Isometric Views



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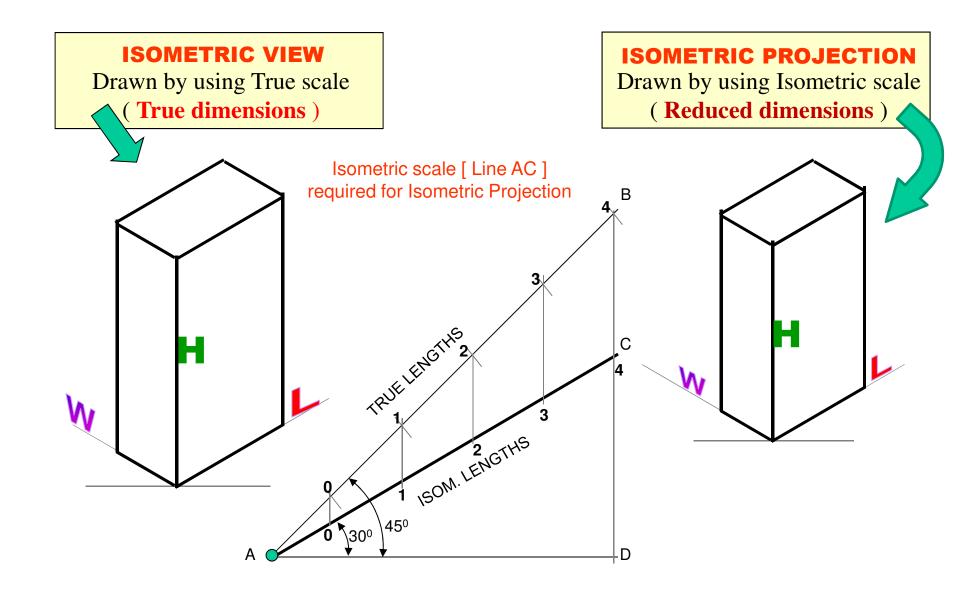
Introduction

ISOMETRIC PROTECTION IS A TYPE OF PICTORIAL PROTECTION IN WHICH THE THREE DIMENSIONS OF A SOLID ARE NOT ONLY SHOWN IN ONE VIEW BUT THEIR ACTUAL SIZES CAN BE MEASURED DIRECTLY PROMET





Type of Isometric Drawings



Methods of drawing non-isometric lines

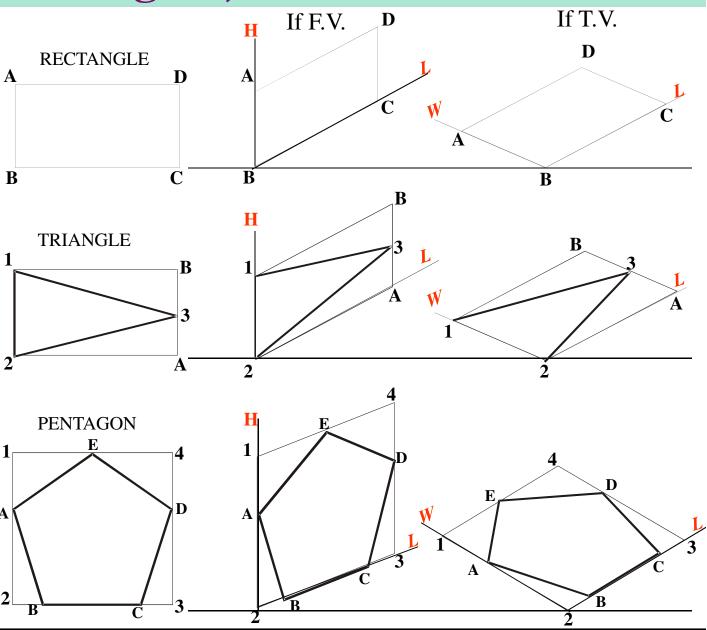
1. <u>Box Method</u>: The object is assumed to be enclosed in a rectangular box. Initially, the box is drawn in isometric and then the ends of the lines are drawn from the reference of the outline of the box.

