# Chapter 1: Cell Injury, Cell Death, and Adaptations



#### Outline

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Necrosis
- 3 Apoptosis
- 4 Cellular Adaptations
- 5 Intracellular Accumulations
- 6 Summary



# Introduction

Introduction

•0

#### Introduction

Introduction

- Understanding cell injury, death, and adaptations is crucial for
- This chapter explores the mechanisms and implications of

## **Necrosis**

#### **Necrosis**

- Necrosis is a form of cell death characterized by cell membrane breakdown, organelle swelling, and rupture.
- It leads to inflammation in surrounding tissue.

### Causes of Necrosis

Necrosis

00000

■ Caused by external factors like toxins, infections, or trauma.

# Types of Necrosis

■ Types include coagulative, liquefactive, caseous, and fat necrosis.

### Example of Necrosis

■ Example: Coagulative necrosis often occurs in the heart after a myocardial infarction, where lack of oxygen leads to cell death.

# **Apoptosis**

Summary

- Apoptosis is programmed cell death, crucial for removing damaged or unnecessary cells.
- Characterized by cell shrinkage, chromatin condensation, and apoptotic bodies formation.

# Characteristics of Apoptosis

Does not initiate inflammation.



# Example of Apoptosis

■ **Example:** The elimination of webbing between fetal fingers and toes is a natural occurrence of apoptosis.



# Cellular Adaptations

### Cellular Adaptations

 Adaptations include changes in size (atrophy, hypertrophy), number (hyperplasia), form (metaplasia), and function.



- Atrophy: Decrease in cell size or number, e.g., in unused
- Hypertrophy: Increase in cell size, e.g., in heart muscle due to

# More on Adaptations

■ Metaplasia: Change of one cell type to another, e.g., in the

## Example of Adaptation

**Example:** Hyperplasia occurs in the endometrium during the

#### Intracellular Accumulations

- Buildup of substances cells can't use or dispose of.
- Examples include lipids in liver cells, proteins in kidney tubule

### Example of Intracellular Accumulations

**Example:** Fatty liver disease results from the accumulation of



# Summary

Summary •00

### Summary

- This chapter covered the fundamental concepts of cell injury,
- Understanding these processes is essential for diagnosing and
- We explored necrosis, apoptosis, cellular adaptations, and

### Thank You

Thank you for your attention!

Questions?