

25-11-23

Schrodinger's Time dependent wave Equation

Day 53

$$\psi = \psi_0 e^{-i\omega t} \rightarrow \textcircled{1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = \psi_0 (-i\omega) e^{-i\omega t} \rightarrow \textcircled{2}$$

$$\omega = 2\pi\nu$$

$$E = h\nu \Rightarrow \nu = E/h$$

from 2 we have

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = -\psi_0 i \cdot 2\pi \frac{E}{h} e^{-i\omega t}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = -i\psi_0 \frac{E}{h/2\pi} e^{-i\omega t} = -i \frac{E}{h} \psi$$

$$i \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = -i^2 \left(\frac{E}{h} \right) \psi$$

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} = E\psi \rightarrow \textcircled{3}$$

From Time independent Eqn.

$$\nabla^2 \psi + \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} (E - V) \psi = 0$$

$$\nabla^2 \psi + \frac{2m}{\hbar^2} (E\psi - V) \psi = 0 \rightarrow \textcircled{4}$$

From 4 we have,

$$\nabla^2 \psi = \frac{-2m}{\hbar^2} \left[i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} - V\psi \right]$$

$$\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \psi = -i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t} - V\psi$$

$$\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \psi + V\psi = -i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}$$

$$-\left(\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + V \right) \psi = i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial t}$$

$$H\psi = E\psi$$

* Physical significance of wave function (ψ)

- a) Variable
- b) Relation (Particle-wave)
- c) Complex quantity
- d) Probability $P = \iiint_V \psi^2 \, dx \, dy \, dz$