# regression

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#### Using Regression to a report

When you want to use R as a data analysis tool, you must be writing a paper for some propose (for example, a term paper, report ..etc). In this exercise, you firstly conduct a simple regression analysis by using the built in iris data set . Next, you will wrap up an analyzed data and write a paper on LaTex format by using stargaizer.

## Questions

- Regress Sepal.Length with Sepal.Width, Petal.Length and Petal.Width
- Use stargaizer your result to a latex format
- convert latex to pdf

### Sample Answer

#### Iris Data

R already has Iris data set. You can check it by

```
head(iris)
```

##		Sepal.Length	${\tt Sepal.Width}$	Petal.Length	${\tt Petal.Width}$	Species
##	1	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	2	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	3	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
##	4	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
##	5	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
##	6	5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa

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If you want to see Sepal. Length of iris data, you can access it by

```
head(iris["Sepal.Length"])
```

```
## Sepal.Length
## 1 5.1
## 2 4.9
## 3 4.7
## 4 4.6
## 5 5.0
## 6 5.4
```

#### Regression

R provide regression function lm()

```
lm(dependent variable ~ independent variable0 + independent variable1 + ... , data="Data Frame" )
In this case, Data Frame is iris. The regression analysis we are supposed to conduct is
result <- lm (Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width + Petal.Length + Petal.Width , data=iris)
summary(result)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Sepal.Length ~ Sepal.Width + Petal.Length + Petal.Width,
       data = iris)
##
##
## Residuals:
                     Median
       \mathtt{Min}
                 1Q
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -0.82816 -0.21989 0.01875 0.19709 0.84570
## Coefficients:
##
                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                           0.25078 7.401 9.85e-12 ***
## (Intercept)
                1.85600
                0.65084
                           0.06665
                                    9.765 < 2e-16 ***
## Sepal.Width
## Petal.Length 0.70913 0.05672 12.502 < 2e-16 ***
## Petal.Width -0.55648
                           0.12755 -4.363 2.41e-05 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3145 on 146 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8586, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8557
## F-statistic: 295.5 on 3 and 146 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
Stargayzer
Stargayzer makes your result attractive. If you do not have stargayzer library, you can get and load it via
install.packages('stargayzer')
library(stargazer)
It convert result to latex format.
stargazer(result)
It also provides a text format
stargazer(result, type="text")
                        Dependent variable:
                    -----
                           Sepal.Length
Sepal.Width
                             0.651***
                              (0.067)
Petal.Length
                             0.709***
```

(0.057)

Petal.Width -0.556\*\*\*

(0.128)

Constant 1.856\*\*\*

(0.251)

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 Observations
 150

 R2
 0.859

 Adjusted R2
 0.856

 Residual Std. Error
 0.315 (df = 146)

 F Statistic
 295.539\*\*\* (df = 3; 146)

Note: \*p<0.1; \*\*p<0.05; \*\*\*p<0.01