arabluatex sample files

The Basics

Robert Alessi*

March 23, 2020

This file demonstrates the basic features of arabluatex.

1 The less, the better

arabluatex is loaded by one single line in the preamble:

\usepackage{arabluatex}

That said, there are two subsequent requirements:

- 1. An Arabic font: arabluatex tries to load the Amiri Arabic font which is already part of texlive.
- 2. A Roman font that has all the characters that are needed for the transliteration of the Arabic. Once these requirements are met, one may insert Arabic words in left-to-right paragraphs like so: \arb{da_hala mubtasiman}, دَخَلَ مُبتَسِمًا . Or insert running paragraphs of Arabic text inside the arab environment, like so:—

\begin{arab}

'at_A .sadIquN 'il_A ju.hA ya.tlubu min-hu .himAra-hu li-yarkaba-hu fI safraTiN qa.sIraTiN fa-qAla la-hu: sawfa 'u`Idu-hu 'ilay-ka fI 'l-masA'-i wa-'adfa`u la-ka 'ujraTaN. fa-qAla ju.hA: 'anA 'AsifuN jiddaN 'annI lA 'asta.tI`u 'an 'u.haqqiqa la-ka ra.gbata-ka fa-'l-.himAr-u laysa hunA 'l-yawm-a. wa-qabla 'an yutimma ju.hA kalAma-hu bada'a 'l-.himAr-u yanhaqu fI 'i.s.tabli-hi. fa-qAla la-hu .sadIqu-hu: 'innI 'asma`u .himAra-ka yA ju.hA yanhaqu. fa-qAla la-hu ju.hA: .garIbuN 'amru-ka yA .sadIqI 'a-tu.saddiqu 'l-.himAr-a wa-tuka_d_diba-nI?

\end{arab}

أَتَى صَدِيقٌ إِلَى جُحَا يَطلُبُ مِنهُ حِمَارَهُ لِيرَكَبَهُ فِي سَفَرَةٍ قَصِيرَةٍ فَقَالَ لَهُ: سَوفَ أُعِيدُهُ إِلِيكَ فِي المَسَآءِ وَأَدفَعُ لَكَ أُجرَةً. فَقَالَ جُحَا: أَنَا آسِفُ جِدًّا أَنِي لَا أَستَطِيعُ أَن أُحقِقَ لَكَ رَغبَتَكَ فَالْجَارُ لِيسَ هُنَا اليَّومَ. وَقَبَلَ أَن يُتِمَّ جُحَا كَلَامَهُ بَدَأً الجَارُ يَنهَىُ فِي إِصطَبلِهِ. فَقَالَ لَهُ صَدِيقُهُ: إِنِي جِدًّا أَنِي لَا أَستَطِيعُ أَن أُحَقِقَ لَكَ رَغبَتَكَ فَالْجَارُ لَيسَ هُنَا اليَّومَ. وَقَبَلَ أَن يُتِمَّ جُحَارِكَ يَا جُحَارُ يَنهَى فِي إِصطَبلِهِ. فَقَالَ لَهُ صَدِيقُهُ: إِنِي السَّعَ جَمَارِكَ يَا جُعَا يَنهَى. فَقَالَ لَهُ جُحَاد غَرِيبُ أَمْ لُكَ يَا صَدِيقِي أَتُصَدِّقُ الْجَارُ وَتُكَذَّبَنِي؟

^{*@} This file is public domain.

2 Options

arabluatex may be loaded with four mutually exclusive options:— \mathbf{voc} To have every short vowel written. This option is loaded by default. $\mathbf{fullvoc}$ To have the $suk\bar{u}n$ and the waslah expressed in addition to what \mathbf{voc} already does. \mathbf{novoc} To have all the diacritics discarded. \mathbf{trans} To have the Arabic transliterated into one of the accepted standards.

% % % \usepackage{arabluatex} % this loads 'voc' by default \usepackage[voc]{arabluatex} \usepackage[fullvoc]{arabluatex} \usepackage[novoc]{arabluatex} \usepackage[trans]{arabluatex}

At any point of the document, any mode can be set locally, like so:—

English paragraph: To have the $\arb[trans]{sukUn}$ and the $\arb[trans]{wa.slaT}$ expressed...

```
\begin{arab}[trans] % Arabic paragraph
  'at_A .sadIquN 'il_A \uc{j}u.hA ya.tlubu min-hu .himAra-hu
  li-yarkaba-hu fI safraTiN qa.sIraTiN fa-qAla la-hu: sawfa 'u`Idu-hu
  'ilay-ka fI 'l-masA'-i wa-'adfa`u la-ka 'ujraTaN.
\end{arab}
```

English paragraph: To have the $suk\bar{u}n$ and the waṣlah expressed... $^{\circ}at\bar{q}$ $ṣad\bar{\iota}q^{un}$ $^{\circ}il\bar{q}$ $\check{G}uh\bar{a}$ yaṭlubu min-hu $him\bar{a}ra$ -hu li-yarkaba-hu $f\bar{\iota}$ $safrat^{in}$ $qaṣ\bar{\iota}rat^{in}$ fa- $q\bar{a}la$ la-hu: sawfa $^{\circ}u^{c}\bar{\iota}du$ -hu $^{\circ}ilay$ -ka fi $^{\circ}l$ - $mas\bar{a}$ $^{\circ}i$ wa- $^{\circ}adfa$ ^{c}u la-ka $^{\circ}u\check{q}rat^{an}$.