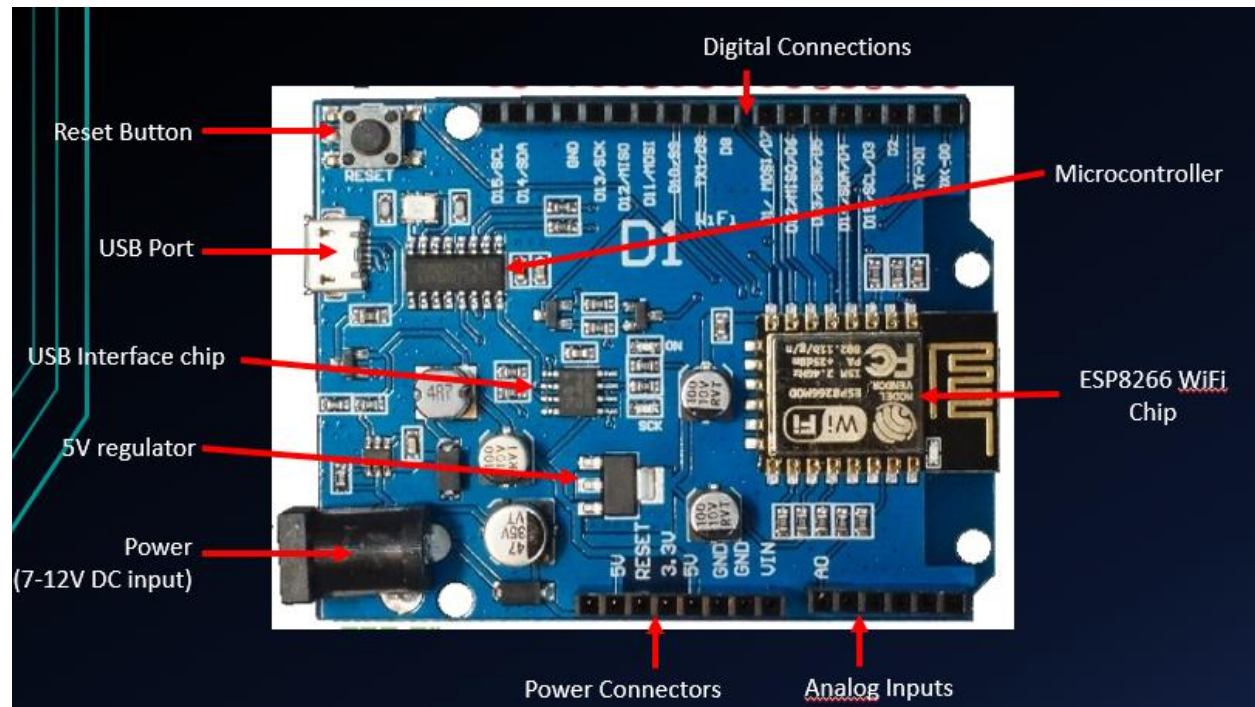
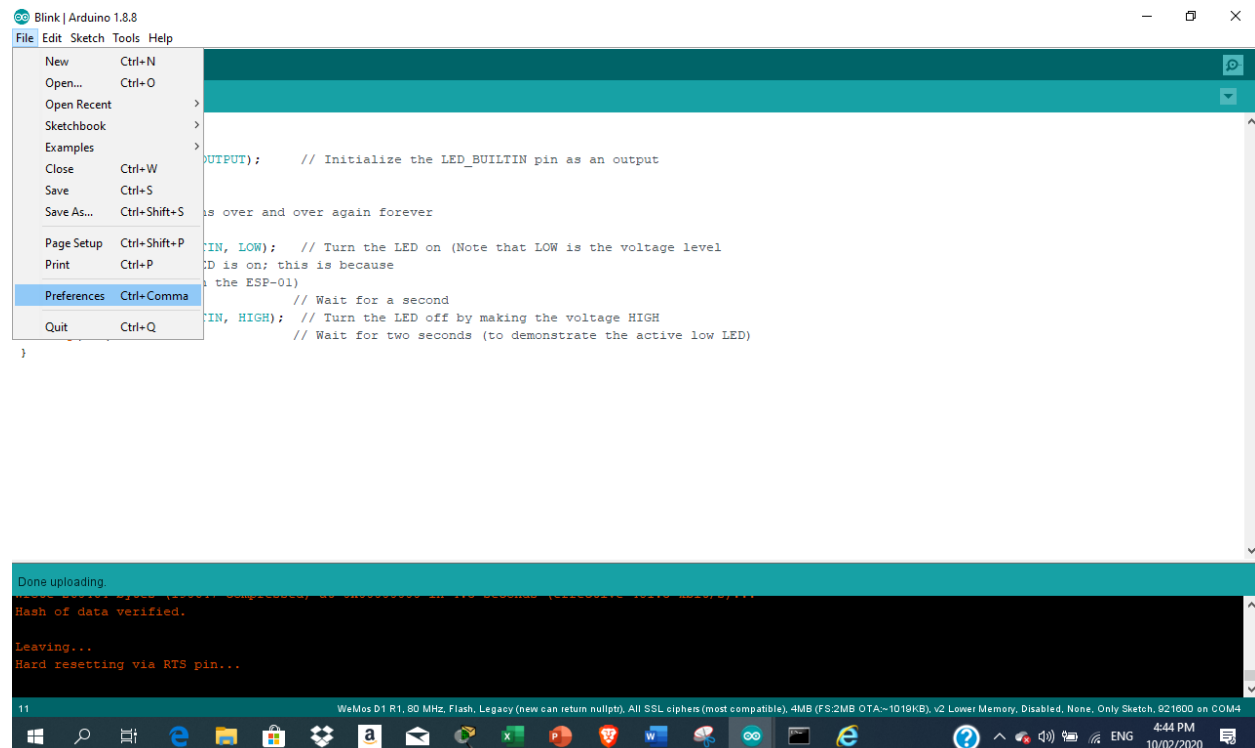
