The stackrel package

Heiko Oberdiek*

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Abstract

This package adds an optional argument to \stackrel for putting something below the relational symbol and defines \stackbin for binary symbols.

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1 User interface

IATEX's \stackrel allows a superscript above a relational symbol, but pure IATEX does not provide a macro for putting a subscript below the symbol. This is supported by AMSIATEX's \underset macro that works on both relational and binary symbols. A combination of \underset and \underset can be used to put sub- and superscripts to the same symbol.

This package stackrel extends the syntax of \stackrel by adding an optional argument for the subscript position. It follows the syntax of extensible arrows of packages amsmath and mathtools.

```
\stackrel [\langle subscript \rangle] {\langle superscript \rangle} {\langle rel \rangle} \stackbin [\langle subscript \rangle] {\langle superscript \rangle} {\langle bin \rangle}
```

Example:

^{*}Please report any issues at https://github.com/ho-tex/oberdiek/issues

```
A \stackbin[\text{and}]{}{+} B \stackrel[x]{!}{=} C A + B \stackrel{!}{=} C
```

2 Implementation

```
1 (*package)
2 \NeedsTeXFormat{LaTeX2e}
3 \ProvidesPackage{stackre1}
4  [2016/05/16 v1.3 Adding subscript option to stackre1 (HO)]%
```

Given the original definition of \stackrel the addition of the optional argument is straightforward. If an argument is empty, then the corresponding sub- or superscript is suppressed.

Depending on the available resources (ε -T_EX, pdfT_EX) three methods are given for testing emptyness. All tests allow the hash to be used inside the arguments without doubling (for the unlikely case that someone wants to define macros with arguments).

\stack@relbin

\stackrel

```
5 \RequirePackage{etexcmds} [2007/09/09]
6 \ifetex@unexpanded
    \RequirePackage{pdftexcmds}[2016/05/16]%
    \begingroup\expandafter\expandafter\expandafter\endgroup
    \expandafter\ifx\csname pdf@strcmp\endcsname\relax
9
      \newcommand*{\stack@relbin}[3][]{%
10
        \mathop{#3}\limits
11
        \edef\reserved@a{\etex@unexpanded{#1}}%
12
        \ifx\reserved@a\@empty\else_{#1}\fi
13
        \edef\reserved@a{\etex@unexpanded{#2}}%
14
15
        \ifx\reserved@a\@empty\else^{#2}\fi
16
        \egroup
      }%
17
    \else
18
      \newcommand*{\stack@relbin}[3][]{%
19
        \mathop{#3}\limits
20
        21
        \ifcase\pdf@strcmp{\detokenize{#2}}{}\else^{#2}\fi
22
23
        \egroup
      }%
24
    \fi
25
26 \ \text{lse}
    \newcommand*{\stack@relbin}[3][]{%
27
28
      \mathop{#3}\limits
29
      \toks@{#1}%
      \edef\reserved@a{\the\toks@}%
30
      \ifx\reserved@a\@empty\else_{#1}\fi
31
      \toks@{#2}%
32
      \edef\reserved@a{\the\toks@}%
33
      \ifx\reserved@a\@empty\else^{#2}\fi
34
35
      \egroup
36
   }%
37\fi
38 \renewcommand*{\stackrel}{%
    \mathrel\bgroup\stack@relbin
40 }
```

\stackbin

```
41 \newcommand*{\stackbin}{%
42 \mathbin\bgroup\stack@relbin
43 }
44 \langle / package \rangle
```

3 Installation

3.1 Download

Package. This package is available on CTAN¹:

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/stackrel.dtx The source file.

CTAN:macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek/stackrel.pdf Documentation.

Bundle. All the packages of the bundle 'oberdiek' are also available in a TDS compliant ZIP archive. There the packages are already unpacked and the documentation files are generated. The files and directories obey the TDS standard.

CTAN:install/macros/latex/contrib/oberdiek.tds.zip

TDS refers to the standard "A Directory Structure for TEX Files" (CTAN:pkg/tds). Directories with texmf in their name are usually organized this way.

3.2 Bundle installation

Unpacking. Unpack the oberdiek.tds.zip in the TDS tree (also known as texmf tree) of your choice. Example (linux):

```
unzip oberdiek.tds.zip -d ~/texmf
```

3.3 Package installation

Unpacking. The .dtx file is a self-extracting docstrip archive. The files are extracted by running the .dtx through plain TeX:

```
tex stackrel.dtx
```

TDS. Now the different files must be moved into the different directories in your installation TDS tree (also known as texmf tree):

```
\verb|stackrel.sty| \to \verb|tex/latex/oberdiek/stackrel.sty| \\ \verb|stackrel.pdf| \to \verb|doc/latex/oberdiek/stackrel.pdf| \\ \verb|stackrel.dtx| \to \verb|source/latex/oberdiek/stackrel.dtx| \\
```

If you have a docstrip.cfg that configures and enables docstrip's TDS installing feature, then some files can already be in the right place, see the documentation of docstrip.

3.4 Refresh file name databases

If your T_EX distribution (T_EX Live, MiKT_EX, ...) relies on file name databases, you must refresh these. For example, T_EX Live users run texhash or mktexlsr.

¹CTAN:pkg/stackrel

3.5 Some details for the interested

Unpacking with LATEX. The .dtx chooses its action depending on the format:

plain T_EX: Run docstrip and extract the files.

LATEX: Generate the documentation.

If you insist on using LATEX for docstrip (really, docstrip does not need LATEX), then inform the autodetect routine about your intention:

```
latex \let\install=y\input{stackrel.dtx}
```

Do not forget to quote the argument according to the demands of your shell.

Generating the documentation. You can use both the .dtx or the .drv to generate the documentation. The process can be configured by the configuration file ltxdoc.cfg. For instance, put this line into this file, if you want to have A4 as paper format:

```
\PassOptionsToClass{a4paper}{article}
```

An example follows how to generate the documentation with pdfIATEX:

```
pdflatex stackrel.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist stackrel.idx
pdflatex stackrel.dtx
makeindex -s gind.ist stackrel.idx
pdflatex stackrel.dtx
```

4 History

[2006/12/02 v1.0]

• First version.

$[2007/05/06~\mathrm{v1.1}]$

• Uses package etexcmds.

$[2007/11/11\ v1.2]$

• Use of package pdftexcmds for LuaT_FX support.

[2016/05/16 v1.3]

• Documentation updates.

5 Index

Numbers written in italic refer to the page where the corresponding entry is described; numbers underlined refer to the code line of the definition; plain numbers refer to the code lines where the entry is used.

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