2. <u>Co-ordinate or Offset Method</u>: Neither the lines, nor their ends lie in the isometric plane. Perpendiculars are dropped from each end of the edge to a horizontal or vertical reference plane. The points at which the perpendiculars meet the plane, are located by drawing co-ordinates or offsets to the edges of the plane.

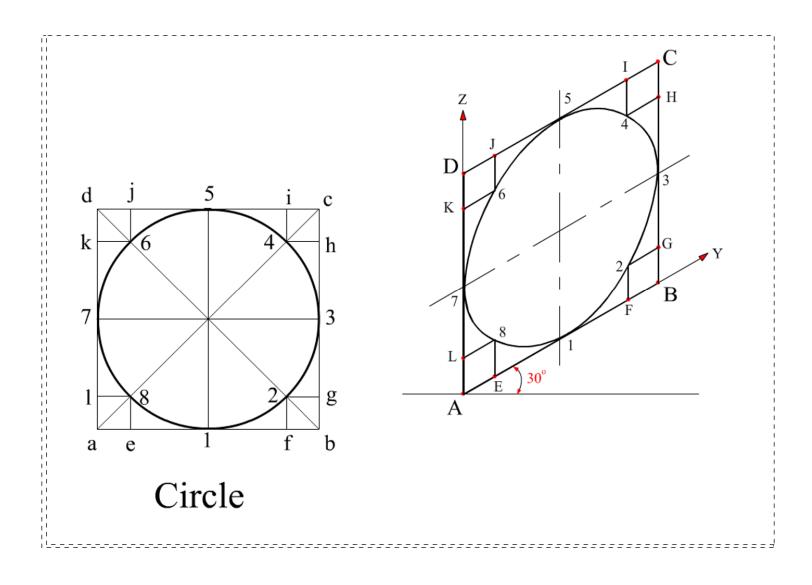
Isometric (Plane figure) in F.V. and T.V.

Box Method:

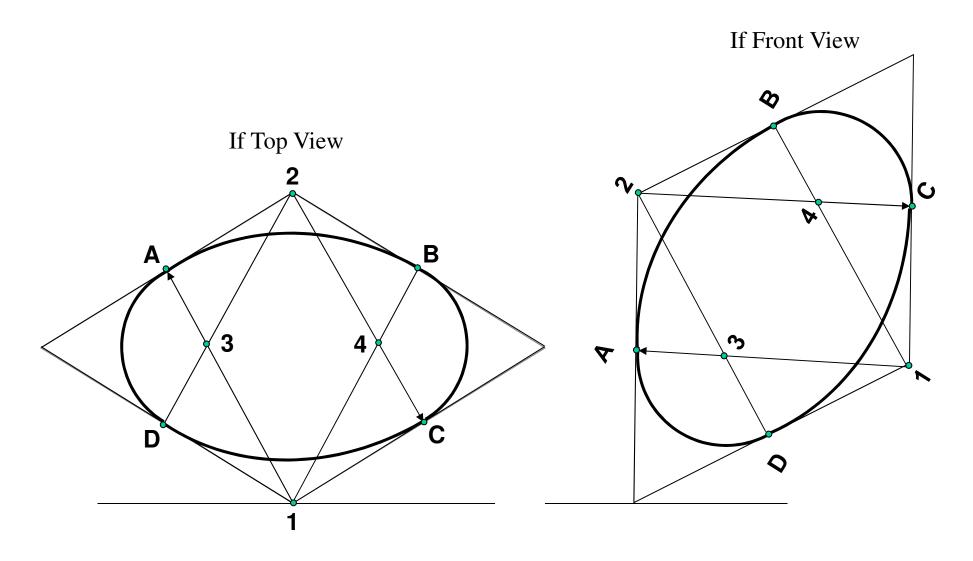
First draw the isometric of enclosing rectangle and then inscribe the shape as it is.



