



AHEAD OF WHAT'S POSSIBLE™

Third-Party Models, Creating and Editing Symbols, and Managing Libraries in LTspice

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IN PARTNERSHIP WITH ARROW

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A detailed, glowing blue and green illustration of an Analog Devices integrated circuit chip mounted on a printed circuit board (PCB). The chip is shown from an isometric perspective, with its top surface featuring a complex grid of circuitry and the Analog Devices logo. The PCB traces and other components are visible in the background, creating a sense of depth and technological sophistication.

LTspice
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Agenda

- ▶ Importing Third Party Models
- ▶ Creating Schematic Symbols
- ▶ Managing Libraries
- ▶ Additional resources and tools
- ▶ Homework assignment

Importing Third Party Models

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Two Types of Third-Party SPICE Models

► .MODEL

- Intrinsic SPICE devices like diodes and transistors
 - Behavior of the device is intrinsically understood by SPICE
- Statement provide the parameters to specify the component's electrical characteristics

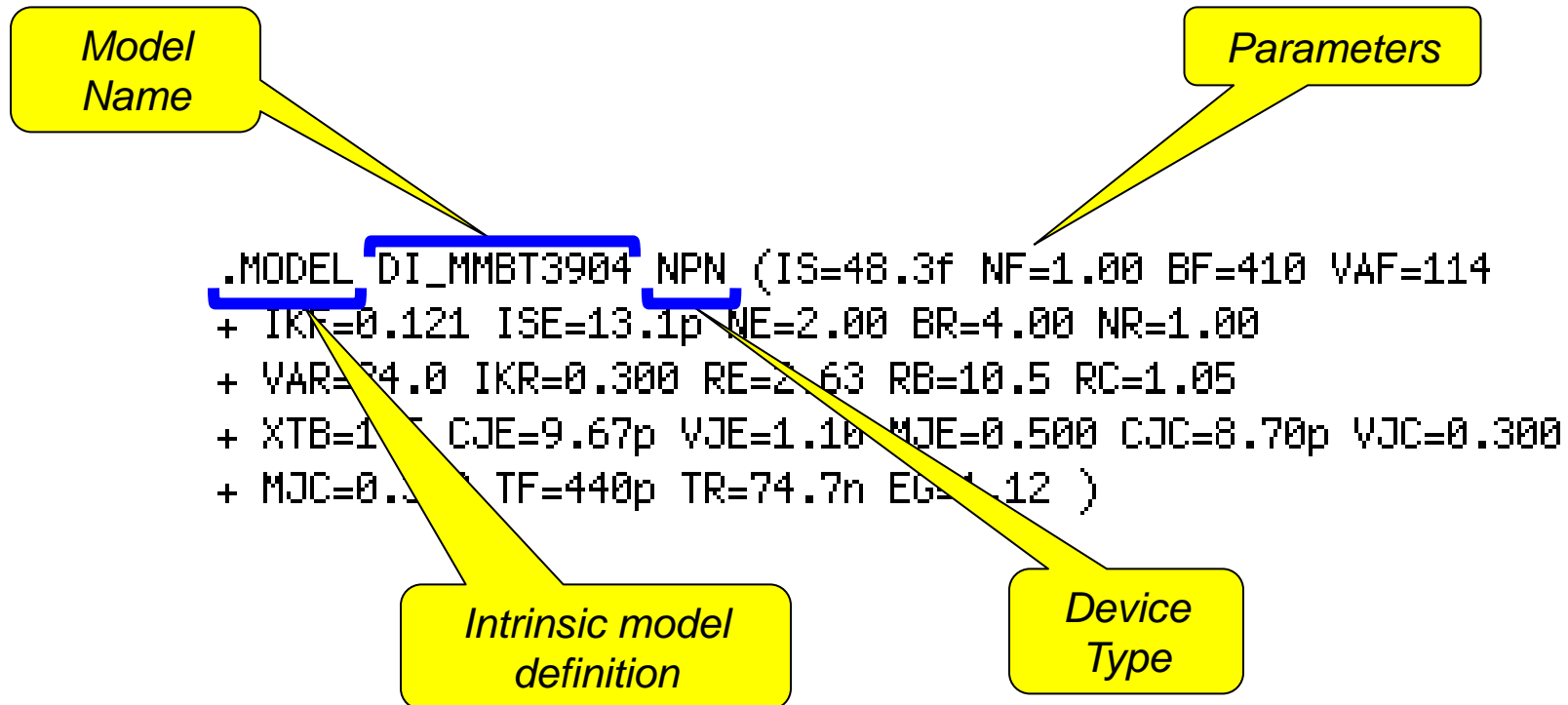
► .SUBCKT

- Define the modeled component by a collection of circuitry (of intrinsic SPICE devices) like an op amp

The method to import a model in LTspice depends on whether the model is given as a .MODEL or a .SUBCKT

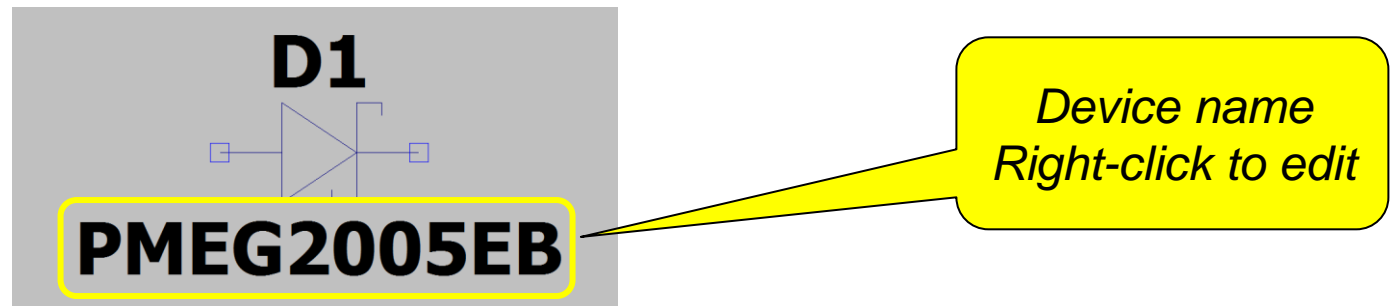
Intrinsic SPICE Models Syntax

.model <modelname> <DeviceType> (<parameter list>)



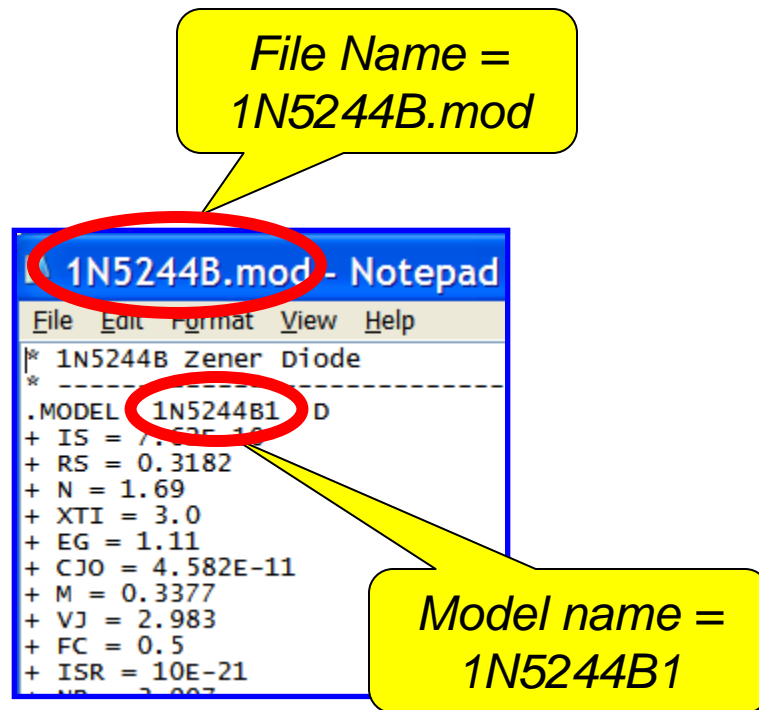
Importing Intrinsic SPICE Models

- ▶ Download the model file from the manufacturer's website to your development directory
- ▶ Add `.include [path(optional)] spicemodel_filename.abc` directive to the schematic
 - Path can be omitted if the file is in the same directory as schematic file (recommended)
- ▶ Open model file in LTspice and note the device name and device type
- ▶ Add the device type symbol and edit the component attribute (Ctrl + right click) to match the device name contained in the SPICE model file

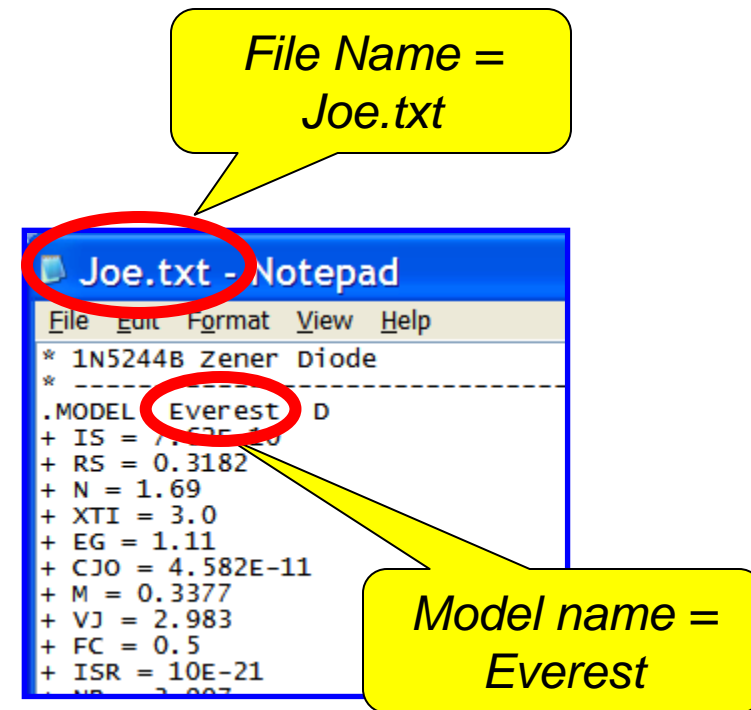


Third-Party Intrinsic Models – Model File

Spice Model Example #1:



Spice Model Example #2:

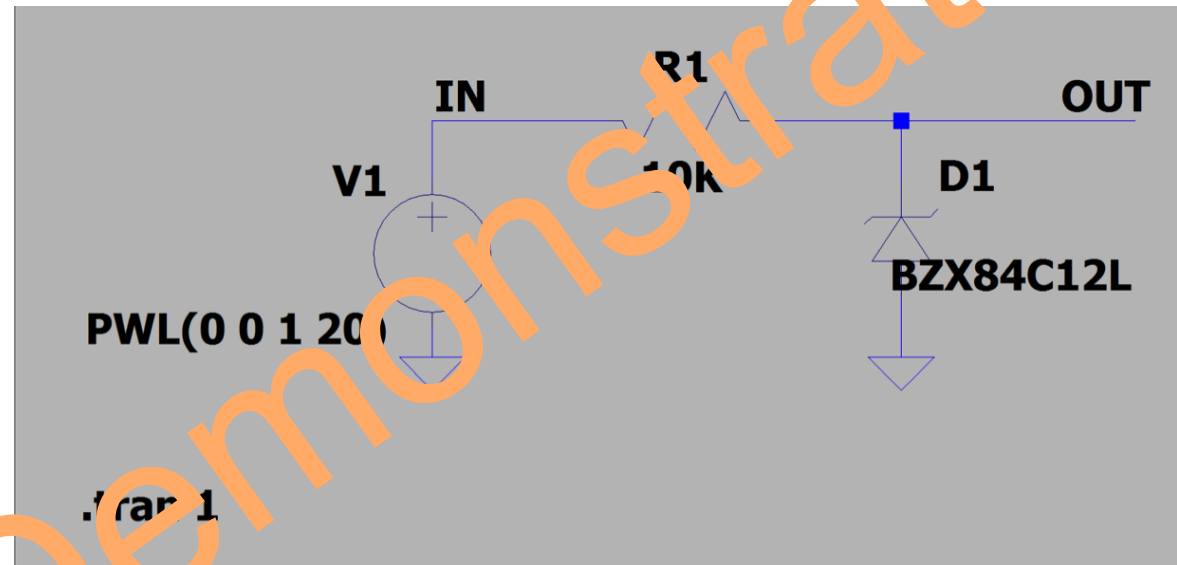


The file name in the .include statement must match the model file name

The symbol's device name in the schematic must match the model's name

Importing Third-Party Spice Models

- Modify “ZenerImportExample.asc” so it uses the 1N5244B third-party SPICE model.



