

Príklad: Majme preurčený systém rovníc

$$-14,16\hat{\theta}_0 + \hat{\theta}_1 = -2,04$$

$$-12,6\hat{\theta}_0 + \hat{\theta}_1 = 0$$

$$-7,08\hat{\theta}_0 + \hat{\theta}_1 = 4,08$$

$$-4,92\hat{\theta}_0 + \hat{\theta}_1 = 7,92$$

1. Rekurzívna metóda najmenších štvorcov

$$\begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & 1 \\ -12,6 & 1 \\ -7,08 & 1 \\ -4,92 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \hat{\theta}_0 \\ \hat{\theta}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2,04 \\ 0 \\ 4,08 \\ 7,92 \end{pmatrix} \quad n = 2$$

Štart $\mathbf{P}_N = (\mathbf{H}_N^T \mathbf{H}_N)^{-1}$ $\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_N^* = \mathbf{P}_N \mathbf{H}_N^T \mathbf{y}_N$

$$N=2 \quad \mathbf{H}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & 1 \\ -12,6 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R}_2 = \mathbf{H}_2^T \mathbf{H}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & -12,6 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & 1 \\ -12,6 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 359,2656 & -26,76 \\ -26,76 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{P}_2 = \mathbf{R}_2^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 359,2656 & -26,76 \\ -26,76 & 2 \end{pmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8218 & 10,9961 \\ 10,9961 & 147,6272 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_2^* = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8218 & 10,9961 \\ 10,9961 & 147,6272 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & -12,6 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -2,04 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1,3077 \\ 16,4769 \end{pmatrix}$$

Rekurzívny výpočet

$\mathbf{d}_{N+1} = \mathbf{P}_N \mathbf{h}_{N+1}$	$\rho_{N+1} = (1 + \mathbf{h}_{N+1}^T \mathbf{d}_{N+1})^{-1}$
$\mathbf{e}_{N+1} = \mathbf{y}_{N+1} - \mathbf{h}_{N+1}^T \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_N^*$	$Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{N+1}^*) = Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_N^*) + \rho_{N+1} \mathbf{e}_{N+1}^2$
$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{N+1}^* = \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_N^* + \rho_{N+1} \mathbf{e}_{N+1} \mathbf{d}_{N+1}$	$\mathbf{P}_{N+1} = (\mathbf{I} - \rho_{N+1} \mathbf{d}_{N+1} \mathbf{h}_{N+1}^T) \mathbf{P}_N$

$$\mathbf{d}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8218 & 10,9961 \\ 10,9961 & 147,6272 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -7,08 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5,1775 \\ 69,7752 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rho_3 = \left[1 + \begin{pmatrix} -7,08 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5,1775 \\ 69,7752 \end{pmatrix} \right]^{-1} = 0,0293$$

$$\mathbf{e}_3 = 4,08 - \begin{pmatrix} -7,08 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1,3077 \\ 16,4763 \end{pmatrix} = -3,1384$$

$$Q_3 = 0 + 0,0293 \cdot 3,1384^2 = 0,2886$$

$$\hat{\theta}_3^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1,3077 \\ 16,4769 \end{pmatrix} - 0,0293 \cdot 3,1384 \begin{pmatrix} 5,1775 \\ 69,7752 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8314 \\ 10,0585 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{P}_3 = \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - 0,0293 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 5,1775 \\ 69,7752 \end{pmatrix} (-7,08 \ 1) \right] \mathbf{P}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0,0362 & 0,4076 \\ 0,4076 & 4,9309 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{d}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 0,0362 & 0,4076 \\ 0,4076 & 4,9309 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -4,92 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,2299 \\ 2,9256 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rho_4 = \left[1 + \begin{pmatrix} -4,92 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0,2299 \\ 2,9256 \end{pmatrix} \right]^{-1} = 0,3579$$

$$\mathbf{e}_4 = 7,92 - \begin{pmatrix} -4,92 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0,8314 \\ 10,0585 \end{pmatrix} = -1,9520$$

$$Q_4 = Q_3 + 0,3579 \cdot 1,9520^2 = 1,6522$$

$$\hat{\theta}_4^* = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8314 \\ 10,0585 \end{pmatrix} - 0,3579 \cdot 1,9520 \begin{pmatrix} 0,2299 \\ 2,9256 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,9920 \\ 12,1020 \end{pmatrix}$$

