20CYS312 - Principles of Programming Languages Exploring Programming Paradigms

Assignment-01

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Outline

- Logic Paradigm
- ASP.NET
- 3 Logic Paradigm in ASP.NET
- Scripting Paradigm
- PowerShell
- Scripting Paradigm in PowerShell
- **7** Comparison and Discussions





Logic Paradigm

- Relationships and rules to derive conclusions through logical inference.
- Logic Rules: A set of rules and facts express relationships and conditions.
- Queries: Statements to be proven or satisfied based on defined rules.
- Inference Engine: Mechanism that executes rules to derive conclusions.
- Ex: Prolog
- Applications:
 - Knowledge representation in Artificial Intelligence.
 - Database query languages.
 - Symbolic mathematics and theorem proving.



ASP.NET

- Building dynamic web applications.
- Server-Side Scripting: ASP.NET uses languages like C to implement logic on the server.
- Event-Driven Logic: Handles user interactions and system events.
- Code-Behind Files: Logic is embedded within code-behind files associated with web pages.
- Strengths:
 - Robust event handling for responsive user interfaces.
 - Seamless integration with databases and server-side logic.
- Applications:
 - E-commerce platforms.
 - Enterprise-level web applications.
 - Content management systems.



Logic Paradigm in ASP.NET

Server-Side Scripting:

- ASP.NET leverages languages like C and VB.NET for server-side logic.
- Logic is executed on the server before sending the response to the client.

• Event-Driven Programming:

- Logic is triggered by events like button clicks, page loads, etc.
- Enables dynamic and interactive web applications.

Code-Behind Files:

- Logic is organized in separate files associated with web pages.
- Enhances maintainability and separation of concerns.



Scripting Paradigm

- Quick and flexible programming to automate tasks and solve specific problems.
- Rapid Development: Suitable for quick development cycles and prototyping.
- Task Automation: Commonly used for automating repetitive tasks.
- Simplicity and Readability: Prioritizes easy-to-read and concise code.
- Ex: Python, Ruby, JavaScript, among others.
- Applications:
 - System administration and automation.
 - Rapid prototyping and development.
 - Embedded scripting in applications.



PowerShell

- Task automation framework and scripting language designed for system administration and automation.
- Integration with .NET: Access to .NET libraries for enhanced capabilities.
- Pipeline: Connects cmdlets for efficient data flow.
- Script Blocks: Encapsulates a series of commands for reuse.
- Applications:
 - System administration and configuration.
 - DevOps automation and scripting in pipelines.
 - Task automation on Windows and cross-platform.



Scripting Paradigm in PowerShell

Dynamic Typing:

- Variable types determined at runtime for flexibility.
- Requires careful management to avoid unexpected behavior.

Rapid Development:

- Well-suited for quick iterations and development cycles.
- Ideal for automating repetitive tasks with concise scripts.

• Examples:

- User management, file operations, and system configurations.
- Integration in DevOps pipelines for deployment and testing.
- Efficient text processing with regular expressions.



Comparison and Discussions

• Logic Paradigm vs. Scripting Paradigm:

- Logic paradigm emphasizes rules and relationships for logical inference.
- Scripting paradigm focuses on quick and flexible programming for task automation.

ASP.NET vs. PowerShell:

- ASP.NET integrates logic for web development with server-side scripting.
- PowerShell provides a powerful scripting framework for system administration and automation

Considerations for Choosing:

- Project requirements, complexity, and development goals.
- Integration with existing systems and technologies.
- Team expertise and familiarity with the paradigm.



References

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