# Grammar

#### Past time

#### Past simple

Single completed actions	Sony and Philips <b>invented</b> the CD in the early 1980s.
Repeated or habitual actions in the past	We <b>moved</b> house a lot when I was a kid.
General truths about the past	Early clocks were usually very unreliable.
Permanent situations and states in the past	<b>Did</b> the ancient Egyptians <b>have</b> more advanced technology than other civilisations?
The main events in a story The present (in conditional sentences) (see Unit 11 for more information) The present (after wish, it's time, would rather, etc) (see Unit 13 for more information)	Frank <b>turned on</b> the TV and <b>sat</b> on the sofa.  If we <b>didn't have</b> computers, what would the world be like?  I'd rather Michael <b>didn't waste</b> so much time playing video games.

#### Emphatic past simple

To emphasise contrast in the past	Perhaps our grandparents didn't have e-mail, but they <b>did have</b> the telephone and telegrams.
To emphasise strong feeling in the past	I <b>did enjoy</b> our visit to the Sci <mark>en</mark> ce Museum last summer.

## Past simple vs present perfect simple

- In general, the past simple is used to refer to periods of time or moments which are finished. The present perfect is used to refer to periods of time which continue up to the present.
  - ✓ The nineteenth century **saw** many technological advances, such as the camera and the electric light bulb.
  - ✓ There **have been** many technological advances in recent years, the most important being the spread of the Internet.
- The past simple is used to refer to events at a specific time in the past. The present perfect is used when the specific time something happened isn't important or relevant, or when the present result of a past event is important.
  - ✓ I sent my first e-mail six months ago.
  - ✓ Have you ever sent an e-mail before?

#### Past continuous

Actions in progress at a particular moment in the past	Were you chatting to Matt online at midnight last night?
Actions in progress around a particular moment in the past	At the turn of the twentieth century, many discoveries <b>were being made</b> in physics and other sciences.
Temporary situations and series of actions in the past	At the time, I was working for a large software company in California.
Changing and developing situations in the past	I was getting frustrated with my internet provider so I decided to change.
Annoying or amusing past habits (usually with <i>always</i> )	When she was young, Tina was always taking things apart to see how they worked.
Background information in a story	It was raining outside and people were making their way home after work.
Actions in progress over a period of time	Were you writing e-mails all yesterday morning?
Two actions in progress at the same time	While I was playing a computer game, my brother was doing his homework.
The present and the future (in conditional sentences) (see Unit 11 for more information)	Would you be happier if you were studying computer science?
The present and the future (after wish, it's time, would rather, etc) (see Unit 13 for more information)	I wish we <b>were going</b> to the computer fair next weekend.

#### Past continuous vs past simple

- We often use the past continuous to describe background events in progress and the past simple for the main events.
   We were talking about MP3s when Andrea mentioned her new music website.
- We normally use the past simple to describe regular or repeated actions in the past, not the past continuous.
   When I was a child, I visited my grandmother every week.

#### Past continuous vs present perfect continuous

In general, the past continuous is used to refer to actions in progress during periods of time or at moments which are finished. The present perfect continuous is used to refer to actions in progress during periods of time which continue up to the present.

- ✓ We were working on my computer for four hours yesterday.
- ✓ We have been working on my computer for four hours so far.

#### Past perfect simple

Situations and states before the past Completed actions before a moment in the past

Had you had your computer long before it broke down?

When talking films appeared, the cinema had already become a popular form of entertainment.

When Dimitra called, I had managed to fix her computer.

A series of actions continuing up to a moment in the past

By the time of his death, Thomas Edison had invented a number of things that changed everyday life.

Completed actions where the important thing is the result at a moment in the past

I beat Jason at International Captain because I'd played it a lot with my brother.

#### Past perfect continuous

Actions and situations continuing up to a moment in the past (or just before a moment in the past)

She'd been writing computer games for over ten years before she finally had a hit.

#### would

Past habits, particularly for the distant past

The ancient Greeks  $\boldsymbol{would}$  rely on the power of slaves, rather than machines.

latch out!

- Would can also be used with a continuous infinitive when we are referring to a habit involving actions in progress. 

  Whenever I went to James's house, he would usually be playing on his computer.
- Would is not usually used to refer to past states.

#### used to

Past habits and states, particularly for the distant past

It **used to** seem strange to be able to communicate over long distances.

Watch out!