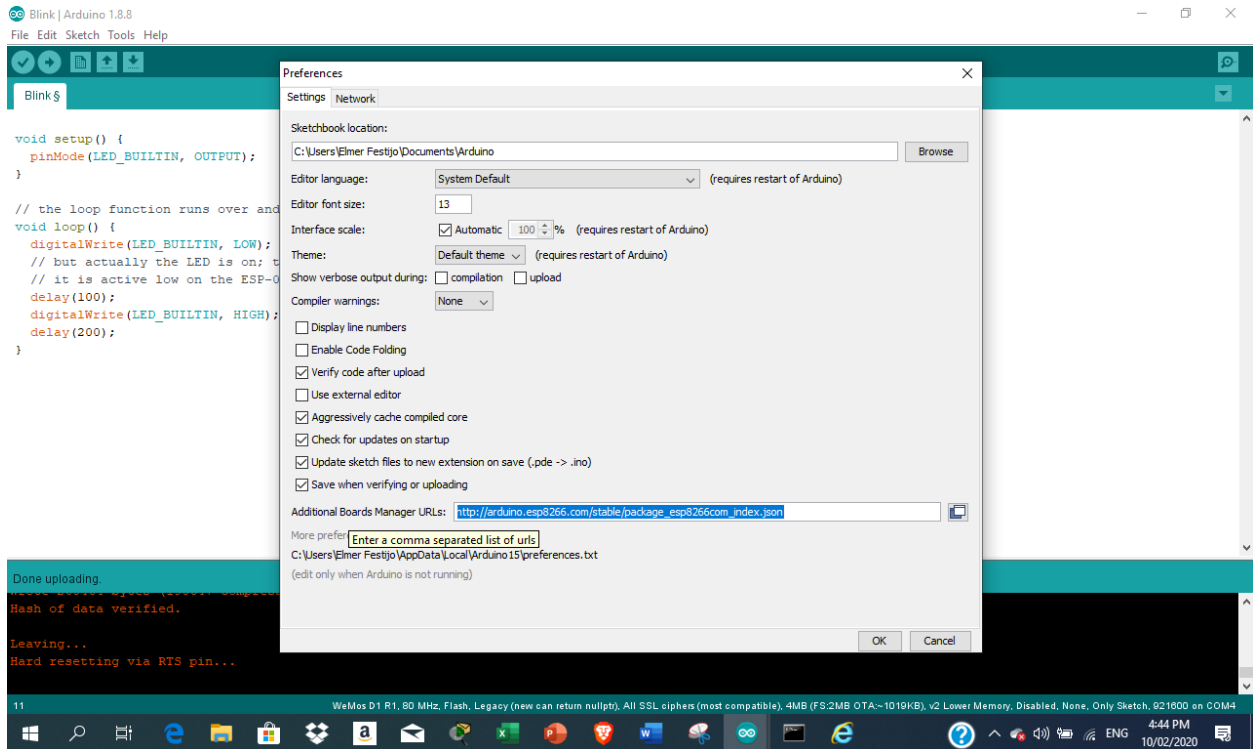