ZenerImportExample.asc

Do not forget to place the .include statement on the schematic

Subcircuits Syntax

```
.subckt <modelname> <nodelist>  
<circuit of intrinsic devices>  
<definition of intrinsic models>  
.ends
```

- Intrinsic models defined within a .subckt are only accessible within that .subckt model

Subcircuit model
definition

Nodes

Model
Name

Circuit
Definition

Intrinsic
models
within
subckt

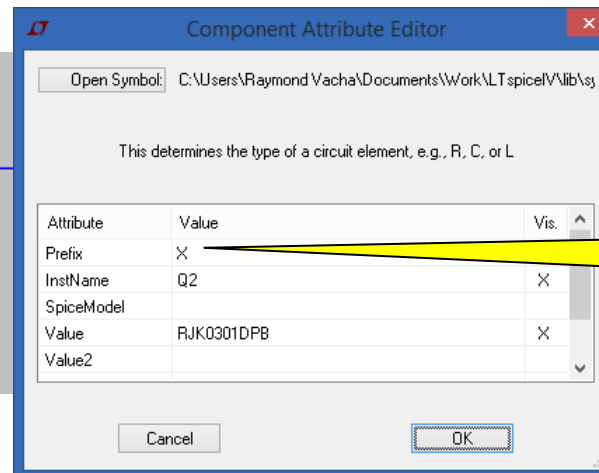
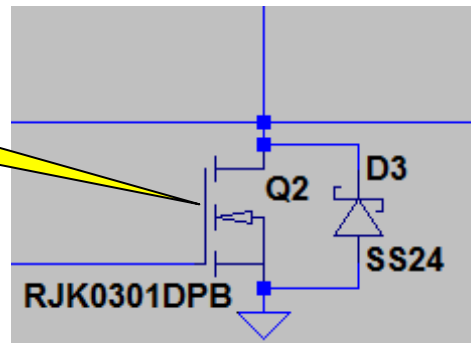
.ends

```
.SUBCKT SIS892DN D G S  
M1 3 GX S S NMOS W=1116756u L=0.95u  
M2 S GX S D PMOS W=1116756u L=3.310e-07  
R1 D 3 1.577e-02 TC=7.417e-03 1.832e-05  
CGS GX S 4.316e-10  
CGD GX D 1.423e-11  
RG G GY 5.5  
RTCV 100 S 1e6 TC=2.273e-05 -2.394e-07  
ETCV GX GY 100 200 1  
ITCV S 100 1u  
VTCV 200 S 1  
DBD S D DBD  
  
.MODEL NMOS NMOS ( LEVEL = 3 TOX = 5e-8 RS = 4.524e-03  
+ KP = 1.242e-05 NSUB = 1.365e+17 KAPPA = 2.400e-03  
+ ETA = 1.000e-07 NFS = 7.622e+11 LD = 0 IS = 0 TPG = 1)  
.....  
.MODEL PMOS PMOS ( LEVEL = 3 TOX = 5e-8 NSUB = 2.187e+16  
+ IS = 0 TPG = -1 )  
*****  
.MODEL DBD D (FC = 0.1 TT = 2.427e-08 T_MEASURED = 25 BV = 102  
+RS = 4.567e-03 N = 1.079e+00 IS = 3.311e-12 EG = 1.144e+00 XTI = 8.671e-01  
+ TRS1 = 1.135e-03 CJO = 9.822e-10 VJ = 9.000e-01 M = 2.425e-01 )  
.ENDS SIS892DN
```

Importing Subckt SPICE Models

- ▶ If the .subckt model does not have a schematic symbol or one is not available in LTspice, create a new one (covered next)
- ▶ Verify the .subckt model is a match for the associated symbol:
 - .subckt model has the same number of nodes as there are pins on the schematic symbol
 - The symbol's netlist order matches the sequence of the model's nodes
 - Left most node in the model definition is associated to the 1st position of the netlist order
 - Increments as such until the right most node corresponds to the last netlist order position
- ▶ Repeat the steps used to import a third-party intrinsic spice model
- ▶ In the symbol component attribute editor (Ctrl-Right-Click on the symbol), change the device's prefix to "X"

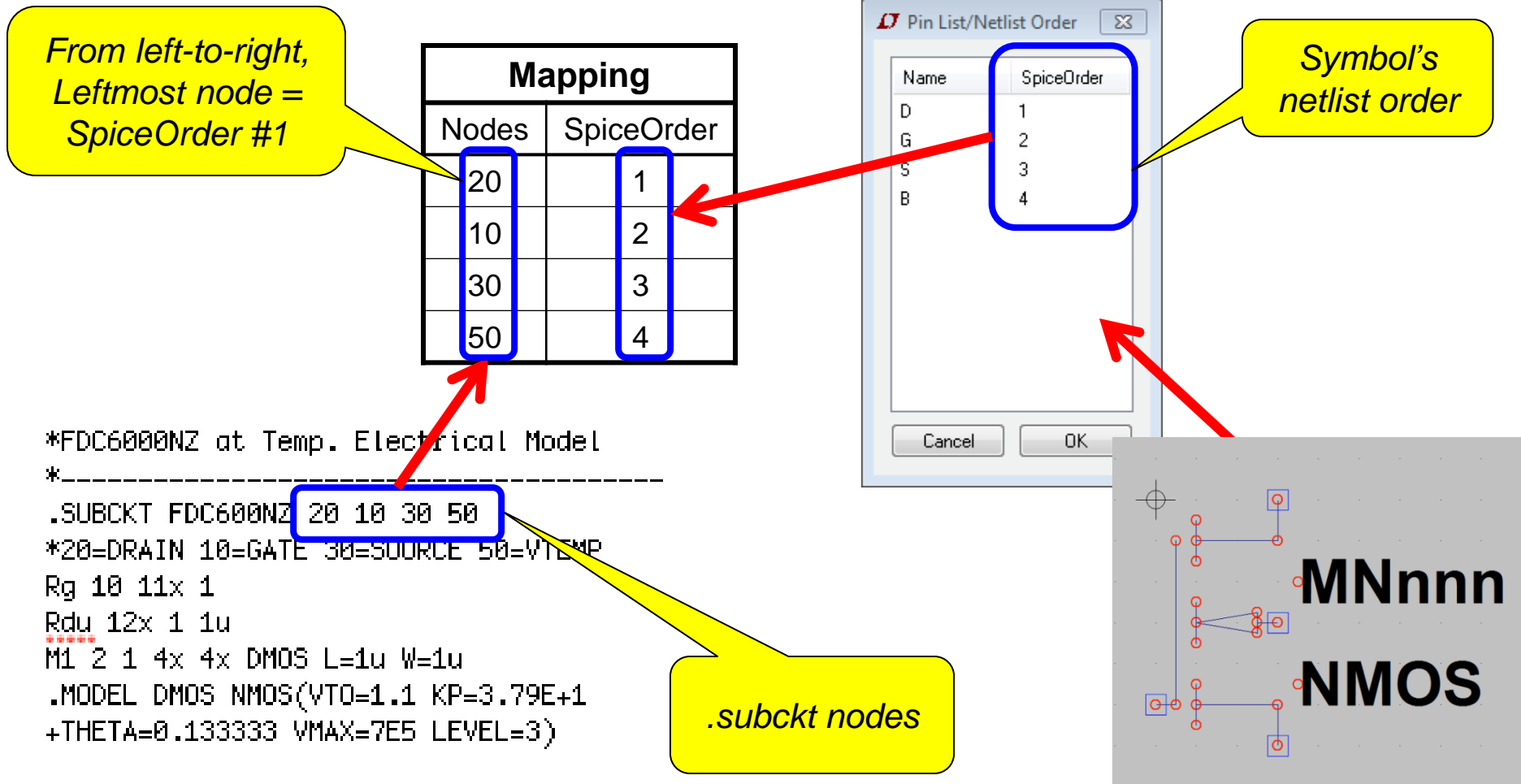
CTRL+Right-Click



Change Prefix to "X"

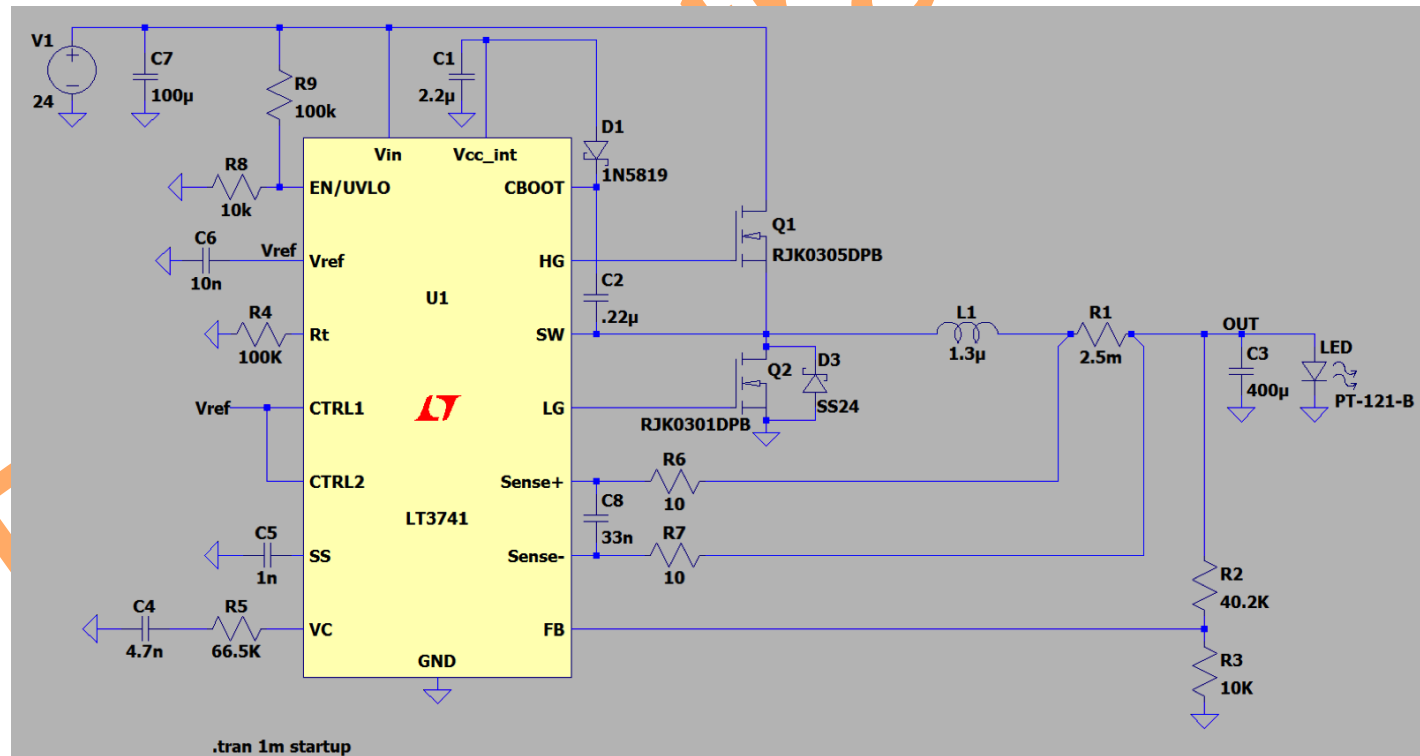
Importing Third-Party Subckt Models

Symbol's netlist order and model's node sequence



Importing Third-Party Subckt Models

- Change the “LT3741.asc” circuit so it uses the PSMN2R2-30YLC FET subcircuit model instead of the RJK0301DPB



