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# Object Detection

Object localization

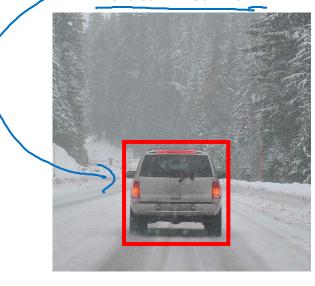
#### What are localization and detection?

Image classification



" Car"

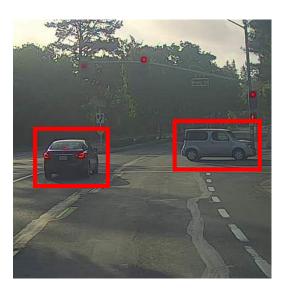
Classification with localization

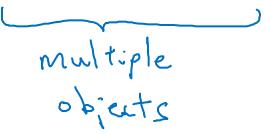


"Cw

bjert

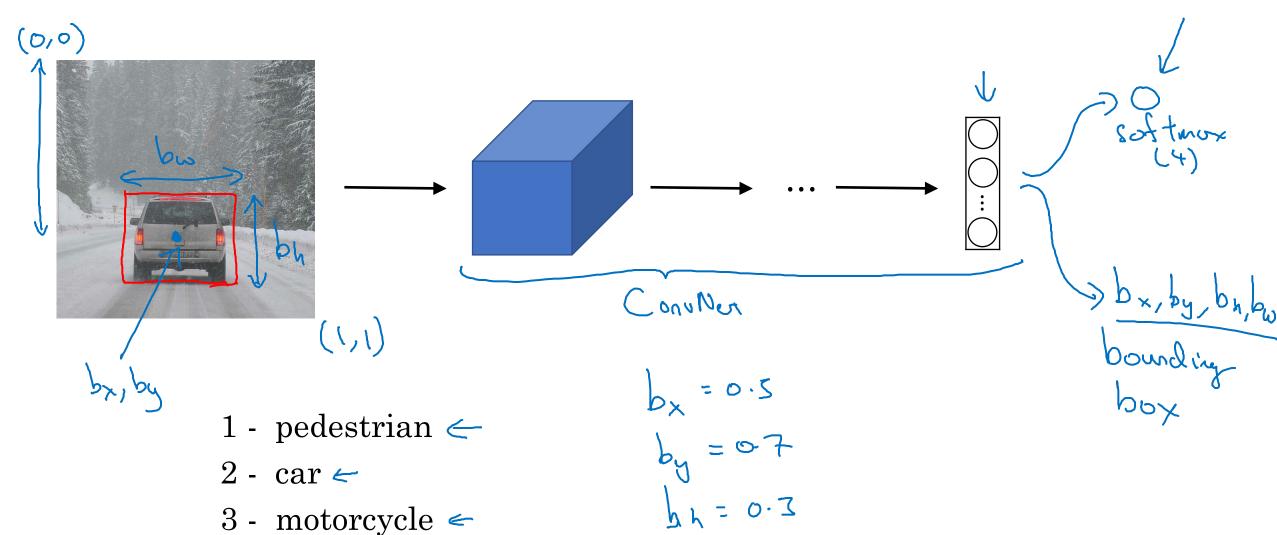
Detection





#### Classification with localization

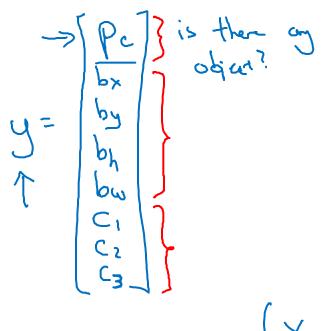
4 - background



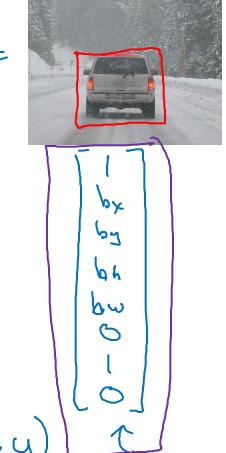
#### Defining the target label y

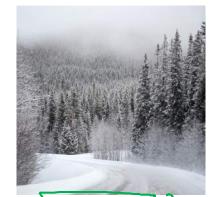
- 1 pedestrian
- 2 car <
- 3 motorcycle
- 4 background  $\leftarrow$

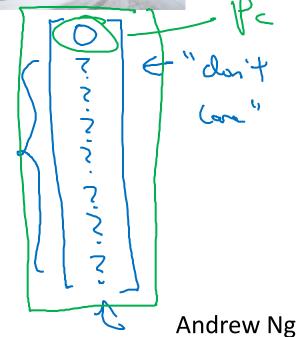
$$\begin{cases}
(\dot{y}_{1}, y_{1})^{2} + (\dot{y}_{2} - y_{2})^{2} \\
+ \dots + (\dot{y}_{8} - y_{8})^{2} & \text{if } y_{1} = 1 \\
(\dot{y}_{1} - y_{1})^{2} + (\dot{y}_{2} - y_{2})^{2}
\end{cases}$$



Need to output  $b_x$ ,  $b_y$ ,  $b_h$ ,  $b_w$ , class label (1-4)





