə)n] | n.石匠,泥瓦匠 | He asked the mason to make him a tombstone.
- brickwork | [ 'brɪkwɜːk ] | n. 砖结构 | There is a weird crack in the brickwork.
- scaffold | ['skæfəʊld] | n.脚手架;绞刑架 | The worker fell down from the scaffold.
- internal | [ɪnˈtɜːn(ə)l] | adj.内部的;自身的;国内的 | Every theory has its internal logic.

### 交通旅行 第一组

- pilot | ['paɪlət] | n.飞行员 | A pilot must stay alert for the changes in the weather.
- traffic | ['træfɪk] | n.交通, 车流 | Traffic reaches a peak between 8 and 9 in the morning.
- passenger | ['pæsɪndʒə(r)] | n.乘客 | The baggage allowance per passenger is 25 kg.
- truck | [trʌk] | n. 卡车; 敞篷货运火车 | They transported the goods by truck.
- wheel | [wiːl] | n.方向盘;车轮 | The driver slumped over the steering wheel.
- travel | ['træv(ə)l] | n.v. 旅行 | During his travels, he met many interesting people.
- journey | ['dʒɜːni] | n.旅行; 历程 | I wish a pleasant journey to you!
- way | [weɪ] | n. 路;方式 | I am on my way to the grocery.
- avenue | ['ævənju:] | n.大街; 途径 | One of the world's most beautiful avenues is the Champs-Élysées in Paris.
- lane | [leɪn] | n.小巷;车道 | There are many small lanes in the quaint town.
- airline | ['eəlaɪn] | n.航空公司 | The airline launched a European route for the first time.
- airplane | ['eəpleɪn] | n.飞机 | An airplane engine is a complex mechanism.



- ambulance | ['æmbjələns] | n.救护车 | An ambulance was racing by with its siren wailing.
- brake | [breɪk] | n. 车闸; 刹车 v. 刹车 | The car in front of me stopped suddenly and I had to brake sharply.
- carriage | ['kærɪdʒ] | n. 四轮马车; [英] (客运火车的) 车厢 | The carriage which he had ordered arrived, and we drove off.
- cart | [kɑːt] | n. 运货马车; [美] (超市等提供的) 手推车,购物车 | A heavy cart rumbled down the street.
- coach | [kəʊtʃ] | n. [英]长途汽车;教练;[英]私人教师 v. 训练 | We went to New York City by coach.
- crew | [kruː] | n. (轮船、飞机等上的) 全体工作人员; (有专门技术的) 一组工作人员 | I'd like to thank you on behalf of the crew.
- flight | [flaɪt] | n.飞行; 航班 | I'll book a direct flight to Shanghai for you.
- freight | [freɪt] | n.货运;货物 v.运送 {货物) | We can send these goods by air freight or by sea freight.
- garage | ['gærɑːʒ] | n.汽车修理厂;车库 | My car broke down and has been towed to a garage.
- helicopter | ['helɪkɒptə(r)] | n.直升机 v.用直升机载送;乘直升机旅行 | The president helicoptered to that city yesterday.
- highway | ['haɪweɪ] | n. [尤美] 公路 | A four-lane highway connects the two towns.
- horsepower | ['hɔːspaʊə(r)] | n.马力 | The horsepower of the engine is not very impressive.
- jet | [dʒet] | n. 喷气式飞机;喷射口 | Developing the supersonic jet was quite an accomplishment.
- lorry | ['lɒri] | n. [英] 卡车 | A heavy lorry is floundering in deep snow.
- motor | ['məʊtə(r)] | n.发动机 adj.机动的 | If the battery is dead, the motor won't be started.
- passage | ['pæsɪdʒ] | n.通过;通道,走廊 | The bridge is not strong enough to allow for the passage of vehicles.
- path | [pɑːθ] | n.小路 | We bumped up and down along the gravel path.
- pave | [peɪv] | V.铺 (路或地面) | The road was paved with cobblestones.
- port | [po:t] | n.港口; 左舷 | The boy often watched the boats return to port in the late afternoon.
- rack | [ræk] | n搁物架, 挂物架 | He put his bag on the luggage rack.
- route | [ruːt] | n.路线 | We came by a longer route than usual.
- steward | ['stju:əd] | n.男乘务员; 管家 | He is the steward of that great mansion.
- tractor | ['træktə(r)] | n拖拉机;牵引车 | The tractor has been damaged owing to rough usage.
- tyre | ['taɪə(r)] | n.轮胎 | My uncle jacked up his car to fix a flat tyre.
- van | [væn] | n.厢式货车;客货车 | As the car turned the corner, it collided with a van.
- vehicle | ['vi:əkl] | n.车辆,交通工具;工具,手段 | Subway is a convenient vehicle for white-collar workers.
- captain | ['kæptɪn] | n.船长;队长 | The captain of the sinking ship used flares to attract the attention of the coastguard.
- cycle | ['saɪk(ə)l] | v. 骑 (自行车) n. 周期;自行车 | In many universities, students cycle from their dorms to the classroom or library.
- memorial | [məˈmɔːriəl] | n.纪念碑 adj.纪念的,悼念的 | A memorial for victims of the blast was built.
- suitcase | ['suːtkeɪs] | n.手提箱 | Her suitcase is stuffed with her clothes.
- parachute | ['pærəʃuːt] | n.降落伞 | The parachutes in the air look like colourful mushrooms.



- cross | [krps] | n. 十字形; 十字架 v.穿过 | It's very dangerous for children to cross a busyroad.
- parade | [pəˈreɪd] | n.游行; 炫耀 n.庆祝游行; 列队行选; 炫耀 | The sports meeting began with a parade
  of all the competing teams.
- navigate | ['nævɪɡeɪt] | v.航行;横渡 | He was the first man who navigated the Atlantic alone.
- voyage | ['vɔɪɪdʒ] | n.航海,航天;航行 | He goes on a voyage on a warship in the name of the government.
- attraction | [ə'trækʃ(ə)n] | n. 吸引; 具有吸引力的事物 | The main attraction in this amusement park is a large swimming pool with salt water.
- express | [ɪk'spres] | n. 特快列车;快递服务 v. 表示 adj. 特快的 | We have to change here for the express train
- pyramid | ['pɪrəmɪd] | n. 金字塔;棱锥体 | The ancient pyramid in Egypt is one of the wonders of the world.
- curb | [kɜːb] | n.路缘;起控制作用的事物 | I stopped and stood at the curb, trying to breathe.
- signpost | ['saɪnpəʊst] | n.路标 | The signpost showed us the right road to follow.
- auto | [ˈɔːtəʊ] | n.汽车 | The auto industry has brought many people to Detroit.
- tram | [træm] | n. [尤英] 有轨电车 | If you want to go to that place, you can travel by tram.
- wagon | ['wægən] | n. 四轮运货马车(或牛车); [英] (火车的) 货车车厢 | An ox pulls a wagon into the village.
- pedicab | ['pedɪkæb] | n (人力) 三轮车 | They hopped a pedicab and toured the park.
- honk | [hoŋk] | n. 汽车喇叭声; 鹅叫声 v. 按 (汽车喇叭) | The drivers honked their horns, hoping to disperse the crowd in the streets.
- aviation | [ˌeɪviˈeɪʃn] | n.航空;航空学;航空工业 | He was a pilot in the early days of aviation.
- safari | [səˈfɑːri] | n. (尤指在东非的) 观兽旅行 | We'll go on safari in Africa after the wedding.
- haunt | [hɔːnt] | v.(鬼魂等} 常出没于 n.常去的地方 | This cafe used to be my favourite haunt.
- visa | ['viːzə] | n.签证 | You need a visa to enter that country.
- baggage | ['bægɪdʒ] | n. [尤美] 行李 | We may have lost some pieces of baggage, so we want to make a lost-baggage report.
- luggage | ['lʌgɪdʒ] | n.行李 | I've just been informed that my luggage had already arrived.
- carry-on | ['kæri ɒn] | n. [美] (可随身携带上飞机的) 小包 adj.随身携带上飞机的 | I only have two carry-on bags with me.
- atlas | ['ætləs] | n.地图册,地图集 | Check where Sydney is in your atlas.
- itinerary | [aɪˈtɪnərəri] | n.行程,路线 | We have some more places to visit on our itinerary.
- intersection | [ˌɪntəˈsek∫n] | n.十字路口,交叉路口 | The town lies at the intersection of three motorways.
- fare | [feə(r)] | n. 车费, 路费 | She didn't have enough money for the railway fare.

# 交通旅行 第二组

- railway | [ˈreɪlweɪ] | n. [英]铁路,铁路系统 | The goods were sent to you by railway.
- sail | [seɪl] | v. 航行; 驾驶 (帆船) | His ship has been given the all-clear to sail.
- speed | [spi:d] | n.速度;迅速 | The police advise motorists to reduce their speed because of the fog.



- package | ['pækɪdʒ] | n. 包裹; [美] 盒,包 v. 包装 | The old town was packaged to attract tourists.
- arrive | [əˈraɪv] | v. 到达;取得成功 | You must arrive at the airport at least two hours in advance.
- stamp | [stæmp] | n. 邮票;印章 v. 在……上贴邮票;盖 (章) | You can buy a stamp over there and affix it to the postcard.
- mail | [meɪl] | n. 邮件,邮包;邮政 v. 邮寄 | She opened her mail and took out a vase carefully.
- aboard | [ə'bɔːd] | adv.在 (船、飞机等) 上 | All passengers aboard fell into the river.
- bind | [baɪnd] | v. 捆,绑 | Love rules without a sword and binds without a cord.
- canal | [kəˈnæl] | n. 运河; (人体内输送食物、空气等的) 管 | The canal is now open to shipping.
- canoe | [kəˈnuː] | n.独木舟 | We crossed the lake in a canoe.
- carrier | ['kæriə(r)] | n.航空母舰;运输工具 | The missile is launched from the aircraft carrier.
- channel | ['tʃæn(ə)l] | n. 航道;电视频道;海峡 | The English Channel is between France and England.
- convey | [kənˈveɪ] | v. 运送,输送;表达,传递 | It's hard to convey my feelings in words.
- crush | [krʌʃ] | v. 压碎,压坏 n. 拥挤的人群;迷恋;迷恋对象 | There was such a crush on the bus that I could hardly breathe.
- dash | [dæʃ] | v. 猛冲;猛摔 | He dashed the bowl to bits against the ground.
- deck | [dek] | n. 甲板 v. 装饰 | The deck of the sailing ship was made of thick planks.
- deliver | [dɪ'lɪvə(r)] | v.传送, 递送 | You don't have to go out into the rain since the store delivers for free.
- depart | [dɪˈpɑːt] | v. 离开,启程 | When does the next train depart?
- ditch | [dɪtʃ] | n. 沟, 渠 v. 抛弃 | When the road became impassable, they ditched their car and walked.
- dock | [dɒk] | n.码头, 船坞 | The ship's hull scraped along the side of the dock.
- emergency | [ɪ'mɜːdʒənsi] | n.紧急事件 adj.应急的 | He has the ability to keep calm in emergencies.
- harbour | ['hɑːbə(r)] | n.港口 | Our hotel room overlooked a pretty little harbour.
- liner | ['laɪnə(r)] | n.邮轮,客轮 | The liner has been refitted from stem to stern.
- locomotive | [,ləʊkəˈməʊtɪv] | n.火车头,机车 | The locomotive is detached from the train.
- packet | ['pækɪt] | n. [英] 包装盒; [尤英] 小件包裹 | The government has imposed an additional tax on a packet of cigarettes.
- parcel | ['pɑːs(ə)l] | v. 打包,包 n. (土地的) 一块; [尤英] 包裹 | He parceled up the books.
- postage | [ˈpəʊstɪdʒ] | n邮费,邮资 | What is the postage for an airmail letter?
- postpone | [pəˈspəʊn] | v. 推迟,使延期 | The match is postponed from March 5th to March 19th.
- rail | [reɪl] | n栏杆;铁路路轨 | The man was holding onto the rail as he walked down the stairs.
- railroad | [reɪlrəʊd] | n. [美] 铁路,铁路公司 | The building of the railroad is progressing.
- sailor | ['seɪlə(r)] | n.海员,水手 | A sailor is at the mercy of the weather.
- seaman | ['siːmən] | n. 海员,水手 | There are many skilled seamen on our ship.
- steamer | ['stiːmə(r)] | n.汽船,轮船 | The steamer arrived in harbour this morning.
- submerge | [səbˈmɜːdʒ] | v. (使) 浸没;掩盖 | I watched the submarine submerge.
- subway | ['sʌbweɪ] | n. [英]地下通道; [美]地铁 | There is a new subway being built.
- swift | [swɪft] | adj.迅速的;敏捷的 | With the failure of the peace talks, all hopes of a swift end to the war have flown out of the window.



- transmit | [trænzˈmɪt] | v. 传送;传播,传染;传输 | Parents transmit some of their values and ideas to their children.
- tunnel | ['tʌn(ə)l] | n隧道, 地道 | The train roared into a tunnel and everything went black.
- turbine | ['tɜːbaɪn] | n. 涡轮机 | The turbine is spun by the high-pressure gases.
- underground | [ˌʌndəˈɡraʊnd] | adj.地下的;秘密的 n. [英]地铁 | There is an underground passage leading to the old house.
- vanish | ['vænɪʃ] | v. 突然消失;绝迹 | He seemed to vanish into thin air.
- velocity | [vəˈlɒsəti] | n.速度 | The velocity of light is about 300,000 kilometres per second.
- vessel | ['ves(ə)I] | n.大船, 舰; 容器, 器皿 | We have sighted the vessel and are following it.
- wreck | [rek] | v.使失事;破坏 n.失事的船只(或汽车、飞机等);残破的东西 | Because of the tsunami, the coast was a wreck.
- disappear | [ˌdɪsə'pɪə(r)] | v. 失踪;消失 | He has disappeared for three years.
- load | [ləʊd] | v.装载, 装满 n.负荷; 大量 | The lorry was carrying a load of pineapples.
- transfer | [trænsˈfɜː(r)] | v. (使) 迁移, (使) 转移; (使) 调动 | The cat has transferred her affection to her new master.
- due | [djuː] | adj.到期的, 预期的 | If you're going to the library, would you mind returning this book for me? It's due today.
- stern | [stɜːn] | n. 船尾 | She seated herself in the stern.
- hazard | ['hæzəd] | n. 危险 v. 使冒风险 | There are many hazards in a journey across the Arctic.
- expire | [ɪkˈspaɪə(r)] | v. 期满;气绝,死亡 | My passport is about to expire.
- propeller | [prəˈpelə(r)] | n. 螺旋桨,推进器 | The propeller starts to spin around.
- oar | [ɔː(r)] | n.桨 v.用桨划 (船) | In dragon boat rowing, each paddler has one oar.
- ferry | ['feri] | n. 渡船 v. 渡运 | We can take the ferry that crosses the river every hour.
- delay | [dɪ'leɪ] | n. 耽搁; 延期 v. 使耽搁; 使延期 | We have decided to delay our holiday until September.
- destination | [ˌdestɪˈneɪʃn] | n.目的地,终点 | We eventually arrived at our destination.
- anchor | ['æŋkə(r)] | n.锚 | We raised the anchor and set sail during the night.
- defer | [dɪˈfɜː(r)] | v. 推迟, 拖延 | We have to defer our departure because of the snowstorm.
- lull | [lʌl] | n. 暂停,暂时平静期 v. 使昏昏欲睡 | The monotonous sound of the train's movement lulled me to sleep.
- burden | ['bɜːdn] | v. (使) 担负 n. 重担,负担 | It's a burden I have been carrying for a long time.
- transit | ['trænzɪt] | v.通过;运送 n.运输;通行;边境,中转 | Transit passengers please go to the transit lounge.
- crash | [kræʃ] | v.撞击;崩溃:破产 | The rocks crashed down onto the car.
- raft | [rɑːft] | n. 木筏, 木排 | After a series of adventures alone on a raft, he eventually reached the village.
- embark | [ɪmˈbɑːk] | v. 上船 (或飞机等);开始做 | They embarked at Liverpool for New York.
- envelope | ['envələʊp] | n. 信封 | He glued a stamp onto the envelope.

#### 国家政府 第一组



- president | ['prezɪdənt] | n. 总统; 校长; 董事长 | When the president of the company retired, the vice-president was elevated to his position.
- secretary | ['sekrət(ə)ri] | n秘书; 书记员; 大臣 | The new secretary is being lectured for the poor quality of her work.
- police | [pəˈliːs] | n. 警察; [the ~] 警方 | His strange behaviour made the police suspicious.
- foreign | ['fɒrən] | adj.外国的;外来的;外交的 | The new policy helped us to attract a lot of foreign investment.
- influence | ['ɪnfluəns] | n. 影响, 作用 v.影响 | I was influenced by my teacher and chose to study science at college.
- abroad | [əˈbrɔːd] | adv.到国外,在国外;广为流传 | The news spread abroad.
- harness | ['hɑːnɪs] | v. 控制,利用 | Some scientists are working hard at how tide can be hamessed to produce electricity.
- conservative | [kənˈsɜːvətɪv] | adj.保守的 n.保守党党员 | The researchers made a conservative estimation of the population of New Delhi.
- behalf | [bɪˈhɑːf] | n. [on ~ of sb. ) 代表某人 | The president signed the document on behalf of the school.
- meeting | ['miːtɪŋ] | n.会议;会面 | I have written down the date of the next meeting in my diary.
- significance | [sɪgˈnɪfɪkəns] | n.重要性,意义 | This fact has little significance for us.
- affect | [əˈfekt] | v. 影响; (感情上) 打动, 使悲伤 | The disease ects the central nervous system.
- headquarters | [,hed'kwɔːtəz] | n.总部,总公司;司令部 | The company's headquarters is in Paris.
- dominate | ['dɒmɪneɪt] | V.支配,控制;占优势 | A great man can dominate others by force of character.
- emigrate | ['emɪgreɪt] | v.移居国外 | They did not receive the permission toemigrate to the United States.
- immigrate | ['ɪmɪgreɪt] | v. (从外地) 移居,移入 | Many British colonists immigrated to the NewWorld.
- bureaucracy | [bjʊə¹rɒkrəsi] | n.官僚制度;官僚作风 | The government promised to reorganise thebureaucracy.
- administration | [ədˌmɪnɪˈstreɪʃ(ə)n] | n.管理,行政 | You will need some experience in administration before you can run the department.
- reign | [reɪn] | n. 君主统治时期 v. 统治 | The reign of Queen Victoria lasted more than sixty years.
- global | ['gləʊb(ə)l] | adj.全球的,全世界的 | In the coming decades, the Pacific Rim will become the main impetus of the global economy.
- worldwide | [ˌwɜːldˈwaɪd] | adj.世界范围的,遍及全球的 | The money came from worldwide contribution.
- unique | [ju'ni:k] | adj.独一无二的,唯一的;独特的 | Each person's fingerprints are unique.
- authority | [ɔː'θɒrəti] | n. 权力;权威人士;行政管理机构; [the authorities] 当局 | The government is the highest authority in a country.
- regime | [reɪˈʒiːm] | n.统治制度,政权,政体 | The regime got rid of most of its opponents.
- hierarchy | ['haɪərɑːki] | n.等级制度;统治集团 | There is a rigid hierarchy of power in that country.
- egalitarian | [i,gælɪ'teəriən] | adj.平等主义的 n 平等主义者 | Clearly, the egalitarian society remains adream.
- political | [pə'lɪtɪk(ə)l] | adj.政治的; 政党的 | The British political system has evolved over several centuries.



- institution | [ˌɪnstɪ'tjuːʃ(ə)n] | n.社会福利机构;(大学、银行等大型) 机构 | Universities are educational institutions.
- reform | [rɪˈfɔːm] | n.改革,改良 v.改革,改良;(使) 改过自新 | He promised to reform if given another chance.
- department | [dɪˈpɑːtmənt] | n. (政府、企业等机构的) 部门; (大学的) 系, 所 | He worked in Community
   Welfare Department.
- premier | ['premiə(r)] | n.总理,蕾帽 adj.首要的,第一的 | The premier deals with important state affairs.
- municipal | [mjuː'nɪsɪpl] | adj.市政的,地方政府的 | He went to a municipal university.
- federal | ['fedərəl] | adj.联邦的,联合的 | Switzerland is a federal state in Europe.
- community | [kəˈmjuːnəti] | n.社区;群体;(生物的)群落 | To host the Olympic Games, Beijing expanded its English-speaking community.
- service | ['sɜːvɪs] | n.服务;公共服务事业;公共事业机构 | The volunteers for community service are doing a good job.
- conference | ['kɒnfərəns] | n. (常持续数日的大型正式) 会议;正式商谈 | The World Conference on Human Rights discussed the common problems of mankind and advanced human rights work around the world.
- revolution | [,revə'luːʃn] | n.革命; 巨大变化 | The invention of aircraft caused a revolution in our ways of travelling.
- power | ['paʊə(r)] | n.能力;权力;政权;能源 | A person should rely upon his or her own power.
- delegation | [ˌdelɪˈɡeɪʃn] | n.代表团;委派 | The delegation ended their visit to China on March 30th.
- statesman | ['steɪtsmən] | n.政治家 | He will go down in history as a great statesman.
- mayor | [meə(r)] | n.市长 | The mayor is determined to clean up the city.
- office | ['ɒfɪs] | n. 办公室;要职,官职;[O~]部,局,厅 | Now he holds office in the Foreign Ministry.
- bureau | ['bjʊərəʊ] | n.局,处,科;办事处 | The Bureau of Land Management is not so far from here.
- importance | [ɪm'pɔ:t(ə)ns] | n.重要, 重要性 | The police officer emphasised the importance of careful driving.
- organisation | [ˌɔːgənaɪˈzeɪʃ(ə)n] | n.组织,团体,机构 | They have established a student organisation.
- association | [ə<sub>i</sub>səʊsi'eɪʃn; ə<sub>i</sub>səʊʃi'eɪʃn] | n.协会, 团体; 关联 | Have you joined the parent-teacher association?
- union | ['juːniən] | n.联合; 联盟; 工会 | The largest teachers' union supports the education reforms.
- consortium | [kənˈsɔːtiəm] | n.财团,联营企业 | Several big companies have formed a consortium
- league | [liːg] | n. 联赛;联盟,同盟 | Our club is a member of the Football League.
- unite | [ju'naɪt] | v. (使) 联合, (使) 团结 | All parties should unite their efforts to bringpeace.
- nation | ['neɪʃ(ə)n] | n.国家; 民族; 国民 | My judgement may be faulty, but my loyalty to the nation could not be questioned.
- republic | [rɪˈpʌblɪk] | n.共和国,共和政体 | He was one of the architects of the republic.
- Marxism | ['mɑːksɪzəm] | n.马克思主义 | The essence of Marxism is seeking truth fromfacts.
- socialism | ['səʊ[əlɪz(ə)m] | n.社会主义 | Let us do our best to build socialism.
- communism | ['kɒmjənɪzəm] | n.共产主义 | Communism is based on Marxism.
- government | [ˈgʌvənmənt] | n.政府;政体;统治 | He is a man of some influence in the government.



- democracy | [dɪˈmɒkrəsi] | n.民主,民主制度;民主国家 | The military government promised to restore democracy within one year.
- materialism | [məˈtɪəriəlɪzəm] | n.唯物主义;唯物论 | Both of them believed in Marxism and materialism.
- meltdown | ['meltdaʊn] | n. (核反应堆的) 堆芯熔毁; 崩溃 | The commentator sees a bright side to the financial melt down.
- neutral | ['nju:trəl] | adj.中立的;中立国的 | She is neutral in this argument and doesn't care who wins.
- bilateral | [,baɪˈlætərəl] | adj.双边的 | They have signed a bilateral peace treaty.
- arena | [əˈriːnə] | 他从政治舞台上退出了。 | He withdrew from the political arena.
- banner | ['bænə(r)] | n.横幅,标语 | Banners demanding an immediate ceasefire are flying in the city's main square.
- minister | ['mɪnɪstə(r)] | n.部长, 大臣; 公使 | The minister can only act in this matter with the sanction of parliament.
- parliament | ['pɑːləmənt] | n. 议会,国会; [P~](英国)议会 | He lost his seat in the Parliament at the election.
- senate | ['senət] | n. 大学理事会; [the S ~] (美国等国家的) 参议院 | The bill was approved by both the House and the Senate.
- throne | [θrəʊn] | n. 王位; (君王的) 宝座 | He was only eight when he ascended thethrone.
- crown | [kraʊn] | n.王冠 v.为.....加冕 | They crowned him shortly after the old king'sdeath.
- civil | ['sɪv(ə)l] | adj. 公民的,国内的;民用的;斯文的 | Gone with the Wind, a film about American civil war, is st regarded as one of the best Hollywood films.
- puppet | ['pʌpɪt] | n. 玩偶;傀儡 | Are we the puppets of fate?
- wreath | [ri:θ] | n.花环,花冠;(祭奠用的)花圈 | A group of students placed a wreath at the tomb of the national hero.
- process | ['prəʊses , prə'ses] | n. 过程,进程 v. 处理;加工 v. 列队前进 | They went over every process again, but couldn't find the cause of the problem.
- flag | [flæg] | n. 旗,旗帜 | Flags were fluttering in the wind.
- overseas | [ˌəʊvəˈsiːz] | adj. 海外的,国外的 | The overseas students we concerned about the destiny of thei motherland.

#### 国家政府 第二组

- population | [ˌpɒpjuˈleɪʃ(ə)n] | n.人口,人口数量 | There is a steady incresse in population of this city.
- safety | ['seɪfti] | n.安全;安全场所 | They ran to safety, away from the fire.
- succeed | [səkˈsiːd] | v.成功 | If you work hard, you will succeed.
- clarify | [ˈklærəfaɪ] | v. 澄清,阐明 | The government has clarified its position on equal pay for women.
- advise | [ədˈvaɪz] | v.劝告;建议;通知 | She advises the government on economic affairs.
- ambition | [æm'bɪ[n] | n.雄心,抱负 | Her ambition was to be a famous politician.
- poll | [pəʊl] | n.民意调查;选举投票;投票数 | A public-opinion poll shows that most people see the protectionist policies negatively.
- announce | [əˈnaʊns] | v. 宣布; 通知 | The government announced that they would build a new highway
  to that area.