Including Model Libraries .INC and .LIB Statements

- ▶ .LIB directive will only add models (.model and .subckt) from the specified file
 - Other directives within the file, for example a .IC statement, would be ignored
- ▶ The .INC directive will include everything in the specified file into your project, regardless if it is a model, directive or anything else

.LIB is safer to use when it comes to importing models

Creating Schematic Symbols

LTspice

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A Symbol Can Be Automatically Generated In Two Situations

► Subcircuit models

- When editing an ASCII netlist that contains subcircuit definitions, you place the cursor on the line containing the name of the subcircuit, right click, and execute context menu item "Create Symbol"
- Saved under `..\Lib\Sym\AutoGenerated`

► Hierarchical schematic

- When editing a schematic, you can execute menu item Hierarchy→Open this Sheet's Symbol
- When no symbol is found, LTspice will ask if you would like one automatically generated
- Saved under the "working" folder

Automatic Symbol Creation - Subcircuits

1. Open SPICE .subckt file with LTspice

2. Right-click on .subckt line

3. Create symbol

4. Subcircuit symbol automatically saved

LTspice IV - [ltc6078_MFT.bst]

```
* Copyright (c) 2005 Linear Technology Corp. 08/01/05. All rights reserved.  
* Pinout: IN IN USC VEE OUT  
.SUBCKT LTC6078_MFT 3 2 7 4 6  
CGM1 120 109 0.1  
CG1 117 0 1E-6  
CG3 118 0 2.43E-5  
CG5 122 0 1E-7  
CIN2 4 3 9pF  
CIN3 2 4 9pF  
CIN4 7 3 9pF  
CIN5 2 7 9pF  
CPSR  
CPSR  
DIN1  
DIN2  
DIN3  
DIN4 4 2 DIN  
DOUT1 127 6 DOUTP  
DOUT2 6 127 DOUTN  
DUL1 112 117 DULIM  
DUL2 112 0 DULIM  
DUNF 113 0 DUNOI  
DUNFX 114 0 DUNOIX  
E1CM 126 0 VALUE={ (V(2))/2 }  
EVEE 12  
F1M1 TM1
```

Run Ctrl+R
Halt Ctrl+H
Marching Waves
Undo F9
Redo Shift+F9
Cut
Copy
Paste
Find
Visible Traces
Create Symbol
Generate Expanded Listing
Open .inc/.lib File

LTspice IV - [LTC6078_MFT.asy]

LTC6078_MFT

Unnn

7

3

4

2

6

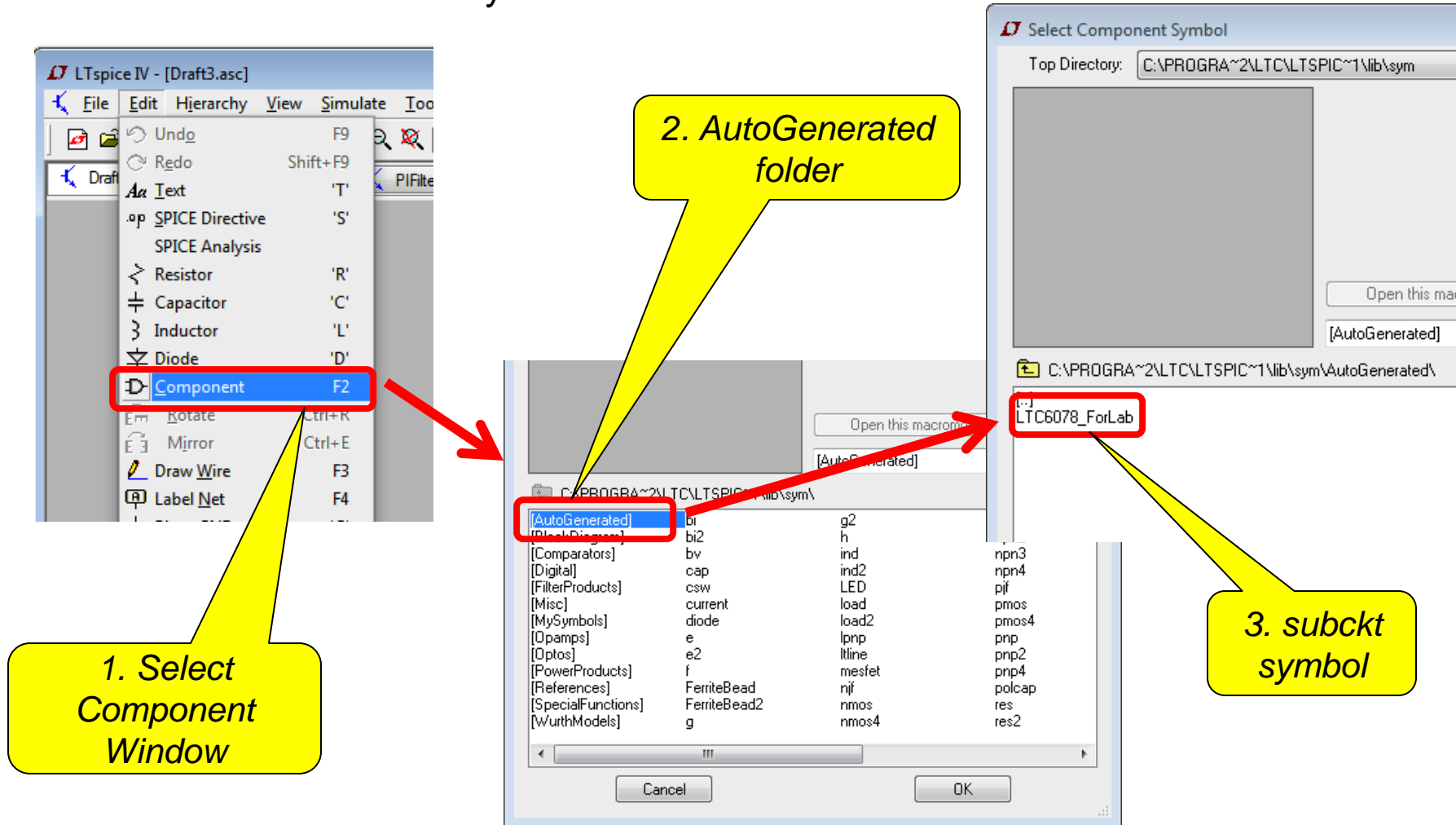
(97, 14)

Saved under ..\Lib\Sym\AutoGenerated

Automatic Symbol Creation - Subcircuits

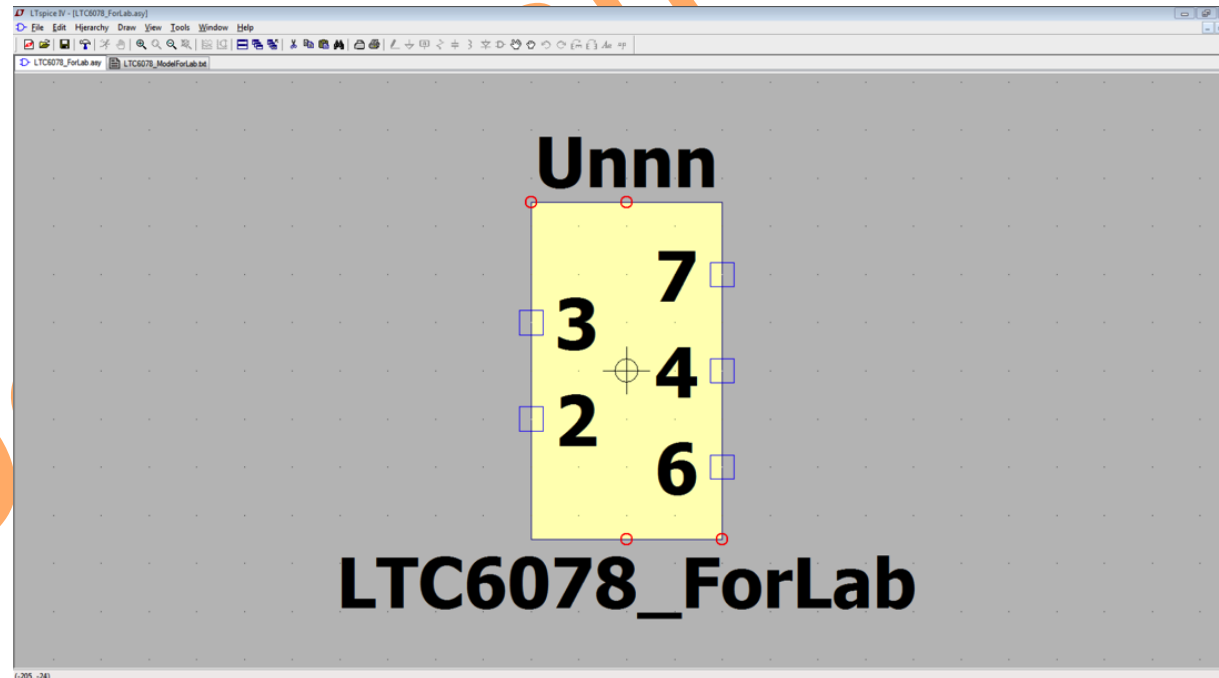
- The symbol can be placed on a schematic via the “Select Component Symbol” window.

Located under ..\Lib\Sym\AutoGenerated



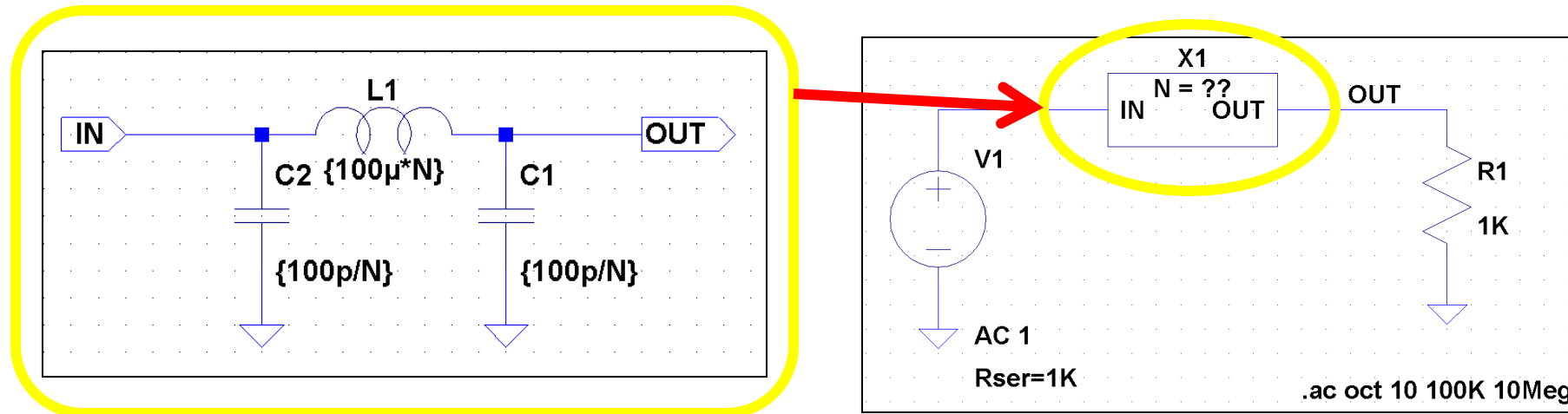
Automatic Symbol Creation - Subcircuits

- ▶ Create the symbol for the “LTC6078ForLab” model using the automatic symbol creation feature.
- ▶ The model file, “LTC6078ModelForLab.txt”
- ▶ Once generated, use the “LTC6078TestCircuit.asc” circuit to verify the newly created model.



