The DVItype processor

(Version 3.6, December 1995)

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402 INTRODUCTION DVI type changes for C §1

1* Introduction. The DVItype utility program reads binary device-independent ("DVI") files that are produced by document compilers such as TeX, and converts them into symbolic form. This program has two chief purposes: (1) It can be used to determine whether a DVI file is valid or invalid, when diagnosing compiler errors; and (2) it serves as an example of a program that reads DVI files correctly, for system programmers who are developing DVI-related software.

The first DVItype program was designed by David Fuchs in 1979, and it went through several versions on different computers as the format of DVI files was evolving to its present form. Peter Breitenlohner helped with the latest revisions.

The banner string defined here should be changed whenever DVItype gets modified.

```
define my\_name \equiv \text{`dvitype'}

define banner \equiv \text{`This}_{\square}\text{Is}_{\square}\text{DVItype}_{,\square}\text{Version}_{\square}3.6\text{`} { printed when the program starts }
```

3.* The binary input comes from dvi_file , and the symbolic output is written on Pascal's standard output file. The term print is used instead of write when this program writes on output, so that all such output could easily be redirected if desired.

```
define print(\#) \equiv write(stdout, \#)
  define print_ln(\#) \equiv write_ln(stdout, \#)
program DVI_type(dvi_file, output);
  label (Labels in the outer block 4*)
  const (Constants in the outer block 5*)
  type \langle Types in the outer block 8*\rangle
  var (Globals in the outer block 10)
     ⟨ Define parse_arguments 112*⟩
  procedure initialize; { this procedure gets things started properly }
     var i: integer; { loop index for initializations }
     begin kpse_set_program_name(arqv[0], my_name); parse_arquments; print(banner);
     print_ln(version_string); \langle Set initial values 11 \rangle
     end;
   Label done is used when stopping normally.
  define done = 30 { go here when finished with a subtask }
\langle \text{ Labels in the outer block } 4^* \rangle \equiv
  done:
This code is used in section 3*.
```

5.* The following parameters can be changed at compile time to extend or reduce DVItype's capacity.

7.* If the DVI file is badly malformed, the whole process must be aborted; DVItype will give up, after issuing an error message about the symptoms that were noticed.

Such errors might be discovered inside of subroutines inside of subroutines, so a procedure called $jump_out$ has been introduced.

```
define jump\_out \equiv uexit(1)

define abort(\#) \equiv

begin write\_ln(stderr, \#); \ jump\_out;

end

define bad\_dvi(\#) \equiv abort(`Bad\_DVI\_file:\_`, \#, `!`)
```

404 THE CHARACTER SET

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8.* The character set. Like all programs written with the WEB system, DVItype can be used with any character set. But it uses ASCII code internally, because the programming for portable input-output is easier when a fixed internal code is used, and because DVI files use ASCII code for file names and certain other strings.

The next few sections of DVItype have therefore been copied from the analogous ones in the WEB system routines. They have been considerably simplified, since DVItype need not deal with the controversial ASCII codes less than '40 or greater than '176. If such codes appear in the DVI file, they will be printed as question marks.

```
\langle Types in the outer block 8*\rangle \equiv ASCII\_code = 0...255; { a subrange of the integers } See also sections 9* and 21.

This code is used in section 3*.
```

9* The original Pascal compiler was designed in the late 60s, when six-bit character sets were common, so it did not make provision for lower case letters. Nowadays, of course, we need to deal with both upper and lower case alphabets in a convenient way, especially in a program like DVItype. So we shall assume that the Pascal system being used for DVItype has a character set containing at least the standard visible characters of ASCII code ("!" through "~").

Some Pascal compilers use the original name char for the data type associated with the characters in text files, while other Pascals consider char to be a 64-element subrange of a larger data type that has some other name. In order to accommodate this difference, we shall use the name $text_char$ to stand for the data type of the characters in the output file. We shall also assume that $text_char$ consists of the elements $chr(first_text_char)$ through $chr(last_text_char)$, inclusive. The following definitions should be adjusted if necessary.

```
define text\_char \equiv ASCII\_code { the data type of characters in text files } define first\_text\_char = 0 { ordinal number of the smallest element of text\_char } define last\_text\_char = 255 { ordinal number of the largest element of text\_char } \langle Types in the outer block 8*\rangle +\equiv text\_file = packed file of <math>text\_char;
```