WEMOS BOARD

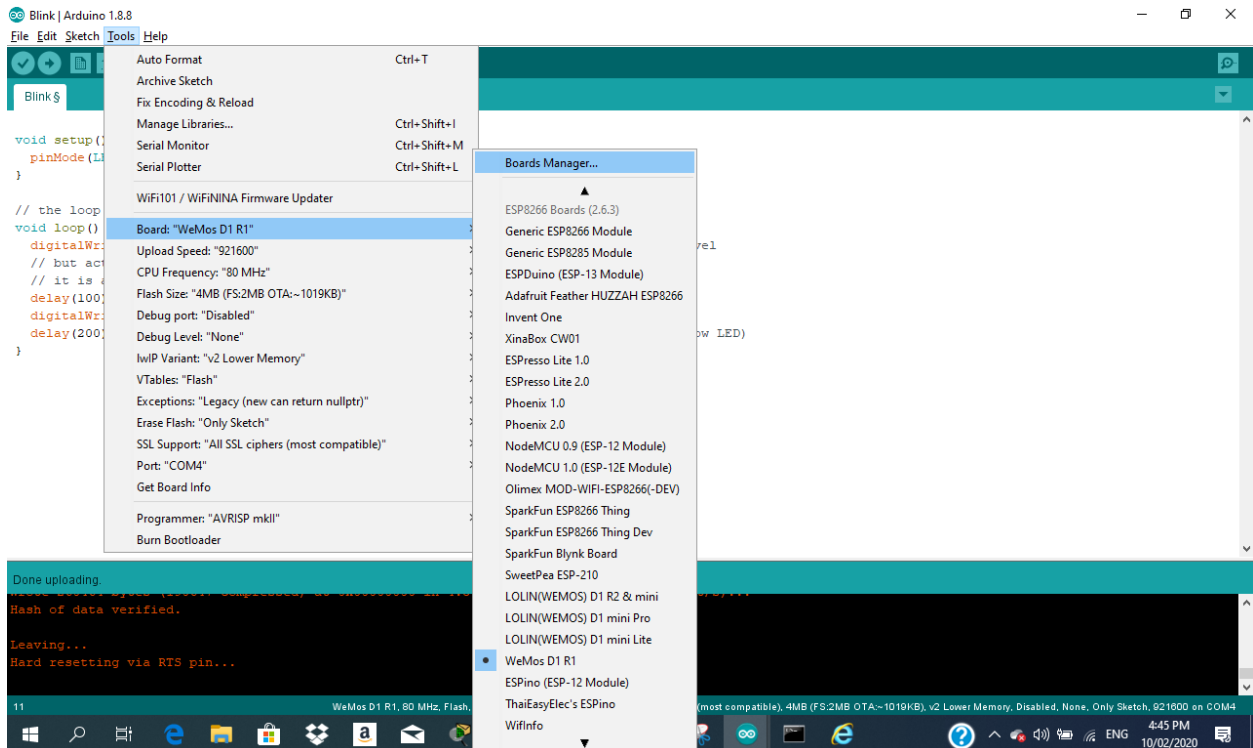


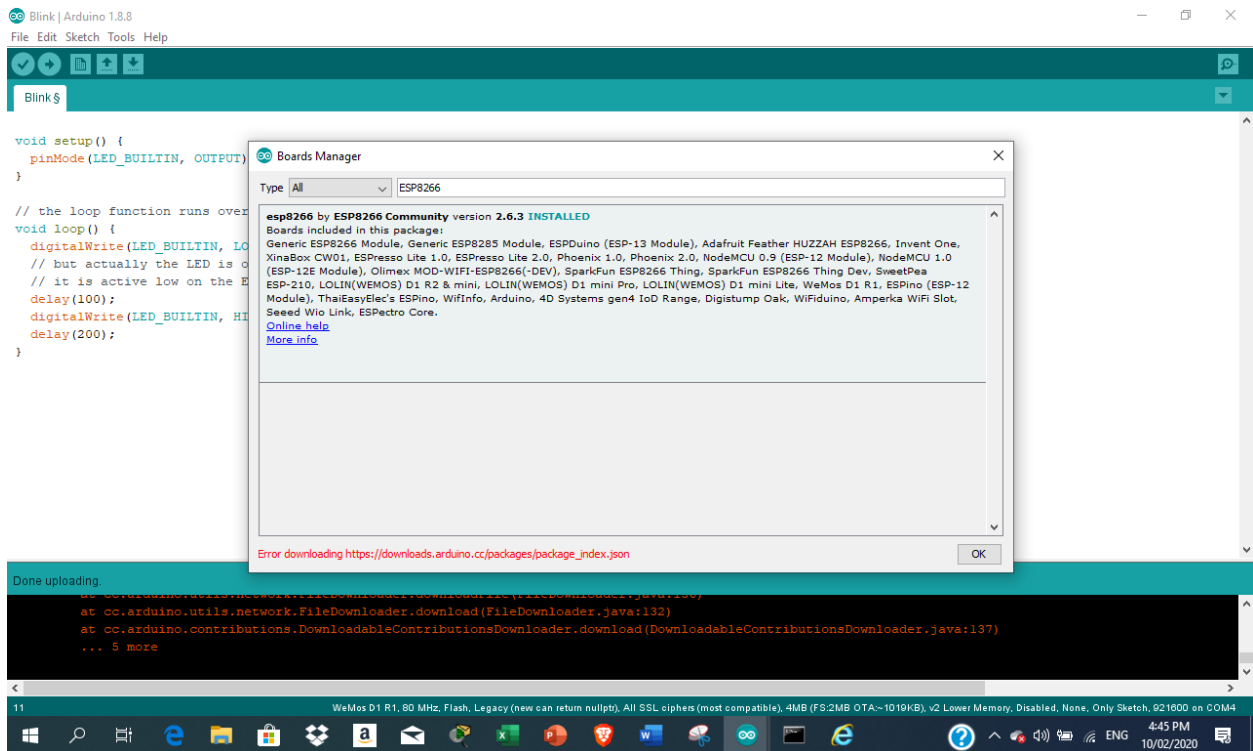
ESP8266 Board Installation