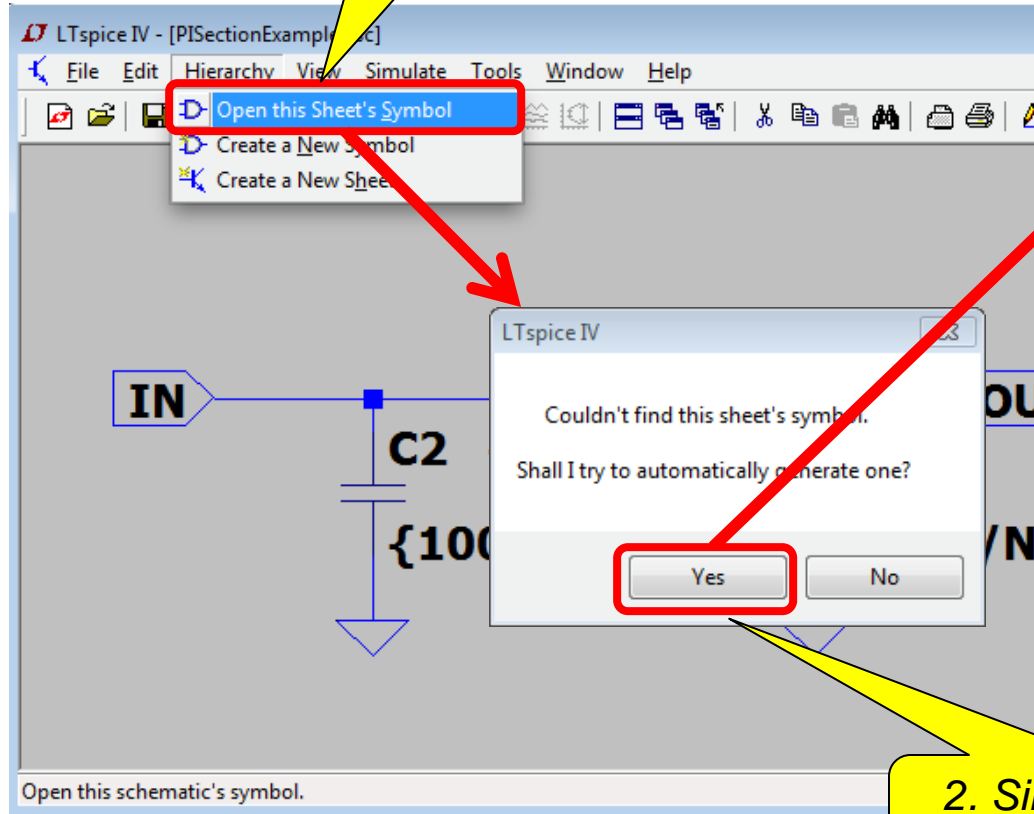
Hierarchical Schematics

- ▶ Encapsulate larger circuits can be drafted while retaining the clarity of the smaller schematics
- ▶ Abstraction allows schematics to be handled in so that is can be used across several schematics

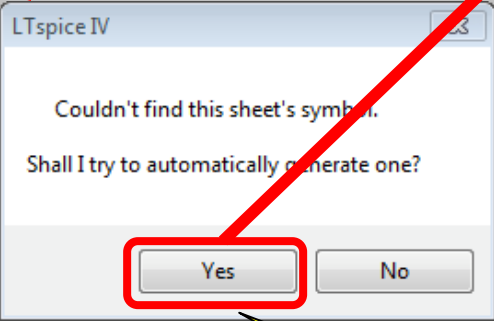


Automatic Symbol Creation - Hierarchical

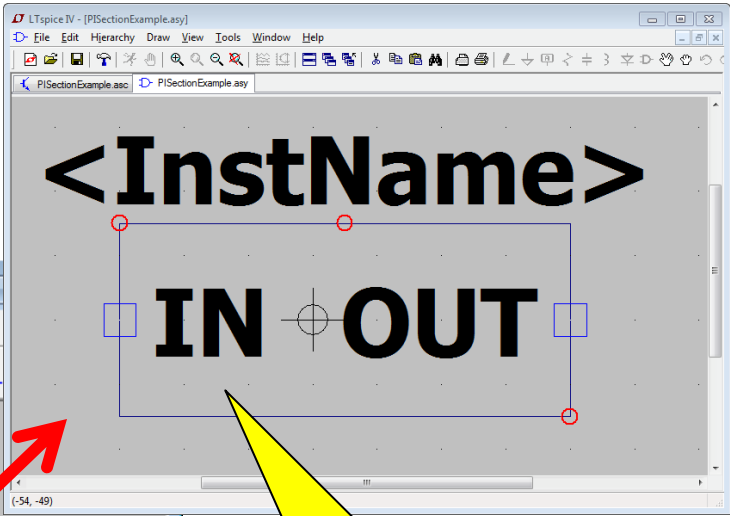
1. Hierarchy → Open this Sheet's Symbol



2. Since the symbol doesn't exist...



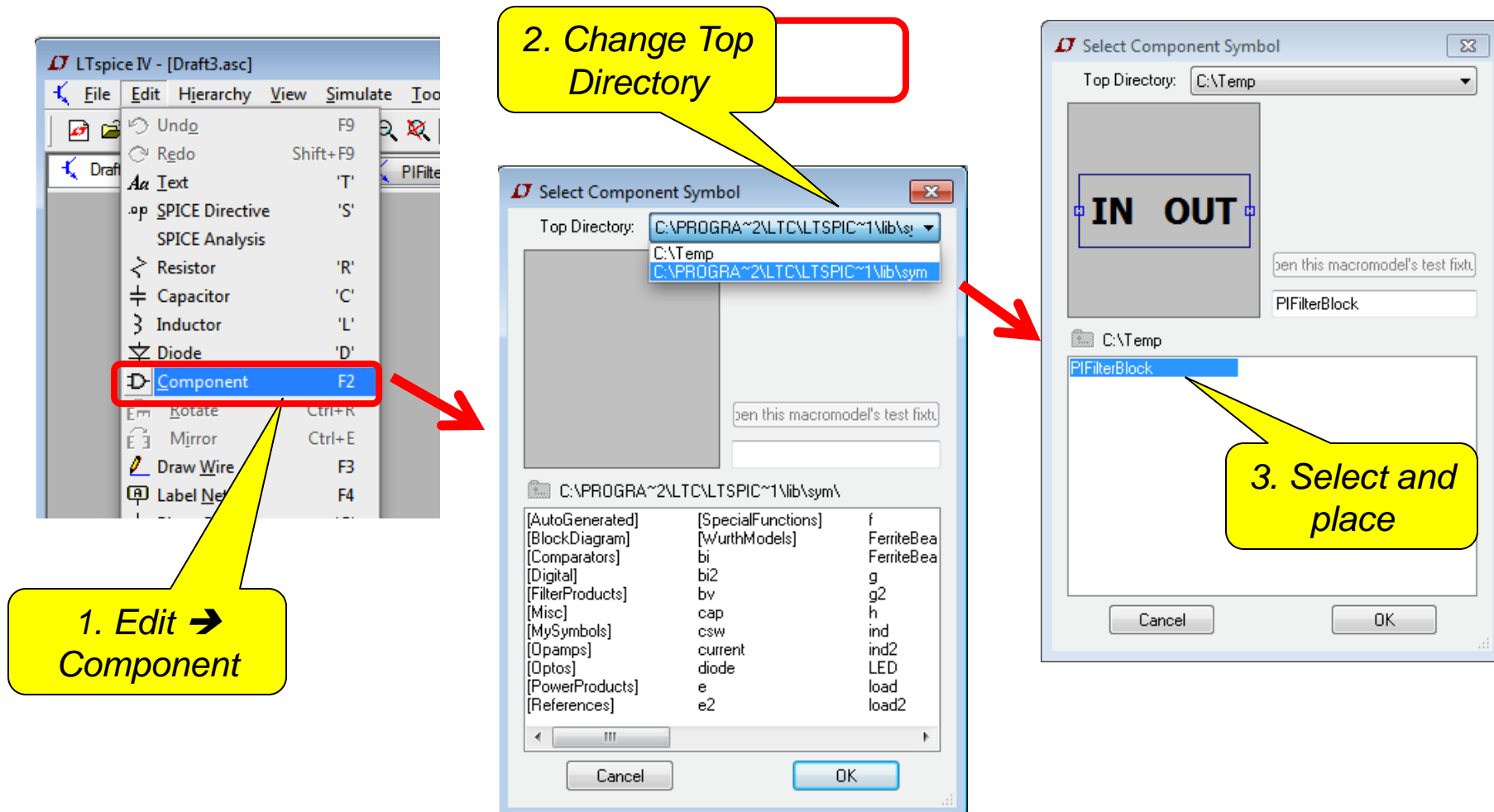
3. Hierarchical symbol automatically saved to the working folder



Open this schematic's symbol.

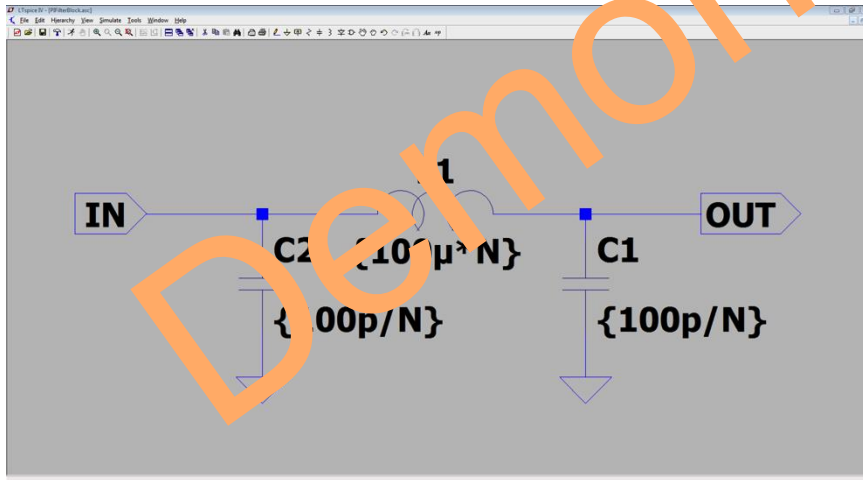
Automatic Symbol Creation – Hierarchical symbols

- To place a hierarchical block on a schematic:

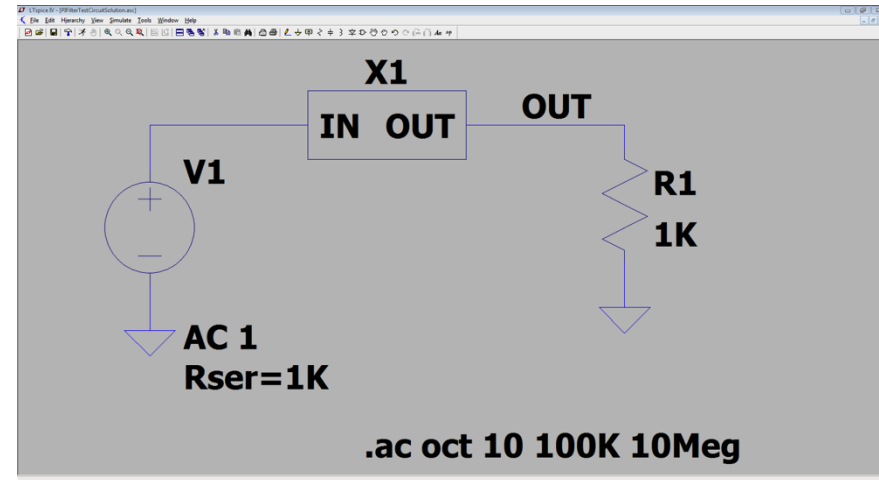


Automatic Symbol Creation - Hierarchical

- ▶ Using the automatic symbol creation feature, create a hierarchical symbol for the circuit “PIFilterBlock.asc”.
- ▶ Once the symbol is created, verify its functionality by using the test jig “PIFilterTestCircuit.asc”.



