LIST, TUPLES & DICTIONARIES

· List ([])
- sequence of values. / Elements of items - values.

· 'L' creating tist
• Three ways

O [m] (Fg: list = [10, 20, 30])

@ Emtpty list = []

3 Nested list A = [10,20,30,[1,2,3]]

-> 1785 igning list values to variables. A = []

A = [10,20,30,40]

-> Accessing list elements.

'savare bracket [] and subscript (index value.

[g: A = [10,20,30,40] Print (A[2])

-> Negative Inex. print(A L-2J)

-) list operation.

1) Concatenation (+)

2) Repeat (*)

DB; A = [10, 20, 30]

B = ["Ano", " Balo", " Chandra"]

C=A+B

Is fa: A = Cod * s

Print (A)

-> list slices.

(Cstart), stop, (step)

p n-1 $i \rightarrow default valves$

A = [1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9, 12]

Print (A[3:5])

Print (A[-1:-3])

-> list methods.

append () - Add at and of the list.

extend () - Add elements from tist 1 to list 2

insert () - insert at Index pos

remove () - remove elements

pop () - delete and print

clear 17 - Emptsing

Index () - Return Index value.

count () - contsinilar value.

sort (1) - Ascendig/descending order

reverse () - reverse me order.

copy is - potents copy of the list.