- Remember that used to is not the same as be used to. Be used to refers to a situation that is now familiar or no longer strange.
  - ✓ At first, people found it strange sending messages by mobile, but now everyone's used to it.
- We use get used to to refer to the process of becoming familiar with a situation.
  - ✓ It's surprising how quickly people in the nineteeth century **got used to** travelling by train.

A Circle the correct word or phra	A	orrect word	or phrase
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- 1 Rick should know about the meeting because I **told / have told** him about it yesterday.
- 2 Did you meet / Have you met last July while you were both backpacking around Europe?
- 3 I'm resigning because the pressure at work has become / became too much for me.
- 4 A month ago, I got / have got a letter from Neil, but I haven't replied.
- 5 Julie was / has been anxious to speak to you since she heard about your accident.
- 6 I had / have had no idea you were such a good chess player.
- 7 If you **finished / have finished**, put your hand up and I'll collect your exam paper.
- 8 There were / have been a number of different reasons for our divorce.
- 9 It was my birthday last week and my grandad gave / has given me a new laptop.
- 10 I don't know who's responsible because I **didn't work / haven't worked** here long.
- 11 My brother and I were never allowed / have never been allowed to chew gum when we were young.
- 12 My parents **sent / have sent** me to a private school until I was 12.
- Write the verb in brackets in the correct form, past simple or past continuous, in each gap. You may have to use the passive form.

-	14/1 1				
1	When the explosion happened	hundreds of n	eonle	(nace	) through the airport
	Titlett the explosion happened	manarcas or p	COPIC	\puss	/ unough the angold.

- 2 When I heard the phone ring, I ...... (stop) writing to answer it.
- 3 Amy ...... (read), so she didn't see me walking past.
- 4 | ...... (have) piano lessons every week from the age of six onwards.

- 8 The Industrial Revolution ....... (attract) many people from the country to the city.
- 10 Sorry I couldn't come on Friday, but I ...... (work) on my project.

- C Write a verb from the box in the correct form in each gap.

appear • check • complete • disappear • get • go • kidnap • look • make • mean • open press • race • rain • remind • see • start • take • travel • wait • wear • work

High-	te	ch	tro	ub	le
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It all (1)	as I made my way home	from work. We (2)	on a top secre
		pretty nervous about finishin	
good to get away from th	e office. It ( <b>4</b> )	and it seemed like everyon	ie
( <b>5</b> ) ho	ome at the same time, anxio	ous to avoid getting wet. I (6)	dowi
into the underground stati	on and ( <b>7</b> )	for the train when I (8)	her at
the end of the platform. S	he ( <b>9</b> ) a	a red leather jacket that (10)	me
of something I'd seen in a	film, although I couldn't rem	nember when. As I watched, she	
(11)	her handbag and (12)	out what looked lik	ce a hand-held
computer. She (13)	something or	n the screen, then (14)	in my
direction. Suddenly, my m	obile phone ( <b>15</b> )	a sound that (16)	I had

a text message. Frowning, I (17) a key and the message (18)
'We (19) your daughter. We know you (20) the program. Follow the
woman in red.' I looked up just as she (21) around the corner. I (22)
after her.

- One verb in each sentence is in the wrong tense. Underline the incorrect word or phrase and write it in the correct tense.
  - 1 I've been having a lot of problems with my computer recently and so I got a technician to come and have a look at it, but she has told me that it was because I wasn't using it properly.
  - 2 It was a few days since I heard from Roger, but he left Russia last Monday and he was planning to arrive in China yesterday, so I called his mum to see if she had heard anything.
  - 3 Patricia and I were having a really good discussion when Jason suddenly appeared and decided that he wanted to join in, even though he has known absolutely nothing about what we were talking about.
  - 4 I had never been visiting a working prison before, so when the opportunity came up I was really eager to have a look around and I certainly wasn't disappointed, although we weren't actually allowed to see the area where the prisoners live.
  - 5 Charlie didn't know what Callum had said to Imogen, but he could see immediately that she had been crying and he was putting his arm around her to comfort her, which made her feel a little better.
  - 6 Although there was no reason to doubt what Alex said, I was ringing Rick to check and he told me that Alex had been right and the concert really had been cancelled because the lead singer had come down with flu.
  - 7 The year before, I had given Lisa a CD for her birthday, but this particular year I wanted to surprise her, so I went into town and I was looking round the shops when suddenly I had seen an old-fashioned hat, and it was her size, so I immediately bought it.
  - 8 Olivia was cycling to school, as she usually did on those days when her father was working and wasn't able to drive her, when she was passing an old woman, who was waiting for the lights to change so that she could cross the road.
- E Write the verb in brackets in the correct form, past continuous or present perfect continuous, in each gap.

