4-Wire Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) Controlled Fans

Specification

July 2004

Revision 1.2

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Revision History

Revision Number	Description	Revision Date
0.5	Initial Release Internal Only	June 2003
1.0	Initial Release Public	Nov 2003
1.1	Corrected Tachometer input signal, added definitions to operating modes	Dec 2003
1.2	Corrected Section 2.4 PWM input parameter	July 2004

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

This specification defines the intended operation of a fan that implements the Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) control signal on the 4-wire fan interface. The introduction of 4 wire PWM controlled fans is a means to reduce the overall system acoustics. The expectation is a 4 wire PWM controlled fan when properly implemented will be significantly quieter than a similar 3 wire fan.

Introduction

2 Electrical Specifications

2.1 Voltage

Fan operating voltage shall be within the range 12 V ± 1.2 V.

2.2 Current

Peak fan current draw during start-up operation (with 13.2 V applied, with fan operating in the free stream condition) shall not exceed 2.0 A.

Fan current spike during start-up operation (with 13.2 V applied, with fan operating in the free stream condition) shall be allowed to exceed 1.0 A for a duration of no greater than 1.0 sec.

2.3 Tachometer Output Signal

Fan shall provide tachometer output signal with the following characteristics:

- Two pulses per revolution
- Open-collector or open-drain type output
- Motherboard will have a pull up to 12V, maximum 13.2V

2.4 PWM Control Input Signal

The following requirements are measured at the PWM (control) pin of the fan cable connector:

PWM Frequency: Target frequency 25 kHz, acceptable operational range 21 kHz to 28 kHz

Maximum voltage for logic low: VIL = 0.8 V

Absolute maximum current sourced: Imax = 5 mA (short circuit current)

Absolute maximum voltage level: VMax = 5.25 V (open circuit voltage)

Electrical Specifications

3 Fan Speed Control

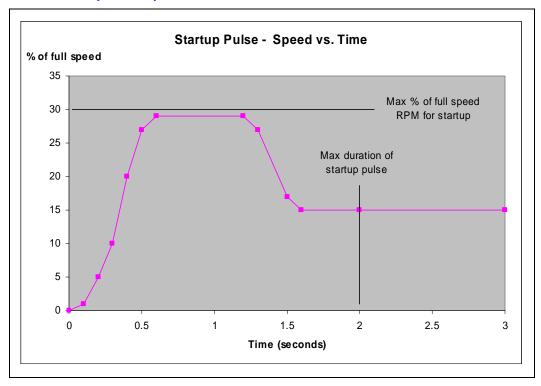
3.1 Maximum Fan Speed Requirements

The maximum fan speed shall be specified for the fan model by the vendor and correspond to 100% duty cycle PWM signal input.

3.2 Minimum Fan Speed Requirements

The vendor shall specify the minimum RPM and the corresponding PWM duty cycle. This specified minimum RPM shall be 30% of maximum RPM or less. The fan shall be able to start and run at this RPM. To allow a lower specified minimum RPM, it is acceptable to provide a higher PWM duty cycle to the fan motor for a short period of time for startup conditions. This pulse should not exceed 30% maximum RPM and should last no longer than 2 seconds. See Figure 1.

Figure 1 Minimum Fan Speed Requirements: Start Pulse



3.3 Fan Speed Response to PWM Control Input Signal

The PWM input shall be delivered to the fan through the control signal on Pin 4 (see Section 2.4). Fan speed response to this signal shall be a continuous and monotonic function of the duty cycle of the signal, from 100% to the minimum specified RPM. The fan RPM (as a percentage of maximum RPM) should match the PWM duty cycle within $\pm 10\%$. If no control signal is present the fan shall operate at maximum RPM. See Figure 2.

