simple-intro

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1 Data mining New York Times articles

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1.1 Introduction

In our project we explore Natural Language Processing by mining the New York Times articles. The basic idea was to see if it is possible to classify the articles by topic using the article abstracts. By classifying the articles we are able to obtain the most important words for each topic. Potential use would be for marketing purposes to see what keywords are trending for a given topic. We used the TFxIDF statistic for each unique word as a feature for our classification model.

We are using open source tools like machine learning python library Scikit-learn and Beautiful soup for web scraping. We are proponents of reproducible research and you can find all our code at https://github.com/KobaKhit/Data-mining-using-NLP.

1.2 Results

We wrote a python script that downloads data from the New York times. We were able to obtain 36 thousand article abstracts and other information in less than 5 minutes. After preprocessing the raw text data and obtaining the TFxIDF statistics for each word across all articles we use the multinomial Naive Bayes model for classification.

You can see in appendix that our model has 100% accuracy on test data which basically means that the New York Times search engine is efficient. However, when classifying articles from different time periods by author the accuracy of the model is only 0.8. In every instance we provide the most important words by topic (author).

1.3 Conclusion

Going forward we want to focus on data preprocessing. Namely, edit the corpus of the articles and remove redundant words like prepositions. In this way we will be able to capture the actual topic of the article. According to Blei, efficient topic modeling increases the relevance and flexibility of article or any text data search results.

Additionally, we would like to make use of other classifiers like RandomForest and Support vector machines.

1.4 References

• Blei, David. Probabilistic Topic Models. Communications of the ACM. April 2012. vol. 55. no. 4