2. Odmocninová verzia RMNŠ

$$\mathbf{P}_2 = (\mathbf{H}_2^T \mathbf{H}_2)^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8218 & 10,9961 \\ 10,9961 & 147,6272 \end{pmatrix}$$

Štart: $N=2$ Určenie \mathbf{G}_2 Choleskeho algoritmom

$$\begin{aligned} g_{11} &= \pm \sqrt{p_{11}} \\ g_{1j} &= \frac{1}{g_{11}} p_{1j} & j &= 2, 3, \dots, n \\ g_{ii} &= \pm \sqrt{p_{ii} - \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} g_{ki}^2} & i &= 2, 3, \dots, n \\ g_{ij} &= \frac{1}{g_{ii}} \left(p_{ij} - \sum_{k=1}^{i-1} g_{ki} g_{kj} \right) & j &= i+1, \dots, n \end{aligned}$$

$$g_{11} = \sqrt{0,8218} = 0,9066 \quad g_{12} = \frac{10,9961}{0,9066} = 12,1296$$

$$g_{22} = \sqrt{147,6272 - 12,1296^2} = 0,7071$$

$$\mathbf{G}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0,9066 & 12,1296 \\ 0 & 0,7071 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\theta}_2^* = \mathbf{G}_2^T \mathbf{G}_2 \mathbf{H}_2^T \mathbf{y}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 1,3077 \\ 16,4769 \end{pmatrix}$$

Rekurzivny výpočet

$$\begin{aligned} e_{N+1} &= y_{N+1} - \mathbf{h}_{N+1}^T \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_N^* \\ \rho_{N+1} &= (1 + \mathbf{z}_{N+1}^T \mathbf{z}_{N+1})^{-1} \\ \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{N+1}^* &= \hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_N^* + \rho_{N+1} e_{N+1} \mathbf{G}_N^T \mathbf{z}_{N+1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{z}_{N+1} &= \mathbf{G}_N \mathbf{h}_{N+1} \\ Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_{N+1}^*) &= Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_N^*) + \rho_{N+1} e_{N+1}^2 \\ \mathbf{G}_{N+1} &= \left(\mathbf{I} - \frac{\rho_{N+1}}{1 + \sqrt{\rho_{N+1}}} \mathbf{z}_{N+1} \mathbf{z}_{N+1}^T \right) \mathbf{G}_N \end{aligned}$$

$$e_3 = 4,08 - \begin{pmatrix} -7,08 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1,3077 \\ 16,4763 \end{pmatrix} = -3,1384$$

$$\mathbf{z}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0,9066 & 12,1296 \\ 0 & 0,7071 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -7,08 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5,7112 \\ 0,7071 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rho_3 = \left[1 + \begin{pmatrix} 5,7112 & 0,7071 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5,7112 \\ 0,7071 \end{pmatrix} \right]^{-1} = 0,0293$$

$$Q_3 = 0 + 0,0293 \cdot 3,1384^2 = 0,2886$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_3^* = \begin{pmatrix} 1,3077 \\ 16,4769 \end{pmatrix} - 0,0293 \cdot 3,1384 \begin{pmatrix} 0,9066 & 0 \\ 12,1296 & 0,7071 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 5,7112 \\ 0,7071 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8314 \\ 10,0584 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{G}_3 = \left[\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - \frac{0,0293}{1 + \sqrt{0,0293}} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 5,7112 \\ 0,7071 \end{pmatrix} (5,7112 \dots 0,7071) \right] \mathbf{G}_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0,1665 & 2,1569 \\ -0,0961 & -0,5276 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$e_4 = 7,92 - \begin{pmatrix} -4,92 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0,8314 \\ 10,0585 \end{pmatrix} = -1,9520$$

$$\mathbf{z}_4 = \mathbf{G}_3 \begin{pmatrix} -4,92 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1,3375 \\ -0,0768 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rho_4 = \left[1 + \begin{pmatrix} 1,3375 & -0,0768 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1,3375 \\ -0,0768 \end{pmatrix} \right]^{-1} = 0,3578$$

$$Q_4 = Q_3 + 0,3578 \cdot 1,9520^2 = 1,6522$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_4^* = \begin{pmatrix} 0,8314 \\ 10,0585 \end{pmatrix} - 0,3578 \cdot 1,9520 \begin{pmatrix} 0,1665 & -0,0961 \\ 2,1569 & -0,5276 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1,3375 \\ -0,0768 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,9919 \\ 12,1018 \end{pmatrix}$$