- entitle | [ɪn'taɪt(ə)l] | v. 给......权利 (或资格);给.....题名 | This ticket entitles you to one-day admission to all three parks.
- resident | ['rezɪdənt] | n.居民 adj.居住的 | The residents of the town are proud of its newlibrary.
- nominate | ['nomineit] | v.提名;任命 | He has been nominated as Minister of Education.
- affirm | [əˈfɜːm] | v.断言,坚持声称;证实 | The suspect affirmed that he had been at home all day.
- steady | ['stedi] | adj.不摇晃的,平稳的;稳步的;稳定的 | That ladder doesn't look very steady.
- welfare | ['welfeə(r)] | n.健康,幸福 | In making this decision, the court's main concern is for the welfare of the children.
- well-being | ['wel biːɪŋ] | n.康乐,安宁 | To reduce public spending on the well-being of the citizens is an act of sheer folly.
- harmony | ['hɑːməni] | n.协调,和谐;融洽;和声 | They worked in perfect harmony.
- implement | ['ImplIment] | v.实施,执行 n.工具,器具 | The new policy on housing will be implemented next month.
- succession | [səkˈseʃn] | n.连续;继承权,继位 | He has been late for school three times in succession.
- perspective | [pəˈspektɪv] | n.景点; 观点 | We all have confidence in this new technology from a development perspective.
- viewpoint | ['vjuːpɔɪnt] | n.观点,看法; 视角 | I look at this problem from a different viewpoint.
- demographic | [,demə'græfɪk] | adj.人口(学)的,人口统计(学)的 | I have no knowledge of demographic theory.
- flourish | [ˈflʌrɪʃ] | v. 繁荣,兴旺;茁壮成长 | Plants will not flourish without water.
- hint | [hɪnt] | v.n.暗示,提示 | When she said she was tired, it was a hint that she wanted us to leave.
- assist | [ə'sɪst] | v. 帮助,协助 | A team of nurses assisted the doctor in performing the operation.
- preference | ['prefrəns] | n.偏爱;优先权 | A teacher should not show preference for any one of his or her students.
- outlook | [ˈaʊtlʊk] | n. (对生活的) 观点;展望,前景 | The economic outlook is not very bright.
- ethic | ['eθɪk] | n. 行为准则; [~] 道德规范,伦理标准 | Merchants must observe their code of ethics.
- proposal | [prəˈpəʊzl] | n.提议, 建议 | The proposal of new terms for a peace treaty has been put forward.
- aid | [eɪd] | n.救援物资;辅助物;救助 | An English-Chinese dictionary is an important aid in learning English.
- prospect | ['prospekt] | n.希望,可能性;风景 | There's not much prospect of his being elected as a congressman.
- admit | [ədˈmɪt] | v.供认,承认 | He admitted to his father that he had failed his driving test.
- liberty | ['lɪbəti] | n.自由 | Those prisoners are dreaming of liberty.
- declare | [dɪˈkleə(r)] | v. 宣布, 宣告; 宣称, 声称 | He declared that he would never come backagain.
- colony | ['kɒləni] | n.殖民地 | Britain lost its American colonies in a revolution.
- refuge | ['refju:dʒ] | n.避难,庇护;避难所 | A small cave was the only refuge from the cold.
- monitor | ['monitə(r)] | v. 监视; 监听 n. 监控器; 监视器; 班长 | The agents are monitoring the enemy's radio broadcasts to try to find out their secret plans.
- claim | [kleɪm] | v.声称;要求(拥有) | Every citizen may claim the protection of the law.
- state | [steɪt] | v.陈述,说明 n.国家;州;状况 | Railways in Britain belong to the state.



- clan | [klæn] | n.宗族,家族;帮派 | The whole clan will be here over Christmas.
- franchise | ['fræntʃaɪz] | V. 出售.....的特许经营权 n. 特许权; [the ~]选举权 | In Britain, women were given the franchise in 1918.
- checklist | ['tʃeklɪst] | n. 清单;选民花名册 | The guide contains a useful checklist of points to consider when buying a car.
- standpoint | ['stændpoɪnt] | n.立场,立足点 | We all look at things from a certain standpoint.
- guideline | ['gaɪdlaɪn] | n.指导方针 | The hospital has issued new guidelines on the treatment of mentally ill patients.
- suggest | [sə'dʒest] | v.建议;暗示 | suggested he tackle the problem in another way.
- proclaim | [prəˈkleɪm] | v.声明;清楚地表明 | His accent proclaimed that he was an American.
- encourage | [ɪnˈkʌrɪdʒ] | v. 鼓励, 激励; 怂恿 | Her success encouraged me to try the same thing.
- African | ['æfrɪkən] | adj.非洲的 n.非洲人 | Many African people are very energetic and outgoing.
- European | [ˌjʊərəˈpiːən] | adj.欧洲的 n.欧洲人 | The Japanese have taken in many European ways of life.
- Latin | [ˈlætɪn] | adj.拉丁语的;拉丁人的 n.拉丁语;拉丁人 | Many languages have Latin as their origin.
- Jewish | ['dʒuːɪʃ] | adj. 犹太教的; 犹太人的 | Jewish people are scattered around the world
- Arabian | [əˈreɪbiən] | adj.阿拉伯的 | Arabian Nights and Treasure Island are famous romances.
- Spanish | ['spænɪʃ] | 法语是西班牙语的姐妹语。 | French is a sister language of Spanish.
- Swiss | [swis] | 瑞士的生活水平很高。 | The Swiss standard of living is very high.
- Greek | [griːk] | adj. 希腊的 n. 希腊人;古希腊人;希腊语;古希腊语 | The chef is not interested in Greek food.
- Italian | [ɪˈtæliən] | adj.意大利的 n.意大利人; 意大利语 | Italian pizza is very popular in China.
- Indian | ['ɪndiən] | adj.印度的 n.印度人 | To an Indian, the owl is a symbol of bad luck.
- Portuguese | [ˌpɔːtʃʊˈgiːz] | adj.葡萄牙的 n.葡萄牙语;葡萄牙人 | The Portuguese power in the East was on thewane.
- Roman | ['rəʊmən] | adj. 罗马的; 古罗马帝国的 | He wrote a storybook about ancient Romans.
- Russian | ['rʌʃn] | adj.俄罗斯的 n.俄罗斯人;俄语 | The limit of Russian endurance was reached.
- Australia | [p'streɪliə] | n.澳大利亚 | Australia is the hometown of kangaroos.
- Canada | ['kænədə] | n.加拿大 | The maple leaf is the emblem of Canada.
- Britain | ['brɪt(ə)n] | n.不列颠 | The United Kingdom consists of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.
- France | [fra:ns] | n.法国 | The English Channel divides England from France.
- independence | [ˌɪndɪˈpendəns] | n.独立;自立 | The country attained its independence in 1972.
- slum | [slʌm] | n.贫民窟 | I grew up in the East London slums.
- asylum | [əˈsaɪləm] | n.庇护; 精神病院 | The terrorist tried to seek political asylum in that country.
- citizen | ['sɪtɪz(ə)n] | n.公民;市民 | She is a lawful citizen.
- ethnic | ['eθnɪk] | adj.民族的,种族的 | She is keen on ethnic dance.
- racial | ['reɪʃ(ə)l] | adj. 种族的, 人种的 | A new law has been brought in to eliminate racial discrimination.
- vote | [vəʊt] | n. 选举权;投票 v. 表决;投票 | The vote will be held next month.
- elect | [ɪ'lekt] | v.选举;选择 | They organised a poll to elect a president.



- respondent | [rɪˈspɒndənt] | n. (民意测验等的) 调查对象 | Only 34 percent of respondents said they were satisfied.
- soviet | ['səʊviət] | adj. [S~]苏联的 n. 苏维埃 | The Soviet Union was a major power on the Eurasian continent.
- New Zealand | [ˌnjuː ˈziːlənd] | n. 新西兰 | Oceania is mainly made up of Australia and New Zealand.
- Germany | ['dʒɜːməni] | n. 德国 | I need to buy a round-trip ticket to Germany.

### 社会经济 第一组

- trade | [treɪd] | n.贸易 v.交换 | China does a lot of trade with many countries.
- afford | [ə'fɔːd] | v.负担得起;提供,给予 | I couldn't afford the rent on my own.
- consume | [kənˈsjuːm] | v. 消耗; 吃,喝 | Chinese people consume huge amounts of rice every year.
- cost | [kpst] | v. 需付费 n. 费用;代价; [~s] 成本 | I'm determined to attain my purpose at any cost.
- decrease | [dɪˈkriːs] | n. 减少,减小 v. (使)减少, (使)减小 | Her interest in this subject gradually decreases.
- economy | [ɪ'kɒnəmi] | n.经济; 节约 | As the war debt lightened, the economy of the country developed quickly.
- expense | [ɪk'spens] | n.费用, 花费 | Societies should try to save every plant and animal species regardless of the expense.
- financial | [faɪˈnænʃ(ə)l] | adj.财政的; 金融的 | Southeast Asia's financial crisis taught people an important lesson.
- grocery | ['grəʊsəri] | n.食品杂货店 | Her mother began to ope ate a small grocery.
- gross | [grəʊs] | adj.总的,毛的 | GDP stands for Gross Domestic Product.
- growth | [grəʊθ] | n.增长;生长 | Cold weather constrained the plant's growth.
- industry | ['Indəstri] | n. 工业;产业;勤劳 | The conference underscored the importance of modern industry.
- market | [ˈmɑːkɪt] | n.市场; 市场需求 | The market is experiencing depression at the moment.
- merchant | ['mɜːtʃənt] | n.商人 adj.商业的 | The merchant decided to use camels to carry his goods across the desert.
- receipt | [rɪ'siːt] | n.收据;收到 | When you have paid for something, a receipt is given to you.
- reduce | [rɪˈdjuːs] | v.减少, 减小 | The prices in the shop have been reduced, so it's a good time to buy.
- slogan | ['sləʊgən] | n.标语,口号 | The advertising slogan was a play on words.
- spend | [spend] | v.花费 n.开支 | The time I spend in commuting every day adds up to two hours.
- impose | [ɪmˈpəʊz] | v.强加;征收(税款) | She often imposed her values on her daughter.
- endow | [ɪnˈdaʊ] | v.捐赠; 赋予 | She is endowed with great writing ability.
- lease | [liːs] | n.租约 v.出租;租用 | We will lease you the house for one year.
- invoice | ['ɪnvɔɪs] | n.发票 v.开发票给 | The seller issued an invoice for the goods.
- currency | ['kʌrənsi] | n.货币;通用,流行 | Our currency will not depreciate.
- advertise | ['ædvətaɪz] | v.做广告 | We advertised in the local press.
- chain | [tʃeɪn] | n.连锁店; 一连串(人或事物) | The strike may produce a chain reaction in other industries.



- purchase | ['pɜːtʃəs] | nv.购买 | The new couple spent some money for the purchase of the furnitl re necessary for their new house.
- crisis | ['kraɪsɪs] | n.危机 | They suffered huge losses in the financial crisis.
- decline | [dɪˈklaɪn] | vn.下降 | There is a sharp decline in unemployment.
- debt | [det] | n.债务 | Liabilities are the debt or obligation that a businessman must pay in money or services at some time in the future.
- exchange | [ɪks'tʃeɪndʒ] | n.交换; 兑换 | It seems the exchange rate fluctuates almost daily.
- commercial | [kəˈmɜːʃ(ə)l] | adj.商业的 n.商业广告 | The downtown area is zoned for commercial use.
- depression | [dɪ'preʃn] | n.沮丧,消沉;萧条期,不景气 | A holiday may help him cope with feelings of depression.
- security | [sɪˈkjʊərəti] | n.安全工作;安全; [securities] 证券 | The government looks after the security
  of the country.
- increment | ['ɪŋkrəmənt] | n.增加量;定期的加薪 | Your salary will be \$12,000 a year, with annual increments of \$500.
- tax | [tæks] | n.税 v.对.....征税 | Governments don't tax children.
- dwindle | ['dwind(a)l] | v. 缩小, 减少 | The number of people going to the bookstores seems to dwindle steadily.
- retail | ['riːteɪl; rɪ'teɪl] | n.零售 v.零售;以.....价格零售 | These slippers retail at 10 dollars per pair.
- diminish | [dɪˈmɪnɪʃ] | v. (使) 减少;贬低 | We should try to diminish the cost of production.
- deficit | ['defɪsɪt] | n.赤字,逆差 | The current trade deficit indicates a serious imbalance between our imports and exports.
- recession | [rɪˈseʃn] | n. 经济衰退 | This country was in a deep economic recession.
- levy | ['levi] | n.税款 v.征收, 征 (税) | The government has decided to levy a tax on imported cars.
- tariff | ['tærɪf] | n.关税;(公共服务的) 收费 | There is a very high tariff on alcohol.
- duty | ['djuːti] | n.职责;义务;关税 | I feel it my duty to speak frankly to you.
- revenue | ['revənju:] | n. (公司、组织的) 收入; (政府的) 税收,财政收入 | State universities in the U.S. get most of their revenue from taxes.
- inflation | [ɪnˈfleɪʃn] | n.通货膨胀 | Inflation erodes the purchasing power of the families with lower income.
- deflation | [ˌdiːˈfleɪʃn] | n.通货紧缩 | Deflation and financial distress stifled economicgrowth.
- bond | [bɒnd] | n. 债券 | A company issues a bond to collect money and will pay back with interest.
- downsize | ['daʊnsaɪz] | v.使精简;裁员 | The factory has to downsize and more fully utilise the remaining workers.
- fund | [fʌnd] | v. 资助 n. 基金; [~] 资金 | The research is funded by the government.
- donate | [dəʊˈneɪt] | V.捐赠,捐献 | The government calls on the youth to donate their blood voluntarily.
- promotion | [prəˈməʊʃn] | n.促销活动;晋升 | Last year's sales promotions were quite successful.
- voucher | ['vaʊtʃə(r)] | n.代金券 | The voucher can be used at most major cinemas.
- coupon | ['kuːpɒn] | n.优惠券 | I have a coupon for 30% off any dairy product in this supermarket.
- swap | [swpp] | vn. 交换 | She swapped her watch for an antique locket.
- discount | ['dɪskaʊnt] | n. 折扣 v. 打折出售 | I'll sell at a discount in return for a speedy sale.



• increase | [ɪnˈkriːs , ˈɪŋkriːs] | n. 增加,增长 v. (使) 增加,(使) 增长 | His employer has increased his salary.

### 社会经济 第二组

- wealth | [welθ] | n.财富,丰富 | Health is better than wealth.
- treasure | ['treʒə(r)] | n.金银财宝;宝物,珍品 | This museum has many art treasures.
- coin | [kɔɪn] | n.硬币 v铸币;创造 (新词语) | We'd better not coin terms which are not intelligible.
- sale | [seɪl] | n.卖,销售;销售额 | The store discounted all air conditioners forsale.
- product | ['prodʌkt] | n. 产品;产物 | A series of technical issues delayed the launch of the new product.
- interest | ['ɪntrəst] | n.兴趣;利益;利息 v.使感兴趣 | You must pay interest on that loan.
- insure | [ɪn'[ʊə(r)] | v.确保;给.....上保险 | His talent and commitment will insure hissuccess.
- absent | ['æbsənt] | adj.不在场的,缺席的;心不在焉的 | Daniel was absent from the house all the nextday.
- account | [əˈkaʊnt] | n.账户;解释 | Have you got a bank account?
- agent | ['eɪdʒənt] | n.代理人,代理商 | The travel agent has made all the reservations for my journey.
- attend | [ə'tend] | v.参加, 出席 | A large number of people attended her birthday party.
- cargo | ['kɑːgəʊ] | n.货物 | The ship is discharging the cargo.
- cash | [kæ[] | n.现金 v.兑现 (支票) | He paid for the meal in cash.
- cheque | [t[ek] | n.支票 | The bank cashed my cheque.
- company | ['kʌmpəni] | n.公司; 陪伴; 剧团 | The company has connections with a number of Canadian firms.
- copper | ['kɒpə(r)] | n.铜;[~s]铜币:警察 | He polished up the old copper coins.
- deal | [diːl] | v.买卖; [~with] 处理,应付 n.协议,交易;大量 | I'll deal with the children later.
- descend | [dɪ'send] | v. 下降,下来 | She is said to be descended from a French aristocratic family.
- dump | [dʌmp] | v.丢弃,倾倒;倾销 | Some people just dump their rubbish in the river.
- goods | [gʊdz] | n. 商品,货物 | You give me the money and I'll give you thegoods.
- guarantee | [ˌɡærən'tiː] | v.担保;确保 n.保证;保修单;担保金,担保物 | They offer a two-year guarantee on all their household appliances.
- invest | [ɪn'vest] | v.投资;投入 | The state has planned to invest two million in the dam.
- reliable | [rɪˈlaɪəb(ə)l] | adj.可靠的,可信赖的 | It's not reliable to judge a man only by his looks.
- saving | ['seɪvɪŋ] | n.节约,节省 | A saving of 20% is obtainable under this scheme.
- share | [ʃeə(r)] | n.股份,股票;(在若干人之间分得的)一份 v.分享;共享;分担 | He has put all his money in stocks and shares.
- shilling | ['ʃɪlɪŋ] | n.先令 | Five pence was equal to a shilling.
- spare | [speə(r)] | adj. 多余的、空闲的 v. 剩余 | If you have a spare bed, may I stay tonight?
- stock | [stok] | n.股本:股票:库存 | All stock prices have jumped up this month.
- deposit | [dɪ'pɒzɪt] | n.存款;押金 | The interest of the current account is lower than that of the deposit account.
- expand | [ɪk'spænd] | v.扩充,扩大;扩展 | Metals expand when they are heated.



- lack | [læk] | n. 缺乏,不足 v. 缺少,没有 | Serious lack of circulating funds forced the closure of the company.
- adequate | ['ædɪkwət] | adj.足够的; 合格的 | We had adequate food for a week's journey.
- estate | [r'stert] | n.地产;遗产 | The old lady left an estate of three million pounds when she died.
- bid | [bɪd] | vn.出价;投标 | They lost the contract because their bid was too high.
- firm | [fɜːm] | n.公司 adj.坚定的;坚固的 | Because of their common values, they soon formed a firm friendship.
- sufficient | [səˈfɪʃ(ə)nt] | adj.足够的 | We must work hard, but equally we must get sufficient rest.
- benefit | ['benɪfɪt] | n.益处 v.有利于;获益 | A large number of students will benefit from the new teaching method.
- possess | [pə'zes] | v. 占用、拥有;影响、控制 | She was possessed by the desire to be rich.
- transaction | [træn'zækʃ(ə)n] | n. (一笔) 交易, 业务 | Because sellers and buyers manage business transactions, it leads companies to keeping in touch with customers.
- escalate | ['eskəleɪt] | v. (使) 逐步升级, (使) 不断恶化 | The cost of living is escalating in the country.
- auction | ['ɔːkʃ(ə)n] | v.n.拍卖 | His house was sold at an auction.
- turnover | ['tɜːnəʊvə(r)] | n. (人员) 流动率;营业额 | Annual turnover is about 800 million pounds.
- quota | ['kwəʊtə] | n.限额, 配额; 定额 | The committee reversed its decision on the import quota.
- instalment | [ɪnˈstɔːlmənt] | (=installment)n(分期付款的) —期付款 | Buying goods in instalments has become an epidemic in recent years.
- legacy | ['legəsi] | n.遗赠,遗产 | The girl received a small legacy from her aunt.
- influx | ['ɪnflʌks] | n.流入, 涌进 | The country simply cannot handle this influx of refugees.
- affluent | ['æfluənt] | adj. 富裕的,富足的 | We live in an affluent society.
- redundant | [rɪ'dʌndənt] | adj.多余的; 被裁减的 | During the financial crisis, many workers were made redundant.
- enterprise | ['entəpraɪz] | n.企业;事业 | They are involved in an exciting scientific enterprise.
- entity | ['entəti] | n.实体,独立存在物 | The country is no longer a sovereign entity.
- input | [ɪnpʊt] | n.输入信息;投入物 | We must increase the output with less labourinput.
- acquisition | [ˌækwɪˈzɪʃ(ə)n] | n.获得;(对公司的)并购 | The acquisition of knowledge is a social activity.
- negotiation | [nɪˌgəʊʃiˈeɪʃn] | n.谈判,协商 | We are satisfied with the smoothness of the negotiation.
- wholesale | ['həʊlseɪl] | n.批发 | These wholesale dealers earned a large sum ofmoney.
- enrich | [ɪnˈrɪtʃ] | v. 使富有;充实 | Giving much to the poor will enrich a man's store.
- export | [ɪk'spɔːt , 'ekspɔːt] | v. 出口 n. 出口;出口商品 | Oil has supplanted coffee as our main export.
- import | ['ɪmpɔːt , ɪm'pɔːt] | v. 进口 n. 进口;进口商品 | We import a huge amount of produce from other countries every year.
- dividend | ['dɪvɪdend] | n. 股息,红利 | The company declared a large dividend at the end of the year.

# 社会经济 第三组

- job | [dʒpb] | n.职业,工作;(一份) 工作,活儿 | The job is not yet finished.
- cheap | [tʃiːp] | adj.廉价的;质劣价低的 | Cheap shoes soon wear out.



- interview | ['ɪntəvjuː] | n.面试;采访 v.对.....进行面试;采访 | The interview has drawn considerable attention to the profession.
- discharge | [dɪs/t[ɑːdʒ] | v. 解雇 n. (船的) 卸货 | How long will the discharge of the cargo take?
- resume | [rɪˈzjuːm] | n.(求职用的) 履历,简历;摘要 | Please e-mail your personal résumé to us before sitting a written test.
- clerk | [klɑːk] | n.店员;办事员;接待员 | The clerk was elevated to a managerial position.
- dismiss | [dɪsˈmɪs] | v. 解雇;解散;(法官) 驳回 | If you are late again, you will be dismissed.
- labour | ['leɪbə(r)] | n.劳动,体力劳动 | Many women do hard manual labour.
- occupation | [,pkju'peɪʃ(ə)n] | n.占领, 占据; 职业 | I regard being a teacher as a decent occupation and
   I love being a teacher.
- personnel | [ˌpɜːsəˈnel] | n.人员,职员;人事部门 | The next project needs new personnel.
- profession | [prəˈfeʃn] | n.职业 | The medical profession requires a strong sense of responsibility.
- resign | [rɪˈzaɪn] | v. 辞去,辞职 | Katherine was forced to resign from the board of directors.
- retire | [rɪˈtaɪə(r)] | v. (使) 退休 | If they prove incompetent, they should be demoted or asked to retire.
- sack | [sæk] | n.大口袋,麻布袋 v.开除 | The poor guy got sacked yesterday.
- change | [tʃeɪndʒ] | n.改变 | All our previous ideas are now in the melting pot, which means our jobs are bound to change radically.
- choose | [tʃuːz] | v. 选择 | We have many patterns in stock for you to choose from.
- cooperate | [kəʊˈɒpəreɪt] | v. 合作,协作 | If they cooperate with each other, everything will run smoothly.
- develop | [dɪˈveləp] | V 发展; 开发 | The United States can't develop in isolation from the rest of the world.
- earn | [ɜːn] | v.赚得;赢得;获得 | He has earned a lot of money this month.
- failure | [ˈfeɪljə(r)] | n.失败;失败的人;失败的事 | His failure may lead to the bankruptcy of thecompany.
- hire | ['haɪə(r)] | v.雇用:租用自.租赁(业) | They hired an advertising company to help sell a new product.
- income | ['ɪnkʌm] | n. 收入 | Many staff members made an accusation that the earned incomes were not distributed upon the principle of equality.
- loss | [los] | n.遗失;损失;亏损 | They forfeited the business after only two months and with great loss.
- manage | ['mænɪdʒ] | v. 管理;设法做到 | From this day on, I will manage all my affairs on my own.
- opportunity | [ˌɒpə'tjuːnəti] | n.机会,时机 | I'd like to take this opportunity to thank everyone for their hard work on the project.
- payment | ['peɪmənt] | n.支付;支付的款顶;付款额 | You may defer payment until next week.
- prompt | [prompt] | V.促使 adj.迅速的 | What prompted you to do such a thing?
- regulate | ['regjuleɪt] | v. 管理;调整 | Your watch is slow. It needs to be regulated.
- result | [rɪ'zʌlt] | n. 后果,结果 v. 导致 | As a result, there is often trouble in American families.
- salary | ['sæləri] | n.工资, (尤指按月领的) 薪水 | She was employed with a salary of 3,000 dollars a month.
- solve | [splv] | v. 解答;解决 | I must alert him to the need to solve the problem.
- valuable | ['væljuəbl] | adj.很值钱的,贵重的;很重要的 | His wife put on her valuable ring and necklace.