PIFilterBlock.asc



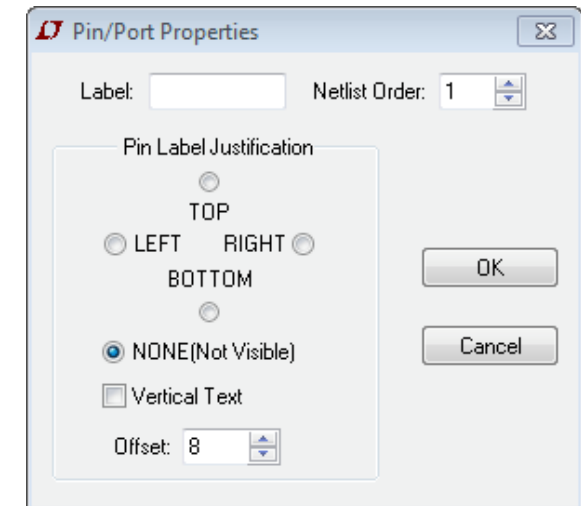
PIFilterTestCircuit

Creating/Editing schematic symbol

- ▶ Editing the symbols can significantly improve its ease-of-use
 - The automatically generated symbols might not be effective and easy to wire-up
- ▶ To launch the symbol editor:
 - Ctrl+RightClick on the symbol then “Open Symbol”
 - File pull-down menu → New symbol,
 - Open up a known symbol (.asy). File menu → Open

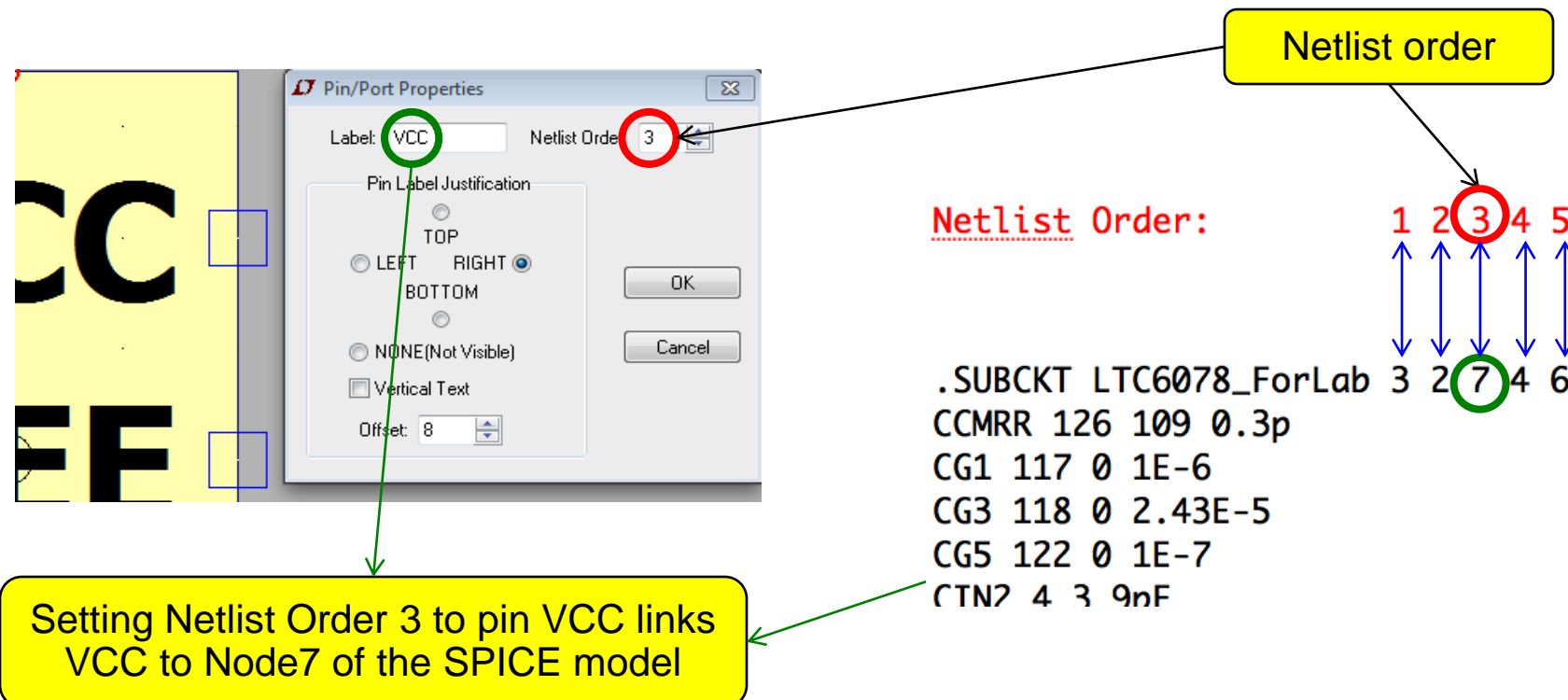
Symbol Editing – Drafting and Adding Pins

- ▶ Drafting [Draw menu]:
 - Use Draw to sketch the symbol
- ▶ Add Pin/Port [Edit menu]:
 - The "Pin Label Position" determines how the pin label is presented (text justification).
 - Label: If the symbol represents ...
 - a SPICE primitive element or a subcircuit from a library, then the pin label has no direct electrical impact on the circuit.
 - the lower-level schematic of a hierarchical schematic, then the pin name is significant as the name of a net in the lower level schematic.
 - The "Netlist Order" determines the order this pin is netlisted for SPICE



Symbol Editing – Pins and Netlist order

- ▶ "Netlist Order" determines the order this pin is netlisted for SPICE
 - It links a pin to a node of a SPICE model
 - The left most node in the model definition is associated to the 1st position of the netlist order and increments as such until the right most node corresponds to the last netlist order position.



Managing Libraries

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LTspice Standard Library Files

- RCL Libraries (easy to edit and expand)
 - standard.res
 - standard.cap
 - standard.ind
 - standard.bead
- Intrinsic Device Libraries (more complicated to edit and expand)
 - standard.dio
 - standard.bjt
 - standard.mos
 - standard.jft

File path for standard library files:
C:\Program Files\LTC\LTspiceXVII\lib\cmp

Custom entries into the standard library files
will not be removed by a Sync Release.
See caveat on next page.

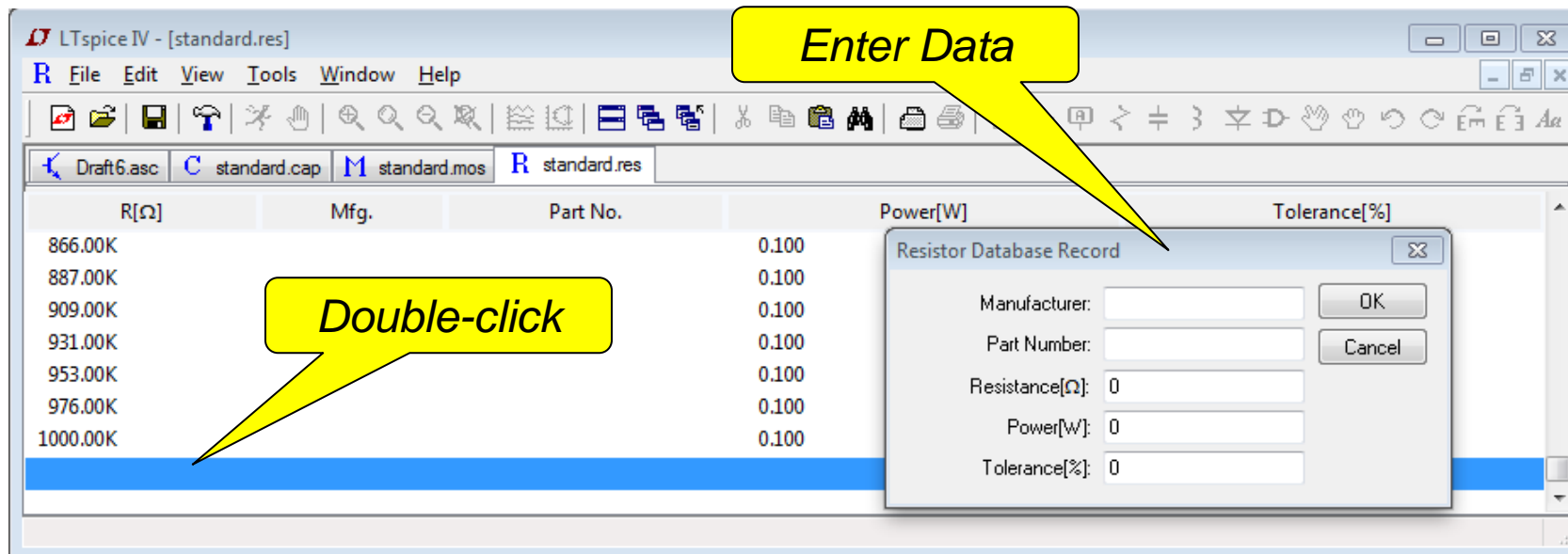
Managing Standard Library Files

- ▶ Open the library file you want to edit using LTspice
- ▶ Custom entries into the standard library files will not be removed by a Sync Release but...
- ▶ A fresh re-installation of LTspice will delete the entire content of the standard library files
 - Not recommended unless you archive your installation

Managing Resistor, Inductor, and Capacitor Database Files

To add an entry to an RLC library file:

- Scroll to the end of the library file
- Double-click right below the last row of data (empty row)
- Fill-in the fields in the “Database record” pop-up window



Managing RLC Database Files

- To add multiple entries using a spreadsheet:

The image shows a workflow for adding multiple entries to an RLC database. On the left, a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet (Workbook1) displays a table of capacitor data. A yellow callout bubble points to the data, stating: "Enter data in spreadsheet. Column sequence is important". The data in the spreadsheet is as follows:

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |
|---|-----|-----|-----------------|---|-----|---|-------|---|
| 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | 3.3 | TDK | C2012X5ROJ X5R | | 6.3 | 0 | 0.006 | |
| 3 | 4.7 | TDK | C2012X5ROJ X5R | | 6.3 | 0 | 0.003 | |
| 4 | 4.7 | TDK | C3216X5RIA4 X5R | | 10 | 0 | 0.003 | |
| 5 | 10 | TDK | C3216X5ROJ X5R | | 6.3 | 0 | 0.001 | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | | | | |

A red box highlights the data rows 2 through 5. A red arrow points from this box to the LTspice IV interface on the right. The LTspice IV window (standard.cap) shows a table of capacitor data. A yellow callout bubble points to the table, stating: "Copy and paste data to standard library file". The table in LTspice IV is as follows:

| C[μF] | Mfg. | Part No. | Value | IRMS[A] | Rser[Ω] | Lser[mH] |
|--------|----------------|-------------------------------|-------|---------|---------|----------|
| 56.00 | United Chemi-C | LXF50VB560M6XAL | 50.0 | 0.366 | 0.280 | 0 |
| 560.00 | United Chemi-C | LXF50VB561M | 50.0 | 1.715 | 0.039 | 0 |
| 680.00 | United Chemi-C | LXF50VB680M8XAL electrolytic | 50.0 | 1.885 | 0.033 | 0 |
| 82.00 | United Chemi-C | LXF50VB820M8XAL electrolytic | 50.0 | 0.500 | 0.160 | 0 |
| 820.00 | United Chemi-C | LXF50VB821M12 AL electrolytic | 50.0 | 2.030 | 0.029 | 0 |
| 820.00 | United Chemi-C | LXF50VB821M16 AL electrolytic | 50.0 | 1.875 | 0.034 | 0 |

A red box highlights the bottom row of the LTspice IV table, indicating where the data from the spreadsheet should be pasted.

