

MA2501: Numerical Methods Spring 2017

Exercise set 0

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This set of exercises is meant to give a short introduction into the usage of MATLAB.

1 Linear algebra and plotting:

Find and plot the polynomial of degree 3 that interpolates the points given in the following table:

In other words: Find a polynomial

$$p(x) = a_3 x^3 + a_2 x^2 + a_1 x + a_0$$

that satisfies $p(x_i) = y_i$ for i = 1, 2, 3, 4.

a) Verify that the coefficients satisfy the linear system

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 & 4 & -8 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 9 & 27 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -16 \\ -3 \\ -1 \\ 24 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- b) Use MATLAB to solve the linear system.
- c) Use Matlab for plotting the interpolation polynomial.

Matlab resources

MATLAB is already installed at certain computer labs at NTNU. There is also the (highly recommended) possibility of installing it on your own computer. Instructions for that can be found at https://innsida.ntnu.no/it-hjelp.

A short introduction in MATLAB (in Norwegian) can be found at https://wiki.math.ntnu.no/drift/stud/matlab (the pdf-file *Introduksjonskurs for IMF-studenter i matlab*). The documentation in MATLAB itself is very extensive. It can be accessed either from the start menu of by typing doc in the command line. In addition, there is an introduction at http://www.mathworks.se/moler/chapters.html.

Plotting

Simple plots can be created with the command plot. It is, however, recommended to improve the appearance of the plot by playing around with variables and commands like:

'Color' color of the graph plotted

'LineWidth' line width of the graph plotted
grid on/off plot a grid over the function plot
xlabel('x') annotation of the x-axis
ylabel('y') annotation of the y-axis
title('z') title of the plot

2 Some simple programming:

Euler's number e can, for instance, be computed using either of the formulas

$$e = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^n$$

or

$$e = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!}.$$

a) Write two MATLAB-programs that compute the numbers

$$a_n = \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n$$

and

$$b_m = \sum_{k=0}^m \frac{1}{k!}$$

for different values of n and m and compare the results with the true value of e.

b) One of the two methods does not seem to converge to e. Which one? Why?

Programming in MATLAB

MATLAB-files have the ending .m and may either be scripts (which simply contain several lines of MATLAB-code that are executed when the file is called) or functions (depending additionally on input variables and usually returning some result).

A simple Matlab-function for computing the square of a number (or the pointwise square of an array) may consist of the following lines:

function
$$y = f(x)$$

 $y = x.^2;$

This code has to be stored in a file f.m (the file should have the same name as the function). Then, calling for instance f(2) in the command line of MATLAB gives the result 4.