## MA3203 - Problem sheet 1

## Problem 1.

- (a) Given a quiver  $\Gamma: 1 \longrightarrow 2 \longrightarrow 3$  and a field k, let  $\Lambda = k\Gamma$ . Let S be the k-algebra  $\begin{pmatrix} k & 0 & 0 \\ k & k & 0 \\ k & k & k \end{pmatrix}$ . Show that  $\Lambda$  and S are isomorphic as k-algebras.
- (b) Given the representation (V, f):  $k^2 \xrightarrow{(1\ 1)} k \xrightarrow{(1\ 1)} k^2$  and the representation (V', f'):  $k \xrightarrow{(1\ 0)} k^2 \xrightarrow{(1\ 0\ 0)} k^2$  of  $\Gamma$  over k, describe homomorphisms from (V, f) to (V', f').
- (c) Describe homomorphisms from (V', f') to (V, f) where (V, f) and (V', f') are as in (b).
- (d) We say that a representation (V,f) of some quiver  $\Gamma$  over some field k is a subrepresentation of a representation (V',f') of  $\Gamma$  over k if for each vertex i the vectorspace V(i) is a subspace of V'(i) and for each arrow  $\alpha \colon i \to j$  in  $\Gamma$  we have that  $f_{\alpha} = f'_{\alpha}|_{V(i)} \colon V(i) \to V(j)$ .

Let (V', f') be the representation  $k \xrightarrow{1} k \xrightarrow{1} k$  of the quiver  $\Gamma$  from (a) over the field k. Find all subrepresentations of (V', f').

(e) Challenge: For a subrepresentation (V, f) of a representation (V', f') define the factor representation (V', f')/(V, f). Let (V', f') be as in (d). Find all factor-representations of (V', f').

**Problem 2.** Let  $R = \begin{pmatrix} k & 0 \\ k[x]/(x^2) & k \end{pmatrix} \subset \begin{pmatrix} k[x]/(x^2) & 0 \\ k[x]/(x^2) & k[x]/(x^2) \end{pmatrix}$ , where k is a field and addition and multiplication are the usual addition and multiplication of matrices.

- (a) Show that R is a ring, and that it is an algebra over k when  $\alpha \cdot r = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & \alpha \end{pmatrix} r$  for  $\alpha \in k$  and  $r \in R$ . Is R a left artinian ring?
- (b) Let  $I = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ k[x]/(x^2) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ . Show that I is an ideal in R. Is R a semisimple ring? Show that  $R/I \cong k \bigoplus k$  as rings.
- (c) Show that R is isomorphic to the path algebra of the quiver  $\Gamma\colon \stackrel{\alpha}{\underset{\beta}{\Longrightarrow}} 2$  .
- (d) Let  $M_{\lambda}$  be the representation of the quiver  $\Gamma$  over k given by  $V(1) = k, V(2) = k, f_{\alpha} = 1$  and  $f_{\beta} = \lambda$  (i.e.  $f_{\alpha}(a) = a, f_{\beta}(a) = \lambda a, \forall a \in k$ ) where  $\lambda \in k$ .

Show that  $M_{\lambda} \not\cong M_{\lambda'}$  if  $\lambda \neq \lambda'$ .

(e) Show that  $M_{\lambda}$  is indecomposable for each  $\lambda$  in k.

## Problem 3

- (a) Given the quiver  $\Gamma$ : 1  $\alpha$  with a relation  $\sigma = \alpha^2$  and a field k, let  $\Lambda = k\Gamma/\langle \alpha^2 \rangle$ . Show that  $\Lambda$  and  $k[x]/(x^2)$  are isomorphic as k-algebras.
- (b) Find all homomorphisms from the representation (V, f):  $k^3 \supset \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  to itself.
- (c) Challenge: Find all indecomposable representations of  $(\Gamma, \sigma)$  over k. Hint: Only two!