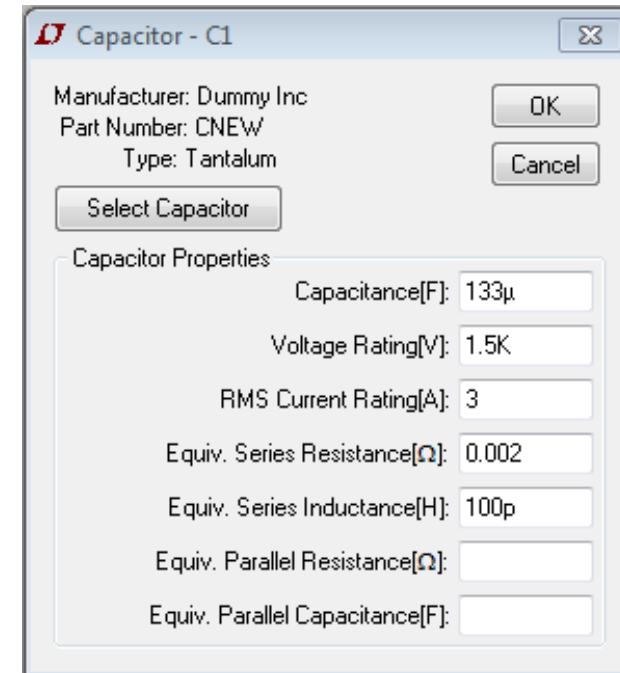
This technique works well with data from parametric tables or datasheet tables.

Managing RLC Libraries

1.) Add a new tantalum capacitor which has the following characteristics to the standard.cap library:

- Manufacturer: Dummy Inc.
- Part number: CNEW
- Capacitance: 133uF
- Voltage: 1500V
- RMS Current: 3A
- ESR: 2mOhm
- Parasitic inductance: 0.1nH

2.) Place CNEW on a LTspice schematic and verify that its parameters match the ones listed above.



Adding a Device To An Intrinsic Device Library File (Eg Diode, Transistor, FET)

1.) Download or create a .model statement

.SUBCKT is not a valid model to add to an LTspice Intrinsic device library

If the .model statement is not available for that .SUBCKT model, then it must be created.

2.) Copy the .model statement

The syntax must be:

.model <modelname> <type> (<parameter list>)

where <type> can be:

- D: Diode
- NPN, PNP: Bipolar Transistors
- NJF, PJF: N and P-Channel JFET transistors
- VDMOS: Vertical Double Diffused Power MOSFET
- Other MOS types are available but not as widely used in the standard.mos library (refer to LTspiceHelp for additional details)

Managing Intrinsic Device Libraries

To add a device to an Intrinsic Device library file (cont.):

In LTspice open up the library file, scroll to the end of the library file, and paste the copied .model statement into an empty row.

(Optional) Annotate the .model statement with part ratings & manufacturer specifics. This information is displayed in the schematic capture GUI to assist in selecting a device but does not directly impact the electrical behavior in simulation.

- Available part ratings / mfg information to add are:
 - Diode: Vpk= [V], Iave= [A], mfg= [name], type= [name]
 - MOS: Vds= [V], Ron= [ohm], Qg= [C], mfg= [name]
 - Bipolar: Vceo= [V], Icrating= [A], mfg= [name]
 - JFET: mfg= [name]
- Annotated model example:

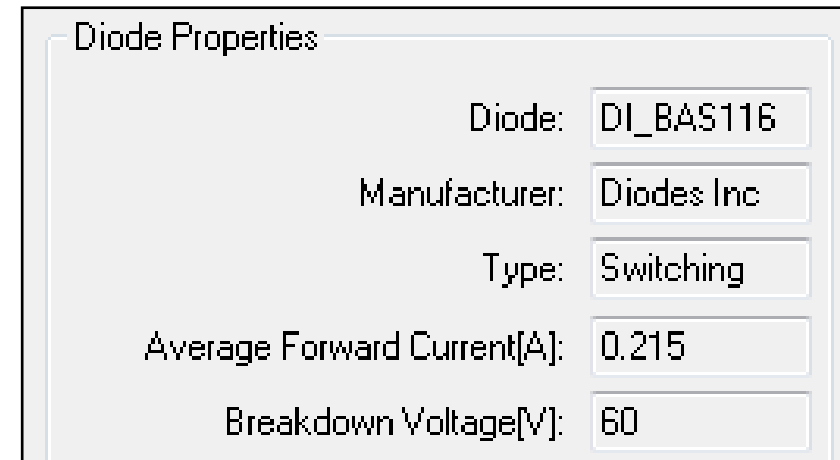
`.model BZX84C12L D(Is=.6n Rs=.5 Cjo=150p nbv=5 bv=12 lbv=1m Vpk=12 mfg=OnSemi type=Zener)`

The diagram illustrates the structure of the .model statement. A red bracket underlines the entire statement. Below it, three yellow boxes with black borders are connected to the statement by lines. The first box, labeled "<modelname> <type>", points to "BZX84C12L D". The second box, labeled "<electrical parameters>", points to "(Is=.6n Rs=.5 Cjo=150p nbv=5 bv=12 lbv=1m". The third box, labeled "<GUI information>", points to "Vpk=12 mfg=OnSemi type=Zener)".

Managing Intrinsic Device Libraries

Add Diodes Inc's BAS116 diode model to the standard.dio library

- 1) The model can be copied from the file [DI_BAS116.txt](#)
- 2) Add the manufacturer information and part ratings that will be displayed in the schematic capture GUI
- 3) Open "DiodeLibraryExample.asc" and follow the steps listed to verify the newly added model
- 4) Verify that the "Diode Properties" window looks like this:



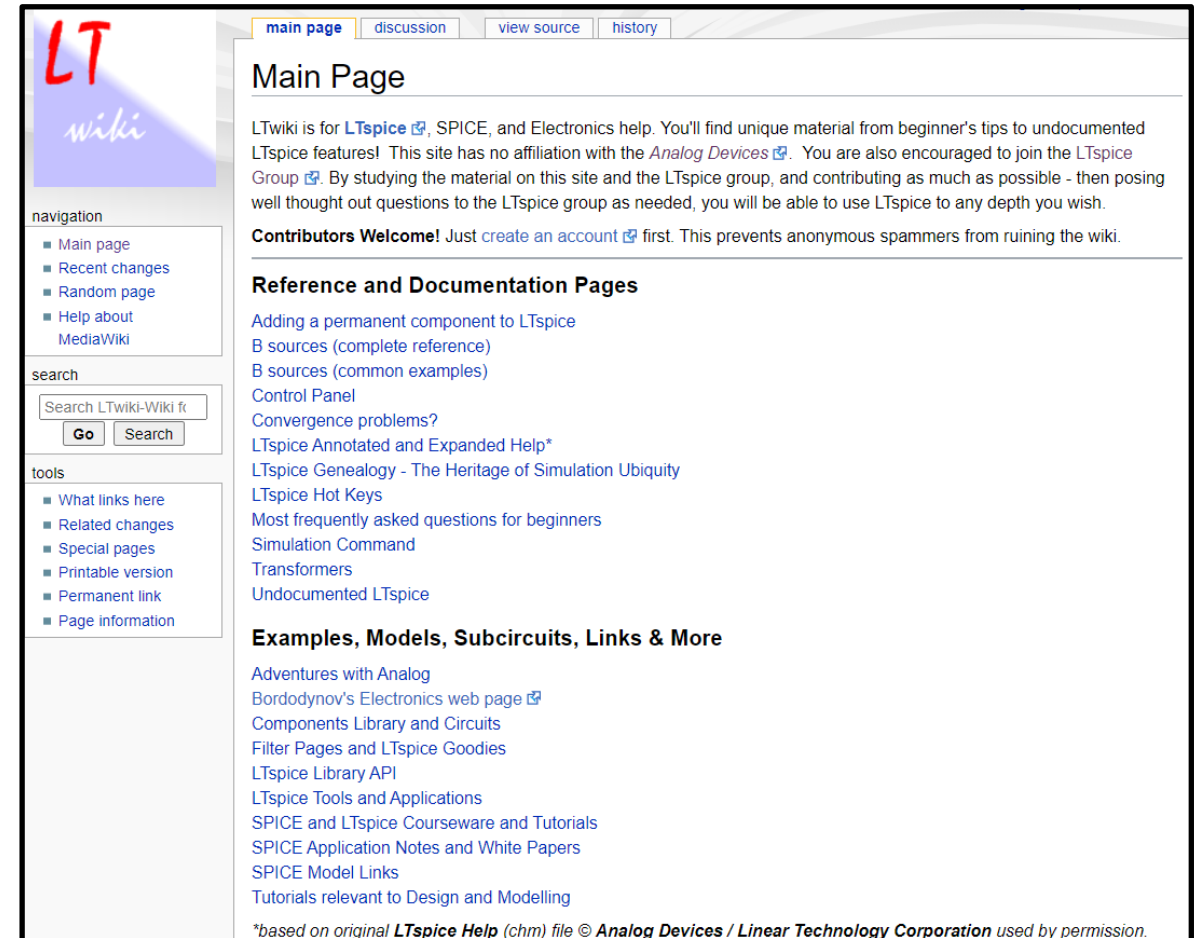
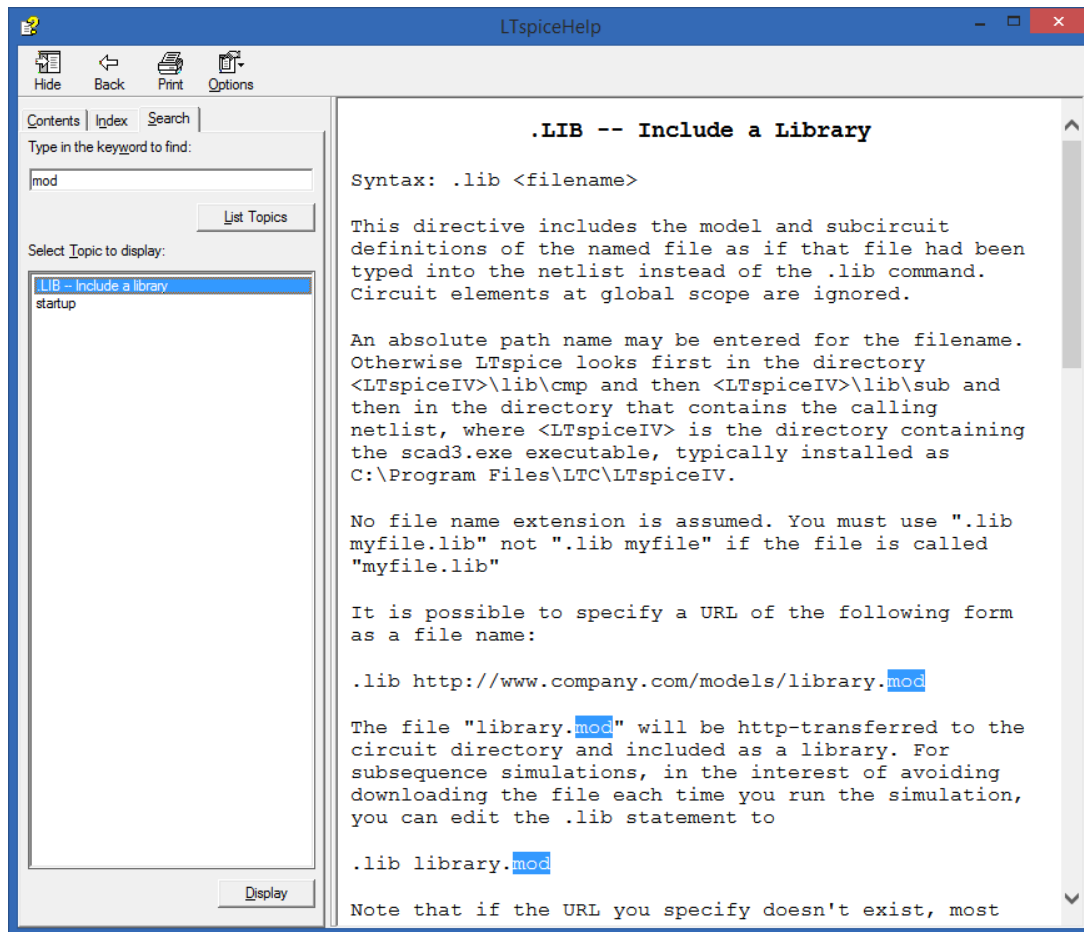
The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Diode Properties". It contains five input fields arranged in a list:

