## Vertex Form of Parabolas

Use the information provided to write the vertex form equation of each parabola.

1) 
$$y = x^2 + 16x + 71$$

2) 
$$y = x^2 - 2x - 5$$

3) 
$$y = -x^2 - 14x - 59$$

4) 
$$y = 2x^2 + 36x + 170$$

5) 
$$y = x^2 - 12x + 46$$

6) 
$$y = x^2 + 4x$$

7) 
$$y = x^2 - 6x + 5$$

8) 
$$y = (x+5)(x+4)$$

9) 
$$\frac{1}{2}(y+4) = (x-7)^2$$

10) 
$$6x^2 + 12x + y + 13 = 0$$

11) 
$$162x + 731 = -y - 9x^2$$

12) 
$$x^2 - 12x + y + 40 = 0$$

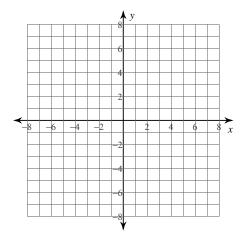
13) 
$$y = x^2 + 10x + 33$$

14) 
$$y + 6 = (x + 3)^2$$

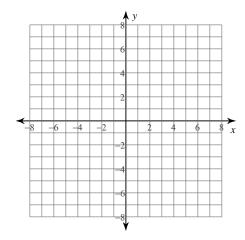
-1-

Identify the vertex and axis of symmetry of each. Then sketch the graph.

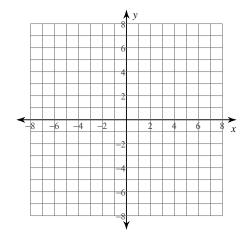
15) 
$$f(x) = -3(x-2)^2 - 4$$



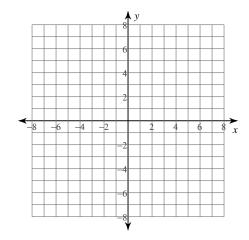
16) 
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{4}(x-1)^2 + 4$$



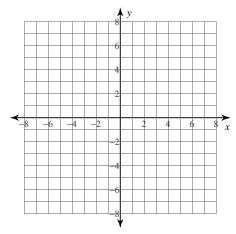
17) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(x+4)^2 + 3$$



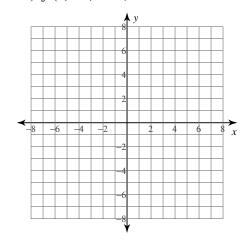
18) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(x+5)^2 + 2$$



19) 
$$f(x) = -2(x+5)^2 - 3$$



20) 
$$f(x) = (x+2)^2 - 1$$



## Vertex Form of Parabolas

Use the information provided to write the vertex form equation of each parabola.

1) 
$$y = x^2 + 16x + 71$$
  
 $y = (x + 8)^2 + 7$ 

2) 
$$y = x^2 - 2x - 5$$
  
 $y = (x - 1)^2 - 6$ 

3) 
$$y = -x^2 - 14x - 59$$
  
 $y = -(x+7)^2 - 10$ 

4) 
$$y = 2x^2 + 36x + 170$$
  
 $y = 2(x+9)^2 + 8$ 

5) 
$$y = x^2 - 12x + 46$$
  
 $y = (x - 6)^2 + 10$ 

6) 
$$y = x^2 + 4x$$
  
 $y = (x + 2)^2 - 4$ 

7) 
$$y = x^2 - 6x + 5$$
  
 $y = (x - 3)^2 - 4$ 

8) 
$$y = (x+5)(x+4)$$
  
$$y = \left(x+\frac{9}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{4}$$

9) 
$$\frac{1}{2}(y+4) = (x-7)^2$$
  
 $y = 2(x-7)^2 - 4$ 

10) 
$$6x^2 + 12x + y + 13 = 0$$
  
 $y = -6(x+1)^2 - 7$ 

11) 
$$162x + 731 = -y - 9x^2$$
  
 $y = -9(x+9)^2 - 2$ 

12) 
$$x^2 - 12x + y + 40 = 0$$
  
 $y = -(x - 6)^2 - 4$ 

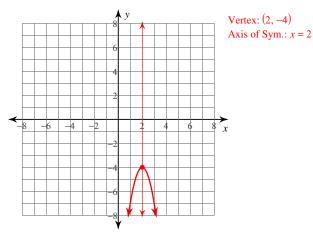
13) 
$$y = x^2 + 10x + 33$$
  
 $y = (x+5)^2 + 8$ 

14) 
$$y + 6 = (x + 3)^2$$
  
 $y = (x + 3)^2 - 6$ 

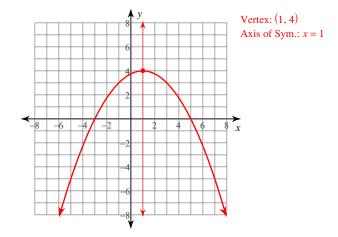
-1-

Identify the vertex and axis of symmetry of each. Then sketch the graph.

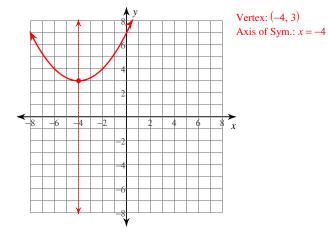
15) 
$$f(x) = -3(x-2)^2 - 4$$



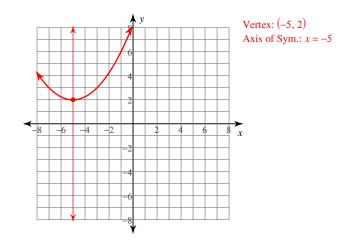
16) 
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{4}(x-1)^2 + 4$$



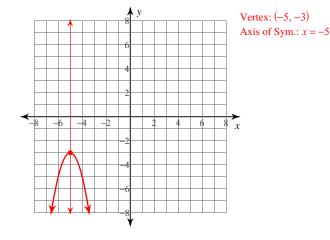
17) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(x+4)^2 + 3$$



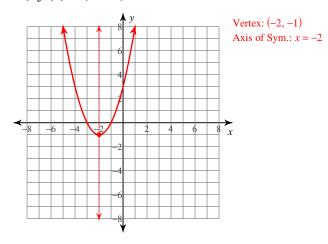
18) 
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{4}(x+5)^2 + 2$$



19) 
$$f(x) = -2(x+5)^2 - 3$$



20) 
$$f(x) = (x+2)^2 - 1$$



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