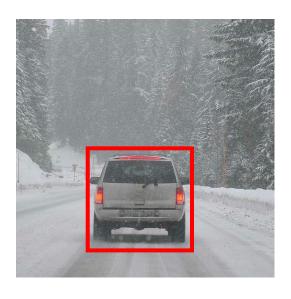




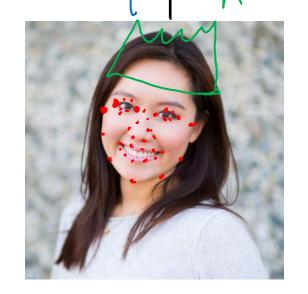
# Object Detection

Landmark detection

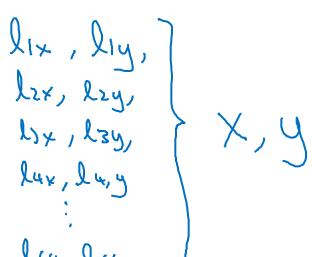
Landmark detection



 $b_x$ ,  $b_y$ ,  $b_h$ ,  $b_w$ 







ConvNet ConvNet



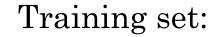
129

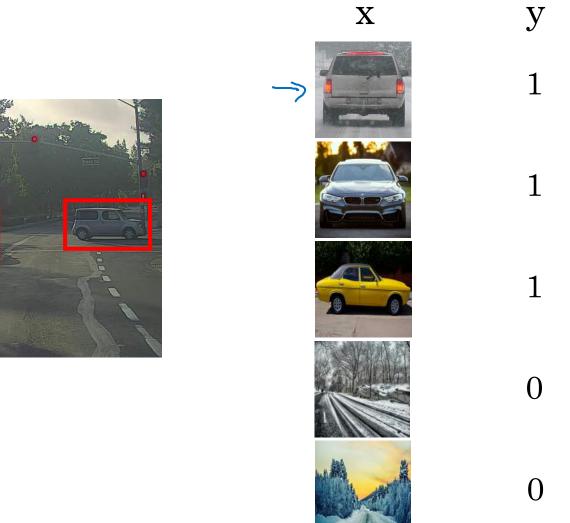


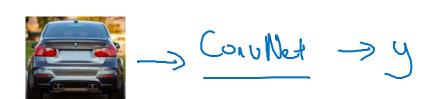
# Object Detection

Object detection

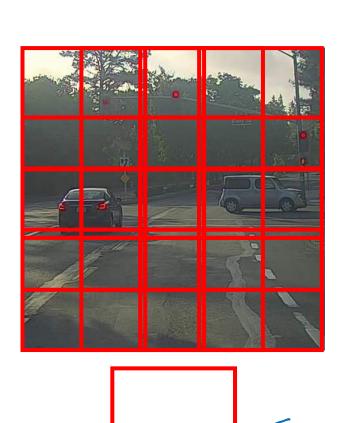
#### Car detection example







Sliding windows detection Corportation cost