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23* To prepare these files for input, we reset them. An extension of Pascal is needed in the case of tfm_file , since we want to associate it with external files whose names are specified dynamically (i.e., not known at compile time). The following code assumes that 'reset(f, s)' does this, when f is a file variable and s is a string variable that specifies the file name. If eof(f) is true immediately after reset(f,s) has acted, we assume that no file named s is accessible.

```
procedure open_dvi_file; { prepares to read packed bytes in dvi_file }
  begin resetbin(dvi_file, dvi_name); cur_loc ← 0;
  end;

procedure open_tfm_file; { prepares to read packed bytes in tfm_file }
  var full_name: ↑char;
  begin full_name ← kpse_find_tfm(cur_name);
  if full_name then
   begin tfm_file ← fopen(full_name, FOPEN_RBIN_MODE);
  end
  else begin tfm_file ← nil;
  end;
  end:
```

24* If you looked carefully at the preceding code, you probably asked, "What are *cur_loc* and *cur_name*?" Good question. They're global variables: *cur_loc* is the number of the byte about to be read next from *dvi_file*, and *cur_name* is a string variable that will be set to the current font metric file name before *open_tfm_file* is called.

```
\langle \text{Globals in the outer block } 10 \rangle + \equiv cur\_loc: integer; { where we are about to look, in dvi_file } cur\_name: \( \uparrow char; \) { external name }
```

28* Finally we come to the routines that are used only if $random_reading$ is true. The driver program below needs two such routines: dvi_length should compute the total number of bytes in dvi_file , possibly also causing $eof(dvi_file)$ to be true; and $move_to_byte(n)$ should position dvi_file so that the next get_byte will read byte n, starting with n=0 for the first byte in the file.

Such routines are, of course, highly system dependent. They are implemented here in terms of two assumed system routines called set_pos and cur_pos . The call $set_pos(f,n)$ moves to item n in file f, unless n is negative or larger than the total number of items in f; in the latter case, $set_pos(f,n)$ moves to the end of file f. The call $cur_pos(f)$ gives the total number of items in f, if eof(f) is true; we use cur_pos only in such a situation.

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{function} \ dvi\_length: \ integer; \\ \textbf{begin} \ xfseek(dvi\_file,0,2,dvi\_name); \ cur\_loc \leftarrow xftell(dvi\_file,dvi\_name); \ dvi\_length \leftarrow cur\_loc; \\ \textbf{end}; \\ \textbf{procedure} \ move\_to\_byte(n:integer); \\ \textbf{begin} \ xfseek(dvi\_file,n,0,dvi\_name); \ cur\_loc \leftarrow n; \\ \textbf{end}; \end{array}
```

42* The starting page specification is recorded in two global arrays called *start_count* and *start_there*. For example, '1.*.-5' is represented by $start_there[0] = true$, $start_count[0] = 1$, $start_there[1] = false$, $start_there[2] = true$, $start_count[2] = -5$. We also set $start_vals = 2$, to indicate that count 2 was the last one mentioned. The other values of start_count and start_there are not important, in this example.

```
\langle Globals in the outer block 10\rangle + \equiv
start_count: array [0..9] of integer; { count values to select starting page }
start_there: array [0...9] of boolean: { is the start_count value relevant? }
start_vals: 0..9; { the last count considered significant }
count: array [0..9] of integer; { the count values on the current page }
```

- 43* Initializations are done sooner now.
- 45* No dialog.

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- During the dialog, DVItype will treat the first blank space in a line as the end of that line. Therefore input_ln makes sure that there is always at least one blank space in buffer.
- 48* No dialog.
- No dialog. 49*
- No dialog (50).
- 51* No dialog (51).
- 52* No dialog (52).
- 53* No dialog (53).
- No dialog (54). 54*
- **55*** No dialog (55).

56.* After the dialog is over, we print the options so that the user can see what DVItype thought was specified.

