1 Machine Dynamics - Assignment 2

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1.1 Q1

When θ_2 varies from 150 to 240 degree, a constant loading 20 Nm is applied on Link 4 in the direction opposite to its motion. Design a flywheel attached on Link 2. Consider only the kinetic energy change of Link 2 and set the coefficient of fluctuation k=0.05. Find the moment of inertia I of the flywheel and analyze the change of the control input and reaction force on Link 2, and the changes of the shaking force and shaking moment.

1.2 Q2

Please use the linkage balance method from the textbook to adjust the parameters (but the length must be fixed) of the links. Find the change of location of the CG of the four-bar linkage and analyze the control input and reaction force on Link 2, and also the changes of the shaking force and shaking moment.

$$m_t = m_2 + m_3 + m_4$$

$$m_t \vec{R}_t = m_2 \vec{R}_2 + m_3 \vec{R}_3 + m_4 \vec{R}_4$$

The location of each center of gravity shown as below, where θ_i is the angle from x axis to the link; and ϕ_i is the angle from link to its CG.

$$\begin{cases} \vec{R}_2 &= |\vec{R}_2| e^{j(\theta_2 + \phi_2)} \\ \vec{R}_3 &= \overline{AB} e^{j\theta_2} + |\vec{R}_3| e^{j(\theta_3 + \phi_3)} \\ \vec{R}_4 &= \overline{AD} e^{j\theta_1} + |\vec{R}_4| e^{j(\theta_4 + \phi_4)} \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{split} m_t \vec{R}_t = & m_2 (|\vec{R}_2| e^{j(\theta_2 + \phi_2)}) \\ &+ m_3 (\overline{AB} e^{j\theta_2} + |\vec{R}_3| e^{j(\theta_3 + \phi_3)}) \\ &+ m_4 (\overline{AD} e^{j\theta_1} + |\vec{R}_4| e^{j(\theta_4 + \phi_4)}) \\ = & m_4 \overline{AD} e^{j\theta_1} \\ &+ (m_2 |\vec{R}_2| e^{j\phi_2} + m_3 \overline{AB}) e^{j\theta_2} \\ &+ (m_3 |\vec{R}_3| e^{j\phi_3}) e^{j\theta_3} \\ &+ (m_4 |\vec{R}_4| e^{j\phi_4}) e^{j\theta_4} \end{split}$$

Vector loop:

$$\overline{AB}e^{j\theta_2} + \overline{BC}e^{j\theta_3} - \overline{CD}e^{j\theta_4} - \overline{AD}e^{j\theta_1} = 0$$

Derived as:

$$\begin{split} m_2|\vec{R_2}|e^{j\phi_2} &= m_3(|\vec{R_3}|\frac{\overline{AB}}{\overline{BC}}e^{j\phi_3} - \overline{AB})\\ m_4|\vec{R_4}|e^{j\phi_4} &= -m_3|\vec{R_3}|\frac{\overline{CD}}{\overline{BC}}e^{j\phi_3} \end{split}$$

Bring the fixed paramters into the formula:

$$\begin{split} |\vec{R_2}|e^{j\phi_2} &= |\vec{R_3}|\frac{10}{9}e^{j\phi_3} - 0.2\\ 0.2|\vec{R_4}|e^{j\phi_4} &= -|\vec{R_3}|\frac{25}{9}e^{j\phi_3} \end{split}$$