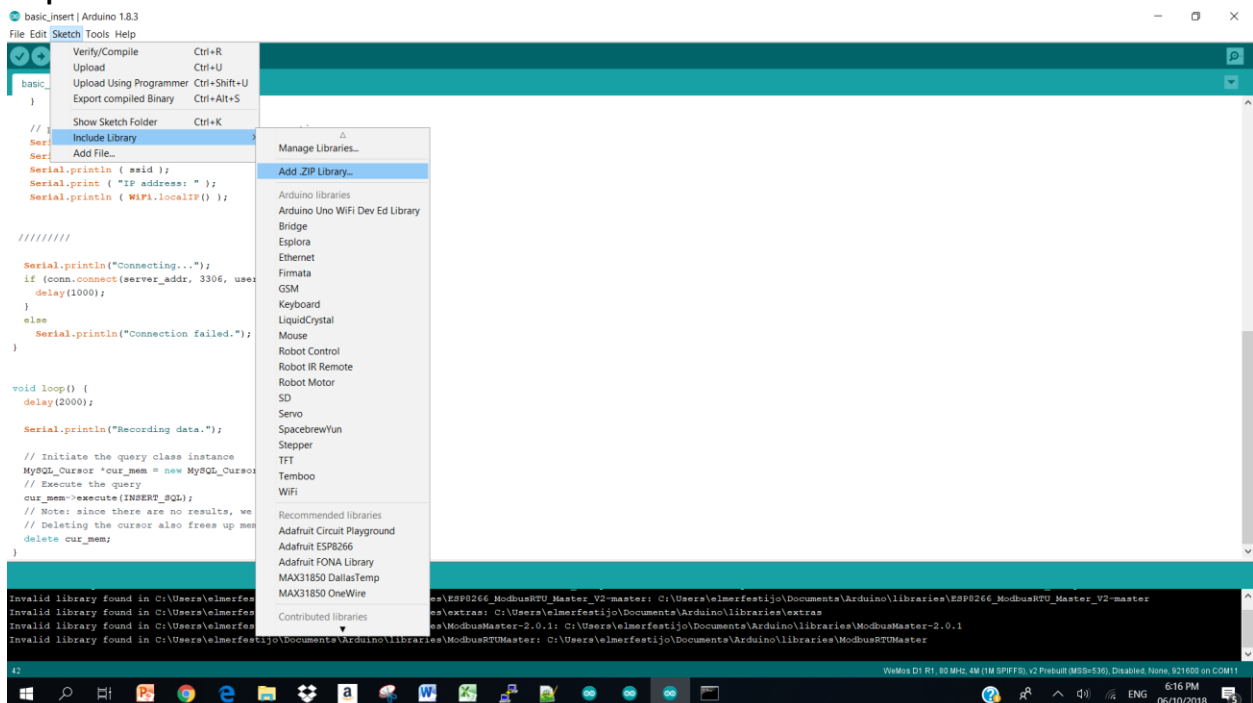
http://arduino.esp8266.com/stable/package_esp8266com_index.json