- wage | [weidʒ] | n (通常指按周领的) 工钱 | These workers demanded a wage rise of 5%.
- worthy | [ˈwɜːði] | adj.有价值的;值得.....的 | This book is worthy of reading.
- accelerate | [ək'seləreɪt] | v. (使) 加速 | Good economic policies can accelerate the economic growth of a society.
- undertaking | [ˌʌndə'teɪkɪŋ] | n. 任务,事业;许诺,保证 | I give an undertaking that we shall proceed with the legislation.
- vocation | [vəʊˈkeɪʃn] | n. (认为特别适合自己的) 职业;使命感 | She struggled for years to find her true vocation.
- incentive | [ɪnˈsentɪv] | n. 刺激,激励 | Incentives differ from country to country and region to region.
- employ | [ɪmˈplɔɪ] | v.雇用; 采用 | They employ casual labour to pick the fruit.
- subsidy | ['sʌbsədi] | n.津贴,补贴 | The government has decided to increase subsidieson farm produce.
- recommend | [ˌrekəˈmend] | v.推荐,介绍:劝告,建议 | I recommend you to reserve a table in advance.
- payroll | ['peɪrəʊl] | n.工资名单 | Every month she has to make a payroll of the staff.
- abortion | [ə'bɔːʃn] | n. 人工流产; (计划等) 中途失败 | His attempt proved an abortion.
- chance | [tʃαːns] | n.机会;可能性 | Her testimony works against his chance of winning the case.
- sustainable | [səˈsteɪnəb(ə)l] | adj.可持续的 | Sustainable development is the common target of human beings.
- improve | [ɪmˈpruːv] | v. 改善,改造 | He offered a suggestion to improve the plan.
- sanction | ['sæŋkʃn] | n. 批准;制裁 v. 批准;对......实施制裁 | The minister can only act in this ma er with the sanction of parliament.
- reimburse | [ˌriːɪmˈbɜːs] | v. 赔偿,补偿 | We will reimburse the customer for any loss ordamage.
- remuneration | [rɪˌmjuːnəˈreɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 报酬 | He received a small remuneration.
- career | [kəˈrɪə(r)] | n.职业,事业;职业生涯 | After the accident, she realised that her acting career was over.
- workforce | ['wɜːkfɔːs] | n.劳动力;全体员工 | This year, 5% of the workforce will be mader edundant.
- workaholic | [ˌwɜːkəˈhɒlɪk] | n.工作狂 | I do not want to become a workaholic.
- fire | ['faɪə(r)] | v. 解雇 n. 火 | He was fired by his boss.
- lay-off | ['leɪ ɒf] | n. (因岗位不足的) 解雇,裁员;歇工期 | There are more lay-offs in the IT industry thisyear.
- refund | ['ri:fʌnd , rɪ'fʌnd] | n. 退款 v. 退 (款) | We can refund the price difference.
- coordinate | [kəʊ'ɔːdɪneɪt] | v. 调和,协调 n. 坐标 | Our efforts need to be further coordinated for higher efficiency.
- collaborate | [kəˈlæbəreɪt] | v. 合作 | We would like to ask you to collaborate with us.

#### 沙场争锋 第一组

- beat | [bi:t] | v打;打败;(心脏等) 跳动 n 节拍;击鼓声;(心脏等的) 跳动 | If we don't prepare for the debate, they will beat us.
- missile | ['mɪsaɪl] | n.导弹;投掷物 | A hand-grenade is a missile weapon.
- punch | [pʌntʃ] | n.打孔机;重拳击打 V.给......打孔;拳打 | Spectators cheered at his KO punch.



- arrow | ['ærəʊ] | n.箭;箭头 | The arrow pierced her shoulder.
- ax | [æks] | n.斧子 | He cut a hole through the wall with an ax.
- blade | [bleɪd] | n.刃,锋; (螺旋浆的) 叶片 | The blades of the electric fan are covered withdust.
- blast | [blɑːst] | n.爆炸 V.爆炸, 炸毁 | It's thought that the blast occurred when volatile chemicals exploded.
- bomb | [bbm] | n.炸弹 V.轰炸 | The terrorists planted a bomb in the post office.
- bow | [bəʊ] | n.弓;蝴蝶结 | At that time, people hunted with bows andarrows.
- burst | [b3:st] | v.(使) 爆裂;(使) 胀开 n.迸发; 爆裂 | Prices went up and up in those years, before the housing bubble burst.
- cannon | ['kænən] | n.大炮,加农炮;(飞机上的)自动机关炮 | Their fighter planes are all armed with cannons.
- chop | [tʃɒp] | v.切碎 (禽物);劈 (木头) | Onions must be chopped up to make a salad.
- equip | [ɪˈkwɪp] | V.配备,装备 | He equipped himself for an expedition to the jungle.
- flame | [fleɪm] | n.火焰;强烈的感情 | It's been dry for so long that the forest could burst into flames at any moment.
- flare | [fleə(r)] | n. (闪耀的) 火光;闪光信号灯 v. (火光) 闪耀 | The flare of the match lit up the little girl's face.
- glitter | ['glɪtə(r)] | v.闪烁;闪现 n 发光小物 | The diamond ring on her finger glittered in the moonlight.
- hammer | ['hæmə(r)] | v.用锤击 | He hammered a nail into the wall with ahammer.
- hit | [hɪt] | n.击, 打; 击中 | They insisted that food and medical supplies should be given to the worst hit areas.
- mission | ['mɪ[n] | n.使命; 重要任务 | He has been on confidential missions to Berlin.
- spear | [spɪə(r)] | n.矛;标枪 V.周尖物刺穿 | The athlete is trying to launch a spear.
- stab | [stæb] | v.n. (用刀等) 刺,戳 | She stabbed him in the leg with a knife.
- sword | [sɔːd] | n.刀, 剑 | Fame can be a double-edged sword.
- twinkle | ['twɪŋk(ə)l] | n.v.闪烁,闪耀 | We could see the distant twinkle of the harbour lights.
- deflect | [dɪˈflekt] | v .(使) 偏斜, (使) 偏转:转移 | The bullet struck a wall and was deflected from its course.
- plight | [plaɪt] | n.困境;誓约 | This article drew attention to the plight of the unemployed.
- target | ['tɑːgɪt] | n.靶子;目标,对象 | The hunter's target was a wild beast.
- explosion | [ɪkˈspləʊʒ(ə)n] | n.爆发; 迸发; 爆炸; 激增 | The explosion was caused by a burst gas pipe.
- bombard | [bɒm'bɑːd] | v.轰击,轰炸;连珠炮般质问(或批评)| The speaker was bombarded with questions.
- strike | [straɪk] | v.打, 击; 突击; 罢工 n.罢工; 打击 | The strike has delivered a heavy blow to the management.
- campaign | [kæmˈpeɪn] | n.战役;(社会、政治)运动 v 参加(或领导)运动 | Those people are campaigning for equal rights for women.
- dilemma | [dɪ'lemə] | n. (避退两难的) 困境 | The man has a scheduling conflict, so now he is in a dilemma.
- provide | [prəˈvaɪd] | v.供给,提供 | The hotel provides a reservation of tickets for its residents.



- pitfall | ['pɪtfɔːl] | n.陷阱;危险,困难 | The lawyer gave me advice on how to avoid the pitfall of the legal process.
- tank | [tæŋk] | n.坦克;罐,槽,缸 | The tank got bogged down in the mud.
- shield | [ʃiːld] | n.盾;防护物 V.保护 | The shield protected the warrior from the blows of his enemy.
- spark | [spa:k] | n.火花, 火星 | A single spark can start a prairie fire.
- weapon | ['wepən] | n.武器,兵器;手段 | Their ultimate weapon was the threat of an all- out strike.
- pistol | ['pɪst(ə)l] | n.手枪 | The robber took a pistol out of his pocket and pointed it at the shop keeper.
- rifle | ['raɪfl] | n.步枪 | He accidentally triggered his rifle.
- bullet | ['bʊlɪt] | n.子弹,枪弹 | The bullet hit him in the leg.
- glow | [gləʊ] | V.发出微弱稳定的光 n,微弱稳定的光 | Maple leaves glowed red in the sunlight.
- helmet | ['helmɪt] | n.头盔,防护帽 | All visitors to the site must wear safety helmets.
- prepare | [prɪˈpeə(r)] | V.使预备好; 为......做准备 | The defence lawyers asked for another week to prepare for their case.
- deploy | [dɪ'plɔɪ] | v.部署 | The general ordered his men to deploy in order to meet the offensive of the enemy.
- violence | ['vaɪələns] | n.暴力 | The French government today called for an end to the violence.
- raid | [reɪd] | n.v.突袭; 突然搜查 | We launched a bombing raid on enemy bases.
- enormity | [ɪ'nɔːməti] | n.巨大; 滔天大罪 | The enormity of the crime has shocked even experienced policemen.
- battle | ['bæt(ə)l] | n.战斗战役 V.与战斗 | Life is a battle from cradle to grave.
- struggle | ['strʌg(ə)l] | v.n.挣扎;奋力;奋斗 | His father struggled to control his temper.
- gunpowder | ['gʌnpaʊdə(r)] | n.火药 | Gunpowder was used for military pu 「posesin China as far back as the 10th century.
- conspiracy | [kənˈspɪrəsi] | n.阴谋,密谋,合谋 | The conspiracy of the assassination of the president was brought to light in time.
- conflict | ['kɒnflɪkt] | n.斗争,冲突 | Many people feel that religion conflicts with science.

#### 沙场争锋 第二组

- counter | ['kaʊntə(r)] | v.抵消;反击,反驳 adv.相反地 n.柜台;工作台 | My colleague countered my proposal with one of his own.
- turbulent | ['tɜːbjələnt] | adj.动荡的,混乱的;汹涌的 | The sea was too turbulent for us to set sail.
- alarm | [əˈlɑːm] | n.惊恐,忧虑;警报;警报器 | The instant they heard the alarm, they fell in for action.
- blame | [bleɪm] | v.责备,指责 n.(对坏事应负的)责任 | Bad workmen often blame their tools.
- cease | [siːs] | V.终止, 停止 | At last, they ceased working for lack of capital.
- dread | [dred] | v.极为害怕,非常担心 n.恐惧,忧虑 | I dread to think what will happen if she finds out the truth.
- enclose | [ɪnˈkləʊz] | V.围住,包围;把......封入信封,随信附上 | The writer's house is enclosed by a wall.
- frighten | ['fraɪtn] | v.使害怕,使惊恐 | He frightened the old man into giving him all the money.



- oppress | [ə'pres] | v.压迫,压制;使压抑 | The king oppressed his people with terrible taxes and punishments.
- pause | [pɔːz] | n.v.暂停,停顿 | After she ran up the hill, she paused for a minute to rest.
- reproach | [rɪˈprəʊtʃ] | n.v.责备,指责 | His manners are beyond reproach.
- terrible | ['terəb(ə)l] | adj.可怕的,糟糕的;极严重的 | The earthquake was a terrible catastrophe.
- terrific | [təˈrɪfɪk] | adj.极好的;很大的,很强的 | The ceiling came down with a terrific crash.
- terror | ['terə(r)] | n.恐惧, 恐慌 | His terror is so intense that he can't do anything.
- threat | [θret] | n.威胁,恐吓 | The United Nations is trying to free the world from the threat of war.
- famine | [ˈfæmɪn] | n.饥荒 | Many people died of famine that year.
- patriot | ['pætriət] | n.爱国者 | A true patriot will never betray his country.
- siege | [si:dʒ] | n包围,围攻 | The TV station has been under siege from irate viewers phoning in to complain.
- surround | [səˈraʊnd] | v.包围;环绕 | They have surrounded the town with troops.
- tension | ['tenf(ə)n] | n.紧张; 拉紧状态 | Tension mounted as we waited for the exam results to be published.
- evidence | ['evɪdəns] | n.证据;根据 | Can you show me any evidence for your statement?
- prevent | [prɪ'vent] | v.预防,防止;阻止,阻碍 | Scientists are trying to find ways to prevent the disease from spreading.
- starve | [sta:v] | v .(使) 挨饿, 饿死 | They besieged the town and tried to starve the army into surrender.
- scenario | [səˈnɑːriəʊ] | n.可能发生的情况;剧情梗棚,脚本 | Imagine a scenario where only 20% of people have a job.
- challenge | [tfælɪndʒ] | n.挑战 v.向.....挑战 | He challenged me to play another tennis game.
- invade | [ɪnˈveɪd] | v.入侵,侵略;侵扰 | They are determined to resist the invadingarmies.
- aggressive | [ə'gresɪv] | adj.侵略的;好斗的;积极进取的 | The world dooms itself to war because man is aggressive at heart.
- oppose | [ə'pəʊz] | v.反对,抵制 | The employees opposed their company's new policies.
- seize | [siːz] | v.抓住;夺取 | Uncontrollable laughter seized us up.
- pursue | [pəˈsjuː] | v.追赶;追查;追求 | Why should we even have to decide whether to pursue truth?
- prohibit | [prəˈhɪbɪt] | v.禁止,不允许 | Smoking is strictly prohibited in the process of handling explosive materials.
- violate | ['vaɪəleɪt] | v.违反, 违背; 侵犯; 搅扰 | The sound of guns violated the usual calm of a Sunday morning.
- proof | [pruːf] | n.证明,证据 | Have you got any proof that you own thishandbag?
- deter | [dɪ'tɜː(r)] | V.阻止,威慑住 | The security camera was installed to deter people from stealing.
- forbid | [fə'bɪd] | v.禁止;阻止 | Lack of time forbids any further discussion on this issue.
- revolt | [rɪˈvəʊlt] | nv.叛乱;反抗 | Autocracy often causes the people to revolt.
- betray | [bɪ'treɪ] | v.背叛,出卖;(无意中) 泄露,流露出 | They have promised never to betray the organisation.
- treason | ['tri:z(ə)n] | n.叛国罪,通敌罪 | They have committed treason against the state.



- rebel | ['rebl , rɪ'bel] | n.反叛者; 叛逆者 v.造反; 反抗, 反对 | The rebels made regular attacks on the railways.
- traitor | ['treɪtə(r)] | n.叛徒, 卖国贼 | He stuck a knife into the traitor's heart.
- horrible | ['hɒrəb(ə)l] | adj.可怕的,恐怖的 | There was a horrible accident here yesterday.
- turmoil | [ˈtɜːmɔɪl] | n.混乱,骚乱 | The demonstration turned into turmoil.
- occasion | [ə'keɪʒ(ə)n] | n.场合; 时机, 机会 | A wedding is a very happy occasion.
- destitute | ['destɪtju:t] | adj.赤贫的,一无所有的;缺乏的 | The floods left many people destitute.
- deprive | [dɪˈpraɪv] | v.剥夺 | Sickness deprived me of the pleasure of travelling overseas.
- offend | [əˈfend] | V.冒犯;犯罪;违反 | We mustn't offend the local customs.
- trespass | ['trespəs] | V.非法侵入 n.罪过;非法侵入 | The farmer said we were trespassing on private land
- intrude | [ɪnˈtruːd] | V.闯入,侵入;侵扰 | Employers should not intrude into the private lives of their employees.
- attack | [ə'tæk] | v.n.攻击,避政 | The police are launching a major attack on drug dealers.
- assault | [ə'sɔːlt] | n.猛攻; (身体) 侵犯 V.袭击 | He was accused of sexual assault.
- halt | [hɔːlt] | v. (使) 停止, (使) 停住 n 停止, 停住 | The cab rolled to a halt before the hotel.

# 沙场争锋 第三组

- enemy | ['enəmi] | n.敌人,仇敌;敌兵,敌军 | Disease is an enemy of mankind.
- order | ['ɔːdə(r)] | n.次序;整齐 v.命令 | He gave his order to the waiter.
- matter | ['mætə(r)] | n.事情;物质 v.要紧 | He reconsidered his decision on this matter because something unexpected happened.
- comfort | ['kʌmfət] | n.安慰;舒适 v.安慰,抚慰 | A father is a treasure; a brother is a comfort; but a friend is both.
- devil | ['dev(ə)l] | n.魔鬼; 恶棍 | That enemy officer is the devil incarnate.
- event | [ɪ'vent] | n,事件,大事;公开活动 | There will be a fund-raising event in the library tomorrow.
- evil | ['i:v(ə)I] | n.邪恶;祸害 adj.邪恶的 | Money is thought to be the root cause of allevils.
- fierce | [fɪəs] | n.凶猛的;猛烈的;(天气或温度) 恶劣的 | They launched a fierce attack against the enemy position.
- happen | ['hæpən] | v发生, 出现; 碰巧 | It is impossible to anticipate when it will happen.
- might | [maɪt] | n力量, 威力 | We fear the military might of the enemy.
- oblige | [əˈblaɪdʒ] | v.迫使,强迫;帮忙 | The law obliges parents to send their children to school.
- proceed | [prəˈsiːd] | V.接下来做;继续避行;行避 | The building of the largest bridge across a river in that country is in progress.
- refute | [rɪˈfjuːt] | V.反驳,驳斥;否认 | He had hardly finished when someone rose torefute his points.
- rein | [reɪn] | n.缰绳;控制权 v.用缰绳勒马;管束 | The horse responds to the slightest pull on the rein.
- reckless | ['rekləs] | adj.鲁莽的,不计后果的 | He is very reckless when he is drunk.
- hover | ['hɒvə(r)] | V.盘旋,悬浮;徘徊;处于不确定状态 | The helicopter is hovering over the crowd.
- contend | [kən'tend] | v.竞争;争辩,主张 | He contended that it was not his fault.



- troop | [tru:p] | n. 一群,一队; [一 s) 军队 E 结队前行 | The troops made good their retreat from the occupied city.
- boundary | ['baʊndri] | n.分界线,边界;界限 | The river is the boundary between the two countries.
- limit | ['lɪmɪt] | n.眼度;界限 v.限制,眼定 | I'll help as much as I can, but there is a limit to what I can do.
- foul | [faʊl] | adj.恶臭的;恶劣的;邪恶的 V.弄脏;对……犯规 | The foul weather spoiled our vacation.
- rival | ['raɪv(ə)I] | n.竞争者,对手 v.与......匹敌 | She and I are rivals for the swimming prize.
- strategy | ['strætədʒi] | n.策略;战略 | Mao Zedong was a great strategist and skilled in developing military strategies.
- tactic | ['tæktɪk] | n.策略,战术 | Reducing prices is a common sales tactic.
- punishment | ['pʌnɪʃmənt] | n.惩罚,处罚 | Punishment had very little effect on him.
- grave | [greɪv] | n.坟墓;死亡 adj.庄重的,严肃的 | The lady's grave is made of granite.
- hang | [hæŋ] | n.悬挂;悬浮(在空中);{被)绞死 | He was hanged for murder.
- compete | [kəmˈpiːt] | v.竞争;参加(比赛) | If the election is one-sided, it is really no contest.
- competitor | [kəmˈpetɪtə(r)] | n.竞争者,对手 | That company is a strong competitor of ours.
- sacrifice | ['sækrɪfaɪs] | n牺牲; 献祭1牺牲; 以....· 圖作祭晶 | I would never dream of asking you to make such a sacrifice.
- tomb | [tuːm] | n.坟墓,冢 | Many things left by the ancient people in tombs haven't been brought to light.
- execute | ['eksɪkjuːt] | v.实行,执行;处死 | We can execute the big volume of orders in 20 days.
- compel | [kəm'pel] | v强迫,迫使 | I was compelled to find a part-time job because I needed money.
- protest | ['prəʊtest] | n.抗议; 申明 v.抗议; 申辩 | The diners protested about the bad service at the restaurant.
- mitigate | ['mɪtɪgeɪt] | v. 减轻, 缓和 | Nothing could mitigate the cruelty with which she had treated him.
- force | [fɔːs] | n力量;武力 v强迫,迫使;用力使……移动 | We'll settle the problem by force if necessary.
- casualty | ['kæʒuəlti] | n.伤亡人员 | In the Iran-Iraq war, both sides incurred heavy casualties.
- bury | ['beri] | v.埋葬;埋藏 | He felt lonely after he buried his good friend.
- funeral | ['fjuːnərəl] | n.葬礼 | Funeral customs vary with different religions.
- hell | [hel] | n.地狱; 苦境 | The priest said they would go to hell for their sins.
- maritime | ['mærɪtaɪm] | adj.海的,海上的,海事的 | That maritime peril happened at night.
- naval | ['neɪv(ə)l] | adj.海军的 | He took part in a great naval battle.
- fleet | [fli:t] | n. 舰队,船队;机群,车队 | The general ordered the fleet to remain where they were and wait for the further instructions.
- landing | [ˈlændɪŋ] | n.着陆; 登陆 | The plane circled over the airport before landing.
- manoeuvre | [məˈnuːvə(r)] | n.策略,巧计; [-s] 军事演习 | The army is doing manoeuvres at sea.
- blueprint | ['blu:prɪnt] | n.蓝图;行动计划 | The construction of a concert hall is still in the blueprint stage.
- warn | [wɔːn] | v.警告;告诫 | They warned her that if she did it again she would be sent to prison.



- reinforce | [ˌriːɪn'fɔːs] | v增援;增强,加强;加固 | If concrete has steel bars inside it, it is known as reinforced concrete.
- impair | [ɪm'peə(r)] | v削弱;妨碍 | If a witness is allowed to withhold information, it impairs the legal process.
- occur | [əˈkɜː(r)] | v.发生, 出现 | The accident occurred at six o'clock in the morning.
- savage | ['sævɪdʒ] | adj.野蛮的, 凶猛的 v, 凶狠地攻击 n, 野蛮人 | Elephants are tame most of the time, but they can be very savage.
- contest | ['kɒntest , kən'test] | v.争取赢得;争辩 n.竞争;比赛 | If the election is one-sided, it is really no
- progress | ['prəʊgres] | n.前进;进步;进程 | he building of the largest bridge across a river in that country is in progress.

# 沙场争锋 第四组

- guard | [gɑːd] | n.卫兵,警卫员 v.看守;守卫,保卫 | The dog guarded the house against strangers.
- risk | [rɪsk] | n.危险, 风险阻冒着.....的危险 | If you don't warm up before taking exercise, you risk injuring yourself.
- victory | ['vɪktəri] | n.胜利,成功 | The school football team has had three victories this month against other schools.
- rid | [rɪd] | adj. [get -of] 摆脱,丢弃 | If you get rid of the water, you get rid of the mosquitoes.
- nuclear | ['nju:kliə(r)] | adj.原子核的;核能的;核武器的 | Nowadays more and more people prefer a nuclear family to an extended family.
- abandon | [ə'bændən] | v.放弃; 抛弃, 丢弃 | Do not abandon yourself to despair.
- discard | [dɪˈskɑːd] | v.丢弃,抛弃 | Outdated theory should be discarded.
- glorious | ['gloːriəs] | adj.光荣的,荣糙的 | Our country has a glorious past.
- adventure | [əd'ventʃə(r)] | n.冒险,冒险经历 v,去 (某地) 探险 | All the children were listening to her adventures with eager attention.
- avoid | [ə'vɔɪd] | v避免;躲开 | He'll look for any excuse to avoid doing thedishes.
- collapse | [kəˈlæps] | n.v.倒塌; 崩溃 | The man lost all his money in the collapse of the stock market.
- compromise | ['kpmprəmaɪz] | V.妥协 | They cannot compromise with the terrorists on such terms.
- damage | ['dæmɪdʒ] | n.v.损害;伤害 | An earthquake sometimes causes extensive damage to a town.
- devote | [dɪˈvəʊt] | v.献身;投入 | After she graduated, she continued to devote herself to research.
- disturb | [dɪ'stɜːb] | v.打扰; 使焦虑; 弄乱 | A soft breeze gently disturbed the surface of the pool.
- harmful | ['hɑːmf(ə)l] | adj.有害的 | A freezing winter is harmful to orange trees.
- honour | ['ɒnə(r)] | n.尊敬,敬意;荣誉 v.尊敬;给予表扬 | He's won an Academy Award and a host of other honours.
- interfere | [ˌɪntəˈfɪə(r)] | V.干涉;妨碍 | Don't allow pleasure to interfere with duty.
- medal | ['medl] | n勋章, 奖章 | It was an unbelievable moment when Victoria won the gold medal.
- mislead | [ˌmɪs'li:d] | v.误导,欺骗,使误入歧途 | A description about a product should not mislead the consumers.
- monument | ['monjument] | n纪念碑; 历史遗迹; 典范 | This work is one of the great monuments of French literature.



- owe | [əʊ] | V.欠;应把......归功于;欠(情),感激 | I owe a lot to my wife and children.
- quit | [kwɪt] | v 放弃,停止;辞去;离开 | She has not quit smoking, but is holding down to three cigarettes a day.
- resist | [rɪˈzɪst] | v.抵制,反对;抵御;忍住 | She could hardly resist laughing.
- retreat | [rɪˈtriːt] | n.v.撤退;退避 | He immediately sounded a retreat.
- statue | ['stætʃuː] | n.雕像,塑像 | The Statue of Liberty was presented to the United States of America in the nineteenth century by the people of France.
- surrender | [səˈrendə(r)] | n.v.投降;(被迫} 放弃 | Thousands of illegal immigrants have surrendered to police.
- tablet | ['tæblət] | n.碑,匾;药片 | The doctor told him to take two tablets before every meal.
- withdraw | [wɪðˈdrɔː; wɪθˈdrɔː] | v.收回; (使) 撤退;提 {款) | She withdrew all her savings from the bank.
- patrol | [pəˈtrəʊl] | n.v.巡逻, 巡查 | Every hour a policeman patrolled our street.
- safeguard | ['seɪfgɑːd] | v.保护,保卫 n.保护措施 | To safeguard the peace is one of the important tasks of the army.
- peril | ['perəl] | n.重大危险;险情,危险 | Preparedness averts peril.
- scout | [skaʊt] | V.侦察, 搜寻 | The scout was searching through the woods.
- contribute | [kənˈtrɪbjuːt] | v. 捐献;(为···) 作贡献;(为书、报刊等)撰稿 | She seldom contributes to the discussion.
- withstand | [wið'stænd; wiθ'stænd] | v.承受, 顶住, 经受住 | The bridge is built to withstand an earthquake of 8.0 magnitude.
- interrupt | [ˌɪntəˈrʌpt] | v.打断;中断 | Excuse me, I wonder if I could interrupt you?
- military | ['mɪlətri] | adj.军事的,军用的 | According to the constitution of the country, all the young men should do a year's military service.
- conquer | ['kɒŋkə(r)] | V.征服;克服,战胜 | To conquer or to die.
- obstacle | ['pbstəkl] | n.障碍;障碍物 | Her father' s disapproval remained their obstacle.
- capture | ['kæpt∫ə(r)] | n.战利品 v.捕获; 夺得 | The fraudster was captured when trying to escape from the city.
- defeat | [dɪˈfiːt] | v.战胜, 击败 n.失败 | They were defeated in the football match.
- triumph | ['traɪʌmf] | n.伟大胜利,非凡的成功 v.获得胜利 | It was a great triumph when our team won therace.
- Camouflage | ['kæməflɑːʒ] | v.n. 伪装 | Many animals have natural camouflage which hides them from the predators.
- devastate | ['devəsteɪt] | v.毁坏,摧毁 | They intended to devastate the town at astroke.
- general | ['dʒen(ə)rəl] | n..将军 adj.总的;一般性的 | As a general rule, prices follow demands.
- escape | [ɪ'skeɪp] | n.v.逃跑;逃脱;逃避 | To my surprise, he managed to escape from that big fire.
- humiliate | [hjuːˈmɪlieɪt] | V.羞辱,使蒙羞 | The team was humiliated in the recent game.
- burrow | ['bʌrəʊ] | n.地洞,地道 V.掘地洞 | The prairie dog stores food in its burrow.
- defend | [dr'fend] | v.防御,保护;为.....辩护 | She demonstrated the best way to defend oneself.
- shrink | [ʃrɪŋk] | v.退缩;收缩,缩水;(使) 减少 | The dress shrank when I washed it.
- poison | ['pɔɪz(ə)n] | n.毒物,毒药 v.毒害 | Spiritual rubbish can poison the children's pure minds.



