

## MM209

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### PROBLEM

Write a program which will give the CO/CO<sub>2</sub> composition and total pressure to achieve desired carbon concentration at the surface of the steel. Please note that the steel should not get oxidized.

### OBJECTIVE

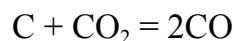
C's activity is initially zero as we flush the CO and CO<sub>2</sub> mixture on a pure steel surface.  $\Delta G \rightarrow -\infty$ , and hence C starts spontaneously depositing on the surface. We can get the desired concentration of C deposited by adjusting total Pressure and CO/CO<sub>2</sub> composition in the gas that is being flushed.

When  $a_c$  on the surface and in the gas will be equal, carburization will stop. Thermodynamically, soot will be formed till activity becomes 1. Still, due to kinetic reasons such as nucleation and surface energy, soot can be created for activity greater than one as well.

In the process, O<sub>2</sub> is also formed, and we need to make sure that it does not oxidize Fe to FeO.

### APPROACH

First, we solve the following equilibrium reaction:



$$K_{eq} = (P_{CO})^2 / ((P_{CO_2}) * (a_c)); \quad \text{where } a_c \text{ is activity of C in gaseous phase}$$

$$K_{eq} = e^{-\Delta G^\circ / RT}$$

$$\Delta G^\circ = 2\Delta G^\circ_{CO} - \Delta G^\circ_{CO_2}$$

$$P_{CO} + P_{CO_2} = P_{Total}$$

We find  $a_c$  for a range of values of  $P_{Total}$  and  $P_{CO}/P_{CO_2}$  and calculate the mole fraction of C on a Steel surface using the following equation:

$$a_c = k \cdot X_c \cdot (1 + 2X_c) / (1 - X_c - 12X_c^2)$$

$$\log_{10} k = (2000/T) - 0.8$$

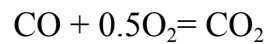
We solve the above equation in an iterative manner to find the value of  $X_c$  from  $k$  and  $a_c$ . From  $X_c$ , we calculate Wt% of C using the following equation:

$$\text{Wt\% C} = X_c \cdot 100 \cdot \text{MW}_{\text{Fe}} / \text{MW}_c \text{ where MW} = \text{Molecular weight}$$

**Note:** that this equation can only be used for dilute solutions.

Now we check the values of Wt % C, which satisfy our requirement and corresponding  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$  values.

To check FeO's oxidation, we first find partial pressure of  $\text{O}_2$  from the following equilibrium reaction.

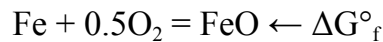


$$K_{\text{eq}} = (P_{\text{CO}_2}) / ((P_{\text{CO}})^2 * (P_{\text{O}_2})^{0.5})$$

$$K_{\text{eq}} = e^{-\Delta G^\circ / RT}$$

$$\Delta G^\circ = \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CO}_2} - \Delta G^\circ_{\text{CO}}$$

We check whether the  $\text{O}_2$  composition can oxidize Fe.



$$K_{\text{eq}} = (a_{\text{FeO}}) / ((a_{\text{Fe}}) * (P_{\text{O}_2})^{0.5})$$

We consider Fe and FeO to be pure and hence their activities to be equal to 1

$$\Delta G = \Delta G^\circ_f + RT \ln (1/(P_{\text{O}_2})^{0.5})$$

If  $\Delta G < 0$ , then oxidation would occur, and hence we would reject the value of  $\text{CO}/\text{CO}_2$  composition and  $P_{\text{Total}}$

If  $\Delta G > 0$ , we accept the value of  $\text{CO}/\text{CO}_2$  composition and  $P_{\text{Total}}$

## RESULTS

We ran the code for different values of Total pressure at a temperature of 973 K and desired Wt% of C between 0.2 and 0.4. We have plotted the graph for  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$  ranging from 1 to 6

**1st graph:** Activity of C v/s  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$

**2nd graph:** Wt% of C v/s  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$

**3rd graph:**  $\Delta G$  formation of FeO v/s  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$

Following are some of the results that we obtained:

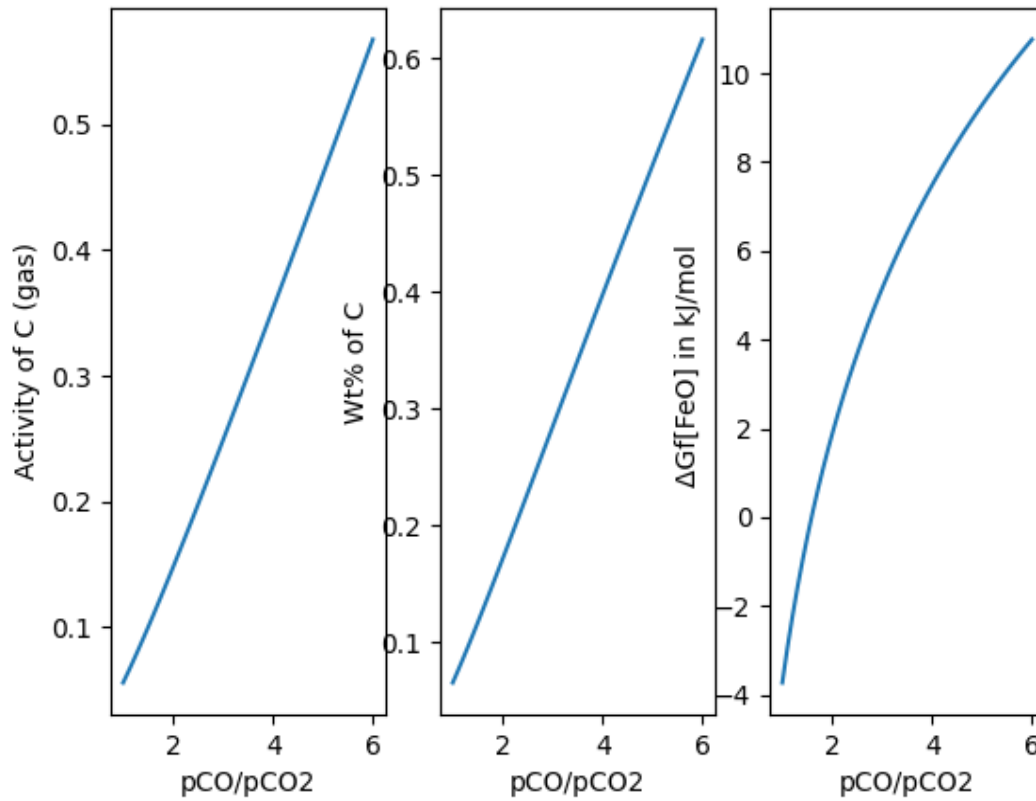
1. For Total pressure of 0.1 pascals

The lower limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.2

The upper limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.4

Allowed values of CO/CO<sub>2</sub> composition ratio are from 2.326 to 3.959

$P_{\text{total}} = 0.1 \text{ Pa}$  ; Temperature = 973 K



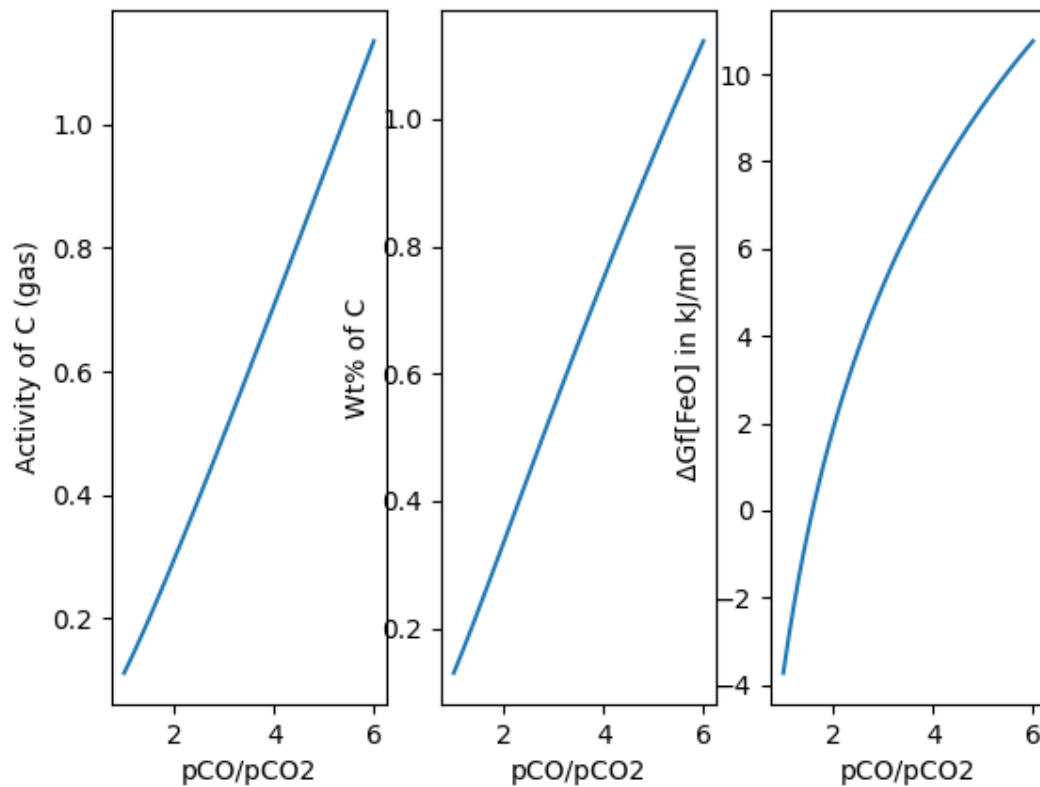
2. For Total pressure of 0.2 pascals

The lower limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.2

The upper limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.4

Allowed values of CO/CO<sub>2</sub> composition ratio are from 1.612 to 2.224

$P_{\text{total}} = 0.2 \text{ Pa}$  ; Temperature = 973 K



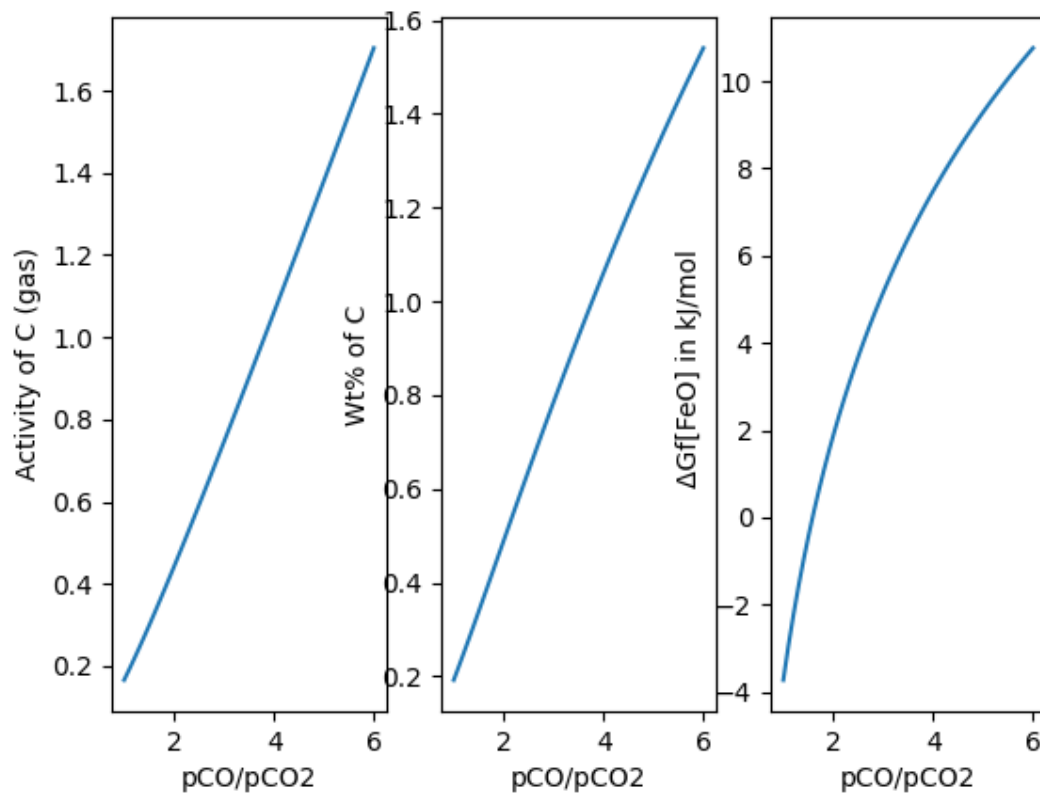
3. For Total pressure of 0.3 pascals

The lower limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.2

The upper limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.4

Allowed values of  $\text{CO}/\text{CO}_2$  composition ratio are from 1.612 to 1.612

$P_{\text{total}} = 0.3 \text{ Pa}$  ; Temperature = 973 K



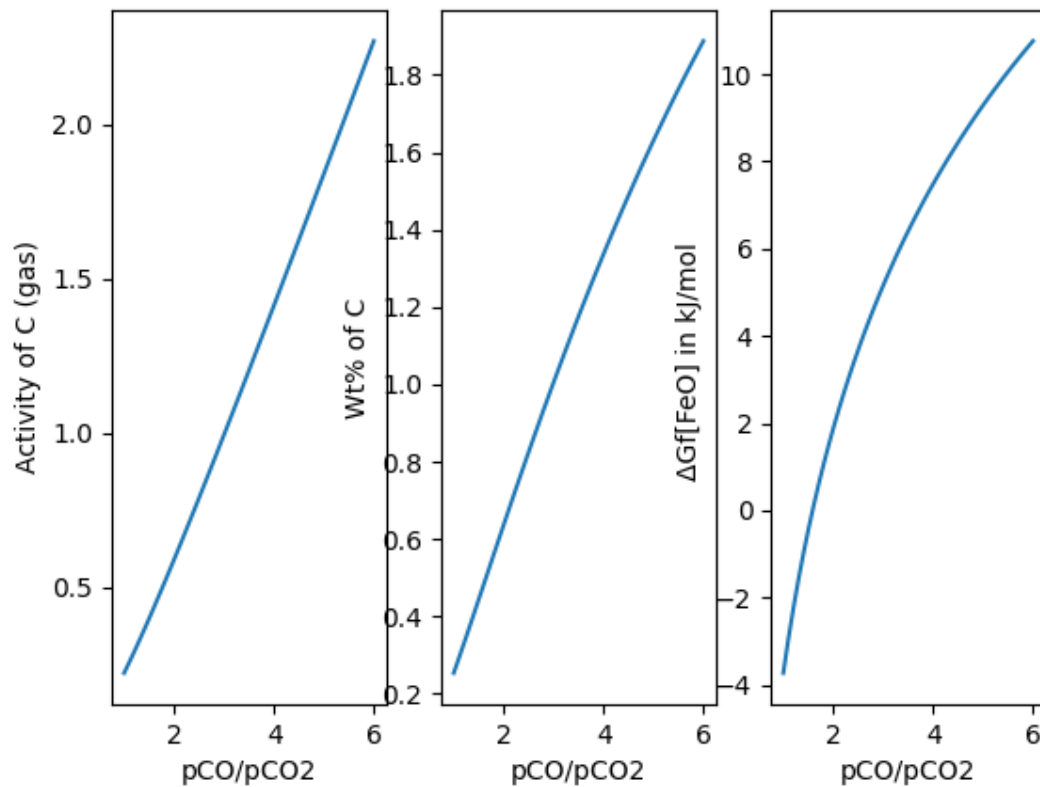
**4.** For Total pressure of 0.4 pascals

The lower limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.2

The upper limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.4

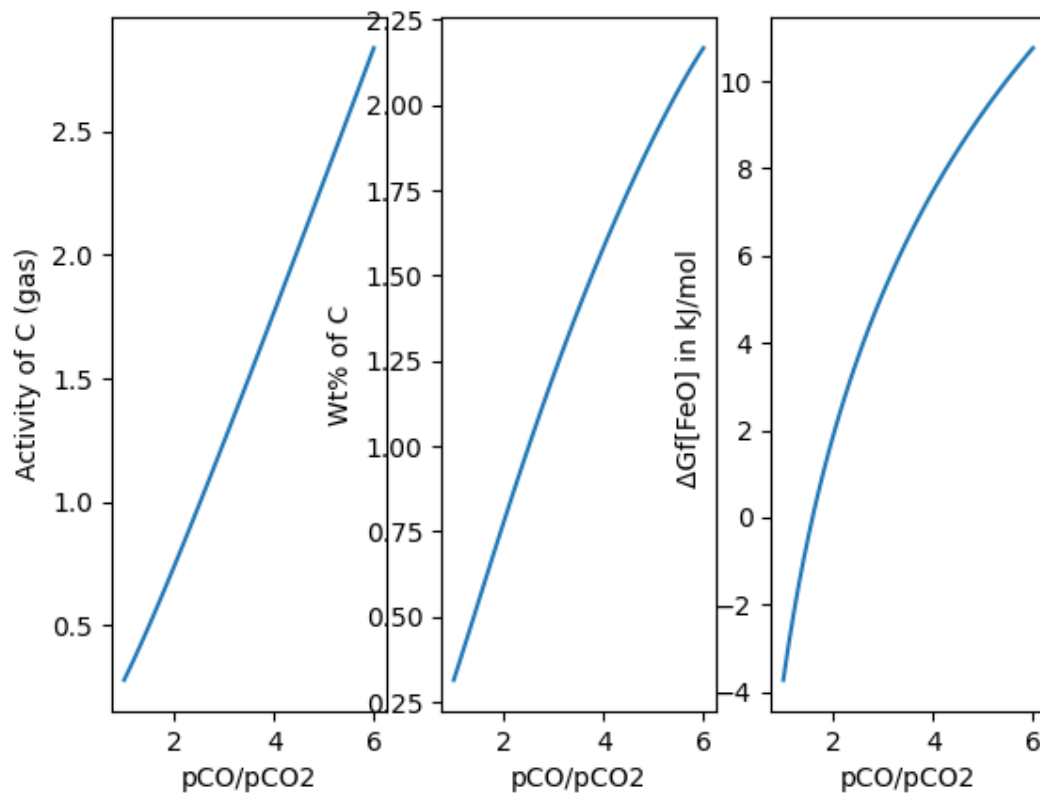
No suitable  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$  values are possible to deposit desired Wt% of C.

$P_{\text{total}} = 0.4 \text{ Pa}$  ; Temperature = 973 K



5. For Total pressure of 0.5 pascals  
 The lower limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.2  
 The upper limit of desired Wt% of Carbon 0.4  
 No suitable  $P_{\text{CO}}/P_{\text{CO}_2}$  values are possible to deposit desired Wt% of C

$P_{\text{total}} = 0.5 \text{ Pa}$  ; Temperature = 973 K



Contribution by Each Member:

Jagruti Lahamge(200110060) -

Contributed to Coding the framed solution using Python

Contributed to documenting the solved problem

Generated plots and interpreted data for different test cases in python

Sakshi Agarwal(20D110022) -

Contributed to Coding the framed solution using Python

Contributed to documenting the solved problem

Collected the necessary data for solving the problem

Komalika Shirud(200110058) -

Contributed to Coding the framed solution using Python

Contributed to documenting the solved problem

Prepared test cases for different variables in the problem and created Readme file