

CS2400 Project#1 (100 Points)  
Fall - 2019  
Instructor: Tannaz R.Damavandi  
**Due Date: Friday - 10/04/2019 at 11:59 pm.**

**Purpose:**

1. Understand the interface and application of ADT Bags.
2. Understand the interface and application of ADT Stack.

**Task #1 (50 Pts.)**

Class rosters include primary information of students. In this task you will learn how to use ADT Bag to implement a class roster with unspecified size.

- **Step 1:** Use a **resizable array** to implement ADT Bag and write a java program to let the user add, drop and search for a specific student using student ID (**Duplication is not allowed**). Your program should also provide the user with the following options:
  - Class size
  - If class is full or empty
  - The number of students in the same academic level.
- In your program, define a java class called *Student* with the following data fields:  
*Student ID, first\_name, last\_name and academic level* with: *int* , *String*, *String* and *String* data types respectively. Note that **academic level can be: freshman, sophomore, junior or senior only**.
- **Step 2:** Repeat step 1, but use a **chain of linked nodes** instead of a resizable array.

**Task #2 (50 Pts.)**

We are used to write arithmetic expressions with the operator between the two operands:  $a + b$  or  $c \% d$ . If we write  $a + b * c$ , however, we have to apply precedence orders to avoid ambiguous evaluation. This type of expression is called **infix** expression. There are other two types of different but equivalent ways of writing expressions.

- **Infix:**  $X + Y$ : Operators are written in-between their operands. Infix expression needs extra information to make the order of evaluation of the operators clear: precedence and associativity, brackets ( ). For example,  $A * (B + C) / D$ .
- **Postfix:**  $X Y +$ : Operators are written after their operands. The above infix expression should be written as  $A B C + * D /$
- **Prefix:**  $+ X Y$ : Operators are written before their operands. The above infix expression should be written as  $/ * A + B C D$

Implement the ADT stack using a **resizable array**, a **linked chain**, and a **vector** to implement two methods that can convert an *infix* expression entered by the user to its equivalent *postfix* and *prefix* expressions. Your program should ask the user to enter the *infix* expression. Once the user hits ENTER; your program should:

- **Step1:** Check whether the infix expression is balanced or not (use the algorithm *checkBalance* at the end of this file).
- **Step 2:** If step 1 is successful, return both *prefix* and *postfix* expressions of the *infix* expression; otherwise throw an error and ask the user for a balanced infix expression.

**What to Submit?**

1. Java source codes for each task combined with executable.jar files. (**Please comment your code properly**)
2. A detailed report and explanation together with your program's output.
3. Readme.txt (Please describe how to run your code)
4. Please zip all documents as yourname\_project1.zip and submit it on blackboard.

**Discussion among students is encouraged, but I expect each student to hand in original work.**

## The algorithm *checkBalance*

*Algorithm checkBalance(expression)*

*// Returns true if the parentheses, brackets, and braces in an expression are paired correctly.*

```
isBalanced = true
while ((isBalanced == true) and not at end of expression)
{
    nextCharacter = next character in expression
    switch (nextCharacter)
    {
        case '(': case '[': case '{':
            Push nextCharacter onto stack
            break

        case ')': case ']': case '}':
            if (stack is empty)
                isBalanced = false
            else
            {
                openDelimiter = top entry of stack
                Pop stack
                isBalanced = true or false according to whether openDelimiter and
                           nextCharacter are a pair of delimiters
            }
            break
    }
}

if (stack is not empty)
    isBalanced = false
return isBalanced
```