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## Exercise 1.1 : Koby Miller

```
a = zeros(1 ,5)      % Generate and print a 1x5 row vector of zeros
a = zeros(1 ,5);    % Generate a 1x5 row vector of zeros.
b = ones(3 ,2)      % Generate and print a 3x2 matrix filled with 1's
c = size( a );      % Saves dimensions of matrix a into vector c
abs ([ -5.2 , 3]); % Takes a vector and makes every value positive
floor (3.6);        % Rounds the decimal down
d =[1: -3.5: -9];   % Generates vector from 1 to -9 counting by -3.5
f = d(2);           % Generates the second value in the vector d
g = sin( pi /2) ;   % Generates the equivalent of sin(pi/2)
K =[1.4 , 2.3; 5.1 , 7.8]; % Generates a matrix with those values
m = K(1 ,2);        % Generates value in first row, second column of K
n = K(: ,2);        % Generates all of the values in the second row
comp = 3+4i;         % Generates complex number and saves it in comp
real(comp)          % Prints real part of complex number we saved
imag(comp)          % Prints imaginary part of complex number we saved
abs (comp)           % Prints complex modulus of our complex number
angle (comp)         % Prints the phase angle of our complex number
disp ('haha , MATLAB is fun'); % Prints phrase 'haha , MATLAB is fun'
3^2                 % Prints 9. The value of 3^2
4==4                % Prints 1. Logical true because 4 does equal 4
2==8                % Prints 0. Logical false because 2 does equal 8
3~=5                % Prints 1. Logical true because 3 doesn't equal 5
x =[1:2:8];         % Generates a vector from 1 to 8 counting by 2
y =[5 7 6 8];       % Generates the vector [5 6 7 8]
figure;             % Creates a new figure window
plot(x,y); % Generates a plot on figure window using vectors x and y
xlabel('Horizontal Axis') % Lables the x axis
ylabel('Vertical Axis') % Lables the y axis
figure(1021);       % Creates a new figure window named 'Figure 1021'
stem(x,y) % Generates stem plot on Figure 1021 using vectors x and y
hold on; % Sort of pauses the current plot and its properties
plot (x ,y , '+r') % This does nothing. The Figure stays the same
hold off;          % Un-pauses the plot
xlabel('Horizontal Axis') % Lables the x axis on Figure 1021
ylabel('Vertical Axis') % Lables the y axis on Figure 1021
```

