03 Weekly report 4

October 12, 2021

Information: The weekly report supposed to be finished in week 7

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Last update data: Oct.13.2021

1 Get control of basic movements

1.1 Existing controller

1.1.1 Trajectory controller

The current simulation script is using the *lee_position_controller_node* in the **RotorS**. The controller requires full information of the positions, velocities and accelerations with timestamps. As mentioned in last report, I don't think this controlling method is appropriate for the obstacle avoiding task. Therefore, some other controlling methods need to be investigated or created.

1.1.2 Controller for joystick usage

The **RotorS** package actually provides two built-in controllers. In the examples provided by the **RotorS** package, the other controller is used for joystick usage. Considering the way that a joystick controls the UAV, this controller can probably control the very basic movements in an efficient way.

1.2 Investigation to the C++ scripts

To find out how to make use of the second controller, I looked carefully into the original scripts and added detailed comments. Here are some important notes.

• According to the header file rotors_control/common.h, there should be commands to directly controll the movement described by roll, pitch, yaw rate and thrust. Similar to what we used to control the trajectory, the corresponding topic is command/roll_pitch_yawrate_thrust.

```
static const std::string kDefaultOdometryTopic =
mav_msgs::default_topics::ODOMETRY; // "odometry"
```

• The input message type for this controller is mav msqs::EigenRollPitchYawrateThrust

$mav_msgs::EigenRollPitchYawrateThrust$

Type	Name
\overline{double}	pitch
double	roll
Eigen:: Vector 3d	thrust
double	yaw_rate

- The controller is based on the implementation from T. Lee et al paper
- The required parameters for starting the node are the same as that of the lee_position_controller_node.

2 Get the visual information

In the last meeting, Jianwen noted that I could probably get the visual input from the image topics. Here're some conclusions after trial.

- Current UAV model uses two different cameras acting like two eyes.
- The corresponding topics are /hunter/vi sensor/left/raw and /hunter/vi sensor/left/raw
- Due to the location of cameras, the front motor occurs in the view, which seems need to be fixed for further development.

3 Summary and future work

In the past two weeks, I

- Read through the controller scripts and find out how to use the controller to control basic movements
- Tested the current visual information in several gazebo environments.

In the next two weeks, I'm planning to

- Edit the launch file of UAV simulation and change the controller node.
- Modify the UAV model to put the cameras in better positions.
- Build a subscriber for the visual information and check what I can do with the visual information (which kind of vision-based obstacle avoidance).