- catastrophe | [kəˈtæstrəfi] | n.重大灾难,大祸 | Their party turned out to be a catastrophe.
- torture | ['tɔːtʃə(r)] | n拷问;痛苦,折磨 v拷问;使痛苦 | She suffered the torture of toothache.
- forgo | [fɔːˈɡəʊ] | v.放弃 | We'll have to forgo our rest hour to gather in the wheat before the storm begins.
- spy | [spaɪ] | n.间谍,特务 V.搜集情报,从事间谍活动 | She hired a detective to spy on her husband.
- soldier | ['səʊldʒə(r)] | n.战士, 士兵 | The soldier received a serious wound on the chest.
- veteran | ['vetərən] | n..老兵; 老手 | The baseball veteran loved to coach young players.

### 社会角色 第一组

- relative | ['relətɪv] | n.亲戚 adj.相对的;有关的 | We do not abandon our relatives when times get tough.
- grandfather | ['grænfɑːðə(r)] | n. (外) 祖父 | The kid was named after his grandfather.
- couple | ['kʌp(ə)l] | n.夫妻,情侣;两个,几个 | I waited a couple of hours.
- husband | ['hʌzbənd] | n.丈夫 | He is a model husband and father.
- cousin | ['kʌzn] | n.堂 (或表) 兄 (或弟、姐、妹) | For our first anniversary, he's taking me to his cousin's cabin.
- dear | [dɪə(r)] | adj.亲爱的 int.啊呀 | Dear John, thanks for asking me to help you with the class trip.
- customer | ['kʌstəmə(r)] | n.顾客, 主顾, 客户 | If that doesn't work, ask them if they really1919think
   "Customer is King".
- guest | [gest] | n.客人,宾客;旅客 | The guest who arrives half an hour earlier is the greatest nuisance.
- pioneer | [ˌpaɪəˈnɪə(r)] | n.先驱,开创者 | Napoleon was a pioneer and a symbol.
- miss | [mɪs] | V.想念;未注意到 | The woman missed her baby dreadfully.
- female | ['fiːmeɪl] | n.女子; 雌性生物 adj.女的; 雌性的 | We've got three cats—two females and a male.
- intimate | ['ɪntɪmət] | adj.亲密的;个人隐私的 n.密友,至交 | Do you believe these two intimate friends used to be mutual sworn enemies?
- teenager | ['ti:neɪdʒə(r)] | n. (13至19岁之间的) 青少年 | The survey shows that four out of five teenagers in this area have experimented with illegal drugs.
- twin | [twɪn] | adj.成双的 n.双胞胎之一 | You should know that this plan has a twinpurpose.
- hostess | ['həʊstəs] | n.女主人 | It's polite to bring flowers, chocolates or a bottle of wine to the hostess.
- gay | [geɪ] | n.同性恋者 (尤指男性) adj.同性恋的; 快乐的; 艳丽的 | The children were all gay at the thought of the coming holidays.
- darling | ['daːlɪŋ] | n.亲爱的; 宠儿 | Oh darling, I couldn't be more pleased for you.
- father-in-law | [ˈfɑːðər ɪn lɔː] | n.岳父;公公 | He has paid a formal visit to his father-in-law.
- folk | [fəʊk] | n.人们; [~s] 家属,亲属 | You're on the list of folks I'm indebted to.
- gang | [gæŋ] | n.一帮,一伙 (常聚在一起闹事、打斗的年轻人) | Have you seen any of the gang lately?
- generation | [,dʒenəˈreɪʃn] | n.一代(约20至30年); 一代人 | A mother and her daughters represent twogenerations.
- heir | [eə(r)] | n.后嗣;继承人 | In the UK, it is customary for the next heir to the throne to be regent.
- host | [həʊst] | n.主人, 东道主 | Do not bring alcoholic beverages in case your host or hostess doesn't drink alcohol.



- household | ['haʊshəʊld] | n.家庭, 一户; 家务 | The appliance of electricity to household tasks makes housework much easier.
- housewife | ['haʊswaɪf] | n.家庭主妇 | The cleverest housewife can't cook a meal without rice.
- landlady | [lændleɪdi] | n.女房东;女地主 | The landlady had prepared some coffee for us.
- landlord | [ˈlændlɔːd] | n.地主;房东;(酒吧) 店主 | He is the landlord of this house.
- lover | ['lʌvə(r)] | n.爱好者;(婚外的)情人 | He and his wife are both great lovers of drama.
- madam | [ˈmædəm] | n.夫人,支士; [英] 自以为是的小姑娘 | That poor madam has lost all contact withreality.
- maid | [meɪd] | n.女佣,女仆;少女 | Those people looked at me like I was just amaid.
- mistress | ['mɪstrəs] | n.女主人;情妇 | Our wife is duty. Our mistress is honour.
- nephew | ['nefju:] | n.侄子;外甥 | I'm going to have a nephew soon.
- niece | [niːs] | n.侄友;外甥友 | My niece drew a picture of my family when she was four.
- orphan | ['ɔːf(ə)n] | V.使成为孤儿 | The three children were orphaned when their parents died in a plane crash.
- youth | [ju:θ] | n.青年时期; 青春; (统称) 青年 | We shouldn't blame youth crime simply onunemployment.
- appointment | [əˈpɔɪntmənt] | n.约会;指派 | I made an appointment to see the doctor.
- chase | [tʃeɪs] | v.n.追逐;追求 | Police chased the speeding car.
- encounter | [ɪnˈkaʊntə(r)] | v.n.遭遇;偶遇,邂逅 | The more dangers we encounter, the harder should we push forward.
- successor | [səkˈsesə(r)] | n.接替者,继任者;后继的事物 | He is the successor to the throne.
- herald | ['herəld] | n.使者,传令官;先驱,预兆 V.预告;宣布 | Early green buds are heralds of spring.
- prophet | ['profɪt] | n. (基督教、犹太教、伊斯兰教的) 先知; 预言家 | A prophet made a prophecy that the tyrant would be killed by a young man.
- youngster | [jʌŋstə(r)] | n.年轻人;少年 | These youngsters yearn for an adventure in the wild.
- maiden | ['meɪdn] | n.少女,姑娘 | She was a tender, watchful maiden.
- client | ['klaɪənt] | n.顾客,客户;委托人 | He proves to be a successful lawyer with lots of clients.
- accompany | [əˈkʌmpəni] | v.陪伴;伴随 | She accompanied me to the doctor's.
- infant | ['ɪnfənt] | n.婴儿 adj.供婴儿用的; 婴儿的 | The infant mortality rate is a highly sensitive barometer of socio-economic conditions.
- juvenile | ['dʒuːvənaɪl] | adj.少年的 n.少年 | The problem of juvenile delinquency calls for the attention of the whole society.
- sibling | ['sɪblɪŋ] | n.兄;弟;姐;妹 | Some young smokers are influenced by their siblings' smoking habits.
- tenant | ['tenənt] | n.房客;租户 | He threatened to take the tenant to court or to have the tenant evicted.
- kin | [kɪn] | n. (统称) 家属,亲戚 adj.有血缘关系的;类似的 | All his kin were at the wedding.
- beloved | [bɪ'lʌvɪd] | n.爱人 adj.深受喜爱的 | This safari park is beloved by tourists from all parts of the globe.
- widow | ['wɪdəʊ] | n.寡妇,遗孀 | He left a widow and children totally unprovided for.
- chore | [tʃɔː(r)] | n.家庭杂务; 乏昧无聊的工作 | It's such a chore to do the shopping every day!



- dependent | [dɪˈpendənt] | adj.依靠的,依赖的 | She was unemployed for several years and almost totally dependent on welfare to survive.
- surname | ['sɜːneɪm] | n.姓 v.给······起别名 | To make a nickname from someone's surname can sometimes be bad.
- gender | ['dʒendə(r)] | n.性别 | Please fill in your name, address, age andgender.
- sex | [seks] | n.性别;性行为 | What sex is your cat?
- spouse | [spaʊs] | n.配偶 (指夫或妻) | They get free tickets for their spouses.
- embryo | ['embriəʊ] | n.胚胎 adj.胚胎的;初期的 | Our plans are still in embryo.
- adolescence | [,ædə'les(ə)ns] | n.青春期 | His adolescence was not a happy time for him.

### 社会角色 第二组

- manager | ['mænɪdʒə(r)] | n.经理,管理人 | She has been promoted to a middle manager.
- boss | [bps] | n.老板,上司 | The boss always makes them work overtime without pay.
- director | [dəˈrektə(r); daɪˈrektə(r)] | n.主管; 理事; 导演 | The director cast him as a deaf and dumb
   man.
- nurse | [nɜːs] | n.护士; 保姆 v.护理 | She is waiting for the nurse to give her aninjection.
- fisherman | ['fɪʃəmən] | n.渔民,渔夫,垂钓者 | What is it like to be a tuna fisherman?
- single | ['sɪŋg(ə)l] | adj.单一的; 单身的 | Not a single detail can escape his notice.
- member | ['membə(r)] | n.成员;会员 | Yesterday, there was a meeting between OPEC member Saudi Arabia and non-member Russia.
- hero | [ˈhɪərəʊ] | n.男主角,男主人公;英雄;勇士 | The hero of the novel is Bilbo.
- stranger | ['streɪndʒə(r)] | n.陌生人;新来者 | The region is no stranger to armed conflicts.
- actress | ['æktrəs] | n.女演员 | This actress was perfect for the part.
- council | ['kaʊns(ə)l] | n.委员会; 市政委员会 | The city council will decide the fate of the building.
- sole | [səʊl] | adj.仅有的,唯一的 | My sole aim was to discover what had happened during that period.
- individual | [ˌɪndɪˈvɪdʒuəl] | n.个人; 个体 adj.个别的, 单独的 | The rights of the individual are considered to be very important.
- acquaintance | [ə'kweɪntəns] | n.相识的人,泛泛之交;认识;了解 | I have some acquaintance with French, but don't speak it well.
- specialist | ['spe[əlɪst] | n.专家; 专科医生 | She is a specialist in e-business.
- barber | ['bɑːbə(r)] | n.理发师 | He asked the barber to crop his hair short.
- beggar | ['begə(r)] | n.乞丐 | He tossed the beggar a handful of coins.
- butcher | ['bʊt[ə(r)] | n.屠夫; 杀人狂 | Tom is a friendly butcher in our neighbourhood.
- colleague | ['kɒliːg] | n.同事,同僚 | He is getting along well with his colleagues.
- commander | [kəˈmɑːndə(r)] | n.司令官,指挥官 | You must follow the commander's order.
- committee | [kəˈmɪti] | n.委员会 | They have set up a committee to inspect the park facilities.
- comrade | ['kpmreɪd] | n.同志; (尤指共患难的) 同伴 | The medic saved a comrade's life and helped evacuate many other wounded soldiers.
- fireman | [ˈfaɪəmən] | n.消防队员;司炉工 | I saw a fireman racing into the burning house.
- friendship | ['frendʃɪp] | n.友谊;友情,友好 | No one can wreck the friendship betweenthem.



- gardener | [ˈgɑːdnə(r)] | n.园丁,花匠 | The old gardener had rough hands.
- haircut | ['heəkʌt] | n.理发 | He was unshaven and badly needed a haircut.
- heroine | ['herəʊɪn] | n.女主角, 女主人公; 女英雄 | The fairy godmother waves her magic wand and grants the heroine's wishes.
- mate | [meɪt] | n.伙伴; [构成复合词] 同伴 | The people we work with are called workmates, and our friends at school are called classmates.
- neighbourhood | ['neɪbəhʊd] | n.街坊;居住区;周边地区 | She was reluctant to leave the neighbourhoodof Paris.
- slave | [sleɪv] | n.奴隶 | Slaves were mercilessly ground down by slaveowners.
- attorney | [ə'tɜːni] | n. (美国的) 律师 | The defense attorney's objection was overruled by the judge.
- deputy | ['depjuti] | n.代理人,副手 | John will be my deputy while I am away.
- hostage | ['hostɪdʒ] | n.人质 | A British journalist was held hostage for over two years.
- divorce | [dɪ'vɔːs] | n.离婚; 脱离 v. (与......) 离婚; 使脱离 | Never be divorced from real life.
- propose | [prəˈpəʊz] | v.提议;向··求婚 | They proposed that a new school should be set up in the suburbs.
- apprentice | [əˈprentɪs] | n.学徒,徒弟 v.使当.....的学徒 | His father apprenticed him to a barber.
- proponent | [prəˈpəʊnənt] | n.拥护者,支持者 | He is one of the leading proponents of theproject.
- engagement | [ɪnˈgeɪdʒmənt] | n.婚约;约定 | My younger brother has just told me about hisengagement to Anne.
- groom | [gruːm] | n.马夫;新郎 V.(给动物) 刷洗;理毛,梳毛 | The head groom is responsible for seeing that his stablemates have safe journeys.
- consultant | [kənˈsʌltənt] | n.顾问; [英]会诊医师 | The consultant committee met at the call of the chairman.
- chancellor | ['tʃɑːnsələ(r)] | n. (德国或奥地利) 总理;(英国) 财政大臣 | In Britain, the Chancellor of the Exchequer deals with taxes and government spending.
- supervisor | ['suːpəvaɪzə(r)] | n.管理者, 监督者 | The special supervisor inspected thisexamination.
- veterinary | ['vetnri; 'vetrənəri] | adj.兽医的 | Sectioning the nerves in the hoof of a limping horse is a common practice in a veterinary procedure.
- counsellor | ['kaʊnsələ(r)] | n.顾问,辅导顾问 | I'd like to talk to my counsellor before I answer any of your questions.
- solicitor | [sə'lɪsɪtə(r)] | n. (英国的) 诉状律师, 事务律师; {美国的) 法务官 | We asked a solicitor for advice.
- umpire | ['ʌmpaɪə(r)] | n.裁判员 | Mack was thrown out of the game for hitting an umpire.
- cashier | [kæ'ʃɪə(r)] | n.出纳员,收银员 | A cashier takes and gives out money in a bank or shop.
- toil | [toɪl] | n.苦工,苦活;网,圈套 v.辛勤劳作,苦干 | They spent months of toil on the water conservation project.
- marry | ['mæri] | v.娶,嫁,结婚 | It is easier to marry than to divorce.
- wedding | ['wedɪŋ] | n.婚礼 | They went out to a fancy restaurant to celebrate their wedding anniversary.
- honeymoon | ['hʌnimuːn] | n.蜜月 | While on honeymoon in Bali, she learned tosurf.
- kiss | [kɪs] | v.吻,接吻 n.吻 | The singer blew a kiss to the audience.



- respective | [rɪ'spektɪv] | adj.各自的,分别的 | We went back to school and visited our respective teachers.
- each | [iːtʃ] | pron.各个,各自 det.各,每 | They each have their own dream.
- commuter | [kəˈmjuːtə(r)] | n.上下班往返者,通勤者 | The children sleep in separate beds.
- subordinate | [səˈbɔːdɪnət] | n.部属,下级 | The minority is subordinate to the majority.
- partner | ['pa:tnə(r)] | n.伙伴, 盟友; | He was considered as a partner in the crime.
- affection | [ə'fekʃn] | n.喜爱,喜欢 | I cannot believe that you were unaware of my growing affections for you.
- delegate | ['delɪgət] | n.代表 v.授权,委派 | I was delegated to approach the local press.
- coward | ['kaʊəd] | n.懦夫,胆小鬼 | He is a liar and a coward to boot.

### 行为动作 第一组

- bear | [beə(r)] | v.生 (孩子); 窑忍; 承担 (责任) | They must bear most of the blame.
- tap | [tæp] | v.轻拍, 轻叩; 开发 | He rigged a rubber hose to the tap in the kitchen.
- respond | [rɪˈspɒnd] | v.回答: 晌应,作出反应 | I offered him a drink but he didn't respond.
- react | [ri'ækt] | v.作出反应,反应 | An acid can react with an alkali to form a salt.
- reflect | [rɪˈflekt] | v.反映;反射 | Her look reflected the thought passing through her mind.
- behave | [bɪ'heɪv] | v.表现; (机器等) 运转 | The children must behave in a way which will be socially acceptable.
- clap | [klæp] | v.拍手;轻拍 n.鼓掌 | Let's give the children a big clap.
- deed | [di:d] | n.行为; 功绩; 契约 | The primacy of the deed is over word and thought.
- gaze | [geɪz] | V.凝视, 注视 | The child gazed at the toys in the shop window.
- glance | [glɑːns] | v.瞥,迅速看一眼 n.一瞥 | The man glanced at the burglar climbing out of the window.
- glare | [gleə(r)] | V.怒目而视;发出强光 n.刺眼的光;怒视 | The glare of the oncoming headlights temporarily blinded me.
- glimpse | [glɪmps] | V.瞥见 n 一瞥 | I caught a glimpse of our new neighbour.
- hasten | ['heɪsn] | v赶紧;促避 | It was now obvious that she was hastening to restore the car to its owner.
- hurry | ['hʌri] | V.赶紧;催促 n.匆忙 | I'm in no hurry to get back to school.
- peep | [pi:p] | V.窥视,偷看 n偷偷一瞥 | I peeped through the window to see if she wasthere.
- reply | [rɪˈplaɪ] | vn.回答,答复 | He tried to reply and then stopped.
- whistle | [ˈwɪs(ə)l] | n.口哨;哨子;汽笛声 v.吹口哨;吹哨子 | The referee blew the whistle at the end of thegame.
- preach | [pri:tʃ] | V.宣扬 | He was always preaching about the benefits of exercise and fresh air.
- oath | [əʊθ] | n.誓言; 宣誓 | He swore an oath to support and protect theking.
- vow | [vaʊ] | n.誓约 v.发誓 | The couple made their wedding vows at St. Paul'sChurch.
- pledge | [pledʒ] | n.保证,誓言 | The conflicts continued in spite of a no-strike pledge by the unions.
- revive | [rɪ'vaɪv] | v. (使) 苏醒; (使) 复兴, (使) 复活 | The fresh air soon revived him.
- tease | [tiːz] | v取笑, 嘲弄 | If you always tease others like that, you'll forfeit the good opinion of your friends.



- applaud | [ə'plɔːd] | v.鼓掌;称赞,赞许 | Everyone applauded when the play ended.
- mock | [mok] | v.嘲笑, 嘲弄 adj.模拟的,假装的 | They mocked at my timidity.
- hug | [hʌg] | v.n.拥抱 | He hugged his daughter tightly.
- nourish | ['nʌrɪʃ] | v.滋养,给......提供营养 | Milk could nourish a baby.
- notify | ['nəʊtɪfaɪ] | v.通知,告知 | I notified him that the meeting had beenpostponed.
- survive | [sə'vaɪv] | v.幸存;生存 | The man was very ill, but he survived.
- adopt | [ə'dɒpt] | v.收养; 采取, 采用 | They adopted our effective methods.
- urge | [ɜːdʒ] | V.催促,敦促 n冲动 | They urged Washington to reconsider itsdecision.
- argument | [ˈɑːgjumənt] | n.辩论,争论;论点,论据 | We accepted the agreement without argument.
- dispute | [dɪ'spjuːt] | vn.争论,辩论 | A long dispute means that both parties arewrong.
- accustom | [əˈkʌstəm] | v.使习惯 (于) | They had to accustom themselves to the hotweather.
- assert | [əˈsɜːt] | v 断言,坚称;坚持 (自己) 的主张 | Justice will assert itself.
- peer | [pɪə(r)] | V.凝视, 盯着看 n.同等地位的人,同辈 | The new postman peered through the mist, trying to find the right house.
- support | [sə'pɔːt] | v.支撑;支持;供养 n.支持;帮助 | We should encourage and support them to participate in collective activities with friends, family, colleagues and support groups.
- provoke | [prəˈvəʊk] | V.激怒,挑拨;引起 | Mind you. That dog is very dangerous when provoked.
- explain | [ɪkˈspleɪn] | v.说明,解释 | He explained his plan in detail.
- swear | [sweə(r)] | v诅咒, 咒骂;发苔,保证 | He had to swear that his story was true.
- mow | [məʊ] | n.干草堆 | I want to have my garden mowed.
- exhale | [eks'heɪl] | v.呼气,呼出 | Take a deep breath, then exhale slowly.
- intake | ['ɪnteɪk] | n吸入;摄取量;新招收者 | He heard a sharp intake of breath.
- stare | [steə(r)] | v.凝视,盯着看 | He stared at the word, trying to remember what it meant.
- contemplate | ['kɒntəmpleɪt] | v.凝视;沉思;考虑 | The young surgeon contemplated the difficult operation of kidney transplant.
- quarrel | ['kwɒrəl] | vn.吵架,争论 | We had a quarrel about the price.
- mention | ['men[n] | vn.提及,说起 | As for that film you mention, not my scene.
- scold | [skəʊld] | V.责骂,斥责 | Don't scold the child without reason.
- curse | [ks:s] | V.诅咒; 咒骂 n 咒语: 咒骂话 | A light purse is a heavy curse.
- boast | [bəʊst] | v.n.自夸,吹嘘 | Nobody should boast of his knowledge.
- touch | [tʌtʃ] | v.触摸;触动 n.触觉;接触 | By the way, you don't want to touch the onion and then touch your eyes.
- act | [ækt] | v.行动 n.行为 | Dreaming is one thing but acting is another.

#### 行为动作 第二组

- kneel | [niːl] | V.跪,跪下 | The man knelt down to say his prayer.
- penetrate | ['penətreɪt] | V.刺入,穿透;渗透;洞察 | Western ideas penetrate slowly through the East.
- pierce | [pɪəs] | V.刺穿,刺破,穿透;使心如刀割 | The needle pierced the material.
- trail | [treɪl] | V. (使) 拖在后面; 跟踪 n 踪迹 | The carriage drove along a dirt road and left a trail of dust.



- wrap | [ræp] | V.裏,包;用.....缠绕 | Over her shoulders was a much-mended wrap.
- promise | ['prɒmɪs] | n.诺言 v.承诺 | I hope you'll keep your promise to come for a long visit.
- combine | [kəm'baɪn] | V. (使) 联合, (使) 结合 | Carbon, hydrogen and oxygen can combine to form carbohydrates and fats.
- rotate | [rəʊ'teɪt] | v. (使) 旋转, (使) 转动 | You can rotate the wheel with your hand.
- stake | [steɪk] | n.赌注; 桩 v.以......打赌 | I'd stake my all on it.
- peel | [pi:l] | V. 剥落;掉漆;脱皮 | She threw the banana peel into the trash can.
- loosen | ['luːsn] | v 解开,松开;放宽 (限制等) | My belt is too tight. I must loosen it.
- catch | [kætʃ] | v捉住; 赶上; 领会 | It is natural for a cat to catch mice.
- connect | [kəˈnekt] | v.(使} 连接; (使) 接通 (电源等) | Has the phone been connected yet?
- fasten | ['fɑːs(ə)n] | v.拍牢,系牢,缚紧 | Please fasten your seat belts while the plane is taking off.
- follow | ['fɒləʊ] | v.跟随;是.....的必然结果;遵循 | You are to follow his advice.
- grip | [grɪp] | n.紧握,抓牢;理解,了解 | She has a fragile grip on reality.
- insert | [ɪnˈsɜːt] | v 插入,嵌入 n 插入物 | He inserted the key into the lock but could not open the door.
- polish | ['pplɪʃ] | V.擦光,擦亮;使完美,改选 | Silver can be easily polished with this special cloth.
- scatter | ['skætə(r)] | v.撒; (使) 散开 | The crowd scattered when a dustbin suddenly exploded.
- scrape | [skreɪp] | n.刮;擦伤 | The family has to scrape by on social security.
- scratch | [skrætʃ] | v.擦破,刮坏;搔 n.乱涂;划痕,擦伤 | He scratched the insect bite on his arm.
- shake | [ʃeɪk] | v.摇动, (使) 颤动 n.摇动, 颤动 | The movie didn't give me any kind of shake.
- split | [splɪt] | V. (使) 开裂; (使) 分裂; (使) 分开 | The crowd split into several groups.
- sway | [sweɪ] | V. (使) 摇摆, (使) 摆动, {使} 摇晃 | Swaying hips properly is the basis of the heel- and-toe walking race.
- twist | [twɪst] | v.拧,扭;使缠绕 n.拧,扭动 | Twist the lid to open it.
- vibrate | [vaɪˈbreɪt] | V. (使) 振动, (使) 摇摆 | Some insects' wings vibrate so fast that the movement is invisible to the human eye.
- whirl | [wɜːl] | V. (使) 回旋 n 回旋 | He whirled about in the yard.
- wipe | [waɪp] | V.揩,擦 | She wiped off the dust with a rag.
- smash | [smæʃ] | V.打碎; (使) 猛烈撞击; (打球时) 扣球 | Although the bed was smashed to pieces,
   theman was miraculously unhurt.
- nightmare | ['naɪtmeə(r)] | n.噩梦,梦魔 | This midterm exam is a nightmare.
- collide | [kə'laɪd] | V.碰撞;抵触 | In running round the corner, he collided with another man.
- grab | [græb] | V.抓住, 攫取; (匆忙地) 取 | She grabbed the seat near the fire before Icould.
- tow | [təʊ] | n.牵引 | We towed the car to the garage.
- arrange | [əˈreɪndʒ] | v.安排,整理,使有条理 | Contact your local branch to arrange an appointment.
- overtake | [ˌəʊvəˈteɪk] | v.追上,超过;(情感等) 压倒 | I had to drive very fast to overtake you.
- manipulate | [məˈnɪpjuleɪt] | V. (熟练地操作;操纵 | He uses his credit to manipulate his supporters.
- tilt | [tɪlt] | V. (使) 倾斜, (使) 歪斟 | I tilted the cup to drink out of it.
- contact | ['kɒntækt] | n.v.接触, 联系 | This remote tribe had little contact with the outsideworld.
- attract | [ə'trækt] | v.吸引;引起 | She was attracted by the novel advertisement.
- steer | [stɪə(r)] | v.为 (船) 操舵,驾驶 (船、车等);操纵 | He steered the ship carefully among the reefs.