3. Rekurzívne algoritmy Peterku

$$\begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & 1 \\ -12,6 & 1 \\ -7,08 & 1 \\ -4,92 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \hat{\theta}_0 \\ \hat{\theta}_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2,04 \\ 0 \\ 4,08 \\ 7,92 \end{pmatrix} \quad \lambda = 1 \quad \mathbf{Z}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & 1 & -2,04 \\ -12,6 & 1 & 0 \\ -7,08 & 1 & 4,08 \\ -4,92 & 1 & 7,92 \end{pmatrix}$$

Štart: Nech $N=3$

$$\mathbf{V}_3 = \mathbf{Z}_3^T \mathbf{Z}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & -12,6 & -7,08 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ -2,04 & 0 & 4,08 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -14,16 & 1 & -2,04 \\ -12,6 & 1 & 0 \\ -7,08 & 1 & 4,08 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 409,39 & -33,84 & 0 \\ -33,84 & 3 & 2,04 \\ 0 & 2,04 & 20,81 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R}_3 = \mathbf{V}_3^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} 2,431 & 29,375 & -2,880 \\ 29,375 & 355,375 & -34,841 \\ -2,88 & -34,841 & 3,464 \end{pmatrix}$$

3.1 REFIL (Odmocninový rozklad)

$$\begin{aligned} g_{nn} &= \sqrt{r_{nn}} \\ g_{nj} &= \frac{1}{g_{nn}} r_{nj} \quad j = 1, \dots, n-1 \\ g_{ii} &= \sqrt{r_{ii} - \sum_{k=i+1}^n g_{ki}^2} \quad i = n-1, \dots, 1 \\ g_{ij} &= \frac{1}{g_{ii}} \left(r_{ij} - \sum_{k=i+1}^n g_{ki} g_{kj} \right) \quad j = i-1, \dots, 1 \end{aligned}$$

Štart: Na ilustráciu vypočítame maticu \mathbf{G}_3 z matice \mathbf{R}_3 :

$$\begin{aligned} g_{33} &= \sqrt{r_{33}} = \sqrt{3,4638} = 1,8611 & g_{32} &= \frac{r_{32}}{g_{33}} = \frac{-34,8407}{1,8611} = -18,7202; \\ g_{31} &= \frac{r_{31}}{g_{33}} = \frac{-2,8799}{1,8611} = -1,5474 & g_{22} &= \sqrt{r_{22} - g_{32}^2} = \sqrt{355,375 - 18,7202^2} = 2,2205 \\ g_{21} &= \frac{r_{21} - g_{31}g_{32}}{g_{22}} = \frac{29,375 - 1,5474 \cdot 18,7202}{2,2205} = 0,1835 \\ g_{11} &= \sqrt{r_{11} - g_{21}^2 - g_{31}^2} = \sqrt{2,4306 - 0,1835^2 - 1,5474^2} = 0,0494 \\ \mathbf{G}_3 &= \begin{pmatrix} 0,0494 & 0 & 0 \\ 0,1835 & 2,2205 & 0 \\ -1,5474 & -18,7202 & 1,8611 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\Gamma} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{g}^T & \gamma \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

