# **TABLE OF CONTENT**

Sr. No	DESCRIPTION
1.	Introduction
2.	Features/Requirements of the project
3.	ER Diagram
4.	Normalization
5.	Structure, Integrity and General Constraints of the database
6.	Stored Values in database
7.	Functionalities of the database
8.	Cursors used in database
9.	Source Code

## INTRODUCTION

## FEATURES/REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROJECT

Following are the requirements of this project:

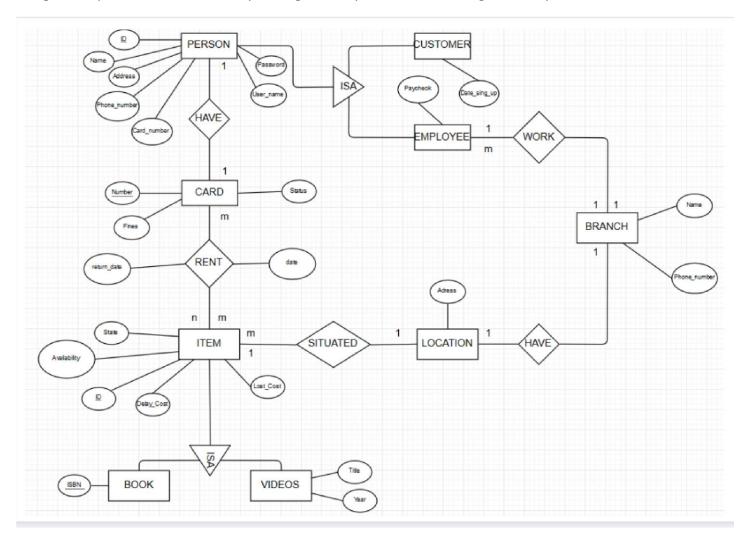
- A database which maintains employee information.
- A separate database for maintaining information related to the book issued and customer.
- Information regarding all the books and videos available in the library.
- Login credentials for customers as well as the employee.

Based on the above requirements, we have:

- Formed the most relevant tables and functions that mimic the library management system and are sufficient to provide the core and fundamental functionalities and facilities of the same.
- Added the proper integrity constraints to the tables, also used several checks in the functions,
   procedure which ensures the proper functioning of our database.
- Introduced different roles which have different privileges over our database.

## **ER DIAGRAM**

Using the requirements of the library management system, the following are entity sets and relational sets:



## **RELATIONAL SCHEMA**

- CARD (Number, Fines, Status)
- CUSTOMER (ID, Name, Address, Phone\_number, Card\_number [References CARD(Number)], Password,
   User\_name, Date\_sign\_up)
- EMPLOYEE (ID, Name, Address, Phone\_number, Card\_number [References CARD(Number)], Password,
   User name, Paycheck, Branch name [References BRANCH(Name)])
- BRANCH (Name, Address [References LOCATION(Address)], Phone\_number)
- LOCATION (Address)
- RENT (Card\_ID [References CARD(Number)], Item\_ID [References BOOK or VIDEO(ID)], Date,
   Return\_date)
- BOOK (ISBN, ID, State, Availability, Deby\_cost, Lost\_cost, Address [References LOCATION(Address)])
- VIDEO (*Title, Year, ID,* State, Availability, Deby\_cost, Lost\_cost, Address [References LOCATION(Address)])

## STRUCTURE, INTEGRITY AND GENERAL CONSTRAINTS OF THE DATABASE

Here we are displaying the tables and their constraints using PL SQL description of tables to display the results better.

### CARD:

This table contains all the information related to the library card including card-ID, Fine on the book issued and status of the book issued(returned or not). In this table, **Card-ID is the primary key**.

#### CUSTOMER:

This table contains all the information related to the customers including CUSTOMERID, name, customer address, phone, password, username, date of sign up and card number. Here, <u>CUSTOMERID</u> is the <u>primary key and CARDNUMBER is the foreign key (from table card(CARDID))</u>.

```
SQL> desc customer;
Name
                                                   Null?
                                                              Type
CUSTOMERID
                                                   NOT NULL NUMBER
                                                              VARCHAR2(40)
NAME
CUSTOMERADDRESS
                                                              VARCHAR2(50)
                                                              NUMBER(9)
VARCHAR2(20)
VARCHAR2(10)
PHONE
PASSWORD
USERNAME
DATESIGNUP
                                                              DATE
                                                              NUMBER
 CARDNUMBER
```

#### • EMPLOYEE:

This table contains all the information related to the library employee including name, employee address, employeeID, phone, password, username, paycheck, branchname, card number. Here, employeeID is the primary key branchname is foreign key (from branch(name)) and cardnumber is foreign key(from card(cardID)).

```
SQL> desc employee;
                                               Null?
Name
                                                         Type
EMPLOYEEID
                                               NOT NULL
                                                         NUMBER
                                                         VARCHAR2(40)
NAME
EMPLOYEEADDRESS
                                                         VARCHAR2(50)
                                                         NUMBER(9)
PHONE
PASSWORD
                                                         VARCHAR2(20)
                                                         VARCHAR2(10)
USERNAME
                                                         NUMBER(8,2)
VARCHAR2(40)
PAYCHECK
BRANCHNAME
CARDNUMBER
                                                         NUMBER
```

#### LOCATION:

This table contains addresses of the different branches of the institute. Here, <u>address is the</u> primary key.