a =

0      0      0      0      0

b =

1      1  
1      1  
1      1

ans =

---

```
3

ans =

4

ans =

5

ans =

0.9273

haha , MATLAB is fun

ans =

9

ans =

logical

1

ans =

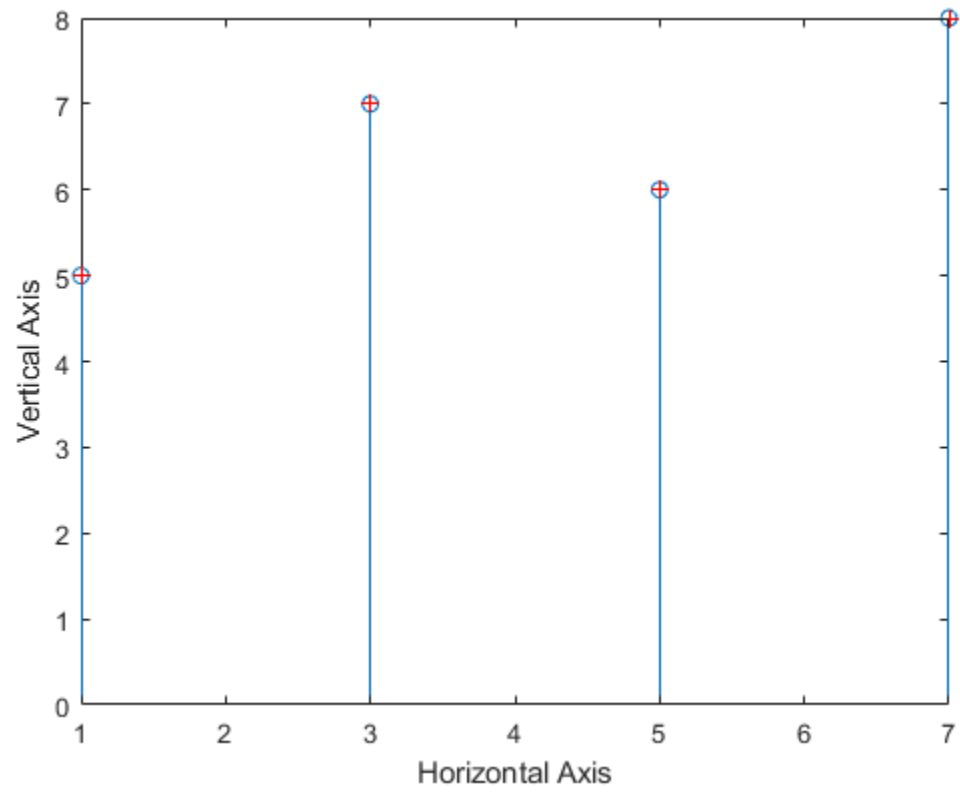
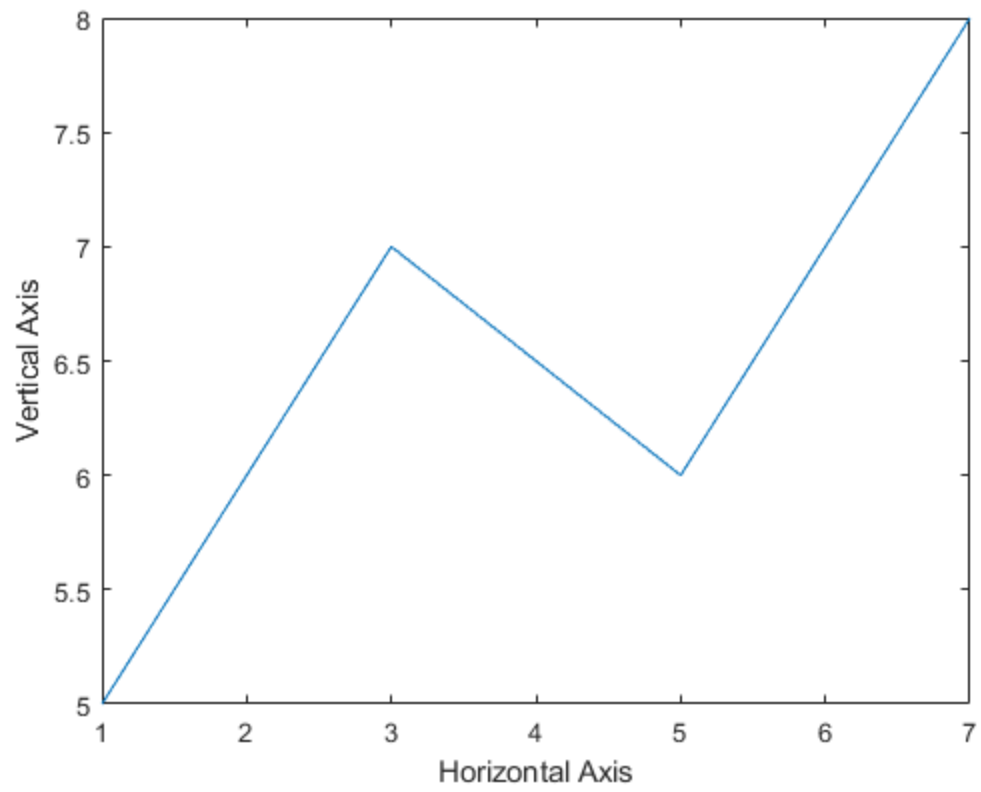
logical

0

ans =

logical

1
```