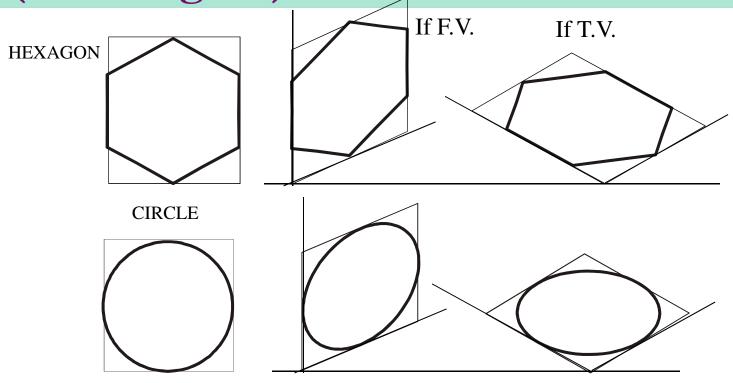
Offset Method (Circle)



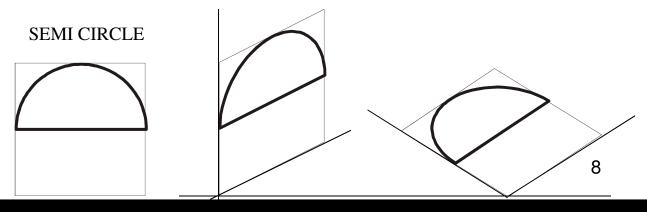
Four Center Method (Circle)



Isometric (Plane figure) in F.V. and T.V.

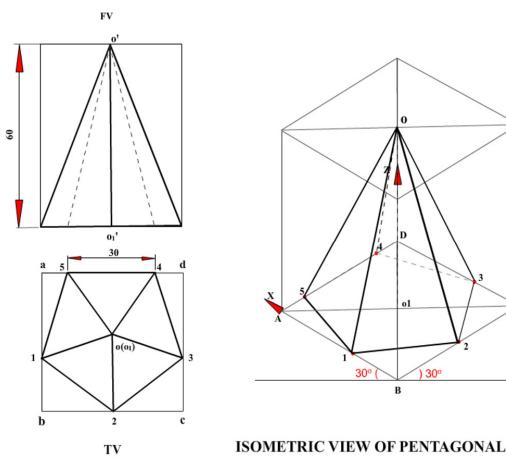


For Isometric of Circle/Semicircle use Offset/ four-center method.



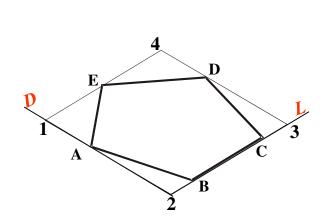
Solid Object (Pentagonal Pyramid)

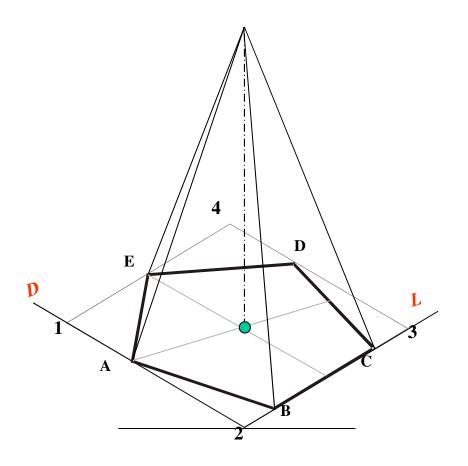
Box Method



Solid Object (Pentagonal Pyramid)

Co-ordinate or Offset Method

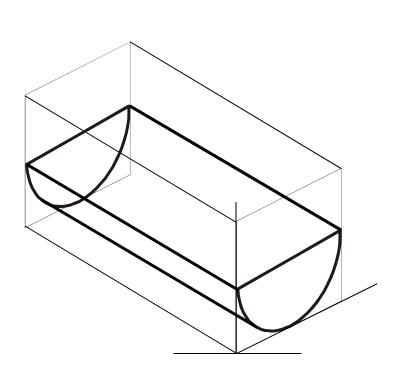


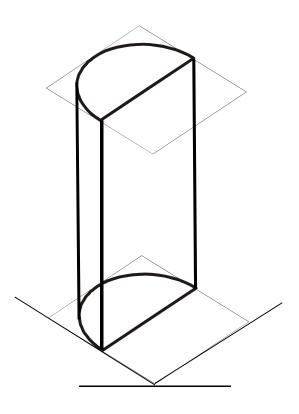


Solid Object (Half Cylinder)

STANDING ON H.P.

(On its Semicircular Base)

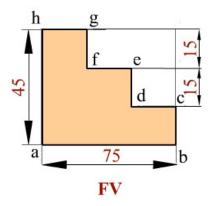


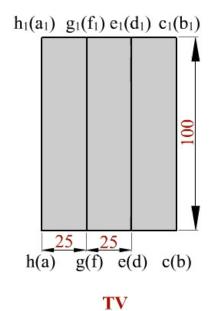


LYING ON H.P.

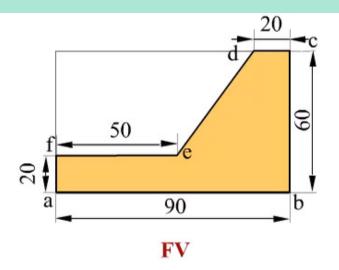
(with flat face || to H.P.)

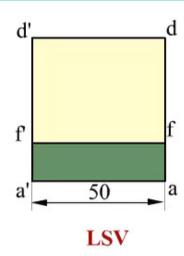
Step Problem



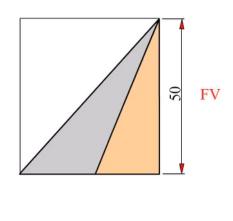


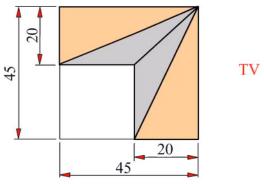
Object 1



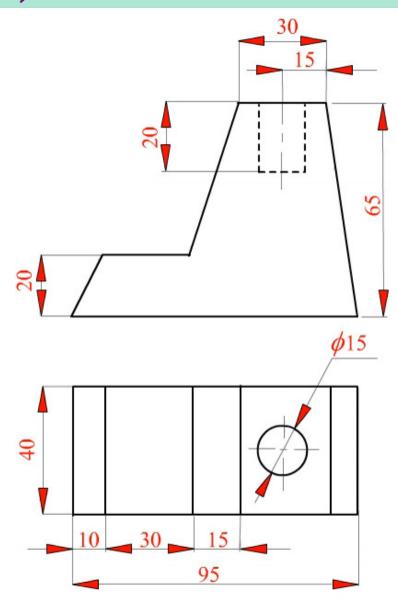


Object 2



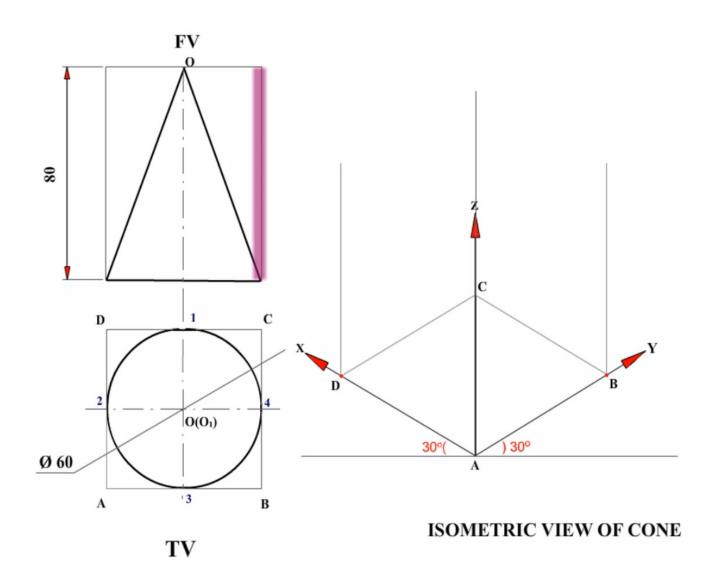


Object 3



ISOMETRIC VIEW

Cone Problem



Thank you