jcon.one **JCON2022** 



### HOW WE BUILD AND MIGRATED

our Spring Boot Applications to Kotlin

sessionize





Gradle Enterprise







**XDE** 





### What's in it for



## You will learn

#### How to:

- Migrate to Kotlin
- Improve your code
  - --> scoped functions
  - --> replace loops
  - --> reactive

--> IntelliJ IDEA

### MARNING

This meeting will contain live coding, so everything could (potentially) go wrong.



# The story....















### Surprise!

All these steps are also applied when migrating

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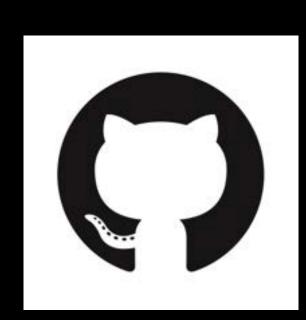


### Ko Turk

Developer





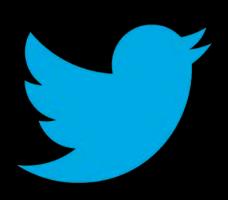


https://github.com/KoTurk/Kotlin

I'm telling my experiences

Kotlin ambasador

Speaker



https://twitter.com/KoTurk77

# There are different strategies

To move to Kotlin









### Live coding





## Key takeaways

- simplicity
- begin simple

- do safe calls

- -> migrating is simple!
- -> use data classes, do not start with logic
- -> with .let, .also and ?:
- make your code readable -> with idiomatic Kotlin!













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sessionize





#### ABOUT COROUTINES

Coroutines aren't a snap-in replacement for threads. The fundamental difference is in the kind of API you're using. The rule of thumb is this:

- blocking API -> use a thread pool
- non-blocking (async) API -> use coroutines

So, if you can get a hold of an asynchronous mail-sending API, then by all means use coroutines with it. But if you're stuck with a blocking API, coroutines won't bring you much value. They can make it a bit more convenient to transfer a blocking operation out of the UI thread, but the mechanics will be the same with or without coroutines.