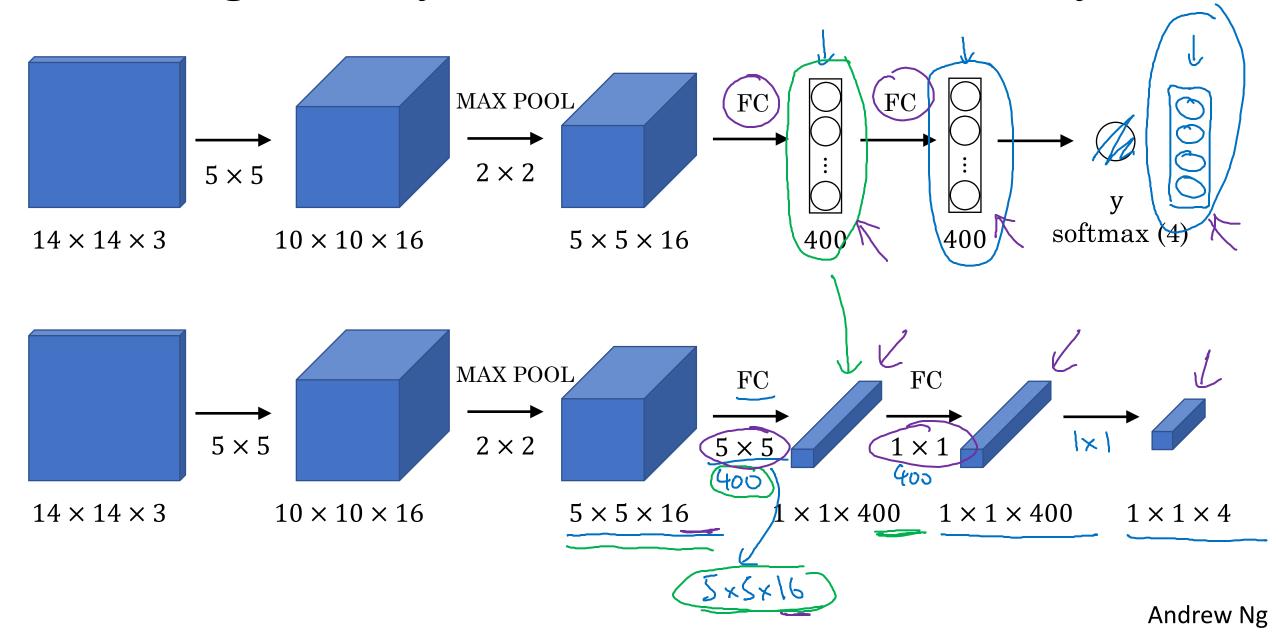




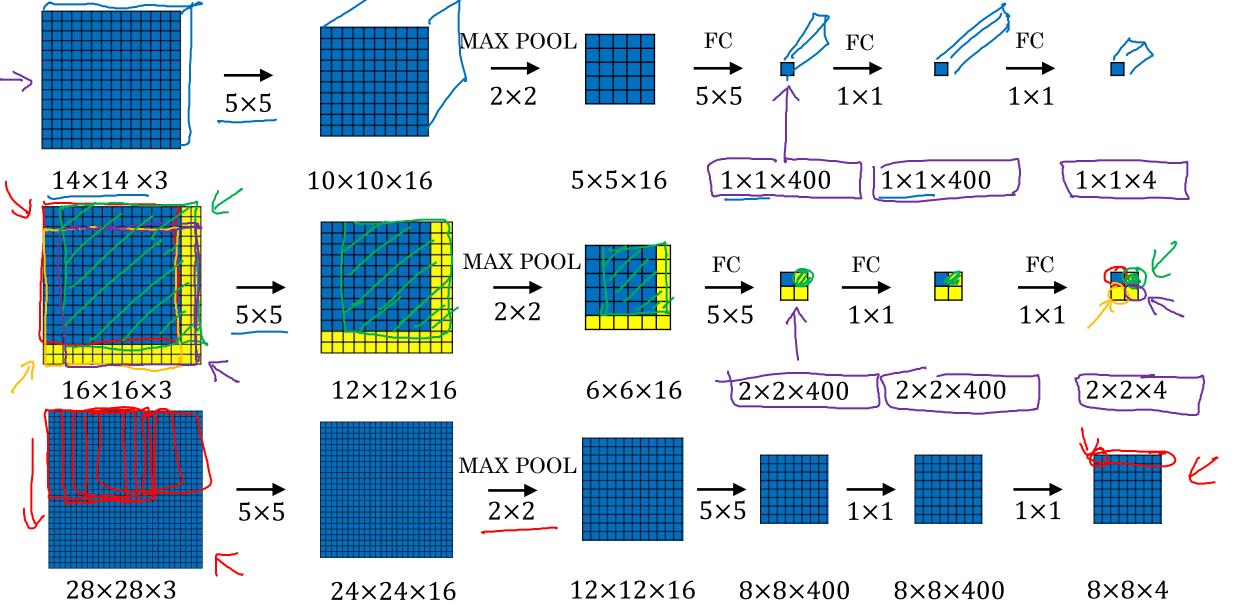
# Object Detection

Convolutional implementation of sliding windows

#### Turning FC layer into convolutional layers



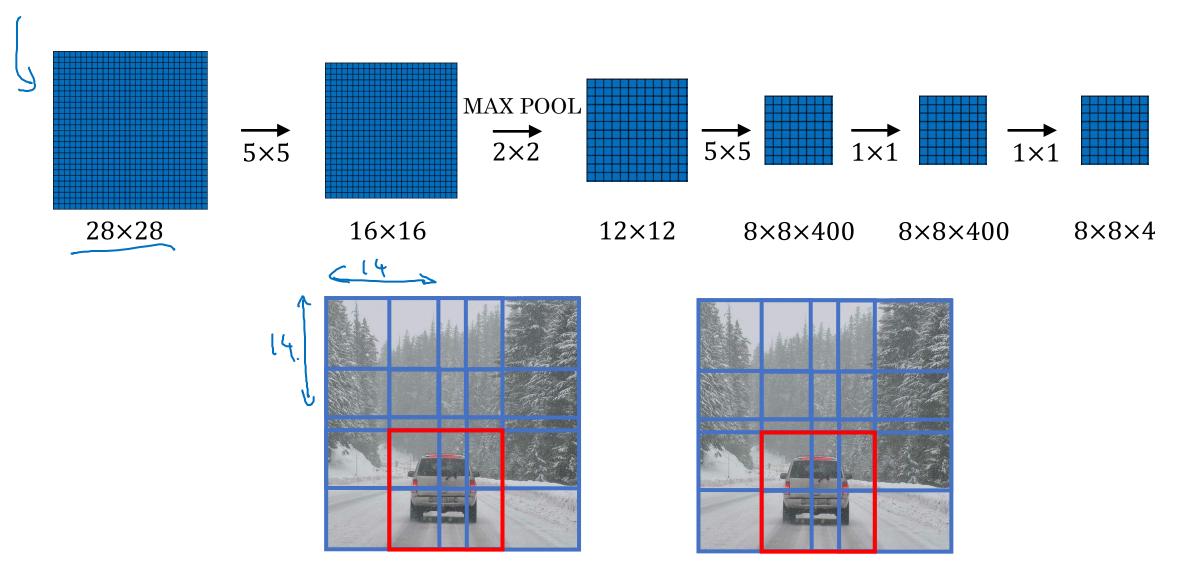
#### Convolution implementation of sliding windows



[Sermanet et al., 2014, OverFeat: Integrated recognition, localization and detection using convolutional networks]

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#### Convolution implementation of sliding windows