1.5 Appendix

```
In [5]: from nytsnippetgetter import get_data
    import time
```

```
# start timer
       start_time = time.time()
       # get available number of pages for each topic. Each page is equivalent to 10 articles
       topics=['economics','politics','espionage','global+warming', 'clinton', 'sanders', 'guns', 'can
       npages = [1500,1000,500,100,100,100,100,100,100]
       # topics=['economics', 'politics']
       get_data(topics, BEGINDATE = 20131213, LIMITS=True) # articles written since 2013-December-13
Total number of pages available (each page is 10 articles):
economics: 4584
politics: 19196
espionage: 1181
global+warming: 2035
clinton: 9229
sanders: 3553
guns: 3369
cancer: 7645
sex: 10003
In [6]: # download article data
       articles = get_data(TOPICS = topics, NPAGES = npages, BEGINDATE = 20131213)
       # articles = qet_data(TOPICS = topics, NPAGES = [150,100,50,10,10,10,10,10,10])
       # articles = qet_data(TOPICS = topics, BEGINDATE = 20131213, NPAGES = [15,10])
Topics: ['economics', 'politics', 'espionage', 'global+warming', 'clinton', 'sanders', 'guns', 'cancer
Total documents: 36000
Started download...
economics is done | 1500/3600
politics is done | 2500/3600
espionage is done | 3000/3600
global+warming is done | 3100/3600
clinton is done | 3200/3600
sanders is done | 3300/3600
guns is done | 3400/3600
cancer is done | 3500/3600
sex is done | 3600/3600
Done in 457.22085785865784 seconds
In [7]: # articles is a list of objects with each object being one document
       articles[1]
Out[7]: {'abstract': 'Hating on anyone who suggests limits.',
         'author': 'PAUL KRUGMAN',
        'date_modified': '2016-04-22T16:55:06Z',
        'date_published': '2016-04-22T10:54:17Z',
        'keywords': [],
        'lead_paragraph': None,
        'nytclass': None,
        'section_name': {'content': 'opinion', 'display_name': 'Opinion'},
         'snippet': 'be doing anything especially new | on the contrary, he and his defenders claimed to
```

```
'title': 'Sarandonizing Economics',
         'user_topic': 'economics',
         'weburl': 'http://krugman.blogs.nytimes.com/2016/04/22/sarandonizing-economics/'}
In [8]: # number of articles
        len(articles)
Out[8]: 36000
In [9]: # some articles are missing lead paragraph and abstract. just use snippets for now
        data = [ x['snippet'] for x in articles]
        # check if data has Nones
       nonesidx = [data.index(x) for x in data if x == None and len(x) > 0]
        if len(nonesidx) > 0:
            print("You have nones. Below are indices of articles.")
            print(nonesidx)
        else:
            print("No Nones. Good to go.")
        data[0:3]
No Nones. Good to go.
Out [9]: ['Psychology in economics',
         'be doing anything especially new | on the contrary, he and his defenders claimed that they we
         'GASOLINE prices on the South Fork are consistently 20 to 50 cents more per gallon than in oth
In [10]: # article topics
         label = [ x['user_topic'] for x in articles]
         label[-5:-1]
Out[10]: ['sex', 'sex', 'sex', 'sex']
In [11]: # http://scikit-learn.org/stable/datasets/twenty_newsgroups.html
         from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
         from sklearn import preprocessing
         vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer() # Convert a collection of raw documents to a matrix of TF-IDF f
         le = preprocessing.LabelEncoder() # Encode labels with value between O and n_classes-1.
         vectors = vectorizer.fit_transform(data)
         target = le.fit_transform(label)
         print(vectors.shape, target.shape,'\n')
         print("Number of unique words (features) across all docs: ", vectors.shape[1], '\n')
         print("(docid, wordid) TFIDF", '\n')
         print(vectors[0,])
(36000, 1249) (36000,)
Number of unique words (features) across all docs: 1249
(docid, wordid) TFIDF
```

```
(0, 376)
                  0.423466656957
  (0, 553)
                  0.331808863831
  (0, 889)
                  0.84295840249
In [12]: # average number of non-zero components by sample, i.e. average number of words with non-zero
         vectors.nnz / float(vectors.shape[0])
Out[12]: 23.18888888888889
In [13]: from sklearn.cross_validation import train_test_split
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(vectors, target, test_size=0.33, random_st
         print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
(24120, 1249) (11880, 1249)
In [14]: from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
         from sklearn import metrics
         import pandas as pd
         clf = MultinomialNB(alpha=2)
         clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
         pred = clf.predict(X_test)
         print("F-score: ", metrics.f1_score(y_test, pred, average='weighted'))
         print("Accuracy: ", metrics.precision_score(y_test, pred, average='weighted'))
         print("Confusion matrix:\n", pd.crosstab(y_test, pred, rownames=['True'], colnames=['Predicted
F-score: 1.0
Accuracy: 1.0
Confusion matrix:
Predicted 0
                 1
                         2
                               3
                                  4
                                       5
                                              6
                                                    7
True
           337
0
                  0
                        0
                              0
                                   0
                                        0
                                              0
             0 321
                        0
1
                              0
                                   Ω
                                        Ω
                                              0
2
             0
                  0
                    4910
                              0
                                        0
3
             0
                  0
                        0 1670
                                   0
                                        0
                                              0
                                                   0
4
             0
                  0
                        0
                              0
                                 334
                                        0
                                              0
                                                   0
5
                              0
                                   0 343
                                              0
                                                   0
             0
                  0
                        0
6
             0
                  0
                        0
                                   0
                                        0
                                           3327
                                                   0
7
             0
                  0
                        0
                              0
                                   0
                                        0
                                              0 313
                                                        0
8
                  0
                        0
                              0
                                   0
                                        0
                                                      325
In [15]: import numpy as np
         def show_top10(classifier, vectorizer, categories):
             feature_names = np.asarray(vectorizer.get_feature_names())
             for i, category in enumerate(categories):
                 top10 = np.argsort(classifier.coef_[i])[-10:]
                 print("%s: %s" % (category, " ".join(feature_names[top10])))
         # print ten most important words for each topic
         show_top10(clf, vectorizer, le.classes_)
cancer: with is and breast the of for as strong cancer
clinton: trump art facility correctional mr his the in strong clinton
```

```
economics: exposure and that of to psychology in the strong economics
espionage: his and she to was in had the strong espionage
global+warming: group is planet to climate the warming change strong global
guns: night fort of increase at roses for strong the guns
politics: may to province havana oriente arms by washington of the
sanders: weight woman to year strong show is larry the sanders
sex: that about its strangers of and in the strong sex
In [16]: # end timer
        print(time.time()-start_time, 'seconds')
495.6035737991333 seconds
In [17]: # test the model on articles written before 2013-December-13
         test = get_data(TOPICS = topics, ENDDATE = 20131213, NPAGES = [10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10,10])
         test_data = [ x['snippet'] for x in test]
         test_label = [ x['user_topic'] for x in test]
         test_vectors = vectorizer.transform(test_data)
         test_target = le.transform(test_label)
         print(test_vectors.shape, test_target.shape,'\n')
         print("Number of unique words (features) across all docs: ", vectors.shape[1], '\n')
         print("(docid, wordid) TFIDF", '\n')
        print(vectors[0,])
Topics: ['economics', 'politics', 'espionage', 'global+warming', 'clinton', 'sanders', 'guns', 'cancer
NPages: [10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10]
Total documents: 1000
Started download...
economics is done | 10/100
politics is done | 20/100
espionage is done | 30/100
global+warming is done | 40/100
clinton is done | 50/100
sanders is done | 60/100
guns is done | 70/100
cancer is done | 80/100
sex is done | 90/100
Done in 13.58777117729187 seconds
(900, 1249) (900,)
Number of unique words (features) across all docs: 1249
(docid, wordid) TFIDF
  (0, 376)
                 0.423466656957
  (0, 553)
                 0.331808863831
  (0, 889)
                 0.84295840249
In [18]: pred_test = clf.predict(test_vectors)
         print("F-score: ", metrics.f1_score(test_target, pred_test, average='weighted'))
         print("Accuracy: ", metrics.precision_score(test_target, pred_test, average='weighted'))
         print("Confusion matrix:\n", pd.crosstab(test_target, pred_test, rownames=['True'], colnames=[
```

```
2 3
                                               7 8
Predicted 0
                 1
                                4 5
                                           6
           100
                  0
                       0
                            0
                                                 0
0
                                 0
                                      0
                                            0
1
             0 100
                       0
                                 0
                                            0
2
             0
                  0 100
                            0
                                 0
                                      0
                                            0
3
             0
                  0
                       0 100
                                 0
                                      0
                                            0
4
                            0 100
                                            0
             0
                  0
                       0
                                      Ω
5
             0
                  0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
                                    100
                                            0
6
                  0
                       0
                            0
                                 0
                                      0 100
                                                0
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             0
7
             0
                  0
                       0
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                                      0
                                           0 100
                                                      0
                  0
                            0
                                 0
                                            0
8
                                      Ω
                                                 0 100
1.5.1 Classify by author
In [19]: # article author
         label = [ x['author'] for x in articles]
         label[-5:-1]
Out[19]: ['TIMOTHY EGAN', 'KAREN ALEXANDER', 'DWIGHT GARNER', 'BEN KENIGSBERG']
In [20]: target = le.fit_transform(label)
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(vectors, target, test_size=0.33, random_st
         print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
(24120, 1249) (11880, 1249)
In [30]: clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
         pred = clf.predict(X_test)
         print("F-score: ", metrics.f1_score(y_test, pred, average='weighted'))
         print("Accuracy: ", metrics.precision_score(y_test, pred, average='weighted'))
         \# print("Confusion matrix:\n", pd.crosstab(y_test, pred, rownames=['True'], colnames=['Predict']
F-score: 0.815594555496
Accuracy: 0.791768788424
//anaconda/envs/tpot/lib/python3.5/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1074: UndefinedMetri
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
//anaconda/envs/tpot/lib/python3.5/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1074: UndefinedMetri
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
In [22]: # print ten most important words for each topic
         show_top10(clf, vectorizer, le.classes_)
: washington by exposure for and economics of in the psychology % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
ALEX BERENSON: these implicitly either them corporation calif rand goldman we make
AMY HARMON: months approach toxic less treatment promising breakthrough effective championed results
ANDREW JACOBS: her ms coup little platform assert campaign oust rousseff état
ANDREW R. CHOW: coachella angus reversed brought singer will guns roses ac dc
ANNIE CORREAL: spends son previously alpert edited month and avolu endings obit his
BEN KENIGSBERG: portrait hardly radio paints 90 91 wfmu fm film city
BENJAMIN WEISER: sporyshev based prisoners television charged inspired was the mr he
```

F-score: 1.0
Accuracy: 1.0
Confusion matrix:

CEYLAN YEGINSU: journalists quickly istanbul media potential concerns prompting whether turkish closed

CHARLES ISHERWOOD: carlyle top thomas cirque concurrently lucas du season timing continuing CHARLES M. BLOW: bash comment odd planned nomination cnn thursday convention if democratic CHOE SANG-HUN: chul dong naturalized steal kim claims koreans had south military CLINTON: namt vas incident collano employ mike himself tree lathrop sawing CNBC: exposure facing of his support research discusses parker immunotherapy sean DEAN R. LEIMER, and SELIG D. LESNOY: support offset impact however recommendations saving negative desi DENISE GRADY: 52 nearly disease cure the 000 breast still strong cancer DWIGHT GARNER: among senior poems poem flowering betjeman novels front writes bring ERIK PIEPENBURG: novelist theater younger female hander someone male company relationship frisky FARAH STOCKMAN: philadelphia away crossing appeared protested rally carrying april his so GARDINER HARRIS: moonshot 2003 initiative barriers biden jr will to cancer her GEORGE R. HARRIS: imitation went immediately fired 77 was the it whiz bang GINA KOLATA: strong officially type patients downgraded decided panel thousands tumor cancer GRAHAM BOWLEY: monday him thrown sexual effort cosby assault pennsylvania appeals blocked INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE: defense admitted admission spy germany minister had been west she JAMES PONIEWOZIK: jeffrey garry audience hank preparing hear tambor the sanders larry JAVIER C. HERNÁNDEZ: sentenced documents threats beijing technician china 150 selling combat aggressive JEREMY EGNER: creating led precursor invite performances sorts tonight host show guest JOHN SCHWARTZ: mobil eric investigation schneiderman statements is strong exxon global warming JON PARELES: foot arena brings together festival immobile keep injured reunited founding JON SANDERS FILMS: her loss come is inspirational terms struggling since widow teacher KAREN ALEXANDER: into others virility step gym quest trap unwittingly turbocharged rats KAREN W. ARENSON: lesnoy disclosed calculation paper erred turned flaw the in feldstein KEN JAWOROWSKI: strong writing intriguing saves script moments place the sex partly KJ DELL'ANTONIA: williams starts good mary catastrophes those phone happy elizabeth with LISA SANDERS, M.D: solve readers unexplained gain year old why woman 59 weight MARK MAZZETTI: head 83 lawyer intelligence role leesburg contra career in his MARTIN S. FELDSTEIN: years during problems few increasing decide next financial deal the MICHAEL SCHWIRTZ and MICHAEL WINERIP: with district reviewing attorney jurisdiction inmate violent enco MICHAEL WINERIP, MICHAEL SCHWIRTZ and TOM ROBBINS: brutality northern bad investigations federal murder MIKKAEL A. SEKERES, M.D: say environmental impossible need cancers collective randomly except nose spec NEIL GENZLINGER: isn technologically dementia easier impactful personal coherent thank struggle playing NO POLITICS: jnew 1903 ____ benefit 22 jan gratify committee mcgillicudy some PATRICK J. EGAN and MEGAN MULLIN: evenly pleasant living period across themselves although seasons coun PAUL KRUGMAN: to were an as they motivated reasoning antidote models doing PETER KEEPNEWS: ran dark behind comics hbo 1998 stand show sanders larry Pamela G. Hollie: sisters penthouse guccione own begun suspense winston twin will magazine REUTERS: downplayed sarcastically calling win state presidential senator victory achievement trump ROGER COHEN: politics is change planet come the body am therefore home SAMANTH SUBRAMANIAN: survey carry instead secret das became britain enchanted sarat chandra SIMONE GUBLER: administrators sporting daily unarmed events law carve environment guns into STEWART AIN: awakening residents cents consistently gallon areas south gasoline fork prices SYLVIANE GOLD: hartford has arrived laptop clunky antiquated gone matter delightful time Special to The New York Times: coolidge action authorized munitions hughes establishing shipment issued THE ASSOCIATED PRESS: pellet felony middleweight kelly shooting ohio accused pavlik indicted matt TIMOTHY EGAN: regarding catholics pope apostolic desire stirring teachings exhortation church skeptics WILLIAM B. GAIL: significant longstanding century hence predicted comprehend repeatable yourself scient Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES: wireless acclaimed strong by espionage play new london hackett walter YAMICHE ALCINDOR: bill citizens situation unemployed 2000 mrs strong hillary five clinton