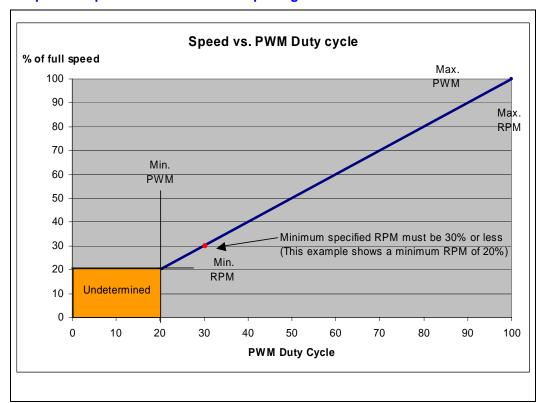


Figure 2 Fan Speed Response to PWM Control Input Signal

3.4 Operation below Minimum RPM

For all duty cycles less than the minimum duty cycle, the RPM shall not be greater than the minimum RPM. The following graphs and definitions show three recommended solutions to handle PWM duty cycles that are less than the minimum operational RPM, as a percentage of maximum.

In a Type A implementation the fan will run at minimum RPM for all PWM duty cycle values less than minimum duty cycle. The minimum fan speed is controlled by design and can not be overridden by the external fan speed controller. See Figure 3.

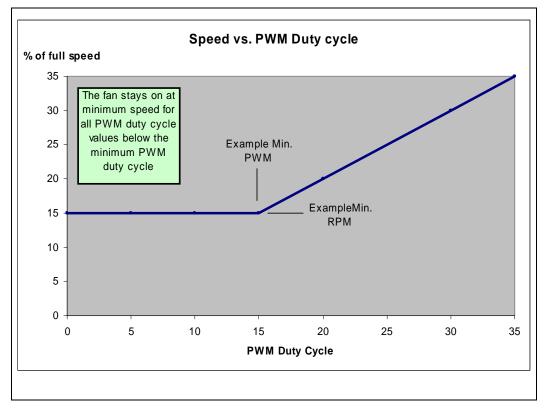


Figure 3 Type A Operation, Minimum RPM, Stay on at Minimum RPM

In a Type B implementation the fan will run at minimum RPM for all non-zero PWM duty cycle values less than minimum duty cycle and turn off the motor at 0% PWM duty cycle. See Figure 4.

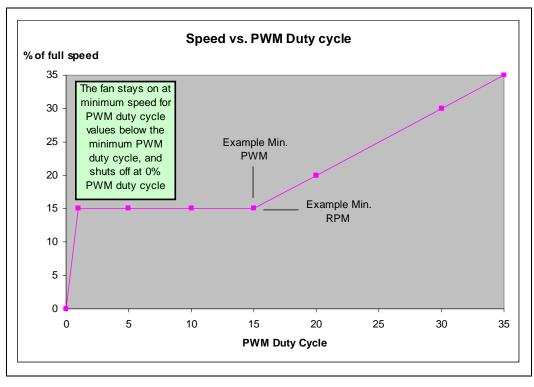


Figure 4 Type B Operation, Stay On at Minimum RPM, Off at 0% RPM

In Type C implementation the fan will stop running when the current provided to the motor windings is insufficient to support commutation. The fan should not be damaged from this. The fan would also turn off the motor at 0% PWM duty cycle input. See Figure 5.

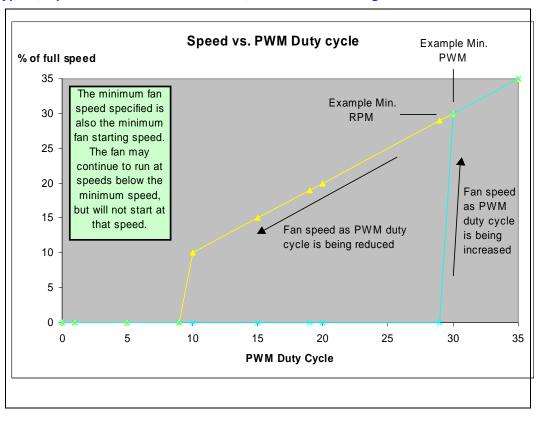


Figure 5 Type C, Operation below Minimum RPM, Min, RPM = Starting RPM

4 Required Features

4.1.1 Polarity Protection

Fan motor shall have polarity protection.