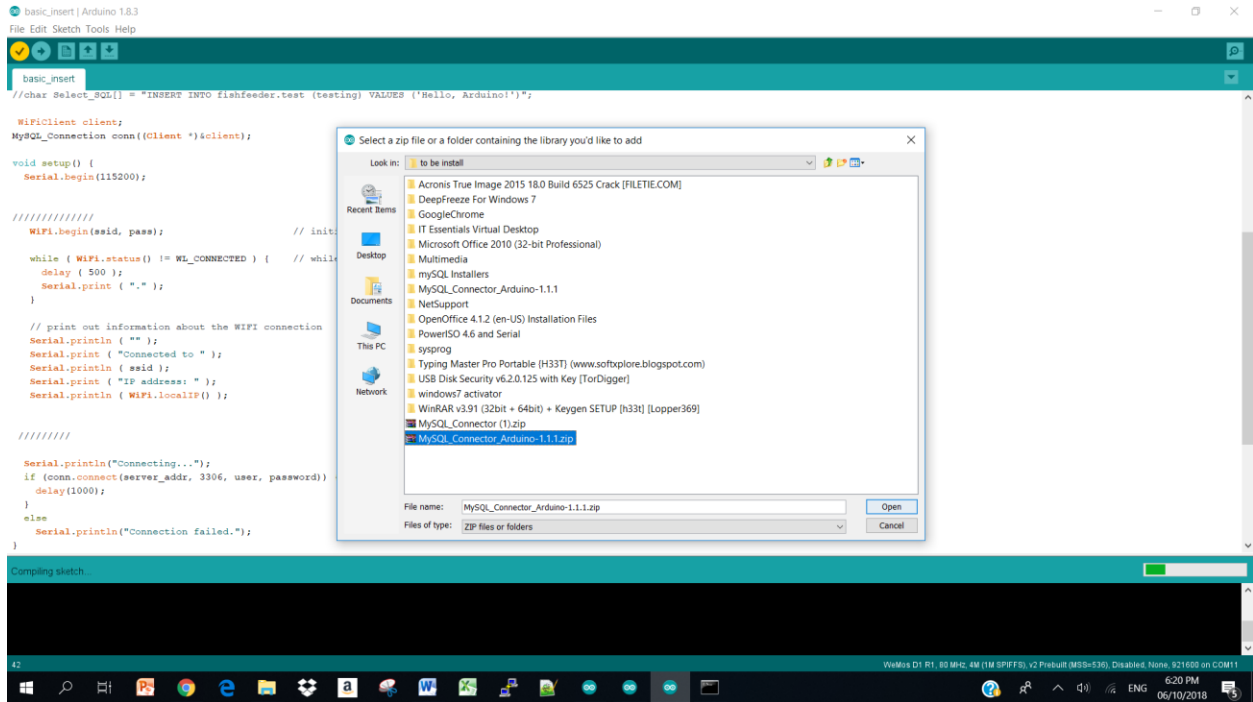




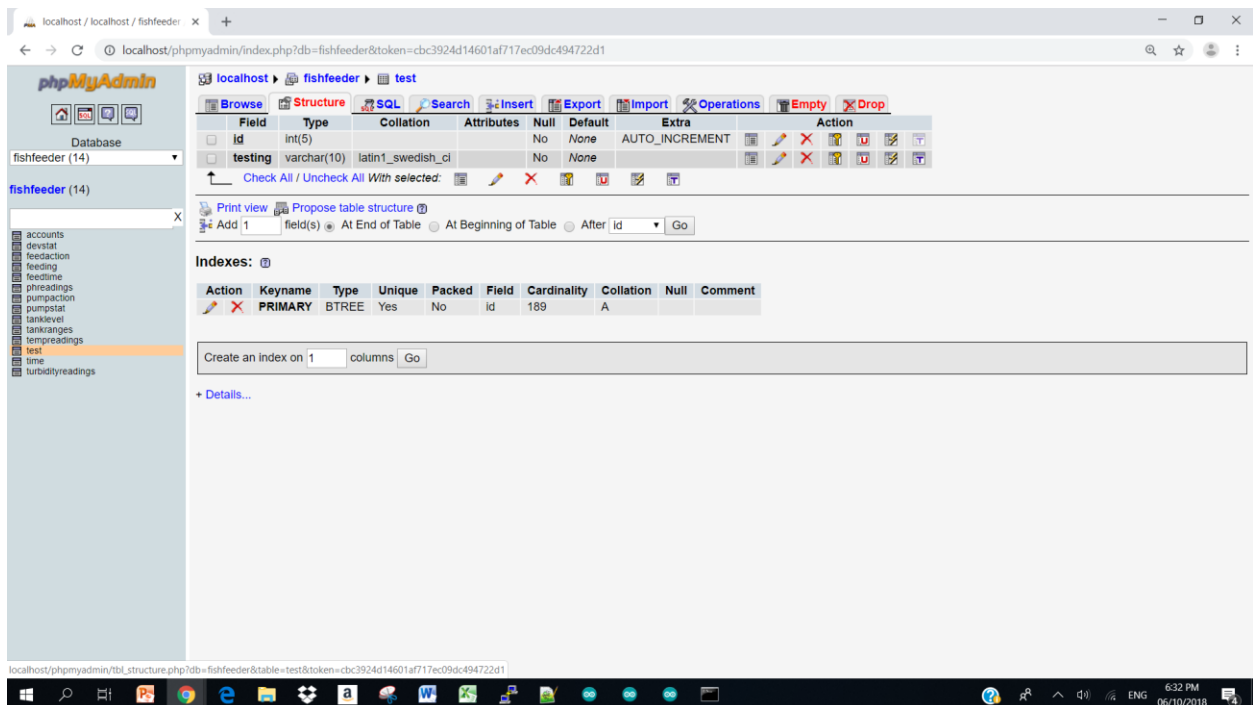
Insert Data to MySQL

Step 1





Step 2 - Create your Database.




The screenshot shows the phpMyAdmin web interface. The browser address bar indicates the URL: localhost/phpmyadmin/index.php?db=fishfeeder&token=cbc3924d14601af717ec09dc494722d1. The interface has a sidebar on the left with a list of databases: accounts, devstat, feedaction, feeding, feedtime, phreadings, pumpaction, pumpstat, tanklevel, tankranges, tempreadings, test, time, and turbidityreadings. The main panel displays the 'Privileges' tab for the 'fishfeeder' database. The title bar of the main panel says 'Users having access to "fishfeeder"'. Below this is a table with the following data:

User	Host	Type	Privileges	Grant	Action
nodemcu	%	global	ALL PRIVILEGES	Yes	
root	%	global	ALL PRIVILEGES	Yes	
root	127.0.0.1	global	ALL PRIVILEGES	Yes	
root	localhost	global	ALL PRIVILEGES	Yes	

Below the table is a button labeled 'Add a new User'. The bottom of the image shows a Windows taskbar with various application icons and a system tray on the right showing the time as 6:33 PM on 06/10/2018.

Add user or change user privileges

Global privileges (Check All / 

Note: MySQL privilege names are expressed in English

Data

☒ SELECT
☒ INSERT
☒ UPDATE
☒ DELETE
☒ FILE

Structure

☒ CREATE
☒ ALTER
☒ INDEX
☒ DROP
☒ CREATE TEMPORARY TABLES
☒ SHOW VIEW
☒ CREATE ROUTINE
☒ ALTER ROUTINE
☒ EXECUTE
☒ CREATE VIEW
☒ EVENT
☒ TRIGGER

Administration

☒ GRANT
☒ SUPER
☒ PROCESS
☒ RELOAD
☒ SHUTDOWN
☒ SHOW DATABASES
☒ LOCK TABLES
☒ REFERENCES
☒ REPLICATION CLIENT
☒ REPLICATION SLAVE
☒ CREATE USER

Resource limits

Note: Setting these options to 0 (zero) removes the limit.

MAX QUERIES PER HOUR

0

MAX UPDATES PER HOUR

0



MAX CONNECTIONS PER HOUR

0

MAX USER_CONNECTIONS

0

Database-specific privileges

Database	Privileges	Grant	Table-specific privileges	Action
nodemcu_%	ALL PRIVILEGES	No	No	 

Add privileges on the following database: Use text field:

Change password

☐ No Password

☒ Password: Re-type:

Password Hashing:


☒ MySQL 4.1+
☐ MySQL 4.0 compatible

Generate Password

Change Login Information / Copy User

Login Information

User name: Use text field: nodemcu

 Host: Any host %

Password: Do not change the pa

Re-type:

Generate Password:

Create a new user with the same privileges and ...

☒ ... keep the old one.

☐ ... delete the old one from the user tables.

☐ ... revoke all active privileges from the old one and delete it afterwards.

☐ ... delete the old one from the user tables and reload the privileges afterwards.

