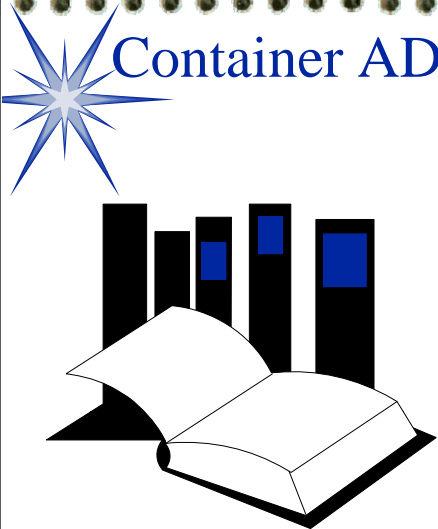



Container ADTs



- A *container ADT* is a data type that is capable of holding a *collection of items*.
- In C++, container ADTs can be implemented as a **class**, along with member functions to *add* items, *remove* items, *examine* items, *etc.*

1

Bags

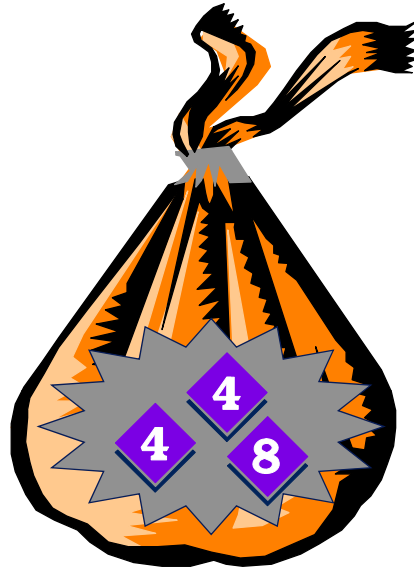


- For an example, think about a bag.

2

Bags

- For an example, think about a bag.
- Inside the bag are some numbers.



3

Initial State of a Bag

- When you first begin to use a bag, the bag will be empty.
- We count on this to be the *initial state* of any bag that we use.



4

Inserting Numbers into a Bag

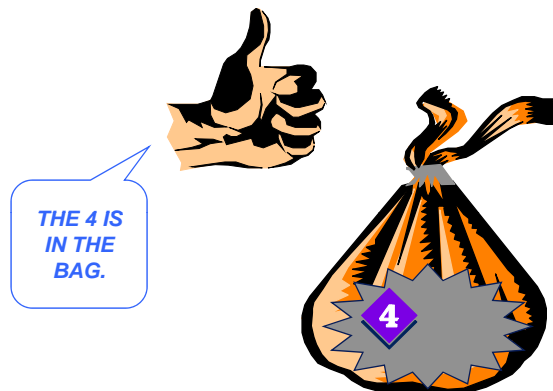
- Numbers may be inserted into a bag.



5

Inserting Numbers into a Bag

- Numbers may be inserted into a bag.



6

Inserting Numbers into a Bag

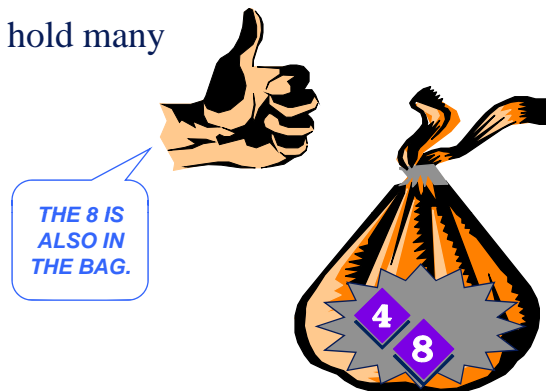
- Numbers may be inserted into a bag.
- The bag can hold many numbers.



7

Inserting Numbers into a Bag

- Numbers may be inserted into a bag.
- The bag can hold many numbers.



8

Inserting Numbers into a Bag

- Numbers may be inserted into a bag.
- The bag can hold many numbers.
- We can even insert the same number more than once.

NOW I'M
PUTTING A
SECOND 4
IN THE
BAG.

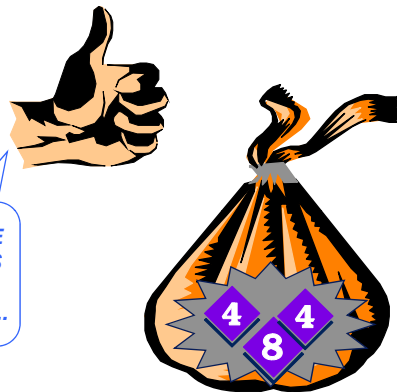


9

Inserting Numbers into a Bag

- Numbers may be inserted into a bag.
- The bag can hold many numbers.
- We can even insert the same number more than once.

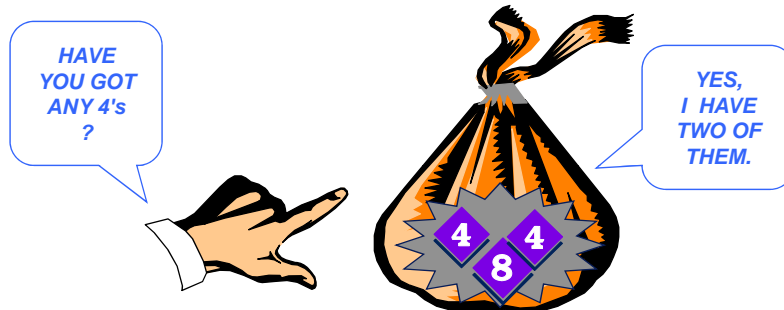
NOW THE
BAG HAS
TWO 4'S
AND AN 8..



10

Examining a Bag

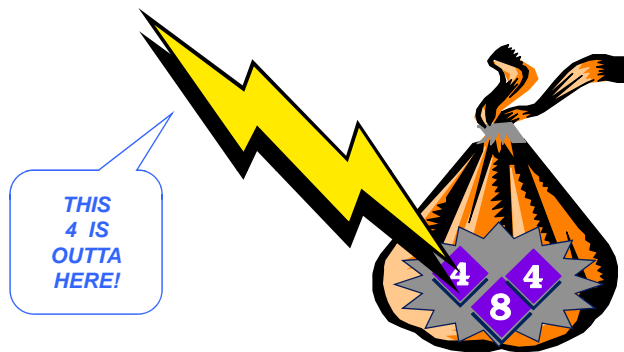
- We may ask about the contents of the bag.



11

Removing a Number from a Bag

- We may remove a number from a bag.



12

Removing a Number from a Bag

- We may remove a number from a bag.
- But we remove only one number at a time.



13

How Many Numbers

- Another operation is to determine how many numbers are in a bag.



14

Summary of the Bag Operations



- A bag can be put in its *initial state*, which is an empty bag – **constructor**
- Numbers can be *inserted* into the bag – **insert(...)**
- You may check how many *occurrences* of a certain number are in the bag – **count(...)**
- Numbers can be *removed* from the bag – **erase(...)** and **erase_one(...)**
- You can check *how many* numbers are in the bag – **size()**

15

Sequence



- Another container class
- Also (more traditionally) called **list**
- Similar to bag – contains bunch of items
- Different from bag – items arranged in an order
 - ◆ Which item comes first, which item comes next, ..., and which item comes last
 - ◆ Items are *not* necessarily in sorted order
 - If items are required to be in sorted order → *sorted sequence*

16



Textbook Readings

- Chapter 3

- ◆ Section 3.1
- ◆ Section 3.2

- Chapter 4

- ◆ Section 4.3
- ◆ Section 4.4

- Chapter 6

- ◆ Section 6.2