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## Exercise 1.2

```
function r = myroots (n , a)
% myroots : Find all the nth roots of the complex number a
%
% Input Args :
% n : a positive integer specifying the nth roots
% a : a complex number whose nth roots are to be returned
%
% Output :
% r : 1 xn vector containing all the nth roots of a

A = abs(a);      % A is magnitude of a
phi = angle(a); % phi is phase angle of a
r1 = (A^(1/n)) * exp(j*phi/n); % find r1
k = [0:1:n-1]; % make vector for each k we need to find each root
r2 = exp(j * 2 * pi * k / n ); % find r2
r = r1 * r2;     % multiply r1 by every value in r2 to get all roots.
```

```
help myroots
```

```
test1 = myroots(9, 2)
check1 = test1 .^ 9
```

```
%I did make this testing code, but there were problems that I
%didn't know how to deal with because I am new to MATLAB. Like
%even if a vector shows all of the values as 2.000, I guess that
%doesn't == 2, or it could have decimals further down than it
%shows. I originally didn't have the real(), and I messed with
%things to make the testing easier but couldn't figure
%it out. So I just run test1 .^ 9 and visually check the results
```

```
%check1 = 2 * ones(1,9);
%if(real(test1 .^ 9) == check1)
%    disp('Correct results!')
%else
%    disp('Incorrect results...')
%end
```

```
test2 = myroots(23, -j)
check2 = test2 .^ 23
```

```
%Same as above comments
%check2 = -1 * ones(1,23);
%if(imag(test2 .^ 23) == check2)
%    disp('Correct results!')
%else
%    disp('Incorrect results...')
%end
```

```
myroots : Find all the nth roots of the complex number a
```

---

*Input Args :*  
*n : a positive integer specifying the nth roots*  
*a : a complex number whose nth roots are to be returned*

*Output :*  
*r : 1 xn vector containing all the nth roots of a*

*test1 =*

*Columns 1 through 4*

*1.0801 + 0.0000i   0.8274 + 0.6942i   0.1876 + 1.0637i   -0.5400 + 0.9354i*

*Columns 5 through 8*

*-1.0149 + 0.3694i   -1.0149 - 0.3694i   -0.5400 - 0.9354i   0.1876 - 1.0637i*

*Column 9*

*0.8274 - 0.6942i*

*check1 =*

*Columns 1 through 4*

*2.0000 + 0.0000i   2.0000 - 0.0000i   2.0000 - 0.0000i   2.0000 - 0.0000i*

*Columns 5 through 8*

*2.0000 - 0.0000i   2.0000 - 0.0000i   2.0000 - 0.0000i   2.0000 - 0.0000i*

*Column 9*

*2.0000 - 0.0000i*

*test2 =*

*Columns 1 through 4*

*0.9977 - 0.0682i   0.9791 + 0.2035i   0.8879 + 0.4601i   0.7308 + 0.6826i*

*Columns 5 through 8*

*0.5196 + 0.8544i   0.2698 + 0.9629i   0.0000 + 1.0000i   -0.2698 + 0.9629i*

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Columns 9 through 12

$-0.5196 + 0.8544i$   $-0.7308 + 0.6826i$   $-0.8879 + 0.4601i$   $-0.9791 + 0.2035i$

Columns 13 through 16

$-0.9977 - 0.0682i$   $-0.9423 - 0.3349i$   $-0.8170 - 0.5767i$   $-0.6311 - 0.7757i$

Columns 17 through 20

$-0.3984 - 0.9172i$   $-0.1362 - 0.9907i$   $0.1362 - 0.9907i$   $0.3984 - 0.9172i$

Columns 21 through 23

$0.6311 - 0.7757i$   $0.8170 - 0.5767i$   $0.9423 - 0.3349i$

check2 =

Columns 1 through 4

$-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$

Columns 5 through 8

$-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $0.0000 - 1.0000i$

Columns 9 through 12

$-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$

Columns 13 through 16

$-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$

Columns 17 through 20

$-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$

Columns 21 through 23

$0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $0.0000 - 1.0000i$   $-0.0000 - 1.0000i$

