Tell whether the quadratic function is in standard form or vertex form.

1. 
$$y = x^2 - 2x - 35$$

1. 
$$y = x^2 - 2x - 35$$
 2.  $y = 3(x-1)^2 + 3$ 

3. 
$$y = -\frac{2}{3}(x-4)^2 + 7$$

$$4. \ \ y = -2x^2 + 16x - 24$$

Identify the vertex of the quadratic function in VERTEX form.

5. 
$$y = 3(x-7)^2 - 1$$

6. 
$$y = 3(x+2)^2 - 5$$

7. 
$$y = (x-3)^2$$

8. 
$$y = -4(x-2)^2 + 4$$

9. 
$$y = 2(x+1)^2 - 3$$

10. 
$$y = (x+4)^2$$

11. 
$$y = \frac{1}{2}(x-5)^2 + 1$$

12. 
$$y = -(x+6)^2 + 10$$

Identify the vertex of the quadratic function in STANDARD form. Remember to use  $x = \frac{-b}{2a}$ 

13. 
$$y = 2x^2 - 16x + 31$$

$$14. \ \ y = -x^2 - 4x + 1$$

$$15. \ \ y = 3x^2 - 6x + 4$$

Given a quadratic equation in vertex form, find the vertex, axis of symmetry, whether the graph opens up or down, the maximum or minimum, and the y-intercept. Graph it!

16.  $y = -2(x+2)^2 + 4$ 

Vertex:

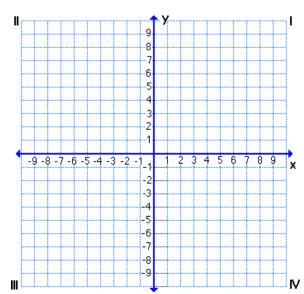
Axis of symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Opens: up down

Maximum Minimum

Max/Min Value: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_



17	v =	(x -	3) <sup>2</sup>	2 + 2
11.	y - y	(n –	ונ	T 4

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

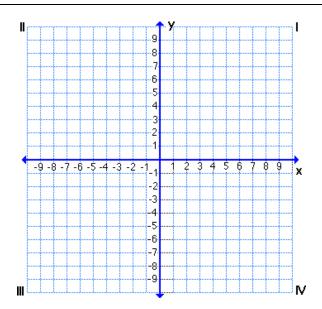
Axis of symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Opens: up down

Maximum Minimum

Max/Min Value: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_



18. 
$$y = -\frac{1}{5}(x-5)^2 - 2$$

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

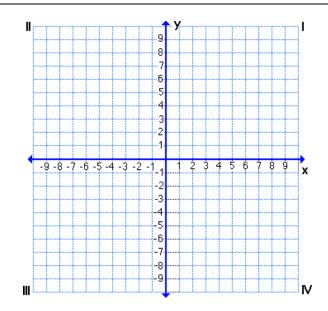
Axis of symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Opens: up down

Maximum Minimum

Max/Min Value: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_



19. 
$$y = (x-2)^2$$

Vertex: \_\_\_\_\_

Axis of symmetry: \_\_\_\_\_

Opens: up down

Maximum Minimum

Max/Min Value: \_\_\_\_\_

y-intercept: \_\_\_\_\_