4.1.2 Rotor Lock Protection

Fan rotor shall have lock protection and auto-restart

4.1.3 Wire Length

To be specified in individual fan specification based on application

4.1.4 Wire Type

Wire type shall meet the following minimum qualifications: UL recognized appliance wiring, style UL1430, rated minimum 105C, 300V, 26 gauge.

4.1.5 Connector Housing

Wire shall be terminated with 4-pin connector housing, Wieson part number 2510C888-001, Molex 47054-1000 or equivalent. See Figure 6 for reference drawing

The intended mating header for this connector housing, is Wieson part number 2366C888-007 Molex 47053-1000, Foxconn HF27040-M1, Tyco 1470947-1 or equivalent See Figure 7 for reference drawing.

4.1.6 Fan Connector Pinout and Wiring Colors

Table 1 Connector Pinout

Pin	Function	Wire Color	
1	GND	Black	
2	12 V	Yellow	
3	Sense	Green	
4	Control	Blue	

Required Features

5 Environmental and Reliability

5.1.1 Operating Temperature

Fan shall be capable of sustaining normal operation over an ambient inlet temperature range of 0°C to 70 °C.

5.1.2 Non-operating Humidity

Fan shall be capable of sustaining normal operation at +55 °C / 85 %R.H.

5.1.3 Non-operating Thermal Cycling

Fan shall be capable of sustaining normal operation after being subjected to -5 °C to +70 °C for 1000 cycles; ramp = 20 °C/min; 10 min dwell.

5.1.4 Power Cycling

Fan shall be capable of sustaining normal operation after being subjected to 7,500 on/off cycles, each cycle specified as 3 minutes on, 2 minutes off at 70°C ambient temperature. The sample size is 12 units for this test.

5.1.5 Reliability

Mechanical wear out represents the highest risk reliability parameter for fans. The capability of the functional mechanical elements (ball bearing, shaft, and tower assembly) must be demonstrated to a minimum useful lifetime of 50,000 hours.

The fan must pass the reliability test criteria with the fan operating at rated voltage in a high temperature environment. Readouts include RPM, Icc and Noise. No infant mortality defects allowed.

Environmental and Reliability

6 Reference Drawings

The following pages contain reference drawings for the Connector Housing, and Baseboard Connector.

CORP. SANTA CLARA, CA 95052-8119 SCALE:4:1 DO NOT SCALE DRAWING NUMBER NOTES: - MATERIAL, NYLON 2. COUGH: IVORY 3. FLAMMABILITY:FINISHED PART SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM UL FLAMMABILITY RATING OF UL94V-0 4. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M. 4 PIN CONNECTOR DESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT -2X 6.08 PARTS MATERIAL: FINISH: SECTION A-A PART NUMBER DWG. INTERNEES OFFICIALS SPECIFIC MACES INTERNEES IN ACCOUNT OF THE WALL THE SECOND SAFET OF THE SAF THIRD ANGLE PROJECTION -003 -002 -001 ITEM NO OTY PER ASSY TOP \rightarrow 2.18-THIS DRAWING CONTAINS INTEL CORPORATION CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. IT IS DISCLOSED IN CONFIDENCE AND ITS CONTENTS MAY NOT BE DISCLOSED, REPRODUCED, DISPLAYED OR MODIFIED, WITHOUT THE PRIOR WRITTEN CONSENT OF INTEL CORPORATION. -5.084X 1.35 4X 1.35 -10.8 ± 0.3 12.9 5.34 0.13- \forall 3X 2.54 -(7.62±0.2) (COMBINED) - 66.1 1.85 □ PIN ONE 4 Ω <1C

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Figure 6 Connector Housing

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