- Diode: DI_BAS116
- Manufacturer: Diodes Inc
- Type: Switching
- Average Forward Current[A]: 0.215
- Breakdown Voltage[V]: 60

Quick Review of Additional Resources and Support

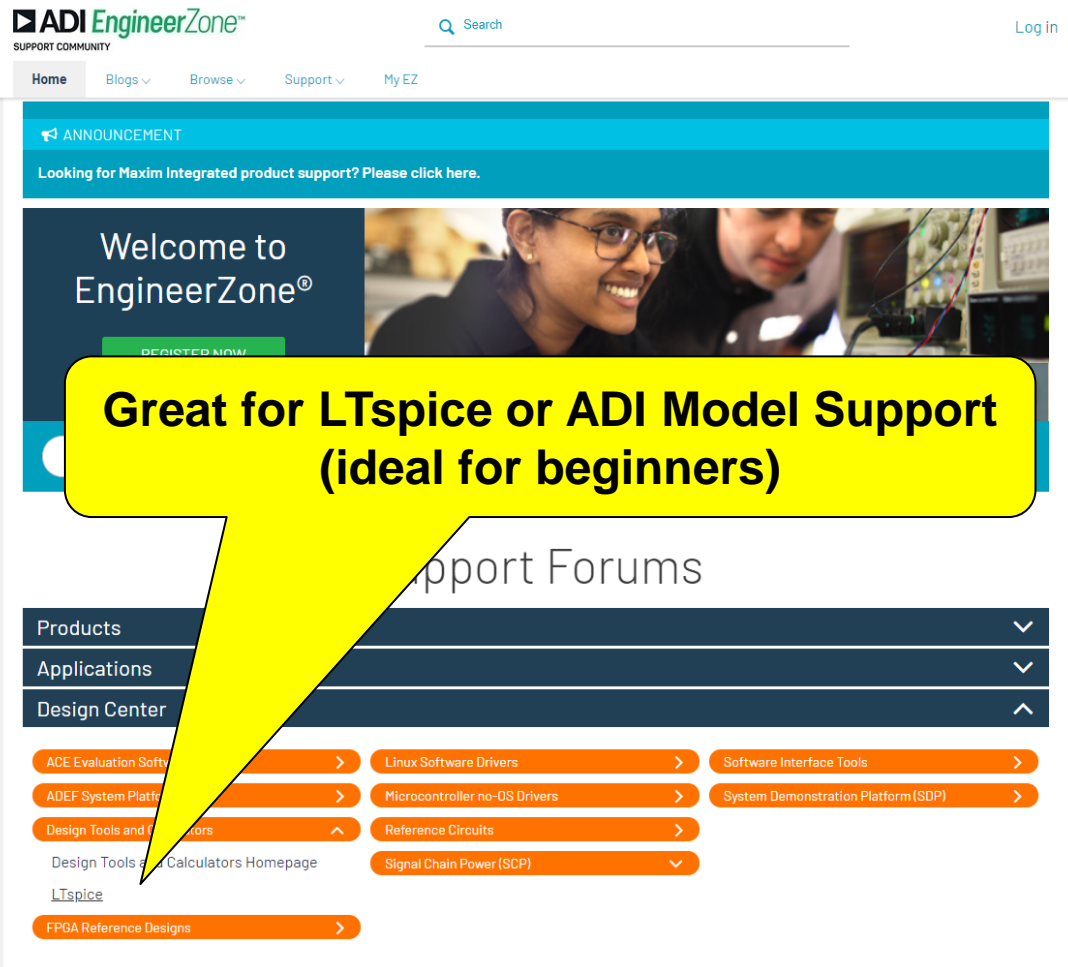
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LTspice Help File (F1) and Independent LTwiki.org

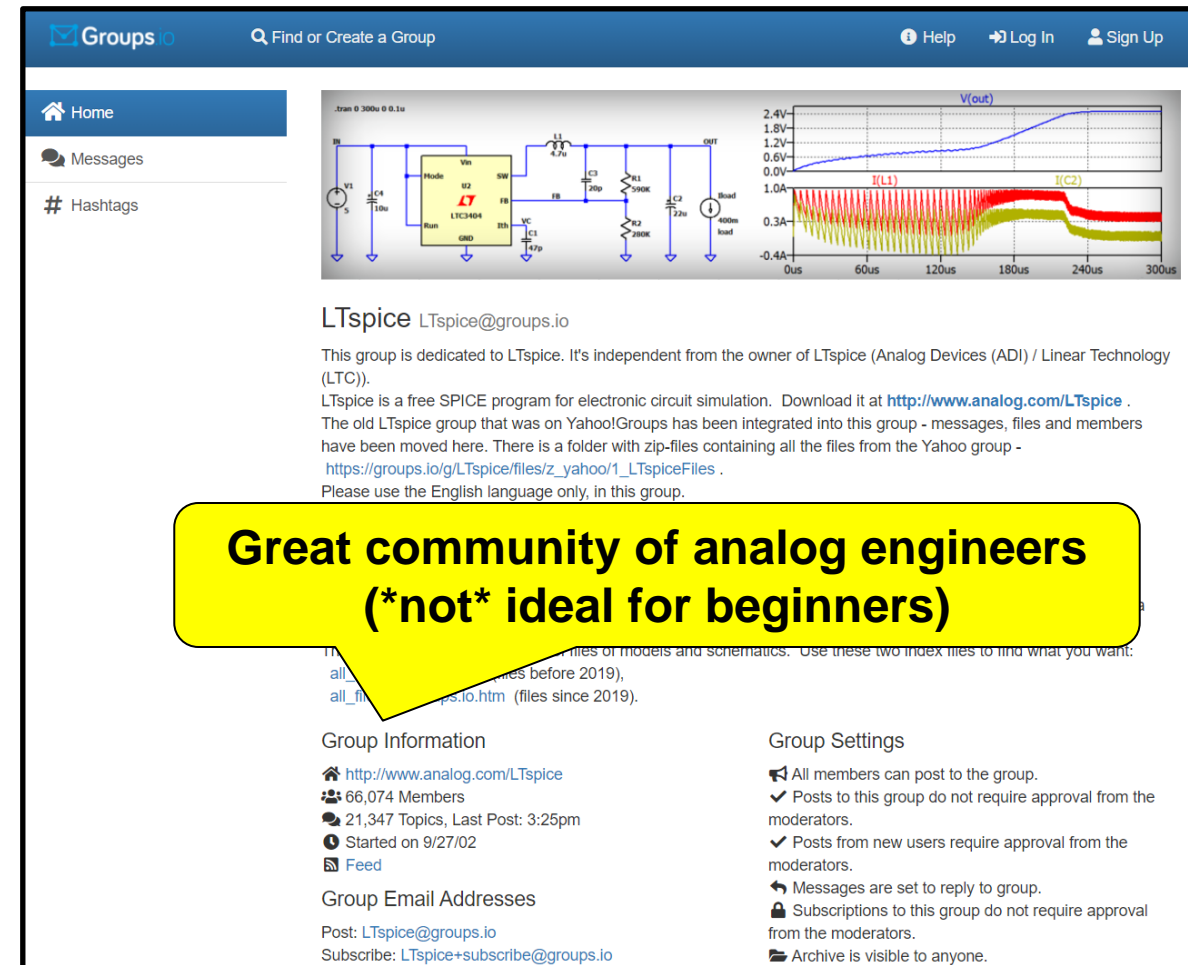


EngineerZone LTspice Forum and Independent User Group

<https://ez.analog.com/>



groups.io/g/LTspice



Shortcut Keys Flyer, Getting Started Guide, Tutorials & Technical Articles

www.analog.com/LTspice

Documentation

Additional support for LTspice can be found within our documentation, including keyboard shortcuts and a visual guide.

[LTspice Information Flyer & Shortcuts \(PDF\)](#)

[Mac OS X Shortcuts \(PDF\)](#)

[Get Up and Running with LTspice](#)

LTspice Technical Articles & Videos

Our extensive collection of technical resources tackles a wide range of LTspice topics, like keyboard shortcuts, evaluating electrical quantities, and parametric plots.

[View our Technical Articles](#)

[LTspice Getting Started Tutorial](#)

[LTspice Essentials Tutorial](#)

