### 1 Machine Dynamics - Assignment 1

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#### 1.1 Part I

#### 1.1.1 Q2 Statics

Calculate the reaction forces at all joints and the required torque on Link 2 to achieve static balance when  $\theta_2$  is equal to 90 degree. List all the data in a table.

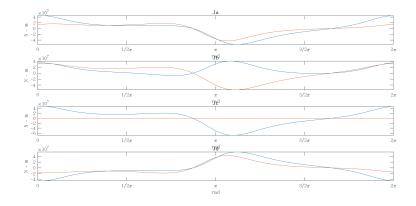
Joint	Reaction Force $(N)$	Required Torque $(N \cdot m)$
A	1035.4742	0
В	1036.2480	0
$\mathbf{C}$	1036.5765	0
D	1044.4153	0

#### 1.2 Part II

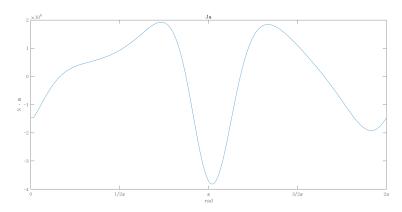
#### 1.2.1 Q3 Kinetostatics

Calculate the reaction force at all joints and the required torque on Link 2 when  $\theta_2$  varies from  $\theta$  to 360 degree (interval  $\leq 1$  degree). Take the angle of Link 2 ( $\theta_2$ ) as the horizontal axis to draw plots for these variables.

The reaction forces of each joint splitted with x and y axis:  $(Ja \sim Jd)$ 



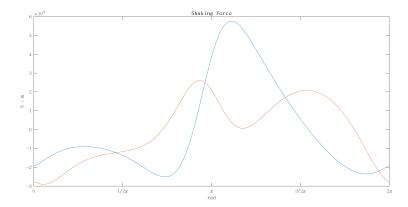
The required torque on Joint A:



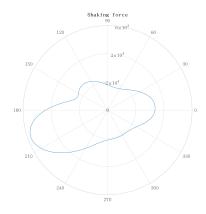
#### 1.2.2 Q4

Continued from 3, draw (a) the plots of the x and y components of the shaking force with  $\theta_2$  as the horizontal axis, and (b) the polar plots of the shaking force and shaking moment.

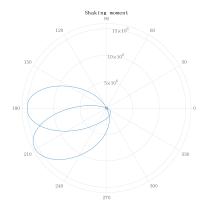
The shaking force is composed by Joint A and Joint D based on the frame.



The polar plot of shaking force. (Composed)



The shaking moment can be obtained by  $M_S = \overrightarrow{R_1} \times \overrightarrow{F_{41}} + \overrightarrow{T_{21}}$ .



## 1.2.2.1 a. What is the maximum input torque? When does it happen? Use degree as the unit and be accurate to 2 decimal places.

According to the torque of Joint A, the extremum of input torque is  $3.8172\times10^6$   $N\cdot m$  at  $\theta_2=183.9195$  deg.

# 1.2.2.2 b. What are the maximum shaking force and shaking moment? When do they happen? Use degree as the unit and be accurate to 3 decimal places.

According to the polar plot, the maximum shaking force is 57694.7620N at  $\theta_2=199.6040$  deg; the maximum shaking moment is  $1556.5653\times 10^4~N\cdot m$  at  $\theta_2=209.5842$  deg.