Rekurzivny výpočet

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_k^* &= -\frac{\mathbf{g}}{\gamma} & Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_k) &= \frac{1}{\gamma^2} \\ \mathbf{f}_{k+1} &= \mathbf{G}_k \mathbf{z}_{k+1} \\ s_0^2 &= \lambda^2 & s_q^2 &= s_{q-1}^2 + \mathbf{f}_q^2 & q &= 1, 2, \dots, k \\ {}^{k+1}g_{ij} &= \frac{1}{\lambda} \frac{s_{i-1}}{s_i} \left({}^k g_{ij} - \frac{f_i}{s_{i-1}^2} \sum_{m=j}^{i-1} f_m {}^k g_{mj} \right)\end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_3^* = \frac{1}{1,8611} \begin{pmatrix} 1,5474 \\ 18,7202 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,831 \\ 10,058 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_3^*) = \frac{1}{1,8611^2} = 0,2887$$

$$\mathbf{f}_4 = \mathbf{G}_3 \mathbf{z}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 0,0494 & 0 & 0 \\ 0,1835 & 2,2205 & 0 \\ -1,5474 & -18,7202 & 1,8611 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -4,92 \\ 1 \\ 7,92 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -0,2432 \\ 1,3175 \\ 3,6332 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} f_1 \\ f_2 \\ f_3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$s_0^2 = 1$$

$$s_0 = 1$$

$$s_1^2 = s_0^2 + f_1^2 = 1 + 0,2432^2 = 1,0591$$

$$s_1 = 1,0291$$

$$s_2^2 = s_1^2 + f_2^2 = 1,0591^2 + 1,3175^2 = 2,7948$$

$$s_2 = 1,6718$$

$$s_3^2 = s_2^2 + f_3^2 = 2,7948^2 + 3,6332^2 = 15,9948$$

$$s_3 = 3,9994$$

$$g_{11} = \frac{s_0}{s_1} g_{11} = \frac{0,0494}{1,0291} = 0,0480$$

$$g_{22} = \frac{s_1}{s_2} g_{22} = \frac{1,0291}{1,6718} 2,2205 = 1,3669$$

$$g_{33} = \frac{s_2}{s_3} g_{33} = \frac{1,6718}{3,9994} 1,8611 = 0,7780$$

$$g_{21} = \frac{s_1}{s_2} \left(g_{21} - \frac{f_2}{s_1^2} f_1 g_{11} \right) = \frac{1,0291}{1,6718} \left[0,1835 - \frac{1,3175}{1,0291^2} \cdot (-0,2432) \cdot 0,0494 \right] = 0,1222$$

$$g_{31} = \frac{s_2}{s_3} \left(g_{31} - \frac{f_3}{s_2^2} (f_1 g_{11} + f_2 g_{21}) \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1,6718}{3,9994} \left[-1,5474 - \frac{3,6332}{1,6718^2} (1,3175 \cdot 0,1835 - 0,2432 \cdot 0,0494) \right] = -0,7718$$

$$g_{32} = \frac{s_2}{s_3} \left(g_{32} - \frac{f_3}{s_2^2} f_2 g_{22} \right) = \frac{1,6718}{3,9994} \left[-18,7202 - \frac{3,6332}{1,6718^2} 1,3175 \cdot 2,2205 \right] = -9,4149$$

$$\mathbf{G}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.048 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.1222 & 1.3669 & 0 \\ -0.7717 & -9.4149 & 0.778 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\Gamma} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{g}^T & \gamma \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_4^* = \frac{1}{0,7780} \begin{pmatrix} 0,7717 \\ 9,4149 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0,9919 \\ 12,1018 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_4^*) = \frac{1}{0,7780^2} = 1,6522$$

3.2 LDFIL (LDL rozklad)

$$\begin{aligned} d_i &= r_{ii} - \sum_{k=i+1}^n d_k l_{ki}^2 & i &= n, \dots, 1 \\ l_{ij} &= \frac{1}{d_i} \left(r_{ij} - \sum_{k=i+1}^n l_{ki} d_k l_{kj} \right) & j &= i-1, \dots, 1 \\ l_{ii} &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