```
\langle \text{ Print all the selected options } 56^* \rangle \equiv
  print_ln('Options_selected:'); print('___Starting_page_=');
  for k \leftarrow 0 to start\_vals do
     begin if start\_there[k] then print(start\_count[k]:1)
     else print('*'):
    if k < start\_vals then print(`.`)
     else print_ln(´;;`);
     end:
  print_{-}ln(1) Maximum number of pages 1, -1, max_{-}pages: 1;
  print(`_{\sqcup\sqcup} Output_{\sqcup} level_{\sqcup} =_{\sqcup}`, out\_mode: 1);
  case out_mode of
  errors_only: print_ln('_u(showing_bops,_ifonts,_iand_error_messages_only)');
  terse: print_ln('\( (terse)'\);
  mnemonics_only: print_ln('__(mnemonics)');
  verbose: print_ln('\( \)(verbose)');
  the_works: if random_reading then print_ln(`__(the_works)`)
     else begin out\_mode \leftarrow verbose; print\_ln(` (the works: same as level 3 in this DVItype)`);
       end:
  end:
  print(`_{\sqcup\sqcup} Resolution_{\sqcup=\sqcup}`); print\_real(resolution, 12,8); print\_ln(`_{\sqcup}pixels_{\sqcup}per_{\sqcup}inch`);
  if new_mag > 0 then
     begin print('_|||New_magnification||factor||=||'); print_real(new_mag/1000.0,8,3); print_ln('')
     end
```

This code is used in section 107*.

408 DEFINING FONTS DVI type changes for C §57

59* The following subroutine does the necessary things when a fnt. def command is being processed. **procedure** $define_font(e:integer)$; { e is an external font number } var f: 0.. max_fonts; p: integer; { length of the area/directory spec } n: integer; { length of the font name proper } c, q, d, m: integer: { check sum, scaled size, design size, magnification } $r: 0 \dots name_size; \{ current filename length \}$ *i, k*: 0 . . name_size: { indices into names } mismatch: boolean; { do names disagree? } begin if $nf = max_fonts$ then abort('DVItype_capacity_exceeded_(max_fonts=', max_fonts: 1. ')!'): $font_num[nf] \leftarrow e; f \leftarrow 0;$ while $font_num[f] \neq e$ do incr(f): \langle Read the font parameters into position for font nf, and print the font name 61 \rangle ; if $((out_mode = the_works) \land in_postamble) \lor ((out_mode < the_works) \land \neg in_postamble)$ then **begin if** f < nf then $print_{-}ln(`---this_{\sqcup}font_{\sqcup}was_{\sqcup}already_{\sqcup}defined!`);$ else begin if f = nf then $print_ln(`---this_lfont_lwasn``t_lloaded_lbefore!`);$ end: if f = nf then \langle Load the new font, unless there are problems 62*\rangle else (Check that the current font definition matches the old one 60); end: **62*** \(\text{Load the new font, unless there are problems $62^* \) \equiv$ **begin** \langle Move font name into the *cur_name* string $66*\rangle$; open_tfm_file; if $eof(tfm_file)$ then $print(`---not_|loaded,||TFM||file_||can``t_||be_||opened!`)$ else begin if $(q \le 0) \lor (q \ge 10000000000)$ then $print(`---not_{\parallel} | loaded,_{\parallel} | bad_{\parallel} | scale_{\parallel} (`, q : 1, `)!`)$ else if $(d \le 0) \lor (d \ge 10000000000)$ then $print(`---not_{\square}loaded,_{\square}bad_{\square}design_{\square}size_{\square}(`,d:1,`)!`)$ else if $in_{-}TFM(q)$ then \langle Finish loading the new font info 63 \rangle ; if out_mode = errors_only then print_ln(`_\`); if tfm_file then xfclose(tfm_file, cur_name); { should be the kpse_find_tfm result } free(cur_name); { We xmalloc'd this before we got called. } end This code is used in section 59*.

64.* If p = 0, i.e., if no font directory has been specified, DVItype is supposed to use the default font directory, which is a system-dependent place where the standard fonts are kept. The string variable default_directory contains the name of this area.

Under Unix, users have a path searched for fonts, there's no single default directory.

65.* (No initialization needs to be done. Keep this module to preserve numbering.)

66.* The string *cur_name* is supposed to be set to the external name of the TFM file for the current font. We do not impose a maximum limit here. It's too bad there is a limit on the total length of all filenames, but it doesn't seem worth reprogramming all that.

```
define name\_start \equiv font\_name [nf]

define name\_end \equiv font\_name [nf + 1]

\langle Move font name into the cur\_name string 66*\rangle \equiv

r \leftarrow name\_end - name\_start; cur\_name \leftarrow xmalloc\_array(char,r);

\{strncpy \text{ might be faster, but it's probably a good idea to keep the } xchr \text{ translation.} \}

for k \leftarrow name\_start \text{ to } name\_end \text{ do}

begin cur\_name[k - name\_start] \leftarrow xchr[names[k]];

end;

cur\_name[r] \leftarrow 0; \{\text{Append null byte for C.} \}

This code is used in section 62*.
```

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end;

75* Before we get into the details of do_page, it is convenient to consider a simpler routine that computes the first parameter of each opcode.

