

Integration of determinant of jacobian for Kelly and Alan

Determinant incorrectly multiplied by -1 instead of taking the absolute value:

$$\begin{aligned} & (abc)\rho^2 \cos^2(\varphi) \cos^2(\theta) \sin(\varphi) \\ & + (abc)\rho^2 \cos^2(\varphi) \sin^2(\theta) \sin(\varphi) \\ & + (abc)\rho^2 \cos^2(\theta) \sin^3(\varphi) + (abc)\rho^2 \sin^3(\varphi) \sin^2(\theta) \end{aligned}$$

Simplifying using trig identities:

$$\begin{aligned} & (abc)\rho^2 \sin(\varphi) \cos^2(\varphi) [\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta)] + (abc)\rho^2 \sin^3(\varphi) [\cos^2(\theta) + \sin^2(\theta)] \\ & (abc)\rho^2 \sin(\varphi) \cos^2(\varphi) + (abc)\rho^2 \sin^3(\varphi) \\ & (abc)\rho^2 \sin(\varphi) [\cos^2(\varphi) + \sin^2(\varphi)] \\ & (abc)\rho^2 \sin(\varphi) \end{aligned}$$

Triple Integral:

$$Volume = \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} \int_{\varphi_1}^{\varphi_2} \int_0^1 [(abc)\rho^2 \sin(\varphi)] d\rho d\varphi d\theta$$

$$V = abc \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} \int_{\varphi_1}^{\varphi_2} \sin(\varphi) \int_0^1 [\rho^2] d\rho d\varphi d\theta$$

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$$V = abc \int_{\theta_1}^{2\pi} \int_{\varphi_1}^{\varphi_2} \sin(\varphi) d\varphi d\theta \left[ \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) \rho^3 \right] \Bigg|_0^1 \quad \left[ \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) (1)^3 - \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) (0)^3 \right] = \frac{1}{3} \text{ This is why } \rho \text{ goes away}$$

$$V = \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) abc \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} \int_{\varphi_1}^{\varphi_2} \sin(\varphi) d\varphi d\theta$$

$$V = \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) abc \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} d\theta [-\cos(\varphi)] \Bigg|_{\varphi_1}^{\varphi_2}$$

$$V = \left( \frac{1}{3} \right) abc (-\cos(\varphi_2) + \cos(\varphi_1)) \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} d\theta$$

Symbolic integration

$$V = -\left( \frac{1}{3} \right) abc (\cos(\varphi_2) - \cos(\varphi_1)) \int_{\theta_1}^{\theta_2} d\theta$$

Factor out a -1

$$V = -\left( \frac{1}{3} \right) abc [\cos(\varphi_2) - \cos(\varphi_1)] [\theta_2 - \theta_1]$$

Final algorithm