### BOOK:

This table contains information regarding all the books available in the library including ISBN, BookID, state, availability, address etc. Here, <u>ISBN and BookID are primary keys while</u> address is the foreign key.

```
SQL> desc book;
 Name
                                             Null?
                                                       Type
 TSBN
                                             NOT NULL VARCHAR2(4)
 BOOKID
                                             NOT NULL VARCHAR2(6)
                                                       VARCHAR2(10)
 STATE
 AVALABILITY
                                                       VARCHAR2(1)
                                                       NUMBER(10,2)
 DEBYCOST
 LOSTCOST
                                                       NUMBER(10,2)
 ADDRESS
                                                       VARCHAR2(50)
```

#### BRANCH:

This table contains all the information which are branch specific including-name of the branch, address and phone number. Here, <u>name is the primary key and address is the</u> foreign key(from the table location(address)).

SQL> desc branch; Name	Null?	Туре
NAME ADDRESS PHONE	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(40) VARCHAR2(50) NUMBER(9)

### VIDEO:

This table contains information regarding different video products available in the library including-Title of the video, VideoID, year made, availability etc. Here, <u>title</u>, <u>year and videoID are primary key while address is the foreign key(from table location(address))</u>.

SQL> desc video; Name	Null? Type	
TITLE	NOT NULL VARCHAR2(50)	
YEAR	NOT NULL NUMBER(38)	
VIDEOID	NOT NULL VARCHAR2(6)	
STATE	VARCHAR2(10)	
AVALABILITY	VARCHAR2(1)	
DEBYCOST	NUMBER(10,2)	
LOSTCOST	NUMBER(10,2)	
ADDRESS	VARCHAR2(50)	

### RENT:

Contains columns such as CardID, ItemID, return date etc. Here, <u>cardID and itemID are</u> <u>primary keys while CardID(from table card(cardID)),itemID (from table book(bookID))</u> <u>and itemID(from table video(itemID)) are foreign keys.</u>

Name	Nul	L?	Type
CARDID VIDEOID	NOT	NULL	NUMBER VARCHAR2(6)
APPORPRIATIONDATE	NOT	NULL	
RETURNDATE	NOT	NULL	DATE
BOOKID			VARCHAR2(6)

## **STORED VALUES IN DATABASE**

### • BOOK:

SQL> select * from	book;			
ISBN BOOKID STATE	А	DEBYCOST	LOSTCOST	
ADDRESS				
A123 B1A123 GOOD ARCHEOLOGY ROAD	Α	5	20	
A123 B2A123 NEW ARCHEOLOGY ROAD	0	6	30	
B234 B1B234 NEW CHEMISTRY ROAD	А	2	15	
ISBN BOOKID STATE	A	DEBYCOST	LOSTCOST	
ADDRESS				
C321 B1C321 BAD PHYSICS ROAD	А	1	10	
H123 B1H123 GOOD CHEMISTRY ROAD	А	3	15	
Z123 B1Z123 GOOD COMPUTING ROAD	0	4	20	
ISBN BOOKID STATE	Α	DEBYCOST	LOSTCOST	
ADDRESS				
L321 B1L321 NEW COMPUTING ROAD	0	4	20	
P321 B1P321 USED CHEMISTRY ROAD	А	2	12	
8 rows selected.				

## • CARD:

FINES		
	A	101
	A	102
	A	103
	A	104
	A	105
•	A	106
56	B	107
16	В	108
25.5	В	109
15.25	В	110
(	A	151
FINES		
•		152
•		153
•		154
	A	155

## • CUSTOMER:

CUSTOMER:				
SQL> select * from co	ustomer;			
CUSTOMERID NAME				
CUSTOMERADDRESS			PHONE	
PASSWORD	USERNAME	DATESIGNU	CARDNUMBER	
1 ALFRED BACON STREET alfred123	al1	02-MAY-18	623623623 101	
2 JAMES DOWNTOWN ABBEY james123	ja2	10-MAY-18	659659659 102	
CUSTOMERID NAME				
CUSTOMERADDRESS			PHONE	
PASSWORD	USERNAME	DATESIGNU	CARDNUMBER	
3 GEORGE DETROIT CITY george123	ge3	21-JUN-17	654654654 103	
4 TOM WASHINGTON DC.			658658658	
CUSTOMERID NAME				
CUSTOMERADDRESS			PHONE	
	USERNAME	DATESIGNU		
	tom4			
5 PETER CASTERLY ROCK peter123	pe5	09-AUG-16	652652652 105	