Step 3

In arduino IDE, create New File and paste this code:

```
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include <WiFiClient.h>
#include <MySQL_Connection.h>
#include <MySQL_Cursor.h>

IPAddress server_addr(192,168,31,104); // IP of the MySQL server (change this)
char user[] = "nodemcu"; // MySQL user login username (change this)
char password[] = "nodemcu"; // MySQL user login password (change this)

// WiFi card example
char ssid[] = "WEMOS"; // your SSID (change this)
char pass[] = "sysprog101"; // your SSID Password (change this)

// Sample query
char INSERT_SQL[] = "INSERT INTO fishfeeder.test (testing) VALUES ('NIGHT SHIFT SI RORO!')"; /// (change this)

WiFiClient client;
MySQL_Connection conn((Client *)&client);

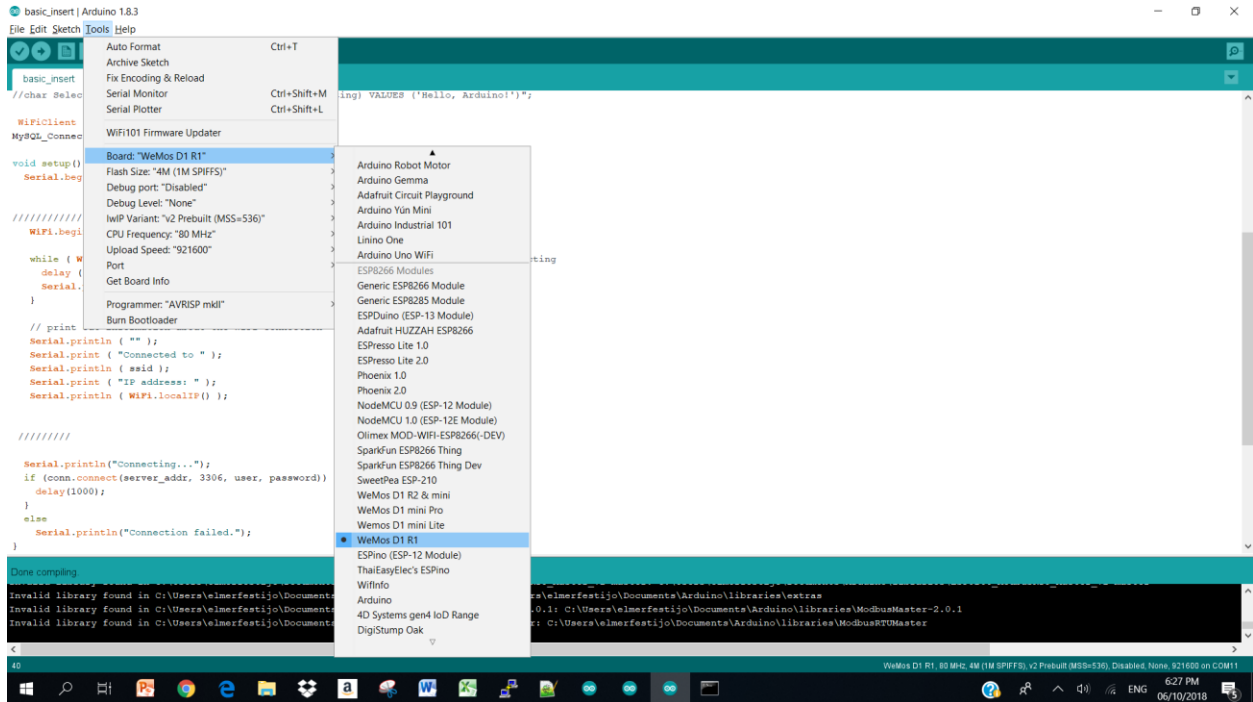
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  WiFi.begin(ssid, pass); // initializing the WIFI library
  while ( WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED ) { // while loop to write dots during connecting
    delay ( 500 );
    Serial.print ( "." );
  }
  // print out information about the WIFI connection
  Serial.println ( "" );
  Serial.print ( "Connected to " );
  Serial.println ( ssid );
  Serial.print ( "IP address: " );
  Serial.println ( WiFi.localIP() );
  Serial.println("Connecting...");
  if (conn.connect(server_addr, 3306, user, password)) {
    delay(1000);
  }
  else
    Serial.println("Connection failed.");
}

void loop() {
  delay(2000);
  Serial.println("Recording data.");
  // Initiate the query class instance
  MySQL_Cursor *cur_mem = new MySQL_Cursor(&conn);
  // Execute the query
  cur_mem->execute(INSERT_SQL);
  // Note: since there are no results, we do not need to read any data
  // Deleting the cursor also frees up memory used
  delete cur_mem;
}
```