1 'Why are you out of breath?'

-	'Because I for the last hour.' (exercise)
2	'Your light was on when I walked past last night.' 'Yes, Ionline to my cousin in Australia.' ( <b>chat</b> )
3	'You've really improved on the flute.' 'Well, I hope so because I a lot lately.' (practise)
4	'You're not jealous of my other friends, are you?' 'No, but youquite a lot of them recently.' (see)
5	'I didn't wake you up, did I?' 'No, I' (sleep)
	'Did you quit your job in the end?' 'I of doing so for a long time, but then I decided not to.' ( <b>think</b> )
7	'Why is your street such a mess?'  'Oh, the council

F	Write one verb in each sentence in the past simple and the other verb in the past perfect.				
	1	The ambulance (leave) by the time the reporters (get) to the scene of the accident.			
2 Before I (meet) Dr Christian, I (see) a number of different					
3 It (be) only the second time I (ever / be) in a helicopter.					
4 Up to the moment when Mr O'Donnell (say) 'You're fired', I (har idea why he wanted to see me.					
	5	When Tonya (finish) eating, she (ask) the waiter to bring the bill.			
	6	Luckily, I (just / reach) the end of my essay when the teacher (tell) us all to put our pens down.			
	7	We (do) everything we had to do by five, so we (decide) to go out for a coffee.			
	8	I			
	9	My mum			
	10	I (get) Janine a book for her birthday, but she (read) it before.			
G	lf a	a word or phrase in bold is in the correct form, put a tick. If it is incorrect, write the correct form the line.			
	of (2 in m (5 pe ev Ti	used to the idea of having constantly changing social plans, where a quick phone call is all it takes to rearrange things. Before this was possible, there were many occasions when friends who (8) had seemed so far in the future that it (3) was included the science fiction series, Star Trek. Since the 1980s, however, obiles (4) became a part of everyday life. Although they is were initially seen as a status symbol for successful business exple, mobile use (6) had spread to include practically veryone in the developed world, old and young alike.  A mobiles (10) have been becoming more popular, so they (11) have become more powerful. The large, unreliable mobile phone of the 1980s (12) has evolved into the small, stylish camera phone of today.  A mobiles (10) have been become more powerful. The large into the small, stylish camera phone of today.			
Н	WO	mplete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the rd given. Do not change the word given. You must use between three and eight words, sluding the word given.			
	1	I started working at eight and I was still working at six in the evening, when you called. <b>been</b> When you called, ten hours.			
	2	We often went to the seaside with our grandparents as children. <b>would</b>			
	_	Our grandparents to the seaside as children.			
	3	It's about seven years now since Laura started to learn Russian. <b>learning</b> Lauraseven years.			
	4	Being with the older children soon stopped being frightening when I went to secondary school. <b>used</b> Secondary school was frightening, but I			
	5	Every night for the past week I have had the same dream. having I for a week now.			
	6	I always disliked karate lessons but now I'm starting to enjoy them. <b>used</b>			
		I			

### Write one word in each gap.

		The p		reil			
	Because the pencil (1)						
Ch	Choose the correct answer.						
1	How long bef A have you been waiting B are you waiting		7	By the time we arrived, the A has already started B would already start	C already started		
2	You be so go did you? A never used to B got used to	od at backgammon, C are used to D wouldn't	8	We had to walk home in this car key A has been losing B had lost			
3	Could you tell me, sir, what park at three in the morning A have done B have been doing	? C were doing	9	It took Edward a long tim in Canada. A be used to B used to	e to living  C get used to  D be used		
4	I was angry when you saw r with my siste A have been arguing B argued		10	I'd love to have lived in th to market A have been travelling B would travel			
5	The Black Piratealready this year. A had sold B has sold	over a million copies  C had been selling  D was selling		I much preferred it when ry summer on holiday. A used to go B were used to going	we to Wale C had gone D have been going		
6	Don't throw the paper away it yet. A haven't read B hadn't read	because I  C haven't been reading D hadn't been reading	12	Your teacher called me to in the play A had been fighting B used to fight	ground again. C have fought		