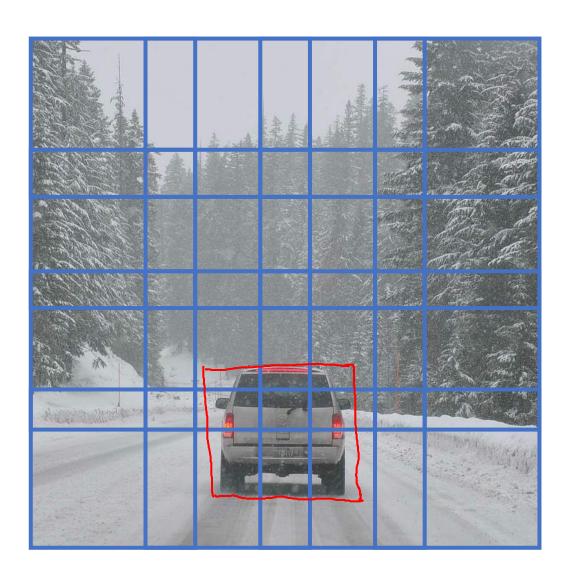




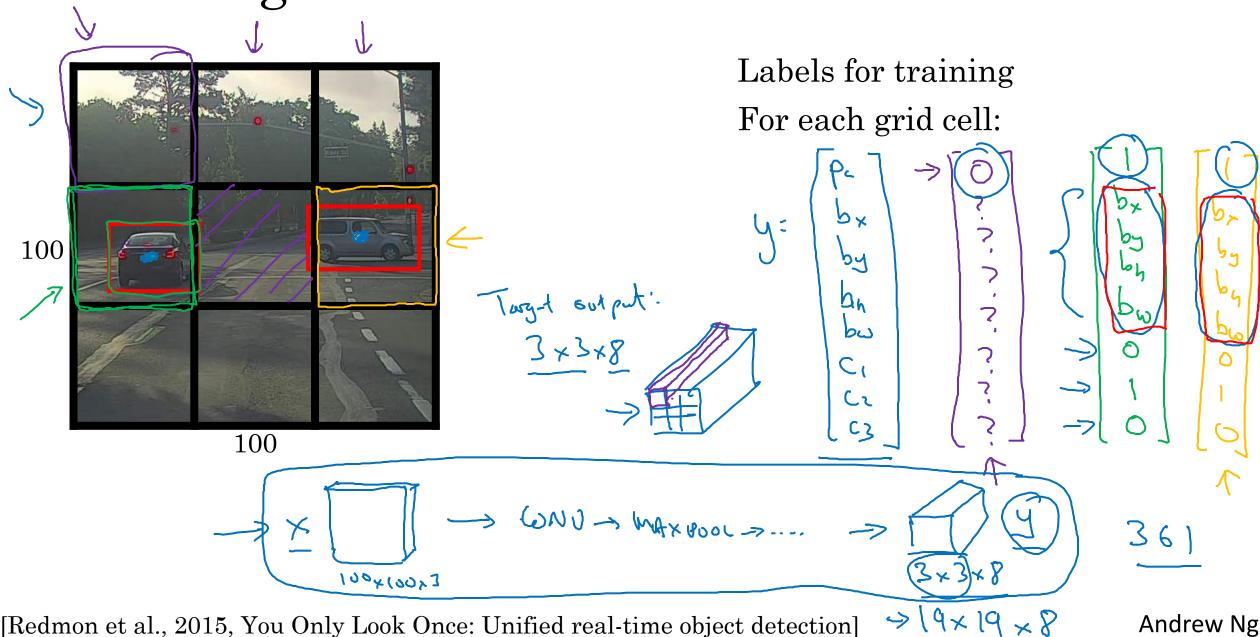
# Object Detection

# Bounding box predictions

#### Output accurate bounding boxes



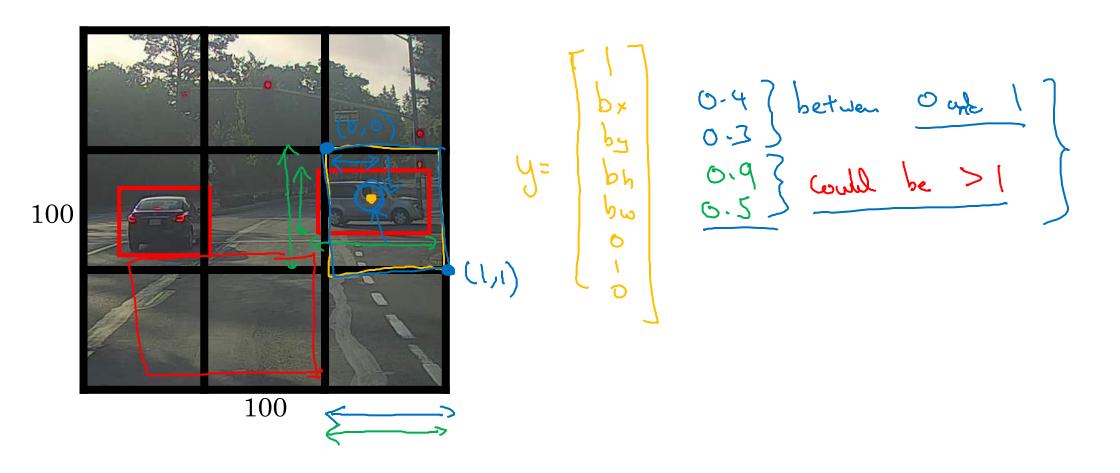
#### YOLO algorithm



[Redmon et al., 2015, You Only Look Once: Unified real-time object detection]

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#### Specify the bounding boxes

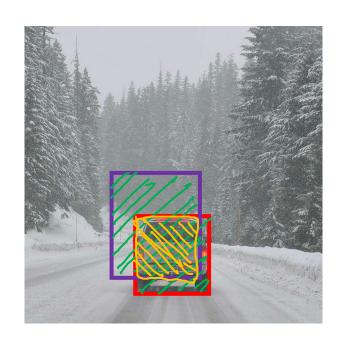




# Object Detection

Intersection over union

#### Evaluating object localization



More generally, IoU is a measure of the overlap between two bounding boxes.