Štart: Na ilustráciu vypočítame rozklad matice \mathbf{R}_3 :

$$\mathbf{R}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 2.4306 & 29.375 & -2.8799 \\ 29.375 & 355.375 & -34.8407 \\ -2.8799 & -34.8407 & 3.4638 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\Lambda}^T & \boldsymbol{\Lambda} \\ \mathbf{0}^T & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\Delta} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0}^T & d \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \boldsymbol{\Lambda} & \mathbf{0} \\ \boldsymbol{\Lambda}^T & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$d_3 = R_{33} = 3,4638$$

$$l_{32} = \frac{R_{32}}{d_3} = \frac{-34,8407}{3,4638} = -10,0525$$

$$l_{31} = \frac{R_{31}}{d_3} = \frac{-2,8799}{3,4638} = -0,8314$$

$$d_2 = R_{22} - d_3 l_{32}^2 = 355,375 - 3,4638 \cdot 10,0585^2 = 4,9306$$

$$l_{21} = \frac{R_{21} - d_3 l_{32} l_{31}}{d_2} = \frac{29,375 - 3,4638 \cdot 10,0585 \cdot 0,8314}{4,9306} = 0,0827$$

$$d_1 = R_{11} - d_3 l_{31}^2 - d_2 l_{21}^2 = 2,4306 - 3,4638 \cdot 0,8314^2 - 4,9306 \cdot 0,0827^2 = 0,0024$$

$$\mathbf{R}_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0.0827 & -0.8314 \\ 0 & 1 & -10.0585 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0.0024 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4.9306 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3.4638 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.0827 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.8314 & -10.0585 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Rekurzivny výpočet

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_k^* &= -\boldsymbol{\lambda} & Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_k^*) &= \frac{1}{d} \\ \mathbf{f}_{k+1} &= \mathbf{L}_k \mathbf{z}_k \\ s_0^2 &= \lambda^2 \\ s_q^2 &= \lambda^2 + \sum_{k=1}^q d_k f_k^2 = s_{q-1}^2 + d_q f_q^2 & q &= 1, \dots, n \\ {}^{k+1}d_i &= {}^k d_i \frac{1}{\lambda^2} \frac{s_{i-1}^2}{s_i^2} & {}^{k+1}l_{ij} &= {}^k l_{ij} - \frac{f_i}{s_{i-1}^2} \sum_{m=j}^{i-1} f_m {}^k d_m {}^k l_{mj}\end{aligned}$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_3^* = -\boldsymbol{\lambda} = [0.8314 \ 10.0585]^T$$

$$Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_3^*) = \frac{1}{d} = \frac{1}{3.4638} = 0.2887$$

$$\mathbf{f}_4 = \mathbf{L}_3 \mathbf{z}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.0827 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.8314 & -10.0585 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -4.92 \\ 1 \\ 7.92 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -4.92 \\ 0.5933 \\ 1.9521 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$s_0^2 = 1$$

$$s_1^2 = s_0^2 + d_1 f_1^2 = 1 + 0,0024 \cdot 4,92^2 = 1,0591$$

$$s_2^2 = s_1^2 + d_2 f_2^2 = 1,0591 + 4,9306 \cdot 0,5933^2 = 2,7948$$

$$s_3^2 = s_2^2 + d_3 f_3^2 = 2,7948 + 3,4638 \cdot 1,9521^2 = 15,9948 = \lambda^2 + \mathbf{f}^T \mathbf{D} \mathbf{f}$$

$$d_1 = \frac{s_0^2}{s_1^2} d_1 = \frac{1}{1,0591} 0,0024 = 0,0023$$

$$l_{21} = l_{21} - \frac{f_1 f_2}{s_1^2} d_1 = 0,0894$$

$$d_2 = \frac{s_1^2}{s_2^2} d_2 = \frac{1,0591}{2,7948} 4,9306 = 1,8685$$

$$l_{32} = l_{32} - \frac{f_2 f_3}{s_2^2} d_2 = -12,1018$$

$$d_3 = \frac{s_2^2}{s_3^2} d_3 = \frac{2,7948}{15,9948} 3,4638 = 0,6052$$

$$l_{31} = l_{31} - \frac{f_3}{s_3^2} [l_{21} f_1 d_1 + f_2 d_2] = -0,9919$$

$$\mathbf{D}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.0023 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1.8685 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.6052 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{L}_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0.0894 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.9919 & -12.1018 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_4^* = -\boldsymbol{\lambda} = [0.9919 \ 12.1018]^T$$

$$Q(\hat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_4^*) = \frac{1}{d} = \frac{1}{0.6052} = 1.6522$$