

26/10/23

Day 31

Q1. Chain rule

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx}$$

Q1. If $y = (1-x^2)^{10}$, find dy/dx

Soln: Given,

$$y = (1-x^2)^{10}$$

$$\bullet \text{ let } u = 1-x^2 \quad \bullet y = u^{10}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = -2x$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = 10u^9$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{dy}{du} \cdot \frac{du}{dx} \Rightarrow = (10u^9)(-2x) = -20u^9x$$

$$= -20(1-x^2)^9x$$

Q2. If $y = \frac{1}{(t^4+1)^3}$ find $\frac{dy}{dt}$

Soln: Given,

$$y = \frac{1}{(t^4+1)^3}$$

$$\bullet \text{ let } u = t^4 + 1$$

$$\frac{du}{dt} = 4t^3$$

$$\bullet y = \frac{1}{u^3} \Rightarrow y = u^{-3}$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = -3u^{-3-1} = -3u^{-4}$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = \frac{-3}{u^4}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-12t^3}{u^4} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{-12t^3}{(t^4+1)^4}$$

Q3. If $y = \sqrt{\cos(\sqrt{x})}$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

Soln:

$$\text{Given, } y = \sqrt{\cos(\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\bullet \text{ Let } u = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow u = x^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{2}x^{-1/2}$$

$$\bullet y = \sqrt{\cos u} = (\cos u)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = -\frac{1}{2} \cos u^{-1/2} \sin u$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{2} \cos u^{-1/2} \sin u \times \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos u}} \sin u \times \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} = -\frac{1}{4\sqrt{x}} \frac{\sin \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\cos \sqrt{x}}}$$

Q4.

H.W

$$y = \sqrt{\sin(\sqrt{x})}$$

Soln:

$$\text{Given: } y = \sqrt{\sin(\sqrt{x})}$$

$$\bullet \text{ let } u = \sqrt{x} \Rightarrow u = x^{1/2} \bullet y = \sqrt{\sin u} = (\sin u)^{1/2}$$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = \frac{1}{2} \sin u^{-1/2} \cos u$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} \sin u^{-1/2} \cos u \times \frac{1}{2} x^{-1/2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sin u}} \cos u \times \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\sqrt{x}} \frac{\cos u}{\sqrt{\sin u}} = \frac{1}{4\sqrt{x}} \frac{\cos \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{\sin \sqrt{x}}}$$

* Implicit Function

Q1. If $xy = c^2$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

Soln: Given, $xy = c^2$

Diff w.r.to 'x'

$$x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + y \cdot \frac{dx}{dx} = 0$$

$$x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 0 \Rightarrow x \frac{dy}{dx} = -y \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-y}{x}$$

Q2. If $y^2 = 4ax$, find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

Soln: Given, $y^2 = 4ax$

Diff w.r.to 'x'

$$2y \frac{dy}{dx} = 4a \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4a}{2y} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2a}{y}$$

Q3. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \log(x^3 + 1)$

Soln: Given, $y = \log(x^3 + 1)$

• let $u = x^3 + 1$

$$\frac{du}{dx} = 3x^2$$

• $y = \log u$

$$\frac{dy}{du} = \frac{1}{u}$$

• $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{u} \times 3x^2 = \frac{3x^2}{x^3 + 1}$

Q4. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = \cot x + \sin x$

Soln: Given, $y = \cot x + \sin x$

Diff w.r.t to 'x'

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\operatorname{cosec}^2 x + \cos x$$

Q5. If $e^{x/y} = x - y$ find $\frac{dy}{dx}$

Soln: Given, $e^{x/y} = x - y$

diff w.r.t 'x'

$$e^{x/y} \left(\frac{y - x \frac{dy}{dx}}{y^2} \right) = 1 - \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$e^{x/y} \left(\frac{y}{y^2} - \frac{x}{y^2} \frac{dy}{dx} \right) = 1 - \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$e^{x/y} \left(\frac{1}{y} - \frac{x}{y^2} \frac{dy}{dx} \right) = 1 - \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{1}{y} e^{x/y} - \frac{x}{y^2} e^{x/y} \frac{dy}{dx} = 1 - \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{1}{y} e^{x/y} - 1 = -\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{x}{y^2} e^{x/y} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{1}{y} e^{x/y} - 1 = \frac{dy}{dx} \left(e^{x/y} \frac{x}{y^2} - 1 \right)$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{y} e^{x/y} - 1 \right)}{\left(e^{x/y} \frac{x}{y^2} - 1 \right)} = \frac{dy}{dx}$$

Q6. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$ if $y = x^{\sqrt{x}}$

Soln:

Given, $y = x^{\sqrt{x}}$

Taking log on both sides.

$$\log y = \log x^{\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\log y = \sqrt{x} \log x$$

Diff w.r. to 'x'

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = x^{1/2} \frac{1}{x} + \log x \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \right)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left[\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x} + \frac{\log x}{2\sqrt{x}} \right]$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = x^{\sqrt{x}} \left[\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x} + \frac{\log x}{2\sqrt{x}} \right]$$

Q7.

Find y' if $y = x^{x^{x^{\dots \infty}}}$

Soln:-

Given,

$$y = x^{x^{x^{\dots \infty}}}$$

$$y = x^y$$

Taking log on both sides

$$\log y = \log x^y$$

$$\log y = y \log x$$

Diff w.r. to 'x'

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = y \frac{1}{x} + \log x \left(\frac{dy}{dx} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{dy}{dx} \log x = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{y} - \log x \right) = \frac{y}{x} \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{y} - \log x \right)}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1-y \log x}{y} \right)} \quad y' = \frac{y^2}{x(1-y \log x)}$$

Q8.

Find y' if $x^y = y^x$

Soln:

Given, $x^y = y^x$

Taking log on both sides:

$$\log x^y = \log y^x$$

$$y \log x = x \log y$$

Diff w.r. to 'x'.

$$\frac{dy}{dx} \cdot \frac{1}{x} = - \frac{y}{y^2}$$

$$y \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \log x \frac{dy}{dx} = x \cdot \frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} \log y$$

$$\frac{y}{x} + \log x \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{x \frac{dy}{dx} \log y}{y}$$

$$\log x + \frac{y}{x} \frac{dy}{dx} = \log y - \frac{x}{y} \frac{dy}{dx}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\log y - \frac{y}{x}}{\log x - \frac{x}{y}}$$

Q9.

Find y' if $y = (\sin x)^{\cos x}$

Soln:

Given, $y = (\sin x)^{\cos x}$

Taking log on both sides.

$$\log y = \log(\sin x)^{\cos x}$$

$$\log y = \cos x \log(\sin x)$$

Diff w.r. to 'x'.

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \cos x \left(\frac{1}{\sin x} \cos x \right) + \log(\sin x) (-\sin x)$$

$$\frac{1}{y} \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} - \sin x \log(\sin x)$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = y \left[\frac{\cos^2 x}{\sin x} - \sin x \log(\sin x) \right]$$

Inflection point:

working rule:

Step 1: To find critical point ($f'(x) = 0$)

Step 2: To find increasing & decreasing function.

sign of f'	function
+	Increasing
-	Decreasing

Step 3: To find local maxima & local minima

$f'(x) = +ve$ (local maxima)

$f'(x) = -ve$ (local minima)

Step 4: To find concave up & concave down

$$f''(x) = 0$$

sign of f''	function
+	concave up
-	concave down

Step 5: To find inflection point.