- mess | [mes] | n.混乱,脏乱 V.弄乱 | Your books and magazines are all in a mess; go and put them in order.
- bond | [bond] | n.戳合; (感情的) 纽带 | A company issues a bond to collect money and will pay back with interest.
- baptise | [ˌbæp'taɪz] | v.给.....施行洗礼 (或浸礼) | It transpired that Mark had been baptised a Catholic.
- bet | [bet] | V.下注,打赌;敢说 n.打赌;赌注 | I bet our team will win.
- gamble | ['gæmb(ə)l] | vn.赌博;冒险 | Don't gamble with your future.
- obsess | [əb'ses] | v. (使) 痴迷, (使) 心神不宁 | He became absolutely obsessed with the girl inred.
- mesmerise | ['mezməraɪz] | v.吸引, 迷住 | I stood by the lake, mesmerised by the flashing colours of the fish.
- snatch | [snætʃ] | v.一把抓住,迅速夺取 | He snatched the book from my hands.
- grasp | [grɑːsp] | v, 抓牢, 握紧; 完全理解, 全面领会 | Your books and magazines are all in a mess; go and put them in order.
- shuffle | ['ʃʌf(ə)l] | n.洗牌 | With sore legs and aching chest, he shuffled over to the bathroom.
- integrate | ['IntIgreIt] | V. (使) 成为一体, {使) 合并 | Little attempt was made to integrate the parts into a coherent whole.
- fold | [fəʊld] | v.折叠,对折 | She folded the letter so that it would fit into her bag.
- reel | [riːl] | v. 眩晕,混乱 | My head reeled with the facts and figures.

# 行为动作 第三组

- assure | [ə'ʃʊə(r)] | V.向.....保证;保证;保险 | I can assure you of the reliability of the news.
- convince | [kən'vɪns] | v使确信,使信服;说服 | He finally convinced us of his innocence.
- amaze | [əˈmeɪz] | v.使惊奇,使惊愕 | John amazed his friends by suddenly gettingmarried.
- annoy | [ə¹nɔɪ] | v.使恼怒; 打扰 | Sometimes, we annoy or upset others unintentionally.
- astonish | [ə'stɒnɪʃ] | v.使惊讶 | We were astonished to hear that their football team had won the championship.
- contempt | [kən'tempt] | n.轻视,藐视 | A liar is held in contempt.
- desire | [dɪˈzaɪə(r)] | n.愿望,欲望 v.渴望,期望 | He desired a college education.
- neglect | [nɪˈglekt] | v.n.忽视, 忽略 | In course of time, old customs and observances tend to fall into neglect.
- distribute | [dɪˈstrɪbjuːt] | v.分发,分配 | His part-time job on Sunday was to distribute leaflets on the street.
- disguise | [dɪs'gaɪz] | v.掩饰;假扮,伪装 n.假扮;伪装物 | The spy disguised herself as a nurse.
- tempt | [tempt] | v. 引诱,诱惑; 怂恿 | Apply generous amounts of sunscreen 15 minutes before you go out—don't allow impatience to tempt you into sunburn.
- undertake | [ˌʌndəˈteɪk] | V.承担;许诺,保证 | The developed countries should undertake the main responsibilities of global warming.
- undo | [ʌnˈduː] | v.解开,打开;取消 | He finally managed to undo this knot.
- wish | [wɪʃ] | v.想要 (某事发生) n.希望 | I wish it to be clearly understood.
- intervene | [ˌɪntəˈviːn] | v插话;干扰;平涉 | I shall leave on Sunday if nothing intervenes.



- deviate | ['diːvieɪt] | V.偏离,背离 | His statement deviates from the truth.
- designate | ['dezɪgneɪt] | v.指明;选派,指派 | He designated Smith as his successor.
- smuggle | ['smʌg(ə)l] | v.走私,偷运 | He was caught smuggling cameras into the country.
- marvel | ['mɑːvl] | n.奇迹 | I marvel at how it can be so.
- yearn | [jɜːn] | v.渴望,向往 | The children who had been abducted and sold yearned to return to their homes
- bewilder | [bɪˈwɪldə(r)] | v.使迷惑,使不知所措 | A new environment can be wilder and frighten a child.
- flee | [fliː] | v.逃避, 逃离 | Follow love and it will flee, flee love and it will follow thee.
- induce | [ɪnˈdjuːs] | v.引诱,劝说 | Nothing shall induce me to join their club.
- kidnap | ['kɪdnæp] | v.绑架,劫持 | A businessman has been kidnapped.
- disregard | [ˌdɪsrɪ'gɑ:d] | v.不顾, 漠视 n.忽视, 漠视 | Disregarding all difficulties, we succeeded in bringing them around in the end.
- expel | [ɪkˈspel] | v.驱逐;开除;排出 | The pupil was expelled for stealing.
- massacre | ['mæsəkə(r)] | n.v.残杀, 屠杀 | The massacre of Jews by Nazi in World War II was appalling.
- bait | [beɪt] | n.诱饵;诱惑物 | He is known for baiting his opponents.
- conceal | [kənˈsiːl] | V.隐藏,掩盖 | He was unable to conceal his surprise.
- reverse | [rɪˈvɜːs] | v.颠倒,彻底改变;撤销 n.相反的情况;反面 adj.相反的 | He reversed the judgement and set the prisoner free.
- refuse | [rɪˈfjuːz] | v.拒绝;回绝 | Jonah's mother refused to let him go abroad.
- assign | [əˈsaɪn] | V.布置;分配;指定;确定 | It is not possible to assign this building an exact date.
- invoke | [ɪnˈvəʊk] | v.唤起 (感情等);向......祈求帮助;恳求 | The man despaired and invoked the gods.
- exclude | [ɪk'sklu:d] | v 把......排除在外; 拒 | They excluded people under 18 from joining the club.
- convict | [kən'vɪkt] | n. 8决犯 | He was convicted of murder.
- panic | [ˈpænɪk] | n.惊恐,惊慌 v.(使) 惊恐,(使) 惊慌 | When the theatre caught fire, there was apanic.
- bias | ['baɪəs] | v.使有偏见,使偏心 n.偏见,俑,心 | His experiences bias him against businessmen.
- irony | ['aɪrəni] | n反话;有讽刺意昧的情形 | The irony is that some of the poorest countries have the richest natural resources.
- involve | [ɪnˈvɒlv] | v. (使} 参加;牵涉 | This forum will involve people with specialistknowledge.
- upset | [ˌʌpˈset] | v.使心烦意乱,使生气;搅乱;打翻 | I hope I haven't said anything to upset you.
- indignity | [ɪnˈdɪgnəti] | n.侮辱,轻蔑 | The soldiers who were captured had to endure many indignities at the hands of the enemy.
- ignorance | ['ɪɡnərəns] | n.无知,愚昧 | Where ignorance is bliss, 'tis (= it is) folly to be wise.
- stipulate | ['stɪpjuleɪt] | v规定,明确要求;保证 | We have stipulated a date of payment and aprice.
- reassure | [ˌri:ə¹ʃʊə(r)] | v.使安心,使放心 | When the child was afraid in the storm, his parents reassured him.
- aspire | [əˈspaɪə(r)] | v.有志于,渴望 | These college graduates aspire to careers infinance.
- terrify | ['terɪfaɪ] | v.使恐惧,使非常害怕 | Her husband's violence terrified her.
- revenge | [rɪˈvendʒ] | n.报仇,复仇 v.向.....报仇 | Hamlet took revenge for his father's murder.
- hijack | ['haɪdʒæk] | v.劫持(飞机或真他交通工具) | The terrorists hijacked the plane and held all the passengers hostage.



- strangle | ['strængl] | v.扼杀,压制;勒死,扼死 | The economist argues that high taxation strangles the economy.
- decimation | [,desɪˈmeɪʃn] | n.大批杀死, 大量毁灭; 大大削弱 | Those policies resulted in a decimation of essential services used by the poor.
- impede | [ɪmˈpiːd] | v.妨碍,阻止 | Nothing can impede his progress.
- allure | [əˈlʊə(r)] | v. 吸引,引诱 | Those unwary investor s are allured by promises of quick profits.
- despatch | [dɪ'spætʃ] | v.派遣,调派;迅速处理 | He despatched his breakfast and left.
- detach | [dɪ'tætʃ] | v. (使) 分开, {使) 分离; 派遣 | He had to detach himself from social activities for the time being in order to concentrate on his studies.
- bully | ['bʊli] | v. 恐吓, 欺凌 n. 恃强凌弱者 | He's always bullying smaller boys.

### 行为动作 第四组

- range | [reɪndʒ] | v.(在一定幅度内) 变动 | A range of hills rose on our left.
- restore | [rɪˈstɔː(r)] | v.恢复;归还;修复 | It's hard to restore a broken mirror.
- clear | [klɪə(r)] | adj.清晰的; 明显的 v 清除 | It seems clear that he has no reasonable alternative.
- exaggerate | [ɪgˈzædʒəreɪt] | v.夸张,夸大 | A painter may exaggerate or distort shapes and forms.
- explore | [ɪkˈsplɔː(r)] | v.勘查,考察;探讨 | We must explore all the possibilities to find the solution to the problem.
- cope | [kəʊp] | v.应付,处理 | I'm afraid I can't cope with these troubles.
- amplify | ['æmplɪfaɪ] | v.增强;扩大 (声音);充实 (陈述等) | The student amplified his new findings with drawings and figures.
- conduct | [kənˈdʌkt; ˈkɒndʌkt] | v.避行,实施 n.举止,行为 | His conduct contradicts his words.
- effort | ['efət] | n.努力;努力的成果 | Our efforts were unavailing.
- enlarge | [ɪnˈlɑːdʒ] | v.扩大,扩展;放大 (照片或文件) | This photograph probably won't enlarge well.
- exert | [ɪgˈzɜːt] | v.运用,行使;施加 | For college students, to do a part-time job will exert a profound influence on their personality and life.
- fulfil | [fʊlˈfɪl] | v.履行,实现;完成;满足 | We are determined to fulfil the task.
- gain | [geɪn] | v.获得;增加 n.增加;改造 | Every time they reap gains from their investment, more people wish to join them.
- offer | ['ɒfə(r)] | n.给予 (物);提议 v.提供;出 (价) | They reject all our offers to help.
- raise | [reɪz] | v.举起;引起;抚养;提高;筹募 | Please raise your hand if you've been told you're too aggressive at work.
- resort | [rɪˈzɔːt] | v.求助于,采取,诉诸 n.(度假) 胜地 | I'm sorry you have resorted to deception.
- supply | [səˈplaɪ] | v.供给,供应,提供 n.供应量; [supplies] 补给晶 | Domestic consumers were supplied enough necessities by those companies.
- cancel | ['kæns(ə)l] | v.取消;废除 | The match had to be canceled due to the badweather.
- delete | [dɪ'liːt] | v.删除,删掉 | References to places of battle were deleted from soldiers'letters during the war.
- omit | [əˈmɪt] | v.遗漏;省略;删去 | The secretary omitted the date when typing the contract.
- sort | [sɔːt] | n.种类,类别 v.把.....分类 | We must sort out the good apples from the badones.



- dispose | [dɪˈspəʊz] | v.布置、安排 | I have to dispose of this pile of old papers and magazines.
- rectify | ['rektɪfaɪ] | v纠正,矫正,改正 | I hope I can find a way to rectify your opinion of my behaviour.
- commence | [kəˈmens] | v开始,着手 | I will commence a round of visits.
- offset | ['bfset] | v.n.补偿;抵消 | He offset his small salary by living economically.
- uphold | [ʌp'həʊld] | v.支持,维护;维持 | The appeal court upheld the sentence.
- propel | [prə'pel] | v.推动,驱使;推进 | His addiction to drugs propelled him towards a life of crime.
- magnify | ['mægnɪfaɪ] | v.放大; 夸大 | Fame is a magnifying glass.
- prolong | [prə'lɒŋ] | v.延长 | We must prolong the runway of the airfield.
- replenish | [rɪˈplenɪʃ] | v.重新装满,补充 | Your body is in survival mode and needs food to replenish its energy.
- obtain | [əb'teɪn] | v 获得, 得到 | It is wise to obtain an independent valuation.
- recover | [rɪˈkʌvə(r)] | v.重新拿回;恢复健康;(从不愉快的经历申)复原 | She soon recovered and stopped crying.
- exploit | [ɪk'splɔɪt] | v.开发,开采,开拓 | They plan to exploit oil under the sea.
- attempt | [ə'tempt] | v.尝试,试图 n.尝试,企图 | He studied hard in an attempt to pass the exam.
- launch | [lɔːntʃ] | v.发射;发布,推出;发起 (运动等) | Full market research is needed before a new product is launched.
- tackle | ['tæk(ə)l] | v.处理,应对,解决 n.用处,器材 | Everyone has their own problems to tackle.
- erase | [ɪ'reɪz] | v.清除; 抹去 | Jim tried to erase the idea from his mind.
- itch | [ɪtʃ] | v.发痒;渴望 n.痒;渴望 | I've got an itch on my back.
- strive | [straɪv] | v.努力,奋斗 | With the power of will and wisdom, we can strive for victory.
- loom | [luːm] | v. (庞然大物或形状模糊之物) 隐现;逼近 n.织布机 | A hard struggle looms ahead.
- redeem | [rɪˈdiːm] | v.赎回;挽回,补偿;兑现 | You botched the last job but can redeem yourself on this one.
- render | ['rendə(r)] | v.给予,提供;翻译 | You have rendered great service.
- augment | [ɔːgˈment] | v.扩大,增加,加强,提高 | With the birth of his third son, he found it necessary to do something to augment his income.
- backup | ['bækʌp] | n.后援,支持;(文件等的)备份 adj.备用的 | Make a backup of any work you do on the computer.
- update | [ˌʌpˈdeɪt] | v.更新;使现代化 | Our e-mail addresses are unlikely to be updated every day.
- rescue | ['reskju:] | v.n. 营救,救援 | They rescued the boy who fell into the river.

# 行为动作 第五组

- celebrate | ['selɪbreɪt] | v,庆祝 (节目、事件等) | They all passed the exam and celebrated with a party.
- seek | [si:k] | v.寻找;寻求 | They are seeking the most reasonable diet which will do good to their health.
- specify | ['spesɪfaɪ] | V.具体指定,详细说明 | Can you specify the reasons?
- objective | [əb'dʒektɪv] | n.宗旨; 目标 adj.客观的 | My objective this summer is to learn to swim.
- welcome | ['welkəm] | int.n. v.欢迎 | We welcome constructive criticism.
- regard | [rɪˈgɑːd] | n.尊重;问候 v.看待 | You can't regard him as a friend but a business associate.



- worship | ['wɜːʃɪp] | n. (对上帝或棉的) 崇拜,礼拜;爱慕 v.做礼拜 | There is no excuse for trespassing on private property.
- accord | [əˈkɔːd] | v. (与.....,) -致;给予n协议 | The government and the rebels are in accord on one point.
- arouse | [əˈraʊz] | v 唤起,激起,引起 | The young man's behaviour aroused the suspicions of the police.
- bless | [bles] | v.祝福,为.....析求上帝保佑 | It is more blessed to give than to receive.
- congratulate | [kənˈgrætʃəleɪt] | V祝贺,向......道贺 | We must congratulate you on your engagement.
- correspond | [ˌkɒrəˈspɒnd] | v.符合,相一致;通信 | These goods don't correspond with my order.
- deserve | [dɪˈzɜːv] | v. 应得; 应受 | You deserve a reward for being so helpful.
- drop | [drop] | v. (使) 落下; (使) 降低; 和 "...· 断绝联系 n.滴 | In the winter, the temperature often drops below freezing.
- greet | [griːt] | V,向......问好,迎接;对......作出反应 | The audience greeted his speech with a greatcheer.
- impress | [ɪmˈpres] | v.给.....深刻印象;使铭记 | His courage and determination impressed his rivals.
- incline | [ɪnˈklaɪn] | v. (使) 倾向于; (使) 倾斜 n.斜坡; 倾斜 | What he said inclines me to think that he will agree to our plan.
- leak | [liːk] | v.泄漏 n.漏洞,裂缝 | A small leak will sink a great ship.
- lean | [liːn] | v.(使) 倚靠;倾斜 adj.瘦的;贫乏的 | She leaned against his shoulder.
- recall | [rɪˈkɔːl] | v.回忆,回想起 | Recall the misery of the past and contrast it with the happiness of today.
- recollect | [,rekə'lekt] | v.记起,想起 | I can recollect hearing his speech.
- replace | [rɪˈpleɪs] | V.代替,取代 | We'll get someone or other to replace him.
- retell | [ˌriː'tel] | v.重新讲述,复述 | The student was asked to retell the story in his own words.
- salute | [səˈluːt] | V. (向......) 行礼;致敬 n.行礼;致敬 | They saluted each other by raising their hats.
- sideways | ['saɪdweɪz] | adv.向 (或从、往) 一侧 | The dog swatted the hedgehog sideways.
- sink | [sɪŋk] | v. (使) 下沉; 下降 | The captain of the sinking ship used flares to attract the attention of the coastguard.
- substitute | ['sʌbstɪtjuːt] | v.替换 n.代用品;代替者;替补(运动员)| We recommend this brand as a good substitute.
- verify | ['verɪfaɪ] | v证实;核实,查清 | He tried in every way to verify this theory.
- testify | ['testɪfaɪ] | v.作证;证明 | I won't testify against my friend.
- trigger | ['trɪgə(r)] | v. 引发, 触发 n.(枪等的) 扳机 | He accidentally triggered his revolver.
- enlighten | [ɪnˈlaɪt(ə)n] | V.启发,开导,启迪 | For all my effort to enlighten her, she was still all adrift.
- Trench | [trentʃ] | v. 掘沟于; 砍除 n. 沟, 渠, 壕沟 | The firemen successfully trenched the roof, preventing the fire from spreading further down theblock.
- saturate | ['sæt∫əreɪt] | v.使饱和,使充满;浸透 | The air was saturated with the perfume of the flowers.
- distinguish | [dɪˈstɪŋgwɪʃ] | v.区别, 拂别; 使出众, 使著名 | Some people cannot distinguish between some colours.
- attribute | [ə'trɪbjuːt] | v.把.....归因于 n.属性,特性 | David attributed his company's success to theunity of the staff and their persevering hard work.



- purpose | ['ps:pəs] | n.目的 | Their purpose is to build a fair society and a strong economy.
- retrieve | [rɪ'triːv] | v.取回;挽回 | Henry did his best to retrieve the situation.
- differentiate | [ˌdɪfəˈrenʃieɪt] | v.区分,区别;差别对待 | This company does not differentiate between men and women—they employ and pay both equally.
- remind | [rɪˈmaɪnd] | v.提醒,使想起 | These photos remind me of my childhood.
- seep | [siːp] | v.渗出,渗漏 | Rain seeped through the roof.
- plummet | ['plʌmɪt] | v.垂直掉下; (价格、水平等) 骤然下跌 | The damaged aircraft plummeted down toearth.
- sake | [seɪk] | n.理由,目的 | You should take care of your niece for the sake of your sister.
- evacuate | [ɪ'vækjueɪt] | v.疏散, 撤离 | The village was evacuated because of the threat of a flood.
- flatter | ['flætə(r)] | v.奉承,讨好,向......滔媚 | He flattered her on her cooking.
- forgive | [fəˈgɪv] | v.原谅,宽恕,饶恕 | I'll never forgive you for what you have done wrong to my friend.
- cause | [kɔːz] | n原因,理由;事业 | Police are investigating the likely cause of theexplosion.
- impart | [ɪmˈpɑːt] | v.传授;透露 | She imparted the secret to her boyfriend.
- muffle | ['mʌfl] | V.使 (声音) 减弱 | The sound of the bell was muffled by the curtains.
- overshadow | [,əʊvəˈʃædəʊ] | ν遮蔽;使黯然失色 | He overshadowed all his competitors.
- invite | [ɪnˈvaɪt] | v. 邀请 | She invited us to her party.
- participate | [pɑːˈtɪsɪpeɪt] | v,参加,参与 | If only I could participate in your good fortune.
- farewell | [ˌfeəˈwel] | int.再会 n告别 | The girl had come on the pretext of bidding him farewell.
- assort | [ə'sɔːt] | v.把.....分类;相配,协调 | His actions do not assort with his promises.
- repeat | [rɪˈpiːt] | v.重复 adj.再次光顾的 | A large proportion of our bookings come from repeat business and personal recommendation.
- retrospect | ['retrospekt] | n. [in -] 回顾 | It was, in retrospect, the happiest day of herlife.
- surmount | [sə'maʊnt] | v.克服;置于......顶端 | The hill is surmounted by a church.
- mortify | ['mɔːtɪfaɪ] | v.使难堪,使羞愧 | He was mortified by his inability to answer thequestion.
- pervade | [pə'veɪd] | v.弥漫,渗透,遍及 | The smell of cooking pervaded the entirehouse.
- spill | [spɪl] | v.使) 溢出 | The teacup is so full that the tea might spillover.
- ooze | [uːz] | v.渗出;洋溢着 | Blood oozed from his wound.
- contain | [kən'teɪn] | v.包含,容纳;抑制 (感情) | The speech contained some interesting ideas.

# 身心健康 第一组

- human | ['hjuːmən] | adj.人类的; 奇人性的 n.人类 | The accident was caused by human error.
- beard | [bɪəd] | n.胡须 | He hasalight beard and never shaves it.
- bone | [bəʊn] | n.骨;骨髓 | Once cancer has spread to the bone, it's difficult to treat.
- brain | [breɪn] | n.脑; [~s] 智慧,智力 | His brain was working overtime.
- brow | [braʊ] | n·额;眉,眉毛 | He furrowed his brows in thought.
- cheek | [tʃiːk] | n.面颊, 颊 | A bumblebee stung me on the cheek.
- chest | [t[est] | n.胸, 胸部 | The swordsmen wore chest protectors.
- chin | [tʃɪn] | n. (指人的) 颏,下巴 | Ben caught him on the chin with an uppercut.



- elbow | ['elbəʊ] | n.肘部;弯头;扶手 v.用肘挤 | He was elbowed aside on the bus.
- feature | ['fiːtʃə(r)] | n.特征; 面窑的一部分 v.以......为特色 | Her eyes were her best feature.
- finger | ['fɪŋgə(r)] | n. (尤指大拇指之外的) 手指 | My fingers prick.
- fist | [fɪst] | n.拳头,拳 | We will extend the hand, if you're willing to unclench your fist.
- flesh | [flef] | n.肉; 人类 | The pain was almost more than flesh could take.
- forehead | ['foːhed; 'forɪd] | n.额 | The cut on his forehead scarred over.
- jaw | [dʒɔː] | n.额;下巴;狭窄入口;唠叨 | He fingered his jaw thoughtfully.
- limb | [lɪm] | n.肢;树枝 | Men and women have four limbs: two arms and two legs.
- lip | [lɪp] | n.嘴唇;(洞口、伤口等的)边缘 | They came to the lip of a dead crater.
- liver | ['lɪvə(r)] | n.肝脏 | The poor man has a serious disease of the liver.
- mankind | [mænˈkaɪnd] | n.人类;男人 | Mankind learns its first language in early childhood.
- mind | [maɪnd] | n.头脑;思考能力;思维;意见;记忆力 | The mind is the kingdom of thought.
- mouth | [maʊθ] | n.ロ, 嘴; 河口 | They gave him mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and heart massage.
- neck | [nek] | n.脖子;衣领;海峡 | The racers were neck and neck at the finish.
- organ | ['ɔːɡən] | n.器官;风琴;机构 | The heart is a vital organ.
- palm | [pɑːm] | n.棕榈树;手掌 v.把.....藏在手中 | He put the insect on the palm of his hand.
- rib | [rɪb] | n.肋骨;排骨 | He suffered three cracked ribs in an accident.
- shoulder | ['ʃəʊldə(r)] | n.肩,肩膀 | I stand shoulder to shoulder with Julia on this important issue.
- stomach | ['stʌmək] | n.胃口;胃,腹部 | He had eaten too much and his stomach started to kick up.
- thumb | [θʌm] | n.拇指 | She gave him a thumbs-up sign.
- tongue | [tʌŋ] | n.舌头;语言 | The tongue is one of the organs for pronunciation.
- waist | [weɪst] | n.腰; 腰部 | She took in the waist of her dress.
- wrist | [rɪst] | n.腕,腕关节 | His injured wrist began to swell.
- mental | ['mentl] | adj.精神的,思想上的;智力的 | He got the answer by mental arithmetic.
- attitude | [ˈætɪtjuːd] | n.态度,看法 | We must maintain a firm attitude.
- feel | [fiːl] | v.感觉到,感知;触碰 | Can you feel the tension in this room?
- manner | ['mænə(r)] | n.举止;礼貌;方式;风俗 | He is easy in conversation and graceful in manner.
- mood | [muːd] | n.心情,情绪;气氛 | I'm not in the mood to argue with you.
- temper | ['tempə(r)] | n.坏脾气;情绪,心情 v.使缓和 | He is in a very bad temper today.
- personality | [,ps:səˈnæləti] | n.个性,人格 | The boy is developing a fine personality.
- skeleton | ['skelɪt(ə)n] | n.骨髓,骨架;框架,梗概 | A long illness made a skeleton out of him.
- trait | [treɪt] | n.特性,特点 | Thousands of years later, people are still arguing vehemently against each other over whether personality traits are born or learned.
- character | ['kærəktə(r)] | n.性格; 特征; 人物, 角色 | The new buildings have changed the character of the village.
- physical | ['fɪzɪk(ə)l] | adj.身体的;物质的;物理的 | Physical fitness means having a strong healthybody.
- kidney | ['kɪdni] | n.肾,肾脏 | Each person has a pair of kidneys.
- skull | [skʌl] | n,头脑;头骨 | He can't seem to get it into his skull that I'm just not interested in him.



