

Problem set 13.

Approximation algorithms.

1. Consider the bin packing problem with the following weights: 6 elements each with weight $1/2 + \varepsilon$, 6 elements each with weight $1/4 + 2 \cdot \varepsilon$, 6 with weight $1/4 + \varepsilon$, and 12 with weight $1/4 - 2 \cdot \varepsilon$. (Here ε is a very small quantity, say, $\varepsilon = 1/1000$.)
 - (a) What is the optimal solution in this case?
 - (b) How many bins does FFD (First Fit Decreasing) use?
2. (a) What is the decision problem version of BINPACKING?
(b) Show that this decision problem is NP-complete.
3. Let $t \geq 2$ be a whole number and assume that in the BINPACKING problem, weight of every element is smaller than $\frac{1}{t}$ (that is, $s_i < \frac{1}{t}$ for all $i \in 1, \dots, n$). Design an approximation algorithm that runs in polynomial time and that uses at most $\frac{t}{t-1} \cdot OPT + 1$ bins.