6 JENNY			
CUSTOMERID NAME			
CUSTOMERADDRESS			PHONE
PASSWORD	USERNAME	DATESIGNU	CARDNUMBER
TERRAKOTA jenny123	je6	30-APR-17	651651651 106
7 ROSE SWEET HOME ALABAMA rose123	ro7	28-FEB-18	657657657 107
CUSTOMERID NAME			
CUSTOMERADDRESS			PHONE
PASSWORD	USERNAME	DATESIGNU	CARDNUMBER
8 MONICA FAKF STRFFT 123 monica123	mo8	15-JAN-16	639639639 108
9 PHOEBE CENTRAL PERK phoebe123	pho9	25-MAR-16	678678678 109
CUSTOMERID NAME			
CUSTOMERADDRESS			PHONE
PASSWORD		DATESIGNU	CARDNUMBER
			001001001
	ral0	01-SEP-17	687687687
10 rows selected.			4

## RENT:

```
SQL> select * from rent;

CARDID VIDEOI APPORPRIA RETURNDAT BOOKID

101 10-MAY-18 20-MAY-18 B2A123
102 10-MAY-18 25-MAY-18 B1Z123
104 V1JA15 01-MAY-18 21-MAY-18
105 V1D100 02-MAY-18 25-MAY-18
154 04-MAY-18 26-MAY-18
155 V1CH16 29-APR-18 29-MAY-18
6 rows selected.
```

## • VIDEO:

SQL> select *	from vide	);			
TITLE			YEAR	VIDEOI	STATE
A DEBYCOST		ADDRESS			
CHEMISTRY FOR 0 10	DUMMIES	CHEMISTRY ROAD		V1CH16	NEW
CHEMISTRY FOR A 5		CHEMISTRY ROAD	2016	V2CH16	BAD
COMPUTING MAN A 4	AGER 20	COMPUTING ROAD	2014	V1C014	GOOD
TITLE			YEAR	VIDEOI	STATE
A DEBYCOST		ADDRESS			
JAVA LANGUAGE 0 4		COMPUTING ROAD		V1JA15	USED
DINOSAURS O 5	25	ARCHEOLOGY ROAD	2000	V1DI00	GOOD
T-REX, DEADLY A 10	KING 50	ARCHEOLOGY ROAD	1992	V1TR92	USED
TITLE			YEAR	VIDEOI	STATE
A DEBYCOST	LOSTCOST	ADDRESS			
ANCESTORS OF A 3		TY ARCHEOLOGY ROAD	1998	V1AN98	BAD
PHYSICS, MOST A 1	BORING SH	PHYSICS ROAD	2018	V1PH18	NEW
8 rows select	ed.				

#### LOCATION:

### • EMPLOYEE:

```
SQL> select * from employee;
EMPLOYEEID NAME
EMPLOYEEADDRESS
                                                                PHONE
PASSWORD
                        USERNAME
                                      PAYCHECK
BRANCHNAME
                                               CARDNUMBER
211 ROSS
HIS HOUSE
                                                            671671671
ross123
ARCHEOLOGY
                                           1200
                                                       155
EMPLOYEEID NAME
EMPLOYEEADDRESS
                                                                PHONE
PASSWORD
                        USERNAME
                                       PAYCHECK
BRANCHNAME
                                               CARDNUMBER
212 CHANDLER
OUR HEARTHS
chandler123
ARCHEOLOGY
                                                            688688688
                        chand12
                                         1150.5
                                                       110
EMPLOYEEID NAME
EMPLOYEEADDRESS
                                                                PHONE
PASSWORD
                        USERNAME
                                       PAYCHECK
BRANCHNAME
                                               CARDNUMBER
213 JOEY
LITTLE ITAYLY
joey123
ARCHEOLOGY
                                                            628628628
                        jo13
                                         975.75
```

### BRANCH:

```
SQL> select * from branch;
NAME
ADDRESS
                                                         PHONE
ARCHEOLOGY
ARCHEOLOGY ROAD
                                                     645645645
CHEMISTRY
CHEMISTRY ROAD
                                                     622622622
COMPUTING
COMPUTING ROAD
                                                     644644644
NAME
ADDRESS
                                                         PHONE
PHYSICS
PHYSICS ROAD
                                                     66666666
```

## **FUNCTIONALITIES OF THE DATABASE**

List of all functions, procedures and cursors and how they help in preserving the consistency of the database.

### LOGIN CREDENTIALS:

The login credential function in the library management system ensures secure access to the system by requiring users to authenticate with unique usernames and passwords. It provides granular access control, allowing administrators to assign specific privileges based on user roles, thus safeguarding sensitive library data from unauthorized access. Both the employee and customers have their own login credentials for accessing the said database.

example: CORRECT CUSTOMER USERNAME: all

CORRECT CUSTOMER PASSWORD: alfred123

```
1 DECLARE
2    user customer.username%TYPE;
3    pass customer.password%TYPE;
4    BEGIN
5    user := '&Username';
6    pass := '&Password';
7    loginCustomer_library(user,pass);
8* end;
SQL>/
Enter value for username: all
old 5: user := '&Username';
new 5: user := 'all';
Enter value for password: alfred123
old 6: pass := '&Password';
new 6: pass := 'alfred123';
User all loging successfull
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
SQL> edit
Wrote file afiedt.buf

1 DECLARE
2    user customer.username%TYPE;
3    pass customer.password%TYPE;
4    BEGIN
5    user := '&Username';
6    pass := '&Password';
7    loginCustomer_library(user,pass);
8* end;
SQL> /
Enter value for username: gvf
old 5: user := '&Username';
new 5: user := '$Username';
new 6: pass := '$Password: bhj
old 6: pass := '$Password';
new 6: password';
new 6: pass
```

## • CHECK ITEM STATUS:

This function allows the customer to check availability of different books and video resources present in the library.

### PAY FINES:

This function allows the library to maintain a record of the pending fines and alerts the customers of the pending payments.

```
SQL> edit
Wrote file afiedt.buf
 1 DECLARE
      auxCard card.cardid%TYPE;
      money NUMBER;
      auxCard := '&Card_ID';
      money := '&Money_To_Pay';
      payFines_library(auxCard, money);
 8* END;
SOL> /
Enter value for card_id: 105
old 5: auxCard := '&Card_ID';
new 5: auxCard := '105';
Enter value for money_to_pay: 100
old 6: money := '&Money_To_Pay';
new 6: money := '100'
YOU PAY ALL YOUR FINES AND YOU HAVE 100 MONEY BACK
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

### RENT ITEM:

This function allows the user to borrow books or video resources using the database. It reduces the manual interference in the library management system and makes the renting process much more efficient and seamless.

```
SQL> DECLARE
      auxCard NUMBER;
       auxItemID VARCHAR2(10);
      itemType VARCHAR2(20);
      auxDate DATE;
 6
    BEGIN
      auxCard := &Card_ID;
      itemType := '&Item_Type_book_or_video';
      auxItemID := '&ID_Item'
      auxDate := '&Return_date';
      rentItem_library(auxCard,auxItemID,itemType,auxDate);
 12 END;
Enter value for Card_ID: 110
old 7: auxCard := &Card_ID;
new 7: auxCard := 110;
Enter value for Item_Type_book_or_video: B
old 8: itemType := '&Item_Type_book_or_video';
new 8: itemType := 'B';
Enter value for ID_Item: B2C321
old 9: auxItemID := '&ID_Item';
new 9: auxItemID := 'B2C321';
Enter value for Return_date: 10-MAY-2024
old 10: auxDate := '&Return_date';
new 10: auxDate := '10-MAY-2024';
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
Commit complete.
```

## **CURSORS USED IN DATABASE**

Cursors in databases are virtual pointers used to traverse through the result set of a query. They enable sequential access to query results, allowing retrieval of one row at a time, which is particularly useful in iterative processing or when dealing with large datasets. Cursors facilitate efficient data manipulation and analysis within database applications, offering flexibility in handling query results programmatically.

Here, cursors are used to fetch data from the 'book' and 'video' tables based on the media type provided as input. Cursors enable the sequential retrieval of rows from the query results, facilitating the processing and output of book and video information separately. Cursors 'cBooks' and 'cVideos' are defined to fetch data from the 'book' and 'video' tables, respectively, based on the input media type ('books' or 'videos'). These cursors are then opened, fetched row by row, and their contents are printed using DBMS\_OUTPUT\_LINE. Cursors simplify the retrieval and processing of data from database tables, enabling efficient handling of query results within the PL/SQL procedure.

```
SQL> DECLARE
       typeItem VARCHAR2(10);
  3
     BEGIN
  4
       typeItem := '&Select_between_books_or_videos';
       allMedia_library(typeItem);
  5
     END;
Enter value for Select_between_books_or_videos: books
old
      4:
            typeItem := '&Select_between_books_or_videos';
            typeItem := 'books';
new
      4:
ISBN
         ID
                          STATE
                                  AVALABILITY
                                                   DEBY_COST
                                                                     LOST_COST
                                                                                      LOCATION
                                                                                      ARCHEOLOGY ROAD
A123
         B1A123
                          GOOD
                                                   5
                                                                     20
                                  A
                                  0
A123
         B2A123
                          NEW
                                                   6
                                                                     30
                                                                                      ARCHEOLOGY ROAD
                                                   2
B234
         B1B234
                                                                     15
                                                                                      CHEMISTRY ROAD
                          NEW
                                  Α
                                  A
C321
         B1C321
                          BAD
                                                                     10
                                                                                      PHYSICS ROAD
                                                   3
                                  A
H123
                          GOOD
                                                                     15
                                                                                      CHEMISTRY ROAD
         B1H123
                          GOOD
                                  0
                                                   4
                                                                     20
                                                                                      COMPUTING ROAD
Z123
         B1Z123
L321
         B1L321
                          NEW
                                  0
                                                   4
                                                                     20
                                                                                      COMPUTING ROAD
P321
         B1P321
                          USED
                                  A
                                                   2
                                                                     12
                                                                                      CHEMISTRY ROAD
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
Commit complete
```

## **SOURCE CODE**

--LIBRARY PROJECT--

```
--CREATE TABLES--
```

CREATE TABLE Card(
cardID NUMBER,
status VARCHAR2(1) CHECK ((status = 'A') OR (status = 'B')),
fines NUMBER,
CONSTRAINT Card\_PK PRIMARY KEY (cardID));

CREATE TABLE Customer(
customerID NUMBER, name
VARCHAR2(40), customerAddress
VARCHAR2(50),
phone NUMBER(9),
password VARCHAR2(20),
userName VARCHAR2(10),
dateSignUp DATE,
cardNumber NUMBER,
CONSTRAINT Customer\_PK PRIMARY KEY (customerID));

CREATE TABLE Employee(
employeeID NUMBER,
name VARCHAR2(40),
employeeAddress
VARCHAR2(50), phone
NUMBER(9), password
VARCHAR2(20), userName
VARCHAR2(10), paycheck
NUMBER (8, 2),

```
branchName
 VARCHAR2(40),
 cardNumber NUMBER,
 CONSTRAINT Employee PK PRIMARY KEY (employeeID));
CREATE TABLE Branch(
 name VARCHAR2(40),
 address VARCHAR2(50),
 phone NUMBER(9),
 CONSTRAINT Branch PK PRIMARY KEY (name));
CREATE TABLE Location(
 address VARCHAR2(50),
 CONSTRAINT Location_PK PRIMARY KEY (address));
CREATE TABLE Rent(
 cardID NUMBER, itemID
 VARCHAR2(6),
 apporpriationDate DATE,
 returnDate DATE,
 CONSTRAINT Rent PK PRIMARY KEY (cardID, apporpriationDate, returnDate));
CREATE TABLE Book(
 ISBN VARCHAR2(4),
 ItemID VARCHAR2(6),
 state VARCHAR2(10),
 avalability VARCHAR2(1) CHECK ((avalability = 'A') OR (avalability =
 'O')), debyCost NUMBER(10,2), lostCost NUMBER(10,2), address
 VARCHAR2(50),
 CONSTRAINT Book_PK PRIMARY KEY (ISBN,itemID));
CREATE TABLE Video(
title VARCHAR2(50),
year INT, itemIID
 VARCHAR2(6), state
 VARCHAR2(10),
 avalability VARCHAR2(1) CHECK ((avalability = 'A') OR (avalability =
 'O')), debyCost NUMBER(10,2), lostCost NUMBER(10,2), address
 VARCHAR(50),
 CONSTRAINT Video PK PRIMARY KEY (title, year, itemID));
--SELECT--
SELECT * FROM Card;
SELECT * FROM Customer;
SELECT * FROM Employee;
SELECT * FROM Branch;
SELECT * FROM Location;
SELECT * FROM Book;
```

SELECT \* FROM Video; SELECT \* FROM Rent;

### --FOREIGN KEYS-ALTER

TABLE Customer
ADD CONSTRAINT Customer\_FK
FOREIGN KEY (cardNumber)
REFERENCES Card(cardID);

ALTER TABLE Employee
ADD CONSTRAINT Employee\_FK\_Card
FOREIGN KEY (cardNumber)
REFERENCES Card(cardID);

ALTER TABLE Employee
ADD CONSTRAINT Employee\_FK\_Branch
FOREIGN KEY (branchName)
REFERENCES Branch(name);

ALTER TABLE Branch
ADD CONSTRAINT Branch\_FK
FOREIGN KEY (address)
REFERENCES Location(address);

ALTER TABLE Book
ADD CONSTRAINT Book\_FK
FOREIGN KEY (address)
REFERENCES Location(address);

ALTER TABLE Video
ADD CONSTRAINT Video\_FK
FOREIGN KEY (address)
REFERENCES Location(address);

ALTER TABLE Rent
ADD CONSTRAINT Rent\_FK\_Card
FOREIGN KEY (cardID)
REFERENCES Card(cardID);

ALTER TABLE Rent
ADD CONSTRAINT Rent\_FK\_Book
FOREIGN KEY (itemID)
REFERENCES Book(itemID);

ALTER TABLE Rent
ADD CONSTRAINT Rent\_FK\_Video
FOREIGN KEY (itemID)
REFERENCES Video(itemID);

```
--INSERTS--
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (101,'A',0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (102, 'A', 0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (103, 'A', 0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (104,'A',0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (105, 'A', 0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (106, 'A', 0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (107, 'B', 50);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (108, 'B', 10);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (109,'B',25.5);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (110, 'B', 15.25);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (151,'A',0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (152,'A',0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (153, 'A', 0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (154, 'A', 0);
INSERT INTO Card VALUES (155, 'A', 0);
INSERT INTO Branch VALUES ('ARCHEOLOGY', 'ARCHEOLOGY ROAD', 645645645);
INSERT INTO Branch VALUES ('CHEMISTRY', 'CHEMISTRY ROAD', 622622622);
INSERT INTO Branch VALUES ('COMPUTING', 'COMPUTING ROAD', 644644644);
INSERT INTO Branch VALUES ('PHYSICS', 'PHYSICS ROAD', 66666666);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (1, 'ALFRED', 'BACON STREET', 623623623, 'alfred123', 'al1', '12-05-2018', 101);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (2, 'JAMES', 'DOWNTOWN ABBEY', 659659659, 'james123', 'ja2', '10-05-2018',
102);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (3, 'GEORGE', 'DETROIT CITY', 654654654, 'george123', 'ge3', '21-06-2017',
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (4, 'TOM', 'WASHINGTON DC.', 658658658, 'tom123', 'tom4', '05-12-2016',
104);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (5, 'PETER', 'CASTERLY ROCK', 652652652, 'peter123', 'pe5', '09-08-2016', 105);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (6, 'JENNY', 'TERRAKOTA', 651651651, 'jenny123', 'je6', '30-04-2017', 106);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (7, 'ROSE', 'SWEET HOME ALABAMA', 657657657, 'rose123', 'ro7', '28-02-
2018', 107);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (8, 'MONICA', 'FAKE STREET 123', 639639639, 'monica123', 'mo8', '15-01-2016',
108);
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (9, 'PHOEBE', 'CENTRAL PERK', 678678678, 'phoebe123', 'pho9', '25-03-2016',
INSERT INTO Customer VALUES (10, 'RACHEL', 'WHEREVER', 687687687, 'rachel123', 'ra10', '01-09-2017', 110);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (211, 'ROSS', 'HIS HOUSE', 671671671, 'ross123', 'ro11', 1200, 'ARCHEOLOGY',
551);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (212, 'CHANDLER', 'OUR HEARTHS', 688688688, 'chandler123', 'chand12',
1150.50, 'ARCHEOLOGY', 552);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (213, 'JOEY', 'LITTLE ITAYLY', 628628628, 'joey123', 'jo13', 975.75,
'ARCHEOLOGY', 553);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (214, 'VICTOR', 'SANTA FE', 654321987, 'victor123', 'vic14', 2200,
'COMPUTING', 554);
INSERT INTO Employee VALUES (215, 'JAIRO', 'ARMILLA', 698754321, 'jairo123', 'ja15', 2200.50, 'CHEMISTRY',
```

555);

```
INSERT INTO Location VALUES ('ARCHEOLOGY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Location VALUES ('CHEMISTRY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Location VALUES ('COMPUTING ROAD');
INSERT INTO Location VALUES ('PHYSICS ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('A123', 'B1A123', 'GOOD', 'A', 5, 20, 'ARCHEOLOGY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('A123', 'B2A123', 'NEW', 'O', 6, 30, 'ARCHEOLOGY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('B234', 'B1B234', 'NEW', 'A', 2, 15, 'CHEMISTRY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('C321', 'B1C321', 'BAD', 'A', 1, 10, 'PHYSICS ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('H123', 'B1H123', 'GOOD', 'A', 3, 15, 'CHEMISTRY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('Z123', 'B1Z123', 'GOOD', 'O', 4, 20, 'COMPUTING ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('L321', 'B1L321', 'NEW', 'O', 4, 20, 'COMPUTING ROAD');
INSERT INTO Book VALUES ('P321', 'B1P321', 'USED', 'A', 2, 12, 'CHEMISTRY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('CHEMISTRY FOR DUMMIES', 2016, 'V1CH16', 'NEW', 'O', 10, 50, 'CHEMISTRY
ROAD');
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('CHEMISTRY FOR DUMMIES', 2016, 'V2CH16', 'BAD', 'A', 5, 20, 'CHEMISTRY
ROAD');
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('COMPUTING MANAGER', 2014, 'V1CO14', 'GOOD', 'A', 4, 20, 'COMPUTING
ROAD');
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('JAVA LANGUAGE', 2015, 'V1JA15', 'USED', 'O', 4, 20, 'COMPUTING ROAD');
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('DINOSAURS', 2000, 'V1DI00', 'GOOD', 'O', 5, 25, 'ARCHEOLOGY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('T-REX, DEADLY KING', 1992, 'V1TR92', 'USED', 'A', 10, 50, 'ARCHEOLOGY ROAD');
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('ANCESTORS OF THE HUMANITY', 1998, 'V1AN98', 'BAD', 'A', 3, 15, 'ARCHEOLOGY
ROAD'):
INSERT INTO Video VALUES ('PHYSICS, MOST BORING SH*T', 2018, 'V1PH18', 'NEW', 'A', 1, 5, 'PHYSICS ROAD');
INSERT INTO Rent VALUES (101, 'B2A123', '10-05-2018', '20-05-2018');
INSERT INTO Rent VALUES (102, 'B1Z123', '10-05-2018', '25-05-2018');
INSERT INTO Rent VALUES (104, 'V1JA15', '01-05-2018', '21-05-2018');
INSERT INTO Rent VALUES (105, 'V1DI00', '02-05-2018', '25-05-2018');
INSERT INTO Rent VALUES (154, 'B1L321', '04-05-2018', '26-05-2018');
INSERT INTO Rent VALUES (155, 'V1CH16', '29-04-2018', '29-05-2018');
--FUNCTIONS---1--
--CUSTOMER--
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE loginCustomer_library(user IN VARCHAR2, pass IN VARCHAR2)
IS
 passAux customer.password%TYPE;
 incorrect_password EXCEPTION;
BEGIN
 SELECT password INTO passAux
 FROM customer
 WHERE username LIKE user;
 IF passAux LIKE pass THEN
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('User' | | user | | 'loging succesfull');
 ELSE
  RAISE incorrect password;
 END IF;
```

```
EXCEPTION
 WHEN no data found OR incorrect password THEN
   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Incorrect username or password');
END;
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE user
customer.username%TYPE; pass
customer.password%TYPE;
BEGIN user :=
 &Username; pass :=
&Password;
 login_library(user,pass);
END;
--EMPLOYEE-
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE loginEmployee library(user IN VARCHAR2, pass IN VARCHAR2)
 passAux employee.password%TYPE;
 incorrect_password EXCEPTION;
BEGIN
 SELECT password INTO passAux
 FROM employee
 WHERE username LIKE user;
 IF passAux LIKE pass THEN
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('User' | | user | | 'loging succesfull');
 ELSE
  RAISE incorrect password;
 END IF;
 EXCEPTION
 WHEN no data found OR incorrect password THEN
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('Incorrect username or password');
END;
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE user
employee.username%TYPE; pass
employee.password%TYPE;
BEGIN user := &Username; pass :=
&Password;
login employee library(user,pass);
END;
```

```
IS
 auxISBN VARCHAR2(4);
 auxTitle VARCHAR2(50);
 auxYear NUMBER;
 auxState VARCHAR2(10);
 auxDebyCost
 NUMBER(10,2);
 auxLostCost
 NUMBER(10,2);
 auxAddress
 VARCHAR2(50); auxAbala
 VARCHAR2(1); auxVideo
 NUMBER; auxBook
 NUMBER; BEGIN
 SELECT COUNT(*) INTO auxBook
 FROM book
 WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;
 SELECT COUNT(*) INTO auxVideo
 FROM video
 WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;
 IF auxBook > 0 THEN
  SELECT isbn, state, availability, debycost, lostcost, address
  INTO auxISBN, auxState, auxAbala, auxDebyCost, auxLostCost, auxAddress
  FROM book
  WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('BOOK' | | auxitemID | | 'INFO');
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('-----');
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ISBN: ' || auxISBN);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('STATE: ' | | auxState);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('AVALABILITY: ' || auxAbala);
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('DEBY COST: ' || auxDebyCost);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('LOST COST: ' | | auxLostCost);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ADDRESS: ' || auxAddress);
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('-----');
 ELSIF auxVideo > 0 THEN
  SELECT title, year, state, availability, debycost, lostcost, address
  INTO auxTitle, auxYear, auxState, auxAbala, auxDebyCost, auxLostCost, auxAddress
  FROM video
  WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('VIDEO' | | auxitemID | | 'INFO');
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('-----');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('TITLE: ' || auxTitle);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('YEAR: ' | | auxYear);
```

DBMS\_OUTPUT.PUT\_LINE('STATE: ' || auxState);

DBMS\_OUTPUT\_LINE('AVALABILITY: ' | | auxAbala);

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('DEBY COST: ' || auxDebyCost);
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('LOST COST: ' | | auxLostCost);
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('ADDRESS: ' || auxAddress);
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('-----');
 END IF;
END;
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE auxItemID
VARCHAR2(10); BEGIN
auxItemID := &Item_ID;
 viewItem library(auxItemID);
END;
--3--
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE rentItem library(auxCard IN NUMBER, auxItemID IN VARCHAR2, itemType IN
VARCHAR2, auxDate IN DATE)
IS
statusAux VARCHAR2(1);
itemStatus VARCHAR2(1); BEGIN
 SELECT status INTO statusAux
 FROM card
 WHERE cardid LIKE auxCard;
 IF statusAux LIKE 'A' THEN
  IF itemType LIKE 'book' THEN
   SELECT avalability INTO itemStatus
   FROM book
   WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;
   IF itemStatus LIKE 'A' THEN
    UPDATE book
    SET avalability = 'O'
    WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;
    INSERT INTO rent
    VALUES (auxCard,auxItemID,sysdate,auxDate);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Item ' || auxItemID || ' rented');
   ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('The item is already rented')
   END IF;
  ELSIF itemType LIKE 'video' THEN
   SELECT avalability INTO itemStatus
   FROM video
```

WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;

```
IF itemStatus LIKE 'A' THEN
    UPDATE video
    SET avalability = 'O'
    WHERE itemId LIKE auxItemID;
    INSERT INTO rent
    VALUES (auxCard,auxItemID,sysdate,auxDate);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Item ' || auxItemID || ' rented');
   ELSE
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('The item is already rented')
   END IF;
 ELSE
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('The user is blocked');
END;
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE auxCard
NUMBER; auxItemID
VARCHAR2(10); itemType
VARCHAR2(20); auxDate
DATE;
BEGIN auxCard :=
 &Card_ID;
 itemType := &Item_Type_book_or_video; auxItemID :=
 &ID_Item; auxDate := &Return_date;
 rentItem_library(auxCard,auxItemID,itemType,auxDate)
 ;
END;
SELECT * FROM customer;
SELECT * FROM rent;
SELECT * FROM card;
--4--
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE payFines_library(auxCard IN card.cardid%TYPE, money IN NUMBER)
 finesAmount NUMBER;
 total NUMBER;
BEGIN
 SELECT fines INTO finesAmount
 FROM card
 WHERE cardid LIKE auxCard;
 IF finesAmount < money THEN
  total := money - finesAmount;
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('YOU PAY ALL YOUR FINES AND YOU HAVE ' | | total | | ' MONEY BACK');
```

```
UPDATE card
  SET status = 'A', fines = 0
  WHERE cardid = auxCard;
 ELSIF finesAmount = money THEN
  total := money - finesAmount;
  DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('YOU PAY ALL YOUR FINES');
  UPDATE card
  SET status = 'A', fines = 0
  WHERE cardid = auxCard;
 ELSE
  total := finesAmount - money;
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('YOU WILL NEED TO PAY ' || total || ' MORE DOLLARS TO UNLOCK YOUR CARD');
  UPDATE card
  SET fines = total
 WHERE cardid = auxCard;
 END IF;
END;
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE auxCard
card.cardid%TYPE; money
NUMBER;
BEGIN auxCard := &Card_ID;
money := &Money_To_Pay;
 payFines_library(custoID);
END;
--cursor--
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE allMedia library(mediaType VARCHAR2)
IS
 CURSOR cBooks
 IS
  SELECT *
 FROM book;
 CURSOR cVideos
 IS
 SELECT *
  FROM video;
 xBooks cBooks%ROWTYPE;
 xVideos cVideos%ROWTYPE;
BEGIN
 IF mediaType LIKE 'books' THEN
  OPEN cBooks;
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('ISBN ID STATE AVALABILITY DEBY_COST LOST_COST LOCATION');
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('-----');
  LOOP
   FETCH cBooks
   INTO xBooks;
   EXIT WHEN cBooks%NOTFOUND;
DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE(xBooks.isbn || ' '|| xBooks.itemId || ''|| xBooks.state || ' '|| xBooks.avalability || ''|| xBooks.debycost || ' '|| xBooks.lostcost || ' '||
xBooks.address);
  END LOOP;
 ELSIF mediaType LIKE 'videos' THEN
  OPEN cVideos;
DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('TITLE YEAR ID STATE AVALABILITY DEBY COST LOST COST
LOCATION');
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('-----');
  LOOP
   FETCH cVideos
   INTO xVideos;
   EXIT WHEN cVideos%NOTFOUND;
   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(xVideos.title || ' '|| xVideos.year || ' '|| xVideos.itemId || '
'|| xVideos.state || ' ' || xVideos.avalability || ' ' || xVideos.debycost || ' ' ||
xVideos.lostcost || ' ' || xVideos.address);
  END LOOP;
 ELSE
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('TYPE INCORRECT, you must choose between books or videos');
 END IF;
END;
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DECLARE typeItem
VARCHAR2(10);
BEGIN typeItem :=
 &Select_between_books_or_videos;
 allMedia_library(typeItem);
END;
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE rentItem_library(auxCard IN NUMBER, auxItemID IN VARCHAR2, itemType IN
VARCHAR2, auxDate IN DATE)
IS
statusAux VARCHAR2(1);
itemStatus VARCHAR2(1); BEGIN
 SELECT status INTO statusAux
 FROM card
 WHERE cardid LIKE auxCard;
 IF statusAux LIKE 'A' THEN
```

```
IF itemType LIKE 'book' THEN
   SELECT avalability INTO itemStatus
   FROM book
   WHERE itemid LIKE auxItemID;
   IF itemStatus LIKE 'A' THEN
    UPDATE book
    SET avalability = 'O'
    WHERE itemid LIKE auxItemID;
    INSERT INTO rent
    VALUES (auxCard,null,sysdate,auxDate,auxItemID);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Item ' || auxItemID || ' rented');
   ELSE
    DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('The item is already rented');
   END IF;
  ELSIF itemType LIKE 'video' THEN
   SELECT avalability INTO itemStatus
FROM video
   WHERE itemid LIKE auxItemID;
   IF itemStatus LIKE 'A' THEN
    UPDATE video
    SET avalability = 'O'
    WHERE itemid LIKE auxItemID;
    INSERT INTO rent
    VALUES (auxCard,auxItemID,sysdate,auxDate,null);
    DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Item ' || auxItemID || ' rented');
   ELSE
    DBMS_OUTPUT_LINE('The item is already rented');
   END IF;
 ELSE
  DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('The user is blocked');
 END IF;
 END IF;
END;
DECLARE auxCard
NUMBER; auxItemID
VARCHAR2(10); itemType
 VARCHAR2(20); auxDate
 DATE;
BEGIN auxCard :=
 &Card_ID;
 itemType := '&Item_Type_book_or_video'; auxItemID :=
'&ID_Item'; auxDate := '&Return_date';
```

rentItem\_library(auxCard,auxItemID,itemType,auxDate); END;