Homework 6 - Supply decisions

1.

- (a) Partnership
- (b) Partnership
- (c) Company
- (d) Sole trader

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Income Statement (Year 1999)

- Sales:
 - 5,000 units of Good X * £40 = £200,000
 - 4,000 units of Good Y * £75 = £300,000
 - Total Sales = £500,000
- Expenses:
 - o Rent: £25,000
 - o Travel: £19,000
 - Stationery & Office: £15,000
 - o Wages: £335,000
 - ∘ Telephone: £8,000
 - Advertising: £28,000
 - Total Expenses = £430,000
- Profit Before Tax = £70,000
- Corporation Tax (30%) = £21,000
- Profit After Tax = £49,000

3

(a) Accounting Cost

Accounting costs are explicit, out-of-pocket expenses.

- = Direct Costs
- =£27,000

- (b) Accounting Profit
- = Revenue Accounting Cost
- = £55,000 £27,000
- = £28,000
- (c) Opportunity Cost of Fiona's Time
- = Salary forgone by not working elsewhere
- = £21,000
- (d) Opportunity Cost of Financial Capital
- = Interest forgone on £25,000 at 10%
- = £25,000 × 10%
- = £2,500
- (e) Total Economic Cost
- = Accounting Cost + Opportunity Costs (Time + Capital)
- =£27,000 + £21,000 + £2,500
- = £50,500
- (f) Economic Profit (Supernormal)
- = Revenue Total Economic Cost
- = £55,000 £50,500
- = £4,500