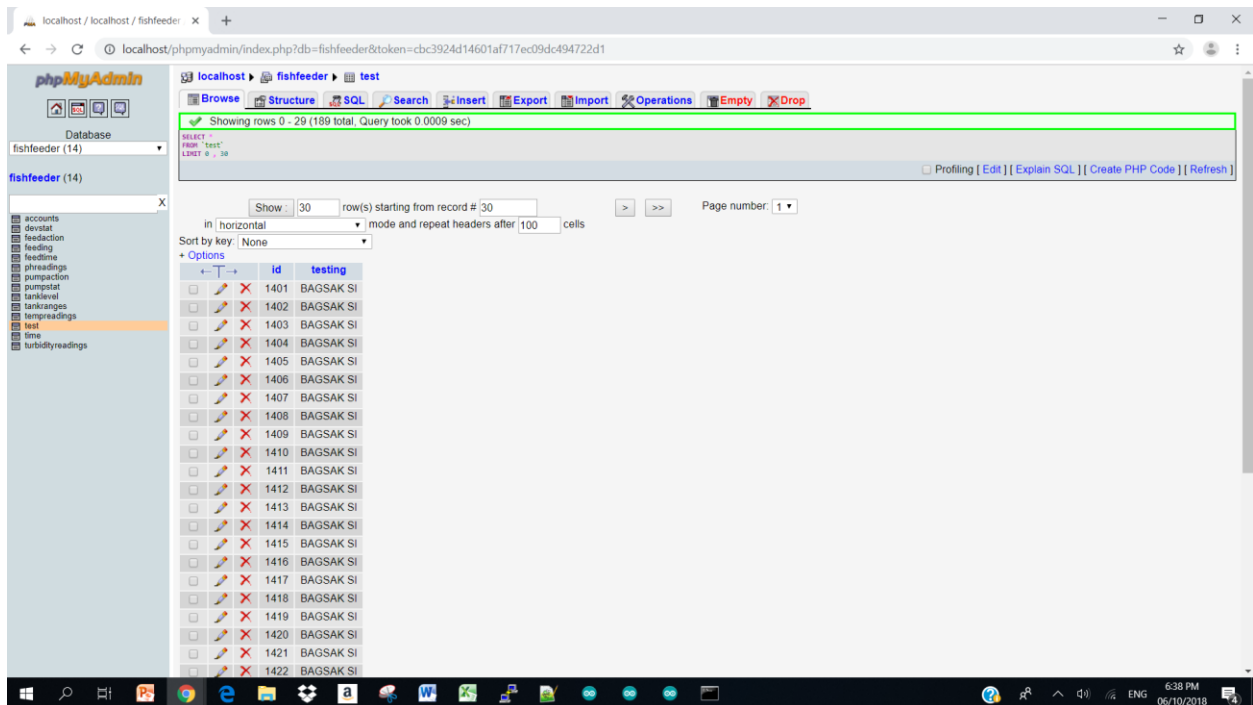
Step 4

*Change your board to WeMos D1 R1 if you are using wemos as well as the port then upload it.

*Change your board to NodeMCU 1.0 if you are using nodemcu as well as the port then upload it.



Step 5 - Check your database if insertion is successful.



NOTE:

1. TURN OFF YOUR FIREWALL AND ANTIVIRUS
2. CHECK YOUR SERVERS IP ADDRESS (PC)
3. WEMOS AND SERVER ARE CONNECTED ON THE SAME NETWORK
4. CHECK SERVERS USER PRIVILEGES
5. # of user connected to wifi.

6. BAWAL MAG INTERNET

Read MySQL Data

Code:

```
#include "ESP8266WiFi.h"
#include <Ethernet.h>
#include <MySQL_Connection.h>
#include <MySQL_Cursor.h>

IPAddress server_addr(192,168,31,104); // IP of the MySQL *server* here
char user[] = "nodemcu";           // MySQL user login username
char password[] = "nodemcu";       // MySQL user login password
const char* SSID = "Xiaomi Mi Max"; // Your network SSID
const char* PASS = "password";      // Your network password
const char QUERY_POP[] = "SELECT testing FROM fishfeeder.test"; //database query
char query[128];

WiFiClient client;
MySQL_Connection conn((Client *)&client);

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  while (!Serial); // wait for serial port to connect
  Serial.print("Connecting to "+SSID);
  WiFi.begin(SSID, PASS);
  Serial.println("going into wl connect");

  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) //not connected, ...waiting to connect
  {
    delay(1000);
    Serial.print(".");
  }

  Serial.println("wl connected");
  Serial.println("");
  Serial.println("Credentials accepted! Connected to wifi\n");
  Serial.println(WiFi.localIP());
  Serial.println("");

  if (conn.connect(server_addr, 3306, user, password)) {
    delay(1000);
  }
  else
  {
```

```
        Serial.println("Connection failed.");
    }
}

void loop() {
    delay(1000);
    Serial.println("> Running SELECT with dynamically supplied parameter");

    // Initiate the query class instance
    MySQL_Cursor *cur_mem = new MySQL_Cursor(&conn);
    // Supply the parameter for the query
    // Here we use the QUERY_POP as the format string and query as the
    // destination. This uses twice the memory so another option would be
    // to allocate one buffer for all formatted queries or allocate the
    // memory as needed (just make sure you allocate enough memory and
    // free it when you're done!).
    sprintf(query, QUERY_POP, 9000000);
    // Execute the query
    cur_mem->execute(query);
    // Fetch the columns and print them
    column_names *cols = cur_mem->get_columns();
    for (int f = 0; f < cols->num_fields; f++) {
        Serial.print(cols->fields[f]->name);
        if (f < cols->num_fields-1) {
            Serial.print(',');
        }
    }
    Serial.println();
    // Read the rows and print them
    row_values *row = NULL;
    do {
        row = cur_mem->get_next_row();
        if (row != NULL) {
            for (int f = 0; f < cols->num_fields; f++) {
                Serial.print(row->values[f]);
                if (f < cols->num_fields-1) {
                    Serial.print(',');
                }
            }
            Serial.println();
        }
    } while (row != NULL);
    // Deleting the cursor also frees up memory used
    delete cur_mem;
}
```

WEMOS AS WEBSERVER

Parts

1 x Wemos D1 or D2
1 x USB cable
1 x LED

Code

```
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>

const char* ssid = "ssid name"; ----- CHANGE THIS
const char* password = "ssid password"; ----- CHANGE THIS

int ledPin = D5; ----- CHANGE THIS
WiFiServer server(80);

void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  delay(10);

  pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
  digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);

  // Connect to WiFi network
  Serial.println();
  Serial.println();
  Serial.print("Connecting to ");
  Serial.println(ssid);

  WiFi.begin(ssid, password);

  while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
    delay(500);
    Serial.print(".");
  }
  Serial.println("");
  Serial.println("WiFi connected");

  // Start the server
  server.begin();
  Serial.println("Server started");

  // Print the IP address
  Serial.print("Use this URL : ");
  Serial.print("http://");
  Serial.print(WiFi.localIP());
  Serial.println("/");
}

void loop() {

  // Check if a client has connected
  WiFiClient client = server.available();
  if (!client) {
    return;
  }

  // Wait until the client sends some data
  Serial.println("new client");
  while(!client.available()){
    delay(1);
  }
```

// Read the first line of the request

```
String request = client.readStringUntil('\r');  
Serial.println(request);  
client.flush();
```

