

> Expand 3 to 4 grains corridors and intensify irrigated agricultural watersheds for the production of cereals (millet / rice / maize)



LOCATION

- Throughout the national territory



STUDIES

- Pre-feasibility: carried out
- Feasibility: to be carried out



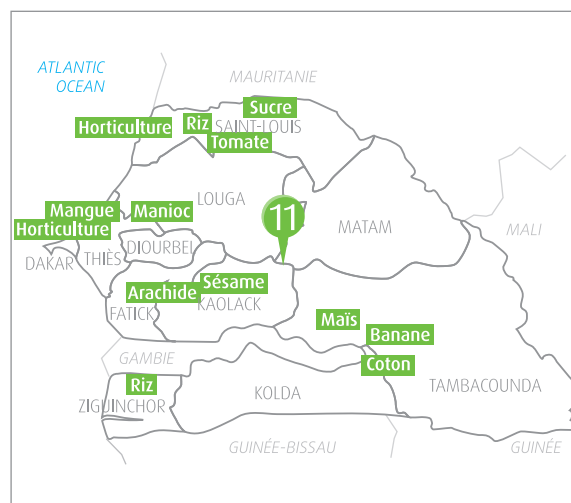
ESTIMATED COST

- 620 million US\$

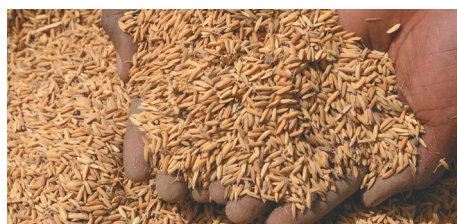


ACTORS

- Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Equipment



CHARACTERISTICS



- Support the emergence of aggregators for the development of production and marketing of cereals
- Creation of « méga-farms »
- Establishment of processing equipment
- Establishment of irrigation infrastructure



SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES

- Develop a built-in incentive framework (PPP) and secure the land before the end of 2014
- Develop new seeds and upgrade agricultural infrastructure by 2018
- Double cereal production within ten (10) years
- Replace 30-50% of wheat consumption by local cereals



OVERVIEW OF THE SECTOR

A deficit in cereal production characterised by massive imports of rice and wheat:

- 1,205,000 tons de cereals imported for an estimated need 2,450,000 t in 2013
- Yield: 5 t / ha of rice - 1.5 t / ha of maize - 0.9 t / ha of sorghum, etc.
- 64% of irrigable land
- 35 billion cubic metres of freshwater resources
- 4 billion cubic meters of groundwater
- Target production by 2015: 2,795,000 tons