1.5.2 Classify by author using articles from different time periods

```
print(articles[2])
         # number of articles
         print(len(articles))
Topics: ['economics', 'politics', 'espionage', 'global+warming', 'clinton', 'sanders', 'guns', 'cancer
NPages: [150, 100, 50, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10, 10]
Total documents: 3600
Started download...
economics is done | 150/360
politics is done | 250/360
espionage is done | 300/360
global+warming is done | 310/360
clinton is done | 320/360
sanders is done | 330/360
guns is done | 340/360
cancer is done | 350/360
sex is done | 360/360
Done in 44.43974494934082 seconds
{'section_name': {'display_name': 'N.Y. / Region', 'content': 'nyregion'}, 'date_published': '2008-03-30'
In [24]: # some articles are missing lead paragraph and abstract. just use snippets for now
         data = [ x['snippet'] for x in articles]
         # check if data has Nones
         nonesidx = [data.index(x) for x in data if x == None and len(x) > 0]
         if len(nonesidx) > 0:
             print("You have nones. Below are indices of articles.")
             print(nonesidx)
         else:
             print("No Nones. Good to go.")
         data[6:9]
No Nones. Good to go.
Out [24]: ['decide during the next few years how best to deal with the increasing financial problems of
          "this time for a theory of economic policy that is appropriate for the 1970's and 80's in muc
          'standards on scaffolding, combined savings. asbestos exposure, cadmium and chromium exposure
In [25]: # article authors
         label = [ x['author'] for x in articles]
         label[-5:-1]
Out [25]: ['TIMOTHY EGAN', 'KAREN ALEXANDER', 'DWIGHT GARNER', 'BEN KENIGSBERG']
In [26]: vectors = vectorizer.fit_transform(data)
         target = le.fit_transform(label)
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(vectors, target, test_size=0.33, random_st
         print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape)
(2412, 1249) (1188, 1249)
```

```
In [29]: clf.fit(X_train, y_train)
         pred = clf.predict(X_test)
         print("F-score: ", metrics.f1_score(y_test, pred, average='weighted'))
         print("Accuracy: ", metrics.precision_score(y_test, pred, average='weighted'))
         \# print("Confusion matrix:\n", pd.crosstab(y_test, pred, rownames=['True'], colnames=['Predict']
F-score: 0.815594555496
Accuracy: 0.791768788424
//anaconda/envs/tpot/lib/python3.5/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1074: UndefinedMetri
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
//anaconda/envs/tpot/lib/python3.5/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1074: UndefinedMetri
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
In [28]: print("Homogeneity: %0.3f" % metrics.homogeneity_score(y_test, pred))
         print("Completeness: %0.3f" % metrics.completeness_score(y_test, pred))
         print("V-measure: %0.3f" % metrics.v_measure_score(y_test, pred))
         print("Adjusted Rand-Index: %.3f"
               % metrics.adjusted_rand_score(y_test, pred))
         print("Silhouette Coefficient: %0.3f"
               % metrics.silhouette_score(X_test, pred, sample_size=1000))
Homogeneity: 0.774
Completeness: 0.987
V-measure: 0.868
```

Adjusted Rand-Index: 0.814 Silhouette Coefficient: 0.405