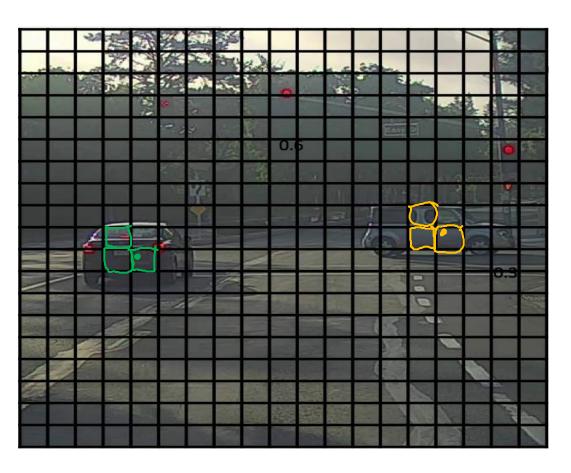
# Object Detection

Non-max suppression

#### Non-max suppression example

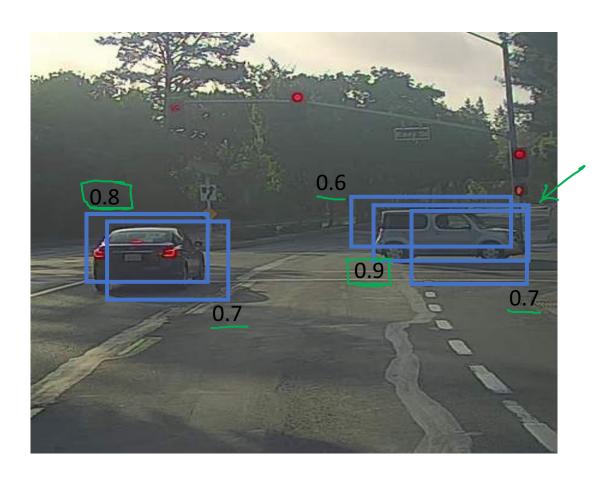


#### Non-max suppression example



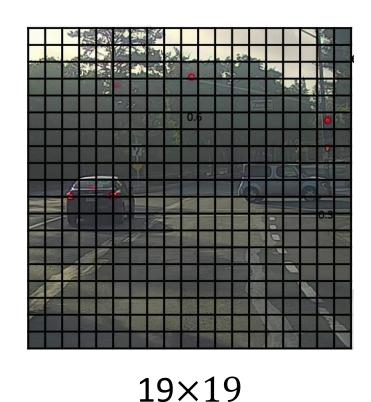
19x19

### Non-max suppression example

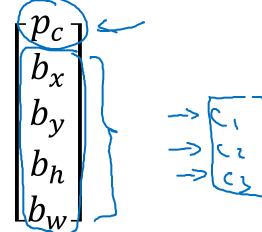


Pc

#### Non-max suppression algorithm



Each output prediction is:



Discard all boxes with  $p_c \leq 0.6$ 

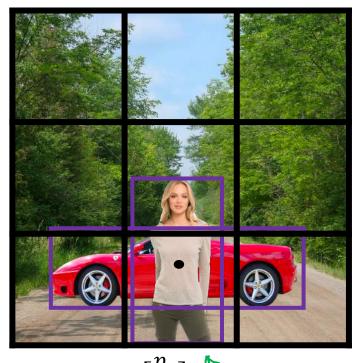
- ->> While there are any remaining boxes:
  - Pick the box with the largest  $p_c$  Output that as a prediction.
  - Discard any remaining box with  $IoU \ge 0.5$  with the box output in the previous step



# Object Detection

Anchor boxes

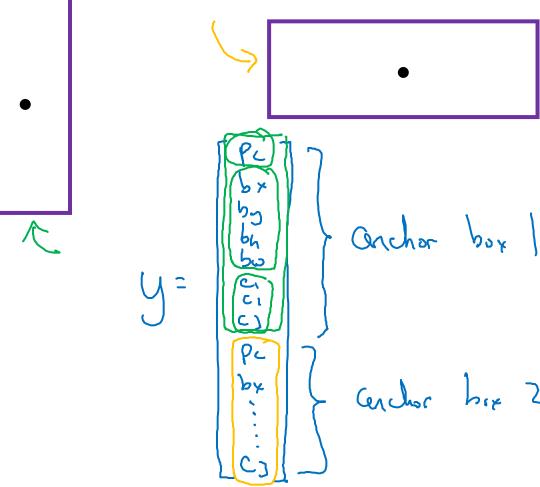
#### Overlapping objects:



$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} b_{c} \\ b_{x} \\ b_{y} \\ b_{h} \\ b_{w} \\ c_{1} \\ c_{2} \\ c_{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

Anchor box 1:

Anchor box 2:

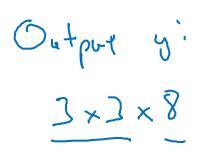


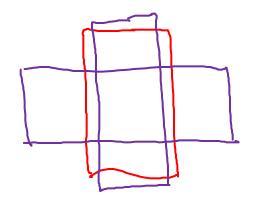
[Redmon et al., 2015, You Only Look Once: Unified real-time object detection]

#### Anchor box algorithm

#### Previously:

Each object in training image is assigned to grid cell that contains that object's midpoint.



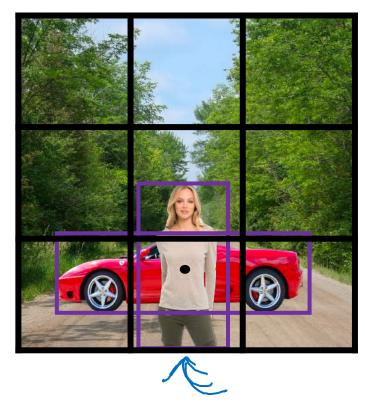


With two anchor boxes:

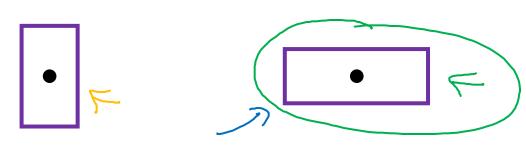
Each object in training image is assigned to grid cell that contains object's midpoint and anchor box for the grid cell with highest IoU.

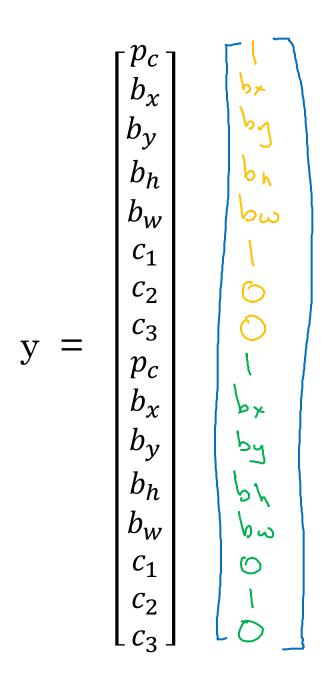
3x3x 2x8

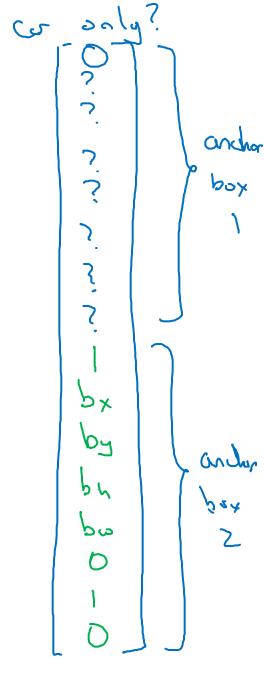
#### Anchor box example



Anchor box 1: Anchor box 2:





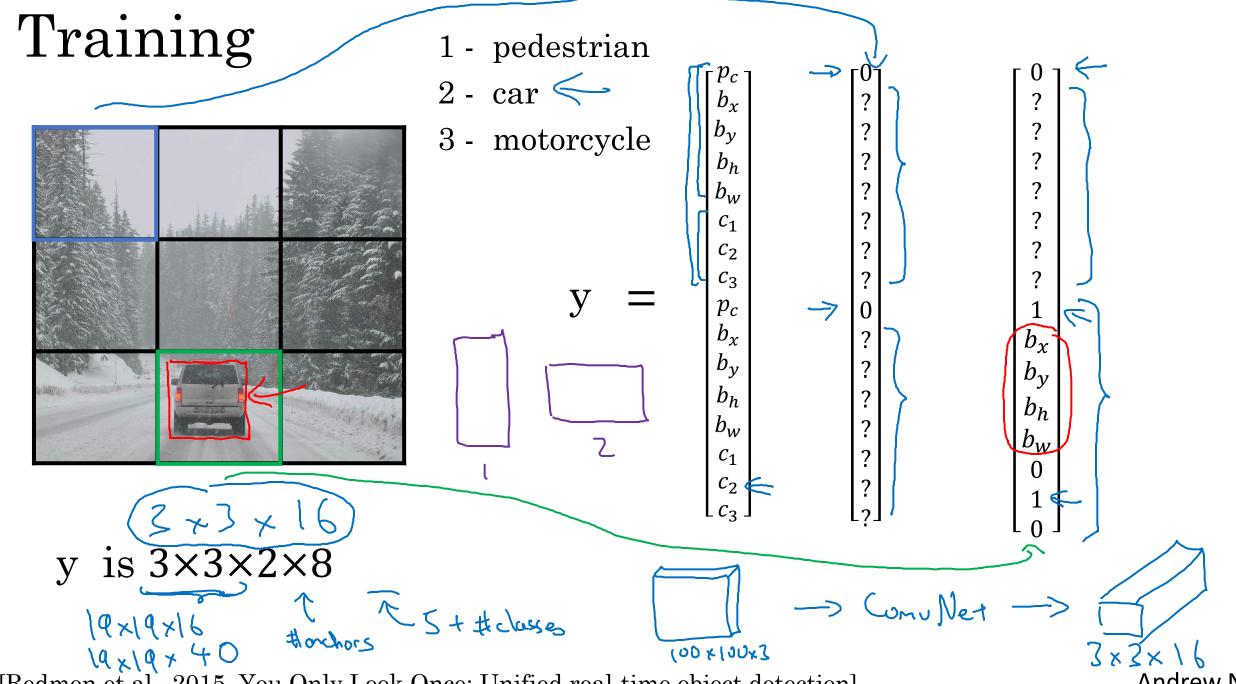


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### Object Detection

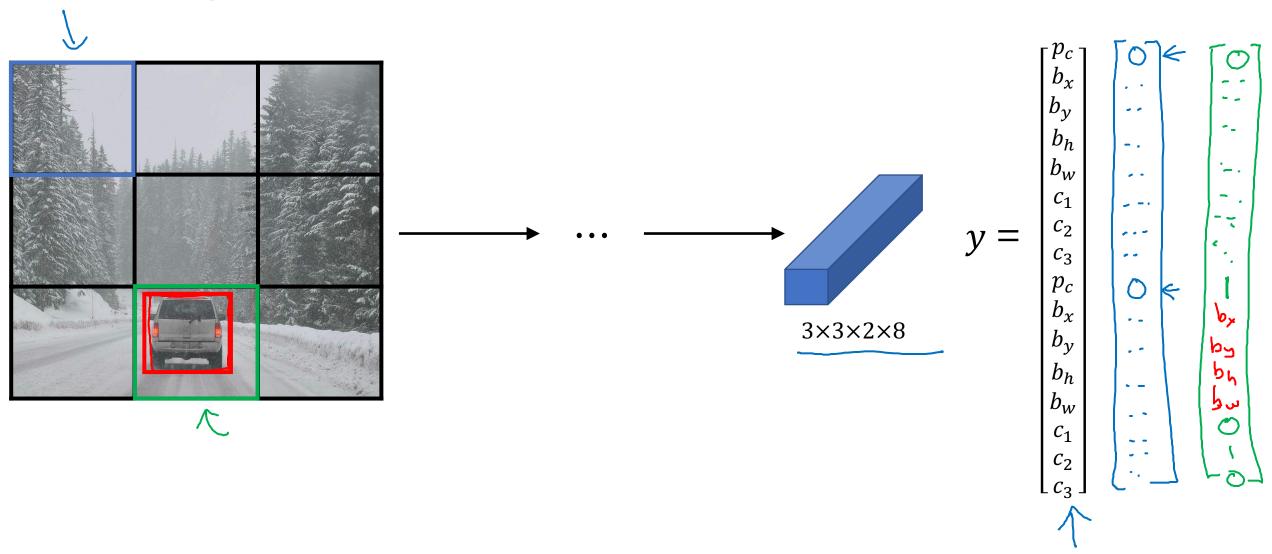
# Putting it together: YOLO algorithm



[Redmon et al., 2015, You Only Look Once: Unified real-time object detection]

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#### Making predictions



#### Outputting the non-max supressed outputs



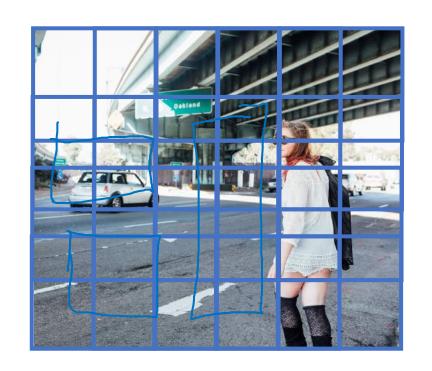
- For each grid call, get 2 predicted bounding boxes.
- Get rid of low probability predictions.
- For each class (pedestrian, car, motorcycle) use non-max suppression to generate final predictions.

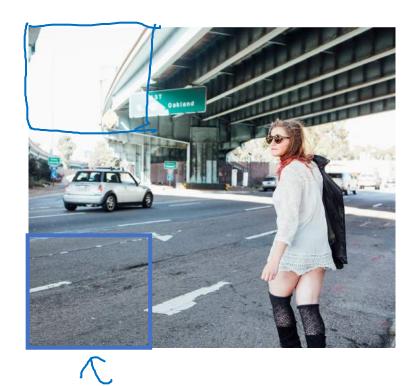


# Object Detection

# Region proposals (Optional)

#### Region proposal: R-CNN







#### Faster algorithms

 $\rightarrow$  R-CNN:

Propose regions. Classify proposed regions one at a time. Output <u>label</u> + bounding box.

Fast R-CNN:

Propose regions. Use convolution implementation of sliding windows to classify all the proposed regions.

Faster R-CNN: Use convolutional network to propose regions.

[Girshik et. al, 2013. Rich feature hierarchies for accurate object detection and semantic segmentation] [Girshik, 2015. Fast R-CNN]

[Ren et. al, 2016. Faster R-CNN: Towards real-time object detection with region proposal networks]

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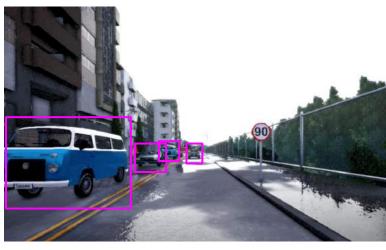