- backbone | ['bækbəʊn] | n.脊柱; 骨干, 中坚; 骨气 | The bachelors are the backbone of this community.
- gorge | [gɔːdʒ] | n.咽喉;暴食;山峡,峡谷 v.狼吞虎咽 | We live near the Three Gorges.
- abdomen | ['æbdəmən] | n.腹,腹部 | I have a pain in the lower abdomen.
- womb | [wuːm] | n.子宫;发源地 | The competition basically starts when the kids are in the womb.
- emotion | [ɪ'məʊʃn] | n.情绪,情感,感情 | She was good at hiding her emotions.
- virtue | ['vɜːtʃuː] | n.美德,德行;优点 | Patriotism, respect and patience are always good virtues.
- stature | ['stæt∫ə(r)] | n.身高,身材;(精神、道德等的) 高度 | Bernard was short in stature, with a large head.
- eyelash | ['aɪlæʃ] | n.眼睫毛 | She batted her long dark eyelashes at him.

# 身心健康 第二组

- sight | [saɪt] | n.视力;看见;景物 | I'm having laser treatment to improve mysight.
- ankle | ['æŋk(ə)l] | n.裸关节,裸 | Her ankle was very painful.
- asleep | [əˈsliːp] | adj. 睡着的;不活跃的;麻木的 | He soon fell asleep with weariness.
- aural | ['ɔːrəl] | adj. 耳的; 昕觉的; 气昧的; 先兆的 | The opera was an aural as well as a visualdelight.
- awake | [əˈweɪk] | adj. 醒着的; 警觉的 | The children are still wide awake.
- blind | [blaɪnd] | adj. 盲目的; 瞎的; 未察觉的 | She wanted it so much that she became so stupid and blind.
- born | [bɔːn] | adj.天生的;与生俱来的 | The youngest is a born politician.
- chamber | ['tʃeɪmbə(r)] | n. (人体内、动植物体内或机器中的) 室, 腔; 议院 | The heart has four chambers.
- cripple | ['krɪp(ə)l] | n. 踉子; 残疾人 v. 使踱 | She was crippled in the car accident.
- dumb | [dʌm] | adj. 哑的;不肯开口的 | They remained dumb at the meeting.
- eyesight | ['aɪsaɪt] | n.视力 | The eye drops will help to improve your eyesight.
- heel | [hiːl] | n.足跟 | There's a hole in the heel of my stocking.
- illness | ['ɪlnəs] | n.病,疾病 | His illness diminished his health.
- knee | [niː] | n.膝盖、膝 | I accidentally hit my knee on the desk.
- lame | [leɪm] | adj. 瘸的,踱的; {解释或借口} 无说服力的 | The lame child lagged behind.
- lap | [læp] | n.(人坐着时的) 大腿部; 下摆; 环节; 一圈 | They are on the last lap of their journey round the world.
- muscle | ['mʌsl] | n.肌肉 | Physical exercises develop muscle.
- nap | [næp] | n. 小睡;绒毛 | It's my habit to take a nap at noon.
- pulse | [pʌls] | n.脉博;脉冲 | The doctor felt her pulse on her wrist.
- quiet | ['kwaɪət] | adj. 安静的; 寂静的; 平静的 | When you are in a library, you must be quiet.
- sense | [sens] | n.感富;感觉 | I had the sense that he was worried about something.
- toe | [təʊ] | n.脚趾,足尖 | He cut his big toe on a sharp stone.
- vague | [veɪg] | adj. 含糊的;不清楚的,模糊的 | In a fog we could only see the vague outline of a tall building.
- view | [vjuː] | n. 视野;见解;风景;察看 | His view of life is different from yours.



- visible | ['vɪzəb(ə)l] | adj. 看得见的,可见的 | The comet is visible to the naked eye.
- visual | ['vɪʒuəl] | adj.视力的,视觉的 | Her designs have a strong visual appeal.
- yawn | [jɔːn] | v. 打呵欠; 裂开 n. 呵欠 | I felt so sleepy that I couldn't stop yawning.
- nerve | [nɜːv] | n.神经;紧张,焦虑 | She gets nerves before every examination.
- moan | [məʊn] | n.v.呻吟;哀悼 | Each time she moved her head she let out a moan.
- dwarf | [dwɔːf] | n. (童话中的) 小矮人; 侏儒 adj. 矮小的 | There is a dwarf apple tree in our garden.
- thigh | [θaɪ] | n.大腿、股 | Fat tends to accumulate around the hips and thighs.
- pore | [pɔː(r)] | n.毛孔; 小孔, 气孔 v.凝视; 沉思 | He beamed and laughed, and in the exuberance of his delight sweated at every pore.
- symptom | ['sɪmptəm] | n.征兆;症状 | Fever is a symptom of many illnesses.
- stimulus | ['stɪmjələs] | n. 刺激 (物};促进因素 | Light is a stimulus to growth in plants.
- immune | [ɪˈmjuːn] | adj. 免疫的;不曼影响的;免除的 | The child is immune to measles.
- habit | ['hæbɪt] | n. 习惯 | He is in the habit of rising early.
- lung | [lʌŋ] | n.肺 | A lot of patients are suffering the pain of lung cancer.
- artery | ['ɑːtəri] | n.动脉;干线 | Any beat of the heart might open the artery and spray the brain with blood.
- gland | [glænd] | n.腺 | His internal secretory gland cannot work.
- hormone | ['hɔːməʊn] | n. 荷尔蒙,激素 | Hormones can control certain organs within your body.
- infection | [ɪnˈfekʃn] | n. 传染;传染病;影响 | Are you sure there is no danger of infectionnow?
- intestine | [ɪnˈtestɪn] | n.肠 | Each day, 7 to 10 litres of water enter the small intestine.
- pregnancy | ['pregnansi] | n. 怀孕, 妊娠 | The pregnancy was an accident.
- condom | ['kɒndɒm] | n. 避孕套 | When a woman finds lipstick stains on her husband's clothing or unfamiliar condoms in his pocket, it brings out the worst in her.
- clone | [kləʊn] | v.以无性繁殖技术复制,克隆 n 克隆n 克隆动物 (或植物) | He was opposed to using this unusual animal husbandry technique to clone humans.
- disease | [dɪ'zi:z] | n.疾病 | The entire population of this village was wiped out by the terrible disease.
- detriment | ['detrɪmənt] | n. 损害;损害物 | Smoking is now considered a detriment to health.
- joint | [dʒɔɪnt] | n.接合处;关节 adj.共同的,联合的 | Our arms and legs bend at the joints, which are known as the elbows and knees.
- biorhythm | ['baɪəʊrɪðəm] | n.生物节律 | Living in a noisy environment for a long time might disturb one's biorhythm.
- lifestyle | ['laɪfstaɪl] | n. 生活方式 | He was troubled by the lifestyle of his son.
- dental | ['dent(ə)l] | adj. 牙的, 牙科的 | Some hospitals in Ireland provide free dental treatment to certain citizens.
- doze | [dəʊz] | v. 小睡,打盹儿 | He dozed away the whole afternoon.

# 身心健康 第三组

- stroke | [strəʊk] | n. 中风; 击打; 一笔 {画} | I know a doctor who is expert in curing stroke.
- bleed | [bli:d] | v.流血;榨取;给……放血;放掉 {水或气体} | All the soldiers are ready to bleed for their country.



- broken | ['brəʊkən] | adi. 弄坏的;破碎的 | He likes to tinker with broken gadgets.
- bruise | [bruːz] | n. 淤伤; 伤痕 v. 擦伤 | Who remove stones bruise their fingers.
- choke | [tʃəʊk] | v. (使) 窒息;阻塞;说不出话 | She found it hard to choke down her anger.
- death | [deθ] | n.死, 死亡; 毁灭 | The seedling was frozen to death.
- disable | [dɪs'eɪb(ə)l] | v.使丧失能力,使伤残 | He was disabled in an accident and couldn't play football any more.
- exhaust | [ɪgˈzɔːst] | v. 使筋疲力竭;用完,耗尽 | The enemy troops were exhausted and demoralised.
- faint | [feɪnt] | adj. 模糊的; 微弱的; 虚弱的 v. 晕倒 | He felt faint because of starvation.
- fatigue | [fə'tiːg] | n. 疲劳 v. (使) 疲劳 | The patient fatigues easily.
- feeble | ['fiːbl] | adj , 虑弱的, 无力的; 微弱的 | Grandmother has been getting feebler lately.
- fever | ['fiːvə(r)] | n. 狂热;发烧,发热 v. (使) 发烧;{使) 狂热 | Football fever gripped the town when the local team reached the final.
- flu | [fluː] | n. 流行性感冒 | The bird flu can spread quickly.
- headache | ['hedeɪk] | n.头痛 | The aspirins eased my headache.
- hurt | [hɜːt] | v.损害;伤害;{使} 疼痛 | The rumours hurt his reputation badly.
- injure | ['ɪndʒə(r)] | v. 伤害,使遭受损伤;损害 | Don't injure yourself with that tool.
- injury | ['ɪndʒəri] | n. 伤害; 损害 | She still suffers considerable discomfort from her injury.
- lump | [lʌmp] | n. 块; 肿块 v. 使成块状 | There is a nasty lump on her neck.
- scar | [skɑː(r)] | n. 疤痕,伤疤 | The wound left a scar.
- swell | [swel] | v. 肿胀,膨胀;{使) 增加 | These small items help to swell the totalgreatly.
- tire | [ˈtaɪə(r)] | v. (使} 感到疲劳;厌烦 | My legs began to tire after half an hour's aerobic workout.
- uncomfortable | [ʌnʰkʌmftəb(ə)l] | adj. 不舒服的;不自在的 | I have an uncomfortable feeling deep in my throat.
- unconscious | [ʌnˈkɒnʃəs] | adj. 失去知觉的; 无意识的 | This wounded soldier was unconscious from his loss of blood.
- weary | ['wɪəri] | adj. 疲倦的; 厌烦的 | After many hours in the saddle, he was very weary.
- wound | [wuːnd] | n. 创伤,伤害;伤口 | I hope her emotional wound will heal with the passing of time.
- plague | [pleɪg] | n. 瘟疫 | Plague came in the wake of earthquake.
- dizzy | ['dɪzi] | adj. 头晕目眩的,眩晕的 v. 使眩晕 | The old woman was dizzied by the strongwind.
- invalid | [ɪn'vælɪd] | n.病弱者,伤残者 adj病弱的,伤残的 | The old lady resented being treated as an invalid.
- doom | [duːm] | n. 厄运; 毁灭 使注定失败 (或死亡等) | Dissonance among the three partners doomed the project.
- paralyse | ['pærəlaɪz] | v. 使麻痹;使瘫痪;使无助 | The electricity failure paralysed the train service.
- demise | [dɪˈmaɪz] | n. 死亡;君权的转移或授予,禅让 ,遗赠;转让 | The land demised to a charitable institution.
- patient | ['peɪʃ(ə)nt] | n. 病人 adj. 有耐心的, 能忍耐的 | He is a patient man, but not even he could sit down under that kind of provocation.
- weaken | ['wi:kən] | v. 减弱, 削弱; 变软弱 | Because transplants weaken the immune system, they
  cannot be performed on sick patients.



- allergy | ['ælədʒi] | n. 敏感症; 过敏性 | People with allergies and other respiratory andheart ailments may be more seriously affected.
- trauma | ['trɔːmə] | n. 外伤,身体上的伤;精神创伤;痛苦经历 | That trauma five years ago left more than 90,000 people dead or missing.
- dysfunction | [dɪsˈfʌŋkʃn] | n. (身体) 功能障碍 | The neurological dysfunction disabled him.
- diabetes | [ˌdaɪə'biːtiːz] | n.糖尿病 | The poor old man was afflicted with diabetes.
- obesity | [əʊ'biːsəti] | n.(过度) 肥胖;肥胖症 | Obesity is a problem for many people in contemporary society.
- overweight | [ˌəʊvəˈweɪt] | adj. 超重的,过胖的 n. 超重 v. 使超重;迫于重视 | Too many people in the United States are overweight.
- hypertension | [,haɪpə'ten∫n] | n. 高血压 | They claim that hypertension has numerouscauses.
- insane | [ɪnˈseɪn] | adj. 患精神病的; 疯狂的 | He must be insane to drive his car so fast.
- insomnia | [ɪnˈsɒmniə] | n.失眠,失眠症 | He suffered from insomnia and was taking sleeping pills each night.
- cancer | ['kænsə(r)] | n.癌 | The patient finally died from cancer.
- arthritis | [αː'θraɪtɪs] | n. 关节炎 | The medicine can cure arthritis.
- pimple | ['pɪmpl] | n. 粉刺,丘疹 | He has a lot of pimples on his face.
- pain | [peɪn] | n. 痛苦;疼痛使痛苦 | His leg was broken and he suffered great pain.
- mortal | ['mɔːt(ə)l] | adj. 必死的;致命的 n. 凡人,人类 | It is an indisputable fact that man is mortal.
- lethal | ['li:θ(ə)l] | adj. 致命的 | This pesticide is not only lethal to pests, but also dangerous for your pets.
- corpus | ['kɔːpəs] | n.尸体;文集;本金 | He asked his children to have his corpus burnt after his death.
- overwork | [,əʊvəˈwɜːk] | n. 过度操劳; 适度工作 v. (使) 适度工作 | I was completely knackered from overwork.
- heart attack | ['hɑːrt ətæk] | n.心脏病发作 | Heart attack is a sudden severe instance of abnormal heart function.

### 身心健康 第四组

- common | ['kɒmən] | adj.共同的;普通的,平常的 | We have common topics to talk about.
- check | [tʃek] | v. 检查,核对 n. [美] 账单 | Do look out for spelling mistakes when you checkyour homework.
- cure | [kjʊə(r)] | v. 治好,治愈 n. 疗法;治疗 | What can't be cured must be endured.
- dose | [dəʊs] | n.(药物的) 一剂 v.给.....服药 | Take one dose of this cough syrup three times a day.
- drug | [drʌg] | n.毒品;药 | His medicine is a drug that can be injected or taken by mouth.
- hospital | ['hpspit(ə)l] | n. 医院 | When I left the hospital I was completely cured.
- injection | [ɪn'dʒekʃn] | n. 注射;注射物;单射 {函数} | The doctor gave her an injection to alleviate the pain.
- medicine | ['medsn; 'medɪsn] | n. 药; 医学 | I have a stomachache.May I have some medicine?
- normal | ['nɔːm(ə)l] | adj.正常的; 正规的, 规范的 | The normal price of a ticket is 230 dollars!
- operation | [ˌɒpəˈreɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 手术;操作;运转,经营 | The operation of this machine is simple.



- physician | [fɪˈzɪ[n] | n. 内科医生 | He prefers to be a surgeon rather than a physician.
- recovery | [rɪˈkʌvəri] | n.恢复,痊愈 | We are surprised by the speed of her recovery.
- relax | [rɪ'læks] | v.放松 | Relax for a while and take it easy.
- relief | [rɪˈliːf] | n.宽慰,轻松;减轻,缓解 | I felt great relief when I heard I had passed the examination.
- relieve | [rɪˈliːv] | v.救济;减轻,解除(痛苦、不快等) | The government acted quickly to relieve the widespread distress caused by the earthquake.
- resume | [rɪˈzjuːm] | v.重新开始, (中断后) 继续 | Please e-mail your personal résumé to us before sitting a written test.
- sore | [sɔː(r)] | adj. 疼痛的; 恼火的; 严重的 | My legs are sore from all that running yesterday.
- sorrow | ['sɒrəʊ] | n. 悲伤,悲痛 | He told me with sorrow that his mother was very ill.
- treatment | ['tri:tmənt] | n. 治疗,疗法;待遇 | A proper treatment will do great good to both his body and his psychology.
- medical | ['medɪkl] | adj. 医学的, 医疗的 | Before you join the company, you will have to have a medical examination.
- isolate | ['aɪsəleɪt] | v.使隔离,使孤立,使脱离 | The farm is isolated and the nearest house is 30 kilometres away.
- usual | [ˈjuːʒuəl] | adj.通常的, 惯常的 | We have mainly adopted some usual international practices.
- precaution | [prɪˈkɔːʃ(ə)n] | n. 预防, 警惕; 预防措施 | Safety first, precaution crucial.
- prescription | [prɪˈskrɪpʃn] | n. 处方,药方;秘诀 | What's your prescription for a happy marriage?
- transplant | [træns'pla:nt] | v. 移植 | The patient rejected the transplanted heart.
- vaccinate | ['væksɪneɪt] | v. 给.....接种疫苗, 预防接种 | Many people are vaccinated against smallpox as children.
- heal | [hiːl] | v. 治愈;愈合 | The terrible wound took a long time to heal.
- ease | [iːz] | v.减轻,放松,缓和 n.容易;悠闲 | He is expected to win the game with ease.
- chronic | ['krpnɪk] | adj. 慢性的;长期的 | He is good at treating chronic diseased patients.
- acute | [əˈkjuːt] | adj. (疾病) 急性的; 敏锐的, 深刻的 | He has given an acute analysis of the situation.
- suffering | ['sʌfərɪŋ] | n. 苦难, 折磨 | Inward suffering is the worst nemesis.
- lament | [ləˈment] | n.悲伤,哀悼 v.哀悼;对......感到悔恨 | He lamented his thoughtless acts.
- therapy | ['θerəpi] | n. 治疗 | Physical therapy will alternate with chemicaltherapy.
- sanitary | ['sænətri] | adj. 卫生的;清洁的 | There was a small and not very sanitary innnearby.
- curative | ['kjʊərətɪv] | adj. 治疗的 n. 药品 | This herb was once thought to be curative.
- hygiene | ['haɪdʒiːn] | n. 卫生 (学); 保健 (学) | Wash yourself regularly to ensure personally giene.
- fitness | ['fɪtnəs] | n. 健康; 适合 | The long climb tested our fitness and stamina.
- clinic | ['klɪnɪk] | n. 诊所; 门诊部 | The psychological clinic is located near the newly-built railway station.
- surgeon | ['sɜːdʒən] | n. 外科医生 | The surgeon has performed an operation.
- X-ray | ['eks reɪ] | n. 射线; 用 x 射线避行的临床检查 v. x 射线检查 | She went to the hospital for an X-ray yesterday.
- quarantine | ['kwɒrəntiːn] | v. 对……避行隔离检疫; n. 检疫; 隔离检疫期 | The quarantine is now abolished.



- segregate | ['segrɪgeɪt] | v. 隔离 | The doctor segregated the child sick with scarlet fever.
- pharmacy | ['fɑ:məsi] | n. 药店;药剂学 | In the West, you probably don't go to the hospital to buy drugs; you go to the pharmacy ordrugstore.
- remedy | ['remədi] | n.药物,治疗法;解决方法 | Your only remedy is to go to law.
- pill | [pɪl] | n.药丸, 丸剂 | The doctor told him to take six pills a day until he fully recovered.
- antibiotic | [¡æntibaɪˈɒtɪk] | n.抗生素 | The factory is specialised in the production of antibiotics.
- acupuncture | [ˈækjupʌŋkt[ə(r)] | n.针灸,中医针灸疗法 | Do you believe in Chinese acupuncture?
- penicillin | [ˌpenɪˈsɪlɪn] | n.青霉素 | He gave me a second shot of penicillin.
- morphine | ['mɔːfiːn] | n.吗啡 | Morphine, like cocaine, is addictive.
- refresh | [rɪˈfreʃ] | v.使恢复精神 | A cool drink refreshed me after my long walk.
- alleviate | [əˈliːvieɪt] | v.减轻 (痛苦等),缓解 | The doctor gave her an injection to alleviatethe pain.
- health care | | n. 医疗保健 | I watched a programme about health care.

### 身心健康 第五组

- joke | [dʒəʊk] | n.笑话; 玩笑 v.说笑话; 开玩笑 | He closed his speech with a funny joke.
- pleasure | ['pleʒə(r)] | n.愉快,高兴;荣幸 (用于回答对方的感谢) | She took no pleasure in her work.
- fun | [fʌn] | n.乐趣;玩笑 adj.有趣的 | I'm learning to cook, just for the fun of it.
- cheer | [tʃɪə(r)] | v.使振作; (向.....) 欢呼 | They beat drums to cheer up the players.
- positive | ['ppzətɪv] | adj.肯定的;积极的;绝对的 | It was a positive delight to hear her sing sobeautifully.
- delight | [dɪ'laɪt] | v.(使) 高兴; 爱好 n.乐趣 | She delights in cooking lovely meals.
- desirable | [dɪˈzaɪərəb(ə)l] | adj,可取的,值得拥有的,合意的 | It is most desirable that he should attend the conference.
- enthusiastic | [ɪnˌθjuːziˈæstɪk] | adj.热心的,热情的 | You were so enthusiastic, so I couldn't say "no" to your invitation.
- exciting | [ɪkˈsaɪtɪŋ] | adj.令人兴奋的,使人激动的 | I like the exciting rhythm of African drummusic.
- favour | [ˈfeɪvə(r)] | n.偏爱;赞同;恩惠,帮助 | Would you please do me a favour, Ben?
- fond | [fond] | adj.喜爱的;溺爱的 | A fond mother may spoil her children.
- happiness | ['hæpinəs] | n.幸福,快乐;适当 | I desire happiness.
- indifferent | [ɪnˈdɪfrənt] | adj.漠不关心的; 无关紧要的; 平庸的; 中立的 | He is indifferent to the result of the exam.
- joy | [dʒɔɪ] | n.欢乐,喜悦;乐趣 | He is in immeasurable joy.
- keen | [kiːn] | adj.强烈的;敏锐的;渴望的;[尤英]有强烈兴趣的 | They are rather keen on your new-typewoollens.
- laughter | ['lɑːftə(r)] | n•笑,笑声 | We couldn't withhold our laughter.
- lively | ['laɪvli] | adj.活泼的;活跃的;栩栩如生的 | He is an outgoing and lively person.
- lovely | ['lʌvli] | adj.可爱的;令人愉快的 | The girl's rosy cheeks made her look very lovely.
- merry | ['meri] | adj.愉快的,欢乐的;微醉的 | There is a merry smile on her face.
- optimistic | [ˌoptɪˈmɪstɪk] | adj.乐观的,乐观主义的 | We are optimistic about its future.
- passive | ['pæsɪv] | adj.被动的,消极的 | It lands the manager in a passive position.



- pessimistic | [,pesɪ'mɪstɪk] | adj.悲观的,悲观主义的 | He is pessimistic about the future.
- rejoice | [rɪˈdʒɔɪs] | v.(使) 高兴, (使) 欢喜 | We rejoiced at the good news.
- startle | ['staːt(ə)l] | v.使大吃一惊 n.吃惊 | He was startled by the news.
- surprising | [səˈpraɪzɪŋ] | adj.令人惊讶的,出人意料的 | It is surprising that a man like that was elected.
- thrill | [θrɪl] | n.激动 v.(使) 激动;感到紧张 | It's a sight that never fails to thrill me.
- zeal | [ziːl] | n.热心,热情,热忱 | Jack served everyone with zeal.
- daring | ['deərɪŋ] | adj.勇敢的,大胆的 | He had proved himself a most daring adventurer.
- direct | [dəˈrekt] | adj.直接的;直率的 | I'm in direct contact with the hijackers.
- frank | [fræŋk] | adj.坦白的,直率的 | A frank discussion can help clear the air.
- gentle | [ˈdʒent(ə)l] | adj.温和的;柔和的;文雅的;出身名门的 | Gentle music can relax me.
- humble | ['hʌmb(ə)l] | adj.谦虚的; 卑微的 | Being humble means that you do not allow your current opinions and beliefs to get in the way of new learning.
- liberal | ['lɪbərəl] | adj.慷慨的,大方的;自由主义的 | My father gives me a liberal amount of money every week.
- manly | ['mænli] | adj.有男子气概的;果断的 | He looks very manly in his uniform.
- modest | ['modɪst] | adj.谦虚的, 谦逊的 | She is very modest about the prizes she haswon.
- polite | [pə'laɪt] | adj.有礼貌的;客气的 | It is not polite of you to cut the speaker off.
- negligible | [ˈneglɪdʒəb(ə)l] | adj.可以忽略的,微不足道的 | The damage to my car is negligible.
- negative | ['negətɪv] | adj.怀疑的;消极的 | Petroleum extraction can have a negative impact on the environment.
- satisfactory | [ˌsætɪs'fæktəri] | adj.令人满意的 | The efficacy of the medicine is satisfactory.
- humorous | ['hju:mərəs] | adj.富于幽默感的,诙谐的 | I have plenty of humorous tales.
- mysterious | [mɪˈstɪəriəs] | adi.神秘的;不可思议的 | That enchanter is very mysterious.
- curious | ['kjʊəriəs] | adj.好奇的,好求知的 | It is good to be curious about the world around you.
- astound | [əˈstaʊnd] | v.使大吃一惊, 使惊骇 | He was astounded when he heard that his son had taken drugs.
- amazing | [əˈmeɪzɪŋ] | adj.令人惊叹的,惊人的 | It's amazing that human beings can always survive all kinds of difficulties.
- apathetic | [ˌæpəˈθetɪk] | adj.无动于衷的, 漠不关心的 | I cannot understand your apathetic attitude.
- please | [pliːz] | v.使高兴。取悦 adv.请 | It's difficult to please everybody.
- agreeable | [ə'gri:əb(ə)l] | adj.使人愉快的;(欣然) 同意的 | My parents are quite agreeable to my decision to study abroad.
- exhilarate | [ɪgˈzɪləreɪt] | v.使高兴,使兴奋 | His bold designs always exhilarate the viewers.
- hectic | ['hektɪk] | adj.兴奋活跃的,忙乱的,繁忙的 | The journalist lead a hectic life.
- generous | ['dʒenərəs] | adj.慷慨的; 宽厚的 | She was always very generous in making donations to charity.

### 身心健康 第六组

• sound | [saʊnd] | adj.健全的;(睡眠) 酣畅的;合理的 n.声音 v.发出声音;听起来 | The book is full of sound advice.