// Match the request

```
int value = LOW;  
if (request.indexOf("/LED=ON") != -1) {  
    digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);  
    value = HIGH;  
}  
if (request.indexOf("/LED=OFF") != -1){  
    digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);  
    value = LOW;  
}
```

// Return the response

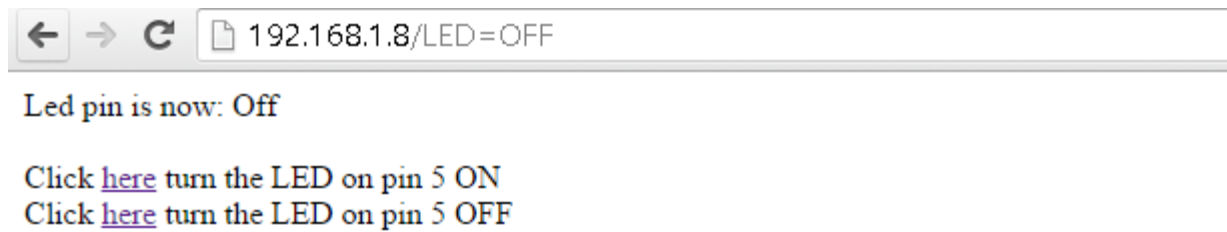
```
client.println("HTTP/1.1 200 OK");  
client.println("Content-Type: text/html");  
client.println(""); // do not forget this one  
client.println("<!DOCTYPE HTML>");  
client.println("<html>");  
  
client.print("Led pin is now: ");  
  
if(value == HIGH) {  
    client.print("On");  
} else {  
    client.print("Off");  
}  
client.println("<br><br>");  
client.println("Click <a href=\"/LED=ON\">here</a> turn the LED on pin 5 ON<br>");  
client.println("Click <a href=\"/LED=OFF\">here</a> turn the LED on pin 5 OFF<br>");  
client.println("</html>");  
  
delay(1);  
Serial.println("Client disconnected");  
Serial.println("");  
  
}
```

Results

Open the serial monitor , all going well and you will see the IP address and messages like the following wemos ip address

```
Connecting to  
.....  
WiFi connected  
Server started  
Use this URL to connect: http://192.168.1.8/
```

Using your favorite web browser navigate to the IP above



Update

I tried this out and it uses a static IP address

//This example will set up a static IP - in this case 192.168.28.105

```
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
```

```
const char* ssid = "ssid name";----- CHANGE THIS
```

```
const char* password = "ssid password";----- CHANGE THIS
```

```
int ledPin = D5; ----- CHANGE THIS BASED ON THE PIN YOU USED
```

```
WiFiServer server(80);
```

```
IPAddress ip(192, 168, 28, 105); // where xx is the  
desired IP Address
```

```
IPAddress gateway(192, 168, 28, 1); // set gateway to  
match your network
```

```
void setup() {
```

```
    Serial.begin(115200);  
    delay(10);
```

```
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);  
    digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
```

```
    Serial.print(F("Setting static ip to : "));  
    Serial.println(ip);
```

```
    // Connect to WiFi network
```

```
    Serial.println();  
    Serial.println();  
    Serial.print("Connecting to ");  
    Serial.println(ssid);
```

```
    IPAddress subnet(255, 255, 255, 0); // set subnet mask to match your  
network
```

```
    WiFi.config(ip, gateway, subnet);  
    WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
```

```
    while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
```

LAPTOP'S IP ADDRESS

Wireless LAN adapter WiFi:

```
Connection-specific DNS Suffix . :  
IPv4 Address. . . . . : 192.168.28.104  
Subnet Mask . . . . . : 255.255.255.0  
Default Gateway . . . . . : 192.168.28.1
```

```
        delay(500);
        Serial.print(".");
    }
    Serial.println("");
    Serial.println("WiFi connected");

    // Start the server
    server.begin();
    Serial.println("Server started");

    // Print the IP address
    Serial.print("Use this URL : ");
    Serial.print("http://");
    Serial.print(WiFi.localIP());
    Serial.println("/");
}

void loop() {

    // Check if a client has connected
    WiFiClient client = server.available();
    if (!client) {
        return;
    }

    // Wait until the client sends some data
    Serial.println("new client");
    while(!client.available()){
        delay(1);
    }

    // Read the first line of the request
    String request = client.readStringUntil('\r');
    Serial.println(request);
    client.flush();

    // Match the request

    int value = LOW;
    if (request.indexOf("/LED=ON") != -1) {
        digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
        value = HIGH;
    }
    if (request.indexOf("/LED=OFF") != -1){
        digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
        value = LOW;
    }

    // Return the response
    client.println("HTTP/1.1 200 OK");
    client.println("Content-Type: text/html");
    client.println(""); // do not forget this one
    client.println("<!DOCTYPE HTML>");
    client.println("<html>");

    client.print("Led pin is now: ");
```

```
    if(value == HIGH) {
        client.print("On");
    } else {
        client.print("Off");
    }
    client.println("<br><br>");
    client.println("Click <a href=\"/LED=ON\">here</a> turn the LED on pin 5
ON<br>");
    client.println("Click <a href=\"/LED=OFF\">here</a> turn the LED on pin 5
OFF<br>");
    client.println("</html>");

    delay(1);
    Serial.println("Client disconnected");
    Serial.println("");
}
```

ACTIVITIES TO PERFORM

- 1. Installation of wemos board/driver on your laptop.**
- 2. Insertion of data to MySQL**
- 3. Retrieve data from MySQL**
- 4. Wemos as Webserver**
- 5. Create Application connected to MySQL that will turn on/off the 3 led light.**