[LTspice AC & Noise Analysis Tutorial](#)

| LTspice HotKeys | | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Schematic | Symbol | Waveform |
| Modes | ESC – Exit Mode | ESC – Exit Mode | |
| | F3 – Draw Wire | | |
| | F5 – Delete | F5 – Delete | F5 – Delete |
| | F6 – Duplicate | F6 – Duplicate | |
| | F7 – Move | F7 – Move | |
| | F8 – Drag | F8 – Drag | |
| | F9 – Undo | F9 – Undo | F9 – Undo |
| | Shift+F9 – Redo | Shift+F9 – Redo | Shift+F9 – Redo |
| | Ctrl+Z – Zoom Area | Ctrl+Z – Zoom Area | Ctrl+Z – Zoom Area |
| | Ctrl+B – Zoom Back | Ctrl+B – Zoom Back | Ctrl+B – Zoom Back |
| View | Space – Zoom Fit | | |
| | Ctrl+Q – Toggle Grid | | Ctrl+G – Goto Line # |
| | U – Mark Uncon. Pins | Ctrl+W – Attribute Window | |
| | A – Mark Text Anchors | Ctrl+A – Attribute Editor | |
| | Alt+Click – Power | | Ctrl+Y – Vertical Autorange |
| | Ctrl+Click – Attr. Edit | | Ctrl+Click – Average |
| | Ctrl+H – Halt Simulation | | Ctrl+H – Halt Simulation |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Place | R – Resistor | R – Rectangle | |
| | C – Capacitor | C – Circle | |
| | L – Inductor | L – Line | |
| | D – Diode | A – Arc | |
| | G – GND | | |
| | S – Spice Directive | | |
| | T – Text | T – Text | |
| | F2 – Component | | |
| | F4 – Label Net | | |
| | Ctrl+E – Mirror | Ctrl+E – Mirror | |
| Command Line Switches | Ctrl+R – Rotate | Ctrl+R – Rotate | |
| | | | |
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| | | | |
| Simulator Directives – Dot Commands | | | |
| Command | Short Description | | |
| AC | Perform a Small Signal AC Analysis | | |
| BACKANNO | Annotate Subcircuit Pin Names on Port Currents | | |
| DC | Perform a DC Source Sweep Analysis | | |
| END | End of Netlist | | |
| ENDS | End of Subcircuit Definition | | |
| FOUR | Compute a Fourier Component | | |
| FUNC | User Defined Functions | | |
| FERRET | Download a File Given the URL | | |
| GLOBAL | Declare Global Nodes | | |
| IC | Set Initial Conditions | | |
| INCLUDE | Include another File | | |
| LIB | Include a Library | | |
| LOADBIAS | Load a Previously Solved DC Solution | | |
| MEASURE | Evaluate User-Defined Electrical Quantities | | |
| MODEL | Define a SPICE Model | | |
| NET | Compute Network Parameters in a .AC Analysis | | |
| NOISESET | Supply Hints for Initial DC Solution | | |
| NOISE | Perform a Noise Analysis | | |
| OP | Find the DC Operating Point | | |
| OPTIONS | Set Simulator Options | | |
| PARAM | User-Defined Parameters | | |
| SAVE | Limit the Quantity of Saved Data | | |
| SAVEBIAS | Save Operating Point to Disk | | |
| STEP | Parameter Sweeps | | |
| SUBCKT | Define a Subcircuit | | |
| TEMP | Temperature Sweeps | | |
| TF | Find the DC Small-Signal Transfer Function | | |
| TRAN | Do a Nonlinear Transient Analysis | | |
| .WAVE | Write Selected Nodes to a .WAV file | | |
| Suffix | Suffix | Constants | |
| T | 1e12 | f | 1e-15 |
| G | 1e9 | p | 1e-12 |
| Meg | 1e6 | n | 1e-9 |
| K | 1e3 | u | 1e-6 |
| | M | m | 1e-3 |
| | Mill | 25.4e-6 | |
| | | TRUE | 1 |
| | | FALSE | 0 |

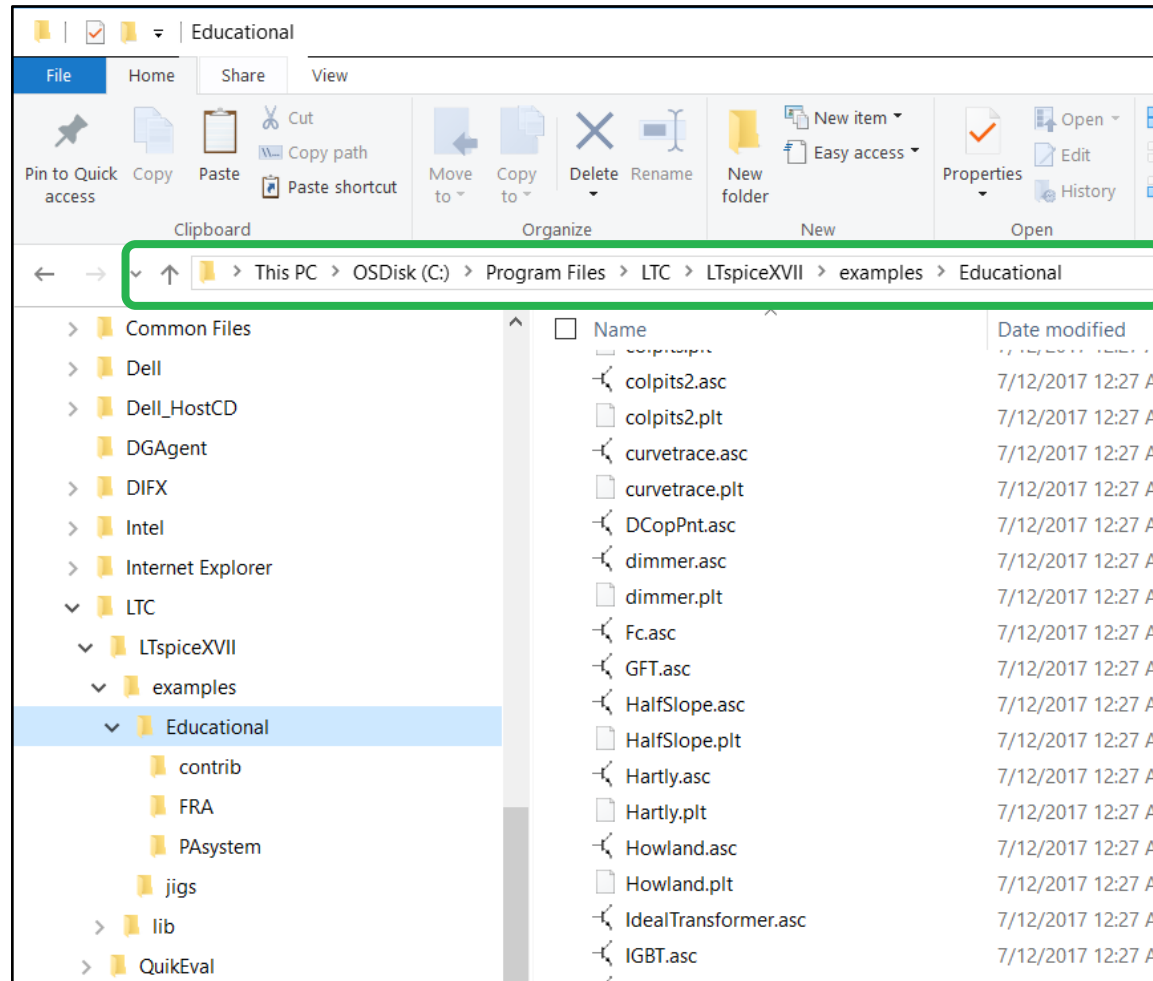
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LTspice Examples and Demo Circuits



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LTspice® Demo Circuits

LTspice® is a powerful, fast and free simulation software, schematic capture and waveform viewer with enhancements and models for improving the simulation of analog circuits. LTspice provides macromodels for most of Analog Devices' switching regulators, linear regulators, amplifiers, as well as a library of devices for general circuit simulation. Selected Analog Devices devices also have demonstration circuits available for free download. These demo circuits are designed to ensure proper performance and have been reviewed by Analog Devices' factory applications group. Follow the instructions below to run the demo circuits in LTspice.

Launching LTspice Demo Circuits

- **Step 1:** Download and install [LTspice](#) on your computer.
- **Step 2:** Click on the link in the section below to download a specific demonstration circuit.
- **Step 3:** If LTspice does not automatically open after clicking the link below, you can instead run the simulation by right clicking on the link and selecting "Save Target As." After saving the file to your computer, start LTspice and open the demonstration circuit by selecting 'Open' from the 'File' menu.

[Download a zip file containing the complete collection of demo circuits shown below.](#)

| Search: <input type="text"/> | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|---|
| Product | Posted Date | Demonstration Circuit |
| <input type="text"/> | 2021 | <input type="text"/> |
| LT3942 | 9/7/2021 | LT3942 - 5A LED Flash, 2MHz Buck-Boost Cap Charger w/ 1A Input Current Limit + Low-Side Current Sink, 30Hz PWM Frequency - 1ms PWM Pulse Width. |
| LT8337 | 9/30/2021 | LT8337 - 28V, 5A Low IQ Synchronous Step-Up Silent Switcher with PassThru. Input: 2.7V to 28V, Output: 12V @ 1.33A, Fsw = 2MHz. |
| LT8386 | 9/27/2021 | LT8386 Example Circuit - LT8386 60V 3A Silent Switcher Synchronous Step-Up LED Driver Buck-Boost Mode Flash Application |
| LT8357 | 9/2/2021 | LT8357 Demo Circuit - 60V 200kHz Low IQ Boost, SEPIC and Flyback Controller with Spread Spectrum Low EMI and Low IQ Boost Regulator |

LTspice Technical Support on Software Bugs and ADI Models

► LTspice@analog.com

- Please provide the following details and attach your LTspice schematic file (.asc), project file (.plt), and any non-standard model and symbol files (.asy, .lib, .txt, etc.)
 - Full Name:
 - Organization:
 - Phone Number:
 - Application:
 - Primary ADI Parts:
 - Detailed Description:

If you have an issue with a third-party model,
please contact that vendor for support!

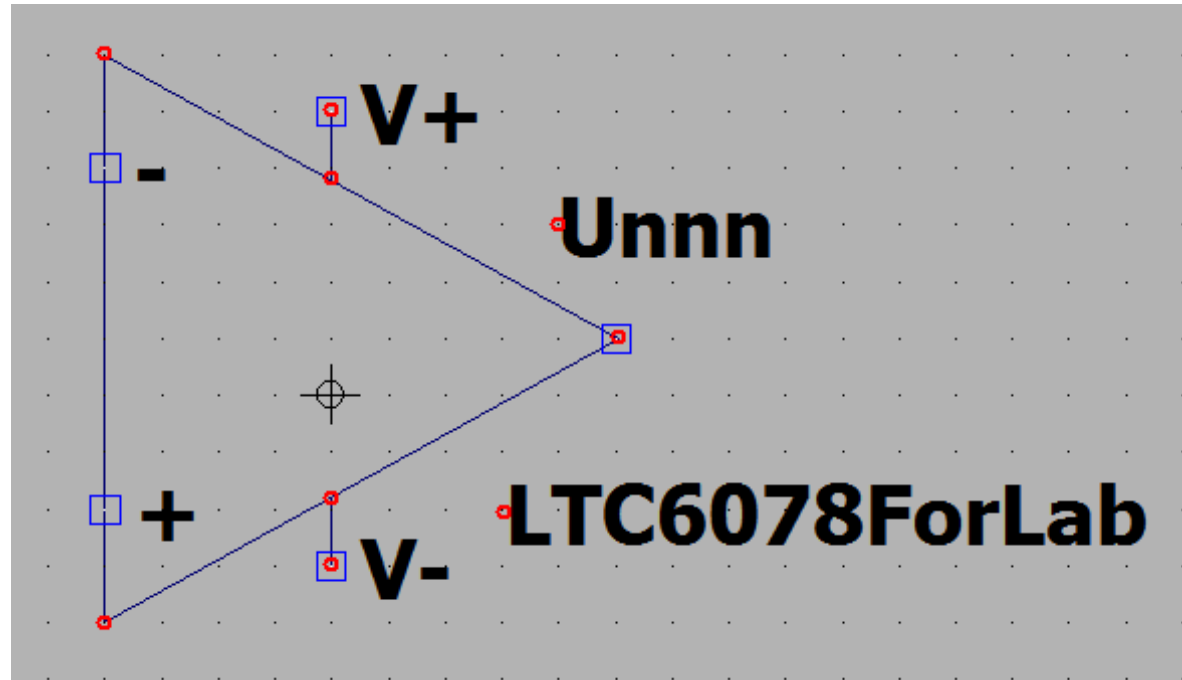
Homework

LTspice

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Homework

- Modify the previously generated LTC6078ForLab symbol so it looks like an op amp



- Once completed, reuse the “LTC6078TestCircuit.asc” circuit to verify the symbol is still functional



AHEAD OF WHAT'S POSSIBLE™

Happy Simulations!

LTSPICE@ANALOG.COM

A large, glowing blue and green image of an Analog Devices microchip. The chip is shown from a top-down perspective, with its intricate circuitry and pins visible. The Analog Devices logo is prominently displayed on the chip's surface. The background is a dark blue gradient with faint, glowing circuit patterns and binary digits (0s and 1s) scattered throughout.

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