- childish | ['t[aɪldɪ[] | adi.孩子般的;幼稚的 | The little girl spoke in a high childish voice.
- ready | ['redi] | adj.准备好的; 愿意的 | They got ready to launch an attack.
- liable | ['laɪəb(ə)l] | adj.有责任的;有.....倾向的,可能的 | He is liable to come today.
- delicate | ['delɪkət] | adj.精致的; 微妙的; 脆弱的 | Delicate plants must be protected from cold wind and frost.
- prominent | ['promɪnənt] | adj.突出的,显著的;重要的,杰出的 | A single tree in a field is prominent.
- sincere | [sɪnˈsɪə(r)] | adj.真诚的, 诚挚的 | Please accept my sincere congratulations.
- tender | ['tendə(r)] | adj.脆弱的;温柔的;软弱的;疼痛的 v.(正式)提出;投标 | My finger is tender because I cut it on a piece of glass yesterday.
- thoughtful | ['θɔ:tf(ə)l] | adj.认真思考的;考虑周到的,体贴的 | It was thoughtful of you to inform me of yourarrival.
- tough | [tʌf] | adj.艰难的;坚强的,坚韧不拔的;强硬的 | You need to be tough to survive in a society full of competition.
- careful | ['keəf(ə)l] | adj.仔细的,细致的;小心的,谨慎的 | He is careful in his speech.
- concern | [kənˈsɜː(r)n] | n.关心;忧虑 v.涉及;使担忧;关心 | As far as I am concerned, I'm not against your plan.
- considerate | [kənˈsɪdərət] | adj.考虑周到的,体谅的 | It was considerate of you to bring me my raincoat
- eager | [ˈiːgə(r)] | adj.渴望的,热切的 | He is eager to take you to meet his friends.
- earnest | ['ɜːnɪst] | adj.认真的,诚恳的 | I'm sure he was earnest when he said he would come.
- freedom | ['friːdəm] | n.自由,独立自主 | By persistence, many countries won freedom.
- grateful | ['greɪtf(ə)l] | adj.感激的;表示感激的 | She was grateful beyond words.
- gratitude | ['grætɪtjuːd] | n.感激,感谢,感恩 | I am full of gratitude to you for helping me.
- honesty | ['pnəsti] | n.诚实,正直 | I respect you for your honesty.
- mercy | ['mɜːsi] | n.仁慈,宽容,怜悯 | We were treated with mercy.
- proud | [praʊd] | adj.骄傲的,自豪的;令人自豪的 | It was a proud day for us when we won the trophy.
- remarkable | [rɪˈmɑːkəbl] | adj.值得注意的;非凡的,卓越的 | He has a remarkable memory.
- romantic | [rəʊ'mæntɪk] | adj.浪漫的;充满传奇色彩的 | It is said that Frenchmen are among the most romantic peoples in the world.
- seriously | ['sɪəriəsli] | adv.严肃地;认真地;严重地 | The judge appeared to weigh the matter seriously.
- stern | [stɜːn] | adj.严厉的;坚定的 | She had a stern father who never praised her.
- sympathetic | [,sɪmpə'θetɪk] | adj.同情的;和谐的 | The volunteers felt sympathetic to the victims.
- sturdy | ['stɜːdi] | adj.强健的;坚定的 | The child had sturdy legs.
- arduous | ['aːdʒuəs] | adj.辛勤的; 费力的; 陡峭的 | In those days, long-distance travel was slow and arduous.
- promising | ['promɪsɪŋ] | adj.大有希望的,有前途的 | The weather looks promising.
- picturesque | [,pɪktʃə'resk] | adj.如画的; 独特的 | I was attracted by the picturesque scene on the West Lake.
- temperate | ['tempərət] | adj. (气候) 温和的;温带的;有节制的;心平气和的 | A temperate diet ought to be encouraged, especially among those with obesity.



- awesome | ['ɔːsəm] | adj.卓越的,引起敬畏的 | My Truth—and your surest help in time of need—is as awesome as the night sky, and assimply, incontrovertibly trustful as a baby's gurgle.
- mundane | [mʌnˈdeɪn] | adj.平凡的, 世俗的; 世界的 | Even the most mundane things can become objects of beauty in a Frenchman's eyes.
- admire | [ədˈmaɪə(r)] | v.赞美,钦佩,仰慕 | Everybody admires him for his fine sense of humour.
- friendly | ['frendli] | adj.友好的, 友善的 | The meeting has a very friendly atmosphere.
- hospitable | [hɒ'spɪtəb(ə)l] | adj.好客的; 热情友好的 | Be hospitable. Sometimes cups of tea or even slices of toast can give you a head start in making friends.
- confidence | ['kɒnfɪdəns] | n.自信;信任 | I have full confidence that you will succeed.
- apology | [əˈpɒlədʒi] | n.道歉;辩解 | Please accept my apology.
- robust | [rəʊ'bʌst] | adj.强壮的,强健的 | His robust strength was a counterpoise to the disease.
- steadfast | ['stedfa:st] | adj.坚定的 | He was a steadfast bachelor and intended to remain so.
- naive | [naɪˈiːv] | adj.天真的;幼稚的 | He makes fun of her naive attitude.
- trustworthy | ['trʌstwɜːði] | adj.值得信赖的,可靠的 | The firm is one of our most trustworthy concerns.
- enterprising | ['entəpraizɪŋ] | adj.有事业心的,有进取心的;有魄力的 | Some enterprising students are designing management software for the university.
- sane | [seɪn] | adj.心智健全的; 理智的 | He is a very sane person.
- strenuous | ['strenjuəs] | adj.发奋的;繁重的,艰苦的 | Sherry's been making a strenuous effort to lose weight.
- apologise | [ə'pɒlədʒaɪz] | v.道歉,赔罪 | He will apologise to her for not going to herparty.
- rational | ['ræ[nəl] | adj.理性的; 合理的 | Man is a rational being.

### 身心健康 第七组

- anger | ['æŋgə(r)] | n.怒, 怒气 v.使发怒 | His face was inflamed with anger.
- bore | [bɔː(r)] | v.烦扰;钻孔 n.讨厌的人;令人生厌的事 | Don't bore me with these boring jokes!
- bother | ['boðə(r)] | v.花费时间精力 (做某事);(使) 苦恼 n.麻烦,困难 | We had a lot of bother finding our way to his house.
- disgust | [dɪsˈgʌst] | v.使厌恶,使作呕 n.厌恶,嫌恶 | The smell filled me with disgust.
- furious | ['fjʊəriəs] | adj.狂怒的,暴怒的 | The furlous workers instigated a strike.
- hate | [heɪt] | v.恨,憎恨不喜欢 | They hate each other.
- hatred | ['heɪtrɪd] | n.憎恶,憎恨,仇恨 | His words stirred up my hatred.
- indignant | [ɪnˈdɪgnənt] | adj.愤慨的,义愤的 | He is indignant at the false accusation.
- mad | [mæd] | adj.发疯的; 恼火的 | She was almost mad with grief when her son died.
- mourn | [mɔːn] | v.(因失去.....而) 哀痛, 哀悼 | We mourn for our fallen soldiers.
- nuisance | ['njuːsns] | n.讨厌或麻烦的人 (或事物) | Don't make yourself a nuisance to others.
- troublesome | ['trʌb(ə)lsəm] | adj.令人烦恼的; 麻烦的 | You must learn to rid yourself of such troublesome thoughts.
- unpleasant | [ʌnˈplez(ə)nt] | adj.令人不愉快的, 讨厌的 | It happened with unpleasant consequences.
- vex | [veks] | v.使烦恼,使恼火 | She was vexed at her failure.
- wicked | ['wɪkɪd] | adj.邪恶的, 缺德的 | It is wicked of you to torment the poor dog.



- hostile | ['hostaɪl] | adj.怀有敌意的,不友善的;敌对的 | Ever since I got better marks than Parker, he has been hostile to me.
- vicious | ['vɪ[əs] | adj.邪恶的,不道德的 | She was shocked by the vicious criticism.
- vulgar | ['vʌlgə(r)] | adj.粗俗的,庸俗的 | Vulgar fashions filled the store windows.
- wretched | ['retʃɪd] | adj.不幸的,可怜的,悲惨的;恶劣的 | I was shocked to see their wretched living conditions.
- irritate | ['ɪrɪteɪt] | v.激怒,使急躁;刺激 | The noise of the children was irritating me.
- adverse | ['ædvɜːs] | adj.敌对的,不友好的:不利的 | This policy will have an adverse effect on out new project.
- radical | ['rædɪk(ə)l] | adj.激进的;根本的 | His opinions are very radical.
- frustrating | [frʌˈstreɪtɪŋ] | adj.令人灰心的,使人沮丧的 | After two hours of frustrating delay, the train at last arrived.
- harass | ['hærəs] | v.烦扰 | A gang of delinquents harassed the storekeeper from time to time.
- awful | ['ɔːf(ə)l] | adj.令人不愉快的,极讨厌的 | It would be awful if he found out the truth.
- crazy | ['kreɪzi] | adj.疯狂的; 荒唐的 | Are you crazy?
- frown | [fraʊn] | n.皱眉,不悦 v.皱眉,表示不悦 | We interpret a frown as a sign of disapproval.
- rage | [reɪdʒ] | n.盛怒, 狂怒 | My father was in a rage last night.

### 身心健康 第八组

- anxiety | [æŋˈzaɪəti] | n.焦虑,担心;渴望 | It proved difficult to disguise his anxiety.
- confuse | [kənˈfjuːz] | v.使困惑,把 (某人) 弄糊涂混淆 | Don't confuse Austria with Australia.
- doubt | [daʊt] | n.怀疑,疑问 v.怀疑,不信 | There is no doubt about it.
- endure | [ɪnˈdjʊə(r)] | v.忍耐,忍受;持久 | I can't endure her endless complaints a moment longer.
- fear | [fɪə(r)] | n.害怕; 担心 | The thought of returning filled him with fear.
- greedy | ['griːdi] | adj.贪吃的;贪婪的 | The greedy man is always needy.
- hesitate | ['hezɪteɪt] | v.犹豫不决,踌躇;顾虑 | Please don't hesitate to do it.
- ignorant | ['ɪɡnərənt] | adj.无知的,没有学识的,愚昧的 | Wise men become wiser as they grow older, ignorant men more ignorant.
- insult | [ɪnˈsʌlt] | v.侮辱,凌辱 n.侮辱,凌辱 | He insulted her by calling her an idiot.
- jealous | ['dʒeləs] | adj.嫉妒的,妒忌的 | Guilt is always jealous.
- nasty | ['nɑːsti] | adj.下流的; 肮脏的; 险恶的 | He is a nasty guy.
- naughty | ['nɔːti] | adj.淘气的,顽皮的 | Those naughty boys have been acting upagain.
- regret | [rɪˈɡret] | n.遗憾;抱歉;悲叹 v.后悔痛惜,惋惜 | You will regret it when you are older.
- repent | [rɪˈpent] | v.忏悔;后悔 | He repented of his action.
- restless | ['restləs] | adj.不安定的,焦躁不安的,不耐烦的 | The audience was becoming restless.
- ridiculous | [rɪˈdɪkjələs] | adj.荒谬的,可笑的 | Who made this ridiculous rule?
- selfish | ['selfɪʃ] | adj.自私的,利己主义的 | He is possibly the most selfish man in the town.
- sigh | [saɪ] | nv.叹息,叹气 | She let out a long sigh of despair.
- unkind | [ˌʌnˈkaɪnd] | adj.不仁慈的,不和善的,刻薄的 | Don't be so unkind to your brother.



- unsatisfactory | [ˌʌnˌsætɪsˈfæktəri] | adj.不能令人满意的,不符合要求的,不足的 | They demand a refund on unsatisfactory goods.
- unstable | [ʌnʰsteɪb(ə)l] | adj.不稳定的;易变的;不牢固的 | This bookcase is too unstable to hold so many books.
- unsuitable | [ʌnˈsuːtəbl; ʌnˈsjuːtəbl] | adj.不合适的,不适宜的 | The dress is unsuitable for summer.
- unwilling | [ʌnˈwɪlɪŋ] | adj.不愿意的,不情愿的;勉强的 | He is unwilling to give up the opportunity.
- weep | [wi:p] | v.哭泣, 流泪哀悼 n.哭泣 | Laugh and the world laughs with you; weep and you weep alone.
- rigid | ['rɪdʒɪd] | adj.固执的;严格的;刚硬的 | The old man is very rigid in his ideas.
- awkward | ['ɔːkwəd] | adj.笨拙的; 尴尬的; 棘手的; 不合适的 | The child is still awkward with his chopsticks.
- careless | ['keələs] | adj.粗心的;无忧无虑的;淡漠的 | This man was severely put down for his careless work.
- cunning | ['kʌnɪŋ] | n.狡猾的; 巧妙的 | You're cunning, and I can't work you out.
- sly | [slaɪ] | adj.狡猾的, 狡诈的 | She had a sly personality.
- stupid | ['stju:pɪd] | adj.愚蠢的;麻木的;乏味的 n.傻瓜,笨蛋 | The man in the post office was too stupid forwords.
- timid | ['tɪmɪd] | adj.胆小的,羞怯的 | You are every inch as timid as a mouse. Just speakup!
- uneasy | [ʌnˈiːzi] | adj.心神不安的,忧虑的 | Due to your injury,I feel uneasy.
- rash | [ræʃ] | adj.草率的, 鲁莽的 | May I remind you it was your own rash actions that got us into this
  predicament?
- stubborn | ['stʌbən] | adj.顽固的,固执的 | She won't do what I ask. She is very stubborn.
- excessive | [ɪkˈsesɪv] | adj.过分的,过多的 | Excessive patriotism can lead to xenophobia.
- volatile | ['vɒlətaɪl] | adj.易变的,反复无常的;易挥发的 | People are afraid to change jobs in today's volatile economy.
- reluctant | [rɪˈlʌktənt] | adj.不情愿的;勉强的 | She was reluctant to leave the neighbourhood of Paris.
- embarrass | [ɪmˈbærəs] | v.使尴尬,使窘迫,使局促不安 | I was embarrassed by their compliments.
- fuss | [fʌs] | n.大惊小怪,无谓的纷扰 | There's sure to be a fuss when they find the window's broken.
- weird | [wɪəd] | adj.怪诞的,古怪的 | Her weird dress attracted attention in the smalltown.
- envy | ['envi] | v.n.羡慕;嫉妒 | The boy's new electronic toy train was the envy of his friends.
- suspicion | [səˈspɪʃ(ə)n] | n.怀疑,嫌疑 | He is under suspicion of murder.
- sceptical | ['skeptik(ə)l] | adj.怀疑的 | He has a sceptical attitude towards all religions。
- guilty | ['gɪlti] | adj.有罪的; 内疚的 | Whenever I think of how hard my parents are saving for my education and how little I've learned, I feel guilty.
- ashamed | [əˈʃeɪmd] | adj.惭愧的,感到难为情的;耻于.....的 | You should be ashamed of yourself.
- tolerance | ['tɒlərəns] | n.忍受,容忍,宽容 | We should always try to show tolerance to other people.
- arbitrary | [ˈɑːbɪtrəri] | adj.武断的,专断的;任意的 | My choice was quite arbitrary.
- clumsy | ['klʌmzi] | adj.笨拙的 | You are so clumsy! You've knocked over my cup of coffee!
- oblivious | [ə'blɪviəs] | adj.不知道的,未注意的 | She was oblivious to our warnings.
- obtrusive | [əb'tru:sɪv] | adj.过分炫耀的,过分突出的,扎眼的 | Try to wear something less obtrusive.



- slothful | ['sləʊθf(ə)l] | adj.偷懒的,懒散的 | Fatigue had made him slothful.
- sluggish | ['slʌgɪʃ] | adj.行动迟缓的 | If you don't eat breakfast, you'll feel tired and sluggish.
- impulse | ['ɪmpʌls] | n.冲动,心血来潮 | He bought the house on an impulse.
- ego | [ˈiːɡəʊ] | n.自我,自尊;自负 | That promotion really boosted her ego.
- stereotype | ['steriətaɪp] | n.老一套,模式化观念,刻板印象 | This idea is an old-fashioned stereotype.

# 时间日期

- minute | ['mɪnɪt] | n.分,分钟;一会儿 | It's only several minutes from here to the supermarket.
- prior | ['praɪə(r)] | adj.在先的,在前的 | I have a prior appointment, so I can't go withyou.
- former | ['fɔːmə(r)] | adj.以前的; 前者的 pron.前者 | Many of his former supporters voted against him.
- preceding | [prɪˈsiːdɪŋ] | adj.在前的,在先的 | She had been in Mexico the preceding summer.
- precedent | ['president] | n.先例; 常规 | They were determined to break with precedent.
- foremost | ['fɔ:məʊst] | adj.最前的; 最重要的 | He is one of the foremost scientists in China.
- opening | ['əʊpənɪŋ] | adj.开始的 n.开始, 开端 | The book' s opening is dull, but the last chapters are interesting.
- initially | [ɪˈnɪʃəli] | adv.最初 | Initially, I disagreed with their proposal, but later I changed my mind.
- intermediate | [ˌɪntəˈmiːdiət] | adj.中间的 | This country is still at an intermediate stage of development.
- midst | [mɪdst] | n.中部,中间 | We're lucky to have such a man in our midst.
- meantime | ['mi:ntaɪm] | n. [in the~] 其间,同时; [for the~] 眼下,暂时 | I like skiing. In the meantime, I know it is very dangerous.
- meanwhile | ['miːnwaɪl] | adv.同时,其间 | The media, meanwhile, has blown hot and cold on the affair.
- simultaneous | [ˌsɪm(ə)l'teɪniəs] | adj.同时发生 (或进行) 的 | This event was almost simultaneous with that one.
- ongoing | ['ɒngəʊɪŋ] | adj.进行中的;继续存在的 | The discussions are still on going.
- everlasting | [ˌevə'lɑ:stɪŋ] | adj.永恒的 | The man told the woman that he loved her with an everlasting love.
- permanent | ['pɜːmənənt] | adj.永久的 | We have no permanent friends or enemies, only interests.
- punctual | ['pʌŋktʃuəl] | adj.准时的, 守时的 | He is always reliable and punctual.
- duration | [djuˈreɪʃn] | n.持续时间;期间 | Difficulties will be experienced throughout the duration of the war.
- consecutive | [kənˈsekjətɪv] | adj.连续不断的 | He has been absent from school for four consecutive days.
- periodically | [ˌpɪəriˈɒdɪkli] | adv.周期性地,定期地 | Sea mammals must emerge periodically to breathe.
- imminent | ['ɪmɪnənt] | adj. (尤指不愉快的事) 即将发生的,逼近的 | They are unaware of the imminent danger.
- incidentally | [ˌɪnsɪˈdentli] | adv.偶然地;顺便提一句 | Incidentally, here's good news for you.
- daily | ['deɪli] | adj.每日的 n.日报 | The best treatment for the pain is daily exercises.
- monthly | ['mʌnθli] | adj.每月的 adv.每月一次 n.月刊 | The common monthly publications can be found in the library.
- quarterly | ['kwɔːtəli] | adj.季度的 adv.接季度地 n.季刊 | This journal is bimonthly, and that one quarterly.



- annual | ['ænjuəl] | adj.每年的; 一年的 n.年报 | The firm has an annual turnover of 800 million pounds.
- yearly | ['jɪəli; 'jɜːli] | adj.每年的; 一竿的 adv.每年地 | The yearly conference will be held next month.
- anniversary | [ˌænɪ'vɜ:səri] | n.周年纪念日 | Jack and Kim celebrated their 20th wedding anniversary in January.
- era | ['ɪərə] | n.时代,年代,纪元 | We are living in the information era.
- present | ['prez(ə)nt] | adj.现在的 n.目前; 礼物,赠送物 | There's no certain cure for this illness at present.
- contemporary | [kən'temprəri] | adj.当代的; 同时代的 | These clothes are more contemporary and wearable.
- medieval | [ˌmediˈiːvl] | adj.中世纪的;守旧的 | Parents with a medieval attitude toward dating are not popular with the young.
- century | ['sentʃəri] | n.世纪;百年 | It was considered one of the best films of the 20th century.
- millennium | [mɪ'leniəm] | n.一千年, 千年期; 千禧年 | What did you do to celebrate the new millennium?
- million | ['mɪljən] | num.百万; 大量 | It was estimated that the damage was over onemillion dollars.
- billion | ['bɪljən] | num.十亿; 大量 | The human brain contains billions of nervecells.
- dozen | ['dʌz(ə)n] | n.一打,十二个;十来个 | The turkey is large enough to feed a dozen.
- dawn | [dɔːn] | v.破晓 | We set sail at dawn and headed for New York.
- midday | [ˌmɪd'deɪ] | n.正午,中午 | We finished work at midday.
- midnight | ['mɪdnaɪt] | n.午夜, 子夜, 半夜 | According to astronomers, the best time for viewing is between midnight and dawn.
- overnight | [ˌəʊvəˈnaɪt] | adv.在晚上;突然,一夜之间 | I stayed overnight at a friend's home.
- night | [naɪt] | n.夜,夜间;晚上;夜场 | The city's night clubs are open all night for eating, drinking and dancing.
- modern | ['mɒd(ə)n] | adj.现代的; 近代的 | The girl can't adjust herself to the whirl of modern life in this big city.
- recent | ['riːsnt] | adj.新近的,最近的 | The vase looked old but was a recent fake.
- first | [fɜːst] | ord.第一 adv.最初,第一 | What is your first impression of Beijing?
- secondly | ['sekəndli] | adv.第二,其次 | To start with, we don't have enough money. Secondly, we're
  too busy.
- finally | ['faɪnəli] | adv.最后; 终于; 决定性地 | Today, I finally get to look at the man that I love and finally say, "Will you please marry me?"
- finish | ['fɪnɪʃ] | V.完成;结束 n.结尾,最后部分 | When would you finish your college course?
- immediately | [ɪˈmiːdiətli] | adv.立即;直接地 | I will then immediately send confirmation and the application process begins.
- instant | ['Instant] | 立即,即刻 | Just for an instant | thought she was going torefuse.
- moment | ['məʊmənt] | n.片刻; 时刻 | Love is a moment that lasts forever.
- up-to-date | | adj. 直到目前的;现代的 | Up-to-date information about the research on climate change can be found on this website.

#### 太空探索 第一组



- galaxy | ['gæləksi] | n.星系; [theG -] 银河系 | The sun is only a very small star in the Galaxy.
- cosmos | ['kɒzmɒs] | n.宇宙 | Our world is but a small partof the cosmos.
- universe | ['juːnɪˌvɜːs] | n.宇宙; 万物, 世界 | The depth of the universe is immeasurable.
- interstellar | [ˌɪntə'stɛlə] | adj.星际的 | These elements become part of the interstellar gas and dust.
- terrestrial | [təˈrɛstrɪəl] | adj.地球的; {动植物) 陆地的 | Forests are home to over 80% of terrestrial biodiversity.
- celestial | [sɪˈlɛstɪəl] | adj.天上的 | The rosy light beamed like a celestial dawn.
- astronomy | [ə'strɒnəmi] | n天文学 | Physics and astronomy are cognate sciences.
- astrology | [a'strnlad3i] | n.占星学; 占星术 | Some who follow Chinese astrology expect it to be a good year.
- astronaut | ['restram:t] | n.宇航员 | An American astronaut is beginning a year-long trip in space.
- comet | ['kpmɪt] | n.彗星 | The probes will travel with the comet for a full year.
- meteorite | ['mi:tɪə,raɪt] | n陨石 | He discovered an unusual meteorite.
- crater | ['kreɪtə] | n. (撞击或爆炸形成的) 坑 | They came to the lip of a dead volcanic crater.
- dust | [dʌst] | n.尘土,灰尘,粉尘 | The mirror is covered with a film of dust.
- ash | [æʃ] | n.灰烬 | Don't drop your cigare ash on the carpet. Use an ashtray.
- envelope | ['envələʊp] | n.外襄物,外层 | The surface of the sun is a glowing gas envelope.
- chunk | [[t∫ʌŋk]] | n厚块 | My mother bought a chunk of meat.
- spacecraft | ['speɪsˌkrɑːft] | n.宇宙飞船 | The spacecraft is orbiting the moon.
- spaceship | ['spe1s,f 1p] | n.宇宙飞船 | The scientists are able to calculate accurately when the spaceship will reach the moon.
- probe | [prəʊb] | n.太空探测器;详尽调查 | Their probe into the cause of the fire proved futile.
- module | ['mɒdjuːl] | n. (航天器上各个独立的) 舱;模块 | A module is part of a space vehicle that can work independently.
- propulsion | [prəˈpʌl[ən] | n.推进力 | This aircraft works by jet propulsion.
- pressure | ['preʃə] | n.压力 | We will never capitulate to pressure from outside.
- dynamics | [daɪˈnæmɪks] | n.动力学;动态 | And our goal is to find out the dynamics of this problem.
- motion | ['məʊ[ən] | n.动作;移动 | Parts of the film were shown again in slow motion.
- vent | [vent] | n.排气口 V.排放; 发泄 | When gases and steam can get vented from a volcano's cracks, it's probably not about to erupt.
- tail | [te1l] | n.尾部 | He drove into the back of my truck and smashed the tail light.
- curve | [k3:v] | n曲线, 弧线 | The stairs ascended in a graceful curve.
- exploration | [,eksplə'reɪʃ(ə)n] | n.探索 | The Elizabethan age was a time of exploration and discovery.
- expedition | [ˌɛkspɪˈdɪʃən] | n.远征,探险 | This is an expedition to find the beginning of the Yangtze
- flyby | [ 'flaɪbaɪ] | n. (航天器对行星或卫星的) 飞掠 | Because of the flyby height, the plane resembles an increasingly big bird.
- observatory | [əb'zɜːvətri] | n.天文台 | According to the observatory, there will be a total solar eclipse tomorrow.
- telescope | [ 'telɪskəʊp] | n.望远镜 | What is the range of this telescope?



