```
3/10/23
   02. Use Cayley Hamilton Theorem that the value
        of the matrix given by f(A) = A8-SA'+7A6
        3A3 + A4 - 5A3 + 8A2 - 2A + I
        9(A) = A8-3A7+7A6-3A5+8A4-5A3+8A-
         If the matrix A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}
        A = 0 1 0 8 - 85 85- PS
 Sah!
  D
        3+(A) = A8 - 5A7 + 7A6 - 3A5 + A4 - 5A3 + 8A2-
        2A + 12-44-) (82+34+ 22) (82-82-84+
                CHH+44 +29) (-22-44-29) (44+22
       · Characteristic agm: λ3-S112+S21-S3=0
       S_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 10 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 12 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 01 \end{bmatrix}
           =(2-0)+(4-1)+(2-0)=2+3+2=7
       S_3 = 2(2-0) - 1(0-0) + 1(2-0)
          = 2(2)-1 = 4-1 = 3
```

$$A^{3} - 5\lambda^{2} + 7\lambda - 3 = 0$$

$$let \lambda = A$$

$$A^{3} - 5A^{2} + 7A - 3I = 0$$

$$A^{5} + A$$

$$A^{3} - 5A^{2} + 7A - 3I$$

$$A^{8} - 5A^{7} + 7A^{6} - 3A^{5} + A^{4} - 5A^{3} + 8A^{2} - 2A + I$$

$$A^{4} - 5A^{7} + 7A^{6} - 3A^{5}$$

$$A^{4} - 5A^{7} + 7A^{2} - 2A + I$$

$$A^{2} - 5A^{7} + 7A^{2} - 3A^{5}$$

$$A^{2} + A + I$$

$$A^{3} - 5A^{2} + 7A - 3I + 7A^{6} - 3A^{5} + A^{4} - 5A^{7} + A^{7} - 3A^{7} + A^{7} - A^{7} + A^{7} - A^{7} + A^{7} - A^{7} + A^{7} - A^{7} + A^{$$

 $f(A) = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 5 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 5 & 5 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$