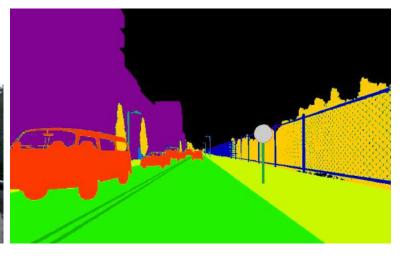
# Convolutional Neural Networks

Semantic segmentation with U-Net

#### Object Detection vs. Semantic Segmentation





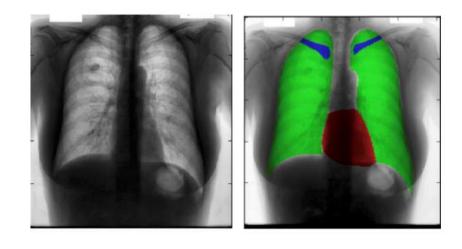


Input image

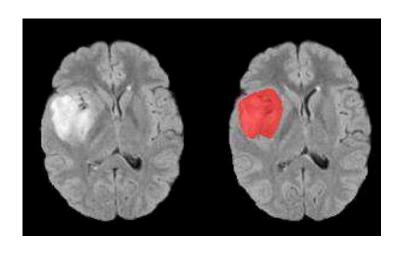
Object Detection

Semantic Segmentation

#### Motivation for U-Net

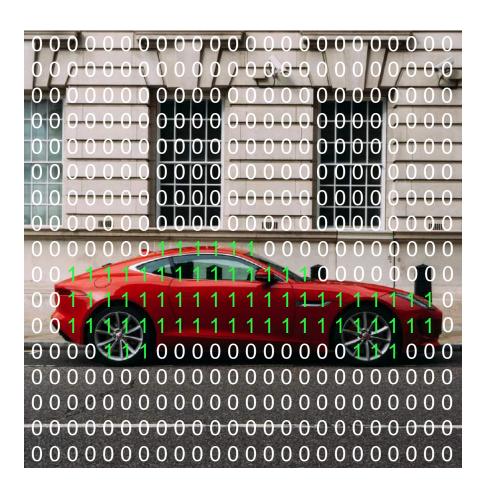


Chest X-Ray



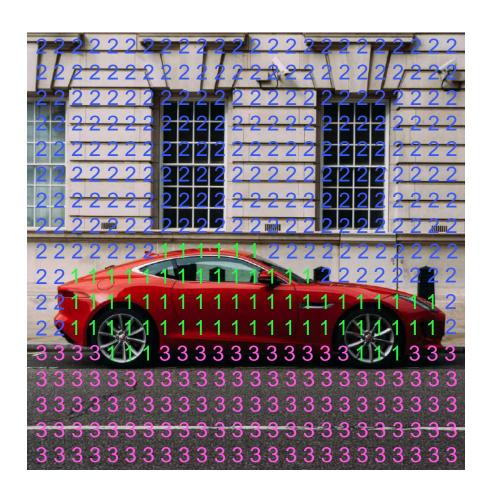
Brain MRI

#### Per-pixel class labels



- 1. Car
- 0. Not Car

#### Per-pixel class labels

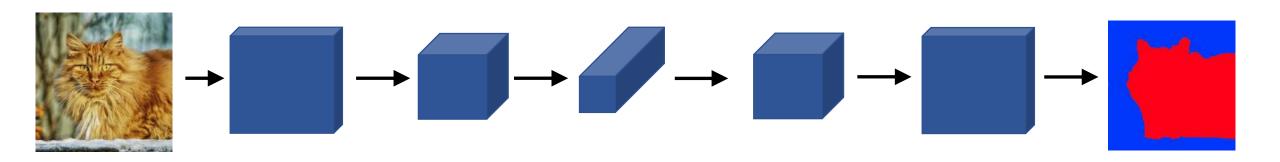


- 1. Car
- 2. Building
- 3. Road

```
22222222222222222222222
22222222222222222222222
22222222222222222222222
22222222222222222222222
22222222222222222222222
   13333333333331
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
```

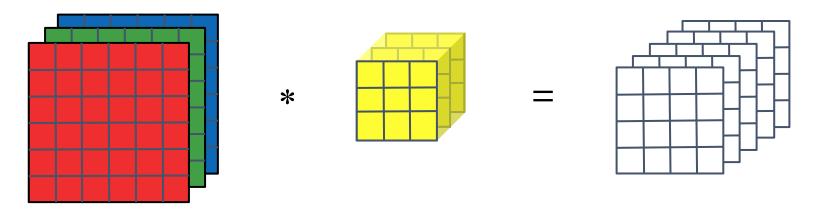
Segmentation Map

#### Deep Learning for Semantic Segmentation

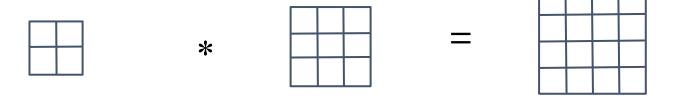


#### Transpose Convolution

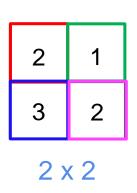
Normal Convolution

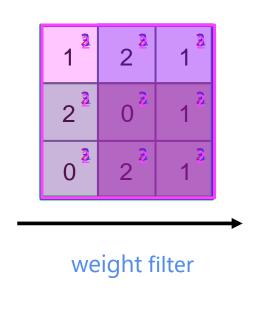


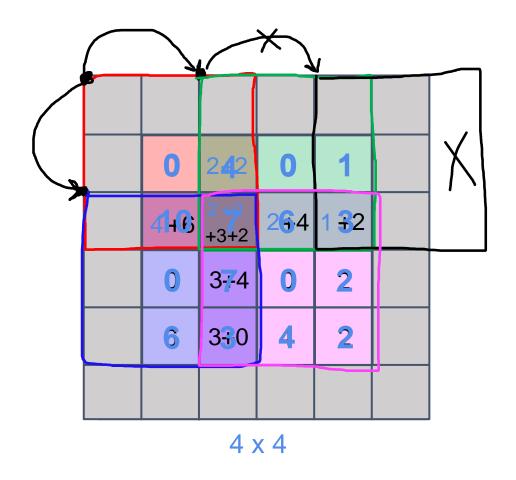
Transpose Convolution



#### Transpose Convolution



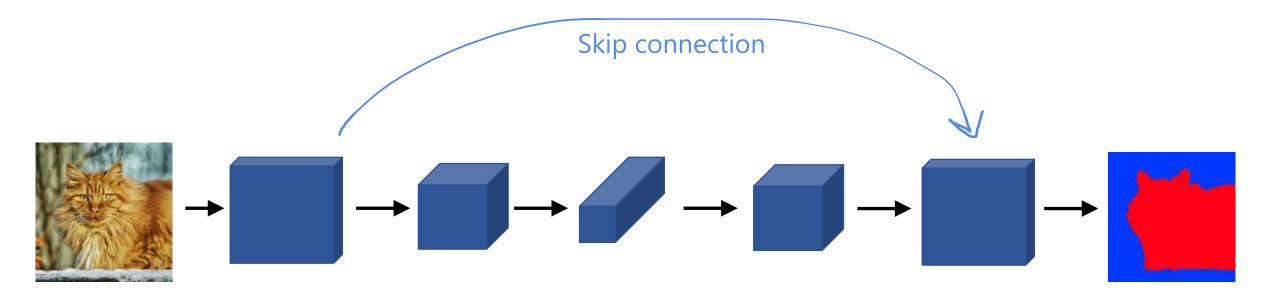




filter  $f \times f = 3 \times 3$ 

padding p = 1 stride s = 2

#### Deep Learning for Semantic Segmentation



# U-Net Conv, RELU Max Pool Trans Conv Skip Connection Conv (1x1)