- spectacle | ['spektək(ə)l] | n.壮观的景象; 奇观; [-s] 眼镜 | The sunrise was a splendid spectacle.
- orbit | ['ɔːbɪt] | n.轨道 | The earth moves in an approximately circular orbit around the sun.
- ecliptic | [ɪˈklɪptɪk] | n.黄道 | Five bright planets move among the stars near the ecliptic.
- diameter | [daɪˈæmɪtə(r)] | n.直径 | The earth is slightly flat at the poles, so that the polar diameter is slightly less than the equatorial diameter.
- radius | ['reɪdiəs] | n.半径 | They searched within one mile radius of the school.
- substance | ['sAbstans] | n.物质;实质,要旨 | Is there a basic substance that everything else is made of?
- composition | [ˌkɒmpəˈzɪʃ(ə)n] | n.成分,构成;作晶;创作 | Scientists study the composition of the soil
- compound | ['kpmpaund] | n.混合物; 化合物 adj.复合的,组合的 | English loves compound words: "washing machine
- fossil | ['fosl] | n. 化石 | I know that the majority of the energy we consume comes from fossil fuel energy sources.
- sample | ['sɑːmp(ə)l] | n.样品,样本 | I need nothing but a sample.
- specimen | ['spesɪmən] | n.样品,标本 | The biologist brought out a specimen box and showed the items one by one.
- particle | ['pɑːtɪk(ə)l] | n.颗粒,微粒;极小量 | There are particles of dust everywhere.
- molecule | ['mɒlɪkjuːl] | n.分子 | There is a molecule separator in the lab.
- atom | ['ætəm] | n.原子 | A molecule of water is made up of two atoms of hydrogen and one atom of oxygen.
- ion | ['aɪən] | n.离子 | Both of these particles can produce ion pairs.
- electron | [ɪ'lektrɒn] | n.电子 | Electrons are negatively charged with electricity.
- quantum | ['kwontgJn] | n.量子 | In this example, we employed the quantum mechanice principle.
- circumstance | | n.情况: 环境:条件 |

### 太空探索 第二组

- liquid | ['lɪkwɪd] | adj.液态的 | If you add too much liquid, the mixture will not be thick enough.
- fluid | ['fluːɪd] | n.液体,流体 adj.流动的 | When you are sick, you should drink plenty of fluids.
- solid | ['sɒlɪd] | adj.固体的; 牢固的 | The new office building has a very solid construction.
- synthesise | ['sɪnθɪsaɪz] | v. 合成; 综合 | Darwinian theory has been synthesised with modern genetics.
- formation | [fɔːˈmeɪʃn] | n.形成 | In planet formation, as in adolescence, you've got your late bloomers.
- method | ['meθəd] | n.方法 | New methods of teaching foreign languages are adopted in this institute.
- spectrum | ['spektrəm] | n.光谱;范围 | A spectrum is formed by a ray of light passing through a prism.
- dimension | [daɪˈmenʃn] | n.范围;维 (度) | A line has one dimension and a square has two.
- frequency | ['friːkwənsi] | n.频率;发生次数 | This radio signal has a frequency of 800 kilohertz.
- signal | ['sɪgnəl] | n.信号 | Her speech yesterday was a signal that her view has changed.
- antenna | [ænˈtenə] | n.天线 | You should fix the television antenna before receiving programmes.
- circuit | [ˈsɜːkɪt] | n.线路,电路;巡回 | For many years, he was top banana on the circuit.
- refraction | [rɪˈfrækʃn] | n.折射 | Over water the diurnal change in refraction is likely to be small.



- ultraviolet | [,ʌltrə'vaɪələt] | n.紫外辐射 adj.紫外线的 | The ozone layer absorbs most of the sun's ultraviolet radiation.
- radioactive | [ˌreɪdiəʊˈæktɪv] | adj.放射性的 | Nuclear energy gives millions heat, light, and power, just as it creates unwanted radioactive side effects.
- distinct | [dɪˈstɪŋkt] | adj.明显的;截然不同的 | Those two ideas are quite distinct from each other.
- discernible | [dɪ'sɜ:nəb(ə)l] | adj.可辩别的,看得清的 | Night fell, but the outline of the factory buildings was still discernible.
- invisible | [ɪnˈvɪzəb(ə)l] | adj.看不见的 | Some stars are invisible to the naked eye.
- collision | [kəˈlɪʒ(ə)n] | n.碰撞事故;冲突 | He is responsible for the rear-end collision.
- squash | [skwpʃ] | v.压扁 n.璧球 | I sat on my hat and squashed it.
- fragment | ['frægmənt] / [fræg'ment] | n.. 碎片,片断 v.(使) 破裂 | He was still in bad condition and could give only a fragmented account of the accident.
- cataclysmic | [ˌkætəˈklɪzmɪk] | adj.剧变的;灾难性的 | One can readily trace the disappearance of dinosaurs to a cataclysmic event.
- overwhelming | [¡əʊvəˈwelmɪŋ] | adj.压倒性的 | The flood was overwhelming and the city was soon flooded.
- despair | [dɪˈspeə(r)] | v.n.绝望 | This boy is his mother's last despair.
- desperate | ['despərət] | adj.绝望的;极需要的 | The man lost in the desert was desperate for water.
- hopeless | ['həʊpləs] | adj.无望的; 极差的 | He feels that his chances of winning the contest a re hopeless.

# 语言演化

- root | [ruːt] | n.词根,字根;根源 | The dog is snuffling around the root of a tree.
- language | [ˈlæŋgwɪdʒ] | n.语言 | His misunderstanding of language was the primary cause of his other problems.
- symbol | ['sɪmbəl] | n.象征;符号,记号 | To them, the monarchy is the special symbol of nationhood.
- sign | [saɪn] | n.符号;征兆,迹象;手势 v.签 (名) | He made a sign for me to follow him.
- gesture | ['dʒestʃə] | n.手势,姿势 | He put his arm round her in a protective gesture.
- handwriting | ['hændraɪtɪŋ] | n.笔迹;书写 | The address was in Anna's handwriting.
- pictograph | ['pɪktəˌgrɑːf] | n. 象形文字 | Generally speaking, the pictograph is the first text.
- wedge | [wedʒ] | n.楔子;楔形物;楔形文字 | Put a wedge under the door so that it will stay open.
- knot | [nɒt] | n.(绳、线等的) 结;(树枝上的) 节子 | He made a knot in the rope.
- linguistics | [lɪŋˈgwɪstɪks] | n.语言学 | He is engaged in the studies of linguistics.
- semantic | [sɪˈmæntɪk] | n.语义的 | There are two kinds of puns, phonetic pun and semantic pun.
- syntax | ['sɪntæks] | n.句法 | Let's investigate the syntax of Chinese.
- grammar | ['græmə] | n.语法;语法书 | He was known for his poor grammar and punctuation.
- phonetics | [fəˈnetɪks] | n.语音学 | Daniel Jones is generally referred to be the foremost authority on phonetics.
- pronounce | [prəˈnaʊns] | v.发.....的音;宣布 | Did 1 pronounce your name correctly?
- intonation | [ɪntəˈneɪʃ(ə)n] | n.语调 | Some questions are spoken with a rising intonation.



- inflection | [ɪnˈflɛk[ən] | n.语调的抑扬变化 | She spoke in a low voice, always without inflection.
- dialect | ['daɪəlɛkt] | n.方言,地方话 | The dialect is spoken principally in the southern areas.
- accent | [ˈæksənt ] | n.重音; 口音; 读音符号 | He speaks with a strong southern accent.
- utterance | ['ʌtərəns ] | n.说话;话语 | His every utterance will be scrutinised.
- oral | ['ɔːrəl ] | adj. 口头的 | Students of English should have a lot of oral drills.
- verbal | ['vɜːbəl ] | adj. 口头的;言语的 | Don't be afraid of verbal abuse or criticism.
- syllable | ['sɪləbl ] | n.音节 | The stress is on the last syllable.
- phoneme | | n.音位 | In actual speech, a phoneme is realised phonetically as a certain phone.
- vowel | | n.元音 | Each language has a different vowel system.
- consonant | ['kɒnsənənt ] | n.辅音 | These are common consonant clusters at the beginning of words.
- alphabet | ['ælfəbɪt ] | n.字母表, (一种语言的) 全部字母 | Q comes between P and R in the English alphabet.
- logogram | ['lɒgəʊɡræm ] | n.词符,缩记符 | ACP is the logogram of English of the African, Caribbean and Pacific states.
- vocabulary | [vəʊˈkæbjʊləri ] | n.词汇 | His vocabulary was sound and his grammar was excellent.
- dictionary | [ˈdɪkʃ(ə)n(ə)ri ] | n.词典,字典,辞典 | The dictionary is a vast treasure trove of information.
- idiom | ['ɪdɪəm ] | n.习语 | "Never" too old to learn "is" an idiom.
- phrase | [freɪz] | n.短语;习语 | The phrase was not meant to be taken seriously.
- clause | [klɔːz] | n.分句,从句;条款 | A confidentiality clause was added to the contract.
- expression | [ɪksˈprɛʃən] | n.词语;表达;表情 | Her expression of gratitude was simple and touching..
- tense | [tɛns] | n.时态 adj.紧张的 | Dartz who had at first been very tense, at last relaxed.
- prefix | ['priːfɪks] | n.词首, 前缀; 前置代号 | To make calls from Canada, use the prefix 01133 before the numbers given here.
- suffix | ['sʌfɪks] | n.后缀,词尾;尾标 | These ships were all numbered with the same suffix.
- abbreviation | [ə<sub>i</sub>briːvɪ'eɪʃ(ə)n] | n.缩写形式 | BBC is an abbreviation for British Broadcasting Corporation.
- synonym | ['sɪnənɪm] | n.同义词 | Don't mix up this pair of synonyms.
- antonym | [ˈæntəʊnɪm] | n.反义词 | "Happy" is an antonym of "sad"
- noun | [naʊn] | n 名词 | The word
- singular | ['sɪngjʊlə] | n.单数 adj.单数的;非凡的 | The young man has a singular ear for music.
- plural | ['plʊərəl] | n.复数 adj.复数的;多元的 | A plural marriage is forbidden by many countries.
- pronoun | ['prəʊnaʊn] | n.代词 | He always put the stress on the pronoun.
- verb | [vɜːb] | n.动词 | A sentence usually contains a subject and a verb.
- adjective | ['ædʒɪktɪv] | n.形容词 | The function of an adjective is to describe or add to the meaning of a noun,
- adverb | ['ædvɜːb] | n.副词 | Adverb is to describe a verb or an action.
- preposition | [,prepə'zɪʃən] | n.介词 | You should cross out this preposition in the sentence.
- conjunction | [onjunction] | n.连词;结合 | The word is a temporal conjunction.
- consistent | [kənˈsɪstənt] | adj. —致的;(观点或看法)连贯的 | The policies which will be put into place are clear and consistent.



- complicated | ['kpmplɪkeɪtɪd] | adj.复杂的 | The business is a large, complicated organism.
- complex | ['kpmpleks] | adj.复杂的 | As tools have become more and more complex, we need more complex controls to control them.
- compile | [kəm'paɪl] | v.編纂 | t takes years of hard work to compile a good dictionary.
- version | ['vɜːʃən] | n.译本;版本 | hese books are Chinese versions of Shakespeare.
- translate | [træns'leɪt] | v.翻译; (使) 转变 | No matter how well a poem is translated, something of the spirit of the original work is lost.
- paraphrase | ['pærəfreɪz] | v.n.意译,改述 | The teacher asked his students to paraphrase the long sentence.
- interpret | [ɪn'tɜːprɪt] | v. 口译;解释,说明;领会,理解 | He interpreted the silence as contempt.
- narrate | [nəˈreɪt] | v.讲 (故事), 叙述 | The sailor narrated his life story to me in the tavern.
- illuminate | [ɪ'ljuːmɪneɪt] | v.阐释,说明;照亮 | We use pictures and drawings to illuminate our subject.
- decipher | [dɪˈsaɪfə] | v.译解;辨认 | We can decipher the code intercepted by the broadcasting station.
- eloquence | ['sləʊkwəns] | n.雄辩; 流利的口才 | The audience are struck by her simple, spellbinding eloquence.
- communicate | [kəˈmjuːnɪkeɪt] | v.沟通,交流;传达 | We communicated mostly by e-mail.
- discussion | [dɪsˈkʌʃən] | n.讨论, 谈论 | After a lot of discussion among the directors, the matter was settled in the end.
- brainstorm | ['breɪnstɔːm] | n.集体自由讨论,头脑风暴 v.集思广益,进行头脑风暴 | Managers get together and brainstorm a more permanent solution to the problem.
- debate | [dɪ'beɪt] | v.n.辩论;争论,讨论 | The government is debating about the education laws.
- commentary | ['kɒməntəri] | n.评论,评注;批评;实况报道 | The conclusion of the commentary really hit the bull's-eye.
- negotiate | [nɪˈɡəʊʃɪeɪt] | v.协商,谈判 | We are not about to negotiate with terrorists.
- contention | [kənˈtɛn[ən] | n.争论,争辩;观点 | My contention is that the scheme will never work.

# 法律法规 第一组

- law | [lɔː] | n. 法律;规律;定理 | Those who break the law are subjected to justice.
- legal | ['li:gal] | adj. 法律的;合法的 | When you are 18, you are a legal voter.
- rule | [ regju'leɪʃn ] | n. 规则 v. 统治 | It's against the rules to pick up the ball.
- regulation | [ regju'leɪʃn ] | n. 规则,规定;管理 | The rules and regulations should be made clear to all employees.
- treaty | ['triːtɪ] | n. 条约;协议 | In the treaty, both sides pledge to respect human rights.
- agreement | [əˈgriːmənt] | n. 协定; 同意 | The agreement has raised hopes that the war may end soon.
- charter | ['tʃɑːtə] | n. 宪章 v. 租,包 (船、军、飞机等) | The rights of our citizens are granted by the charter.
- protocol | ['prəʊtəˌkɒl] | n. 议定书,协议;礼仪 | Do we need to sign a contract or follow any protocol?
- norm | [nɔːm] | n. 标准; [~s] 行为准则,规范 | You must adapt to the norms of the society you live in.



- benchmark | ['bɛntʃ,mɑːk] | n. 基准, 水准点 | Her performances set a new benchmark for dancers throughout the world.
- criteria | [kraɪˈtɪərɪə] | n. [criterion 的复数形式] 标准、准则 | We each have our own criteria for success.
- standard | ['stændəd] | n. 标准 | This piece of work does not come up to your usual standard.
- allow | [əˈlaʊ] | v. 允许,准许 | They did not allow the slaves any freedom.
- admission | [ədˈmɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 承认;入场费;准许进入 | He gained admission into the association.
- perform | [pəˈfɔːm] | v. 履行, 执行 | They always perform their duties faithfully.
- enforce | [ɪn/fɔːs] | v. 强制执行,强行实施;迫使 | The police are there to enforce the law.
- default | [dɪˈfɔːlt] | v. 不支付,不履行 n. 违约;默认值 | The company has already been in default on its loans
- reject | [rɪˈdʒekt] | v.拒绝接受;摒弃 | The board of directors rejected the proposal as a non-starter.
- constraint | [kənˈstreɪnt] | n. 约束,限制;克制 | He felt constraint when in her presence.
- official | [ə'fɪʃ(ə)l] | adj. 正式的,官方的 | The mass media demanded that all the official documents concerning the product in question be made public.
- mandatory | ['mændətəri] | adj. 法定的,强制的 | A reply to this letter is mandatory.
- potent | ['pəʊtnt] | adj. 很有效的,强有力的 | The medicine had a potent effect on your disease.
- bound | [baʊnd] | adj. [be ~ to ] 一定会,很可能会,有义务 | You are not legally bound to answer these questions.
- obligation | [ˌɒblɪˈgeɪʃ(ə)n] | n. 义务,责任 | We are under an obligation to help.
- court | [kɔːt] | n.法院;庭院 | The company is anxious to keep the whole case out of court.
- supreme | [suː'priːm] | adj. 最高的;最大的 | He was the supreme leader of that fascist dictatorship.
- enact | [ɪˈnækt] | v. 通过 (法律);表演 | This country has just enacted a law allowing same-sex marriage.
- legislate | ['ledʒɪsleɪt] | v. 立法,制定 (或通过) 法律 | The government will legislate against discrimination in the workplace.
- equity | ['ekwəti] | n. 公平 | They call for laws to promote gender equity.
- fair | [feə(r)] | adj. 公平的,公正的 | He won the game fair and square.
- just | [dʒʌst] | adj. 公正的;正义的 adv. 刚刚;仅仅 | Our aim is a just and lasting peace.
- prejudice | ['predʒədɪs] | n. 偏见,成见 | A judge must be free from prejudice.
- discrimination | [dɪˌskrɪmɪˈneɪʃn] | n. 歧视 | He is opposed to racial discrimination.
- accuse | [əˈkjuːz] | v.控告,指责 | The police accused him of murder.
- sue | [suː] | v. 控告,提起诉讼;提出请求 | The company is suing the former president.
- prosecute | ['prɒsɪkjuːt] | v.检举,起诉 | He was prosecuted for robbery.
- condemn | [kənˈdem] | v.谴责,指责 | Most people would condemn violence of any sort as evil.
- complain | [kəmˈpleɪn] | v.抱怨;投诉 | She complained that the room is too cold.
- boycott | [ˈbɔɪkɒt] | n.v. 抵制,拒绝购买 | They boycott all products tested on animals.
- session | ['seʃ(ə)n] | n. 会议; 会期 | The general session approved the report of the investigation committee.
- mediate | ['miːdieɪt] | v. 斡旋,调解 | He mediated a settlement between labour and management.
- plea | [pliː] | n. 辩解理由,借口;请求 | His plea was that he did not see the stop signal.



- appeal | [ə'pi:l] | v.n. 呼吁; 申诉 | The response to our appeal was encouraging.
- contradict | [ˌkɒntrəˈdɪkt] | v.反驳;与……矛盾 | Your actions contradict your belief.
- persuade | [pəˈsweɪd] | v. 说服;使相信 | The woman persuaded the robber to turn himself in.
- controversy | ['kɒntrəvɜːsi] | n. 争议;辩论 | The new traffic regulations caused much controversy among drivers.
- whisper | [ˈwɪspə(r)] | v. 低声说;私下谈论 | The children were whispering in the corner.
- mutter | ['mʌtə(r)] | v.轻声低语;小声抱怨 | That man muttered his dissatisfaction.
- murmur | ['mɜːmə(r)] | v. 低声说 n. 咕哝,低语 | There was a low murmur of conversation in the hall.
- silent | ['saɪlənt] | adj. 沉默的; 寂静无声的 | He couldn't speak English and was completely silent during the visit.
- mute | [mju:t] | adj. 缄默的; 哑的; 无声的 n. 哑巴 | She kept herself mute at the meeting.
- investigate | [ɪnˈvestɪgeɪt] | v. 调查 | To investigate a problem is, indeed, to solve it.
- witness | ['wɪtnəs] | n. 目击者,见证人 v. 目击 | Children in regions of chaos and bloodshed are witnessing a disturbing amount of violence.
- justify | ['dʒʌstɪfaɪ] | v. 为......辩护,证明.....正当 | Don't try to justify your mistakes.
- reasonable | [ˈriːznəbl] | adj. 合理的;理智的 | At first sight, their reaction was reasonable.
- suitable | ['suːtəb(ə)l] | adj. 合适的, 适宜的 | The authorities must provide suitable accommodation for the family.
- item | ['aɪtəm] | n. 一项项目,条目 | This is the next item on the agenda.
- permit | [pəˈmɪt] | v. 允许,准许 | Those words hardly permit doubt.

### 法律法规 第二组

- judge | [dʒʌdʒ] | n. 法官;裁判员 | The defence counsel said his client was too tired, so the judge called a recess.
- jury | ['dʒʊəri] | n.陪审团; (比赛的) 评判委员会 | The jury will retire to consider its verdict today.
- trial | ['traɪəl] | n. 试验;审判 | I noticed that his report was highly critical of the trial judge of this case.
- suspect | [sə'spekt] | n. 嫌疑犯 v. 怀疑 | The police couldn't prove that the suspect is guilty.
- sentence | ['sentəns] | n. 判决 v. 宣判 | He stood emotionless as he heard the judge sentence him to 20 years in prison.
- arrest | [əˈrest] | v. 逮捕; 吸引 (注意) n. 逮捕 | You shouldn't arrest him without an arrest warrant.
- jail | [dʒeɪl] | n.监狱 v.监禁 | A bunch of prisoners broke loose from jail.
- prison | ['prɪz(ə)n] | n.监狱; 监禁 | Many people believe that prison isn't a cure for crime.
- confine | [kənˈfaɪn] | n. [~s] 边界,范围 v.限制;监禁 | This is outside the confines of human knowledge.
- oversee | [jəʊvəˈsiː] | v. 监督, 监管 | You must employ someone to oversee the project.
- supervise | ['su:pəvaɪz] | v.监督,管理,指导 | This kind of project ought to be supervised by management.
- restrict | [rɪ'strɪkt] | v. 限制,限定;约束 | Don't restrict their proper activities.
- restrain | [rɪ'streɪn] | v. 抑制;制止 | I can't restrain my anger when I hear of someone being cruel to animals.
- commit | [kəˈmɪt] | v. 犯 (罪), 做 (坏事) | He who commits a fault thinks everyone speaks ofit.



- sin | [sɪn] | n. 罪孽 v. 犯戒律 | She was baptised and she was pure and clean of sin.
- crime | [kraɪm] | n.罪行; 犯罪活动 | There is no proof that he was on the crime scene.
- vice | [vaɪs] | n. 恶行;缺点 | Virtue and vice are two different things: the former leads to peace, the latter to misery.
- bribe | [braɪb] | n. 贿赂 v. 向.....行贿 | The counterfeiter bribed the police officer to let him go free.
- rob | [rob] | v.抢劫;夺走 | They were scheming to rob the bank.
- pirate | ['paɪrət] | n.海盗;盗版者 v. 盗印,窃用 | The terrible pirates attacked a merchant ship.
- steal | [stiːl] | n. 偷,窃取;剽窃 | The young man was sent to prison for stealing.
- thief | [θiːf] | n.窃贼,偷窃犯 | The thief got in through the open window.
- murder | ['mɜːdə(r)] | n.v. 谋杀 | There have been several murder cases this year.
- suicide | ['suːɪsaɪd] | n. 自杀 | He attempted to commit suicide after his firm had gone bankrupt.
- deceive | [dɪ'siːv] | v.欺骗;蒙蔽,误导 | Nobody can deceive me.
- cheat | [tʃiːt] | v. 欺骗;作弊 n. 作弊者 | She always cheats at cards.
- fraud | [frɔːd] | n. 骗子; 赝品; 欺诈 | People who try to sell you something that can treat all diseases are frauds.
- liar | [ˈlaɪə(r)] | n. 说谎的人 | Why did they call him a liar?
- trap | [træp] | n. 陷阱;诡计,诱骗 | The police set a trap for the thieves.
- trick | [trɪk] | n.诡计 v.哄骗 | The children played a trick on their teacher.
- pretend | [prɪ'tend] | v. 假装;假扮 | The children pretended to be different animals and danced to the music.
- fool | [fuːl] | n. 蠢人,傻子 v. 欺骗 | A fool's haste is no speed.
- stigma | ['stɪgmə] | n. 耻辱, 污名 | It's a stigma to ask for money.
- confess | [kənˈfes] | v. 供认; 忏悔 | The suspect confessed to the armed robbery.
- conform | [kənlfɔːm] | v.遵守; 顺从;相符合 | A coat must conform to the figure of the wearer.
- reconcile | ['rekənsaɪl] | v. 使和解;调和 | The estranged couple were reconciled after a year.
- obey | [ə'beɪ] | v. 服从,顺从 | The students obeyed the new teacher without hesitation.
- succumb | [səˈkʌm] | v. 屈服,屈从 | The president said his country would never succumb to pressu 「efrom other countries.
- penalty | ['penəlti] | n. 惩罚,处罚 | What is the penalty for dangerous driving?
- fine | [faɪn] | n.罚款 adj. 美好的 | The judge imposed a fine of 20 pounds on him.
- mortgage | ['mɔːgɪdʒ] | v. 抵押 (房屋、土地) 借款 n. 房屋抵押贷款 | It is easy to get a mortgage on a house.
- ownership | ['əʊnəʃɪp] | n. 所有权,物主身份 | The equity ownership ought to be protected.
- copyright | ['kppiraɪt] | n.版权 | He retained the copyright of his book.
- privilege | ['prɪvəlɪdʒ] | n. 特权 | The privilege was abused.
- accredit | [əˈkredɪt] | V. 把.....归于;委任 | The invention of the electric light is accredited to Edison.
- clue | [kluː] | n.线索;提示 | The police found a clue which helped them catch the robber.
- access | [ˈækses] | n. 通路,入径: 查阅 (或使用、接近) 的机会 (或权利) | Citizens have free access to the library.
- anonymous | [əˈnɒnɪməs] | adj. 匿名的 | He received an anonymous letter.



- genuine | ['dʒenjuɪn] | adj. 真诚的; 真正的 | This medal is made of genuine gold.
- procedure | [prəˈsiːdʒə(r)] | n. 手续;程序 | The new work procedure is a great improvement on the old one.
- routine | [ruː'tiːn] | n. 例行公事; 需规 adj. 惯例的 | Our department holds a routine meeting every month.
- consequence | ['kɒnsɪkwəns] | n. 后果 | Your behaviour is of no great consequence.
- demand | [dɪˈmɑːnd] | v. 要求; 需要 n. 要求; 需求;需求量 | This work demands your patience.
- request | [rɪˈkwest] | n.v. 要求,请求 | We shall give your request our carefulconsideration.
- require | [rɪˈkwaɪə(r)] | v. 需要;命令,规定 | You are required by law to wear a seat belt.
- petition | [pəˈtɪʃn] | v. 请求 n. 请愿书;上诉 | The villagers all signed a petition for a hospital to be built.
- command | [kəˈmɑːnd] | v. 命令;指挥,统率 n. 命令;指挥,控制;运用能力 | The army is under the king's command.
- instruct | [ɪnˈstrʌkt] | v.指导,讲授;通知;命令 | The tour guide instructed the tourists in customs regulations.
- false | [fɔːls] | adj. 不正确的; 虚假的; 伪造的 | Cutting down on libraries seems a false economy to me.