```
define four_cases(\#) \equiv \#, \# + 1, \# + 2, \# + 3
  define eight\_cases(\#) \equiv four\_cases(\#), four\_cases(\# + 4)
  define sixteen\_cases(\#) \equiv eight\_cases(\#), eight\_cases(\# + 8)
  define thirty\_two\_cases(\#) \equiv sixteen\_cases(\#), sixteen\_cases(\#+16)
  define sixtu_four_cases(\#) \equiv thirtv_two_cases(\#), thirtv_two_cases(\# + 32)
function first_par(o:eight_bits): integer:
  begin case o of
  sixtu_four_cases(set_char_0), sixtu_four_cases(set_char_0 + 64); first_par \leftarrow o - set_char_0;
  set1, put1, fnt1, xxx1, fnt\_def1: first\_par \leftarrow qet\_byte;
  set1+1, put1+1, fnt1+1, xxx1+1, fnt\_def1+1: first\_par \leftarrow qet\_two\_butes;
  set1 + 2, put1 + 2, fnt1 + 2, xxx1 + 2, fnt\_def1 + 2: first\_par \leftarrow get\_three\_bytes;
  right1, w1, x1, down1, y1, z1: first\_par \leftarrow signed\_byte;
  right1+1, w1+1, x1+1, down1+1, y1+1, z1+1: first\_par \leftarrow signed\_pair;
  right1+2, w1+2, x1+2, down1+2, y1+2, z1+2: first\_par \leftarrow signed\_trio;
  set 1+3, set\_rule, put 1+3, put\_rule, right 1+3, w 1+3, x 1+3, down 1+3, y 1+3, z 1+3, fnt 1+3,
          xxx1 + 3, fnt\_def1 + 3: first\_par \leftarrow signed\_quad;
  nop, bop, eop, push, pop, pre, post, post_post, undefined\_commands: first_par \leftarrow 0:
  w\theta : first\_par \leftarrow w;
  x\theta : first\_par \leftarrow x;
  y\theta: first\_par \leftarrow y;
  z0: first\_par \leftarrow z;
  sixty\_four\_cases(fnt\_num\_0): first\_par \leftarrow o - fnt\_num\_0;
  othercases abort('internal_derror');
  endcases:
```

80* Commands are broken down into "major" and "minor" categories: A major command is always shown in full, while a minor one is put into the buffer in abbreviated form. Minor commands, which account for the bulk of most DVI files, involve horizontal spacing and the typesetting of characters in a line; these are shown in full only if $out_mode \ge verbose$.

```
define show(\#) \equiv
            begin flush\_text; showing \leftarrow true; print(a:1, ::, \#);
            if show\_opcodes \land (o > 128) then print( ` | \{ `, o : 1, ` \} `):
            end
  define major(\#) \equiv
            if out_mode > errors_only then show(#)
  define minor(\#) \equiv
            if out\_mode > terse then
              if show\_opcodes \land (o > 128) then print(`, o : 1, `)`);
  define error(\#) \equiv
            if \neg showing then show(\#)
            else print(',,',#)
\langle Translate the next command in the DVI file; goto 9999 with do_page = true if it was eop; goto 9998 if
       premature termination is needed 80^* \geq
  begin a \leftarrow cur\_loc; showing \leftarrow false; o \leftarrow qet\_byte; p \leftarrow first\_par(o);
  if eof(dvi_file) then bad_dvi('the⊔file⊔ended⊔prematurely');
  \langle Start translation of command o and goto the appropriate label to finish the job 81\rangle;
fin_set: (Finish a command that either sets or puts a character, then goto move_right or done 89);
fin_rule: \langle Finish a command that either sets or puts a rule, then goto move_right or done 90\rangle;
move\_right: \langle Finish a command that sets h \leftarrow h + q, then goto done 91 \rangle;
show_state: \langle Show the values of ss, h, v, w, x, y, z, hh, and vv; then goto done 93\rangle;
done: if showing then print_ln(`___');
  end
```

This code is used in section 79.

412 SKIPPING PAGES DVI type changes for C §95

107* The main program. Now we are ready to put it all together. This is where DVItype starts, and where it ends.

```
begin initialize; { get all variables initialized }
\langle Print all the selected options 56*\rangle:
 \langle \text{ Process the preamble 109} \rangle:
if out_mode = the_works then { random_reading = true }
           begin (Find the postamble, working back from the end 100):
            in\_postamble \leftarrow true : read\_postamble : in\_postamble \leftarrow false :
            \langle Count the pages and move to the starting page 102 \rangle:
           end:
skip_pages(false);
if \neg in\_postamble then \langle Translate up to max\_pages pages 111\rangle;
if out\_mode < the\_works then
           begin if \neg in\_postamble then skip\_pages(true);
           if signed\_quad \neq old\_backpointer then
                      print_{-}ln(\text{backpointer}_{-}|\text{in}_{-}|\text{byte}_{-}|\text{cur}_{-}loc-4:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{be}_{-}|\text{c},\text{old}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{be}_{-}|\text{c},\text{old}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{be}_{-}|\text{c},\text{old}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{should}_{-}|\text{backpointer}:1,\text{sh
           read\_postamble:
           end:
end.
```

110.* The conversion factor conv is figured as follows: There are exactly n/d decimicrons per DVI unit, and 254000 decimicrons per inch, and resolution pixels per inch. Then we have to adjust this by the stated amount of magnification.

This code is used in section 3*.

```
112*
        System-dependent changes. Parse a Unix-style command line.
  define argument\_is(\#) \equiv (strcmp(long\_options[option\_index].name, \#) = 0)
\langle \text{ Define } parse\_arguments | 112* \rangle \equiv
procedure parse_arguments:
  const n\_options = 8: { Pascal won't count array lengths for us. }
  var long_options: array [0 .. n_options] of getopt_struct;
     qetopt_return_val: integer; option_index: c_int_type; current_option: 0 .. n_options; end_num: ↑char;
         { for page-start }
  begin \langle Define the option table 113^* \rangle;
  repeat getopt\_return\_val \leftarrow getopt\_long\_only(arac, arav, ``, long\_options, address\_of(option\_index)):
    if aetopt\_return\_val = -1 then
       begin do_nothing: { End of arguments; we exit the loop below. }
       end
    else if qetopt\_return\_val = "?" then
         begin usage(my\_name);
         end
       else if argument_is('help') then
           begin usage_help(DVITYPE_HELP, nil);
            end
         else if argument_is('version') then
              begin print_version_and_exit(banner, nil, `D.E., Knuth`, nil);
           else if argument_is('output-level') then
                begin if (optarq[0] < `0`) \lor (optarq[0] > `4`) \lor (optarq[1] \neq 0) then
                   begin write_ln(stderr, 'Value_Ifor_I--output-level_must_Ibe_I>=_I0_Iand_I<=_I4.');
                   uexit(1):
                   end;
                out\_mode \leftarrow optarg[0] - `0`;
                end
              else if argument_is('page-start') then
                   begin \(\rightarrow\) Determine the desired start\_count values from optarq 117^*\);
                   end
                else if argument_is('max-pages') then
                     begin max\_pages \leftarrow atou(optarg);
                     end
                   else if argument_is('dpi') then
                       begin resolution \leftarrow atof (optarg);
                     else if argument_is('magnification') then
                          begin new\_mag \leftarrow atou(optarg);
                          end; { Else it was a flag; getopt has already done the assignment. }
  until getopt\_return\_val = -1; {Now optind is the index of first non-option on the command line.}
  if (optind + 1 \neq argc) then
    begin write_ln(stderr, my\_name, `: \_Need\_exactly\_one_file\_argument. `); <math>usage(my\_name);
  dvi\_name \leftarrow extend\_filename(cmdline(optind), `dvi');
  end:
```

This code is used in section 112*.

```
113* Here are the options we allow. The first is one of the standard GNU options.
\langle Define the option table 113* \rangle \equiv
  current\_ontion \leftarrow 0: long\_ontions[current\_ontion].name \leftarrow `help`:
  long\_options[current\_option].has\_arg \leftarrow 0; long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow 0;
  lona\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 0: incr(current\_option):
See also sections 114*, 115*, 116*, 118*, 119*, 120*, 121*, and 123*.
This code is used in section 112*.
114.* Another of the standard options.
\langle Define the option table 113^* \rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow `version`: long\_options[current\_option].has\_arq \leftarrow 0:
  long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow 0: long\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 0: incr(current\_option):
115* How verbose to be
\langle Define the option table 113* \rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow \texttt{`output-level'}; long\_options[current\_option].has\_arq \leftarrow 1;
  long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow 0; long\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 0; incr(current\_option);
  out\_mode \leftarrow the\_works: { default }
116* What page to start at.
\langle Define the option table 113* \rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow `page-start'; long\_options[current\_option].has\_arq \leftarrow 1;
  long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow 0; long\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 0; incr(current\_option);
117.* Parsing the starting page specification is a bit complicated.
\langle Determine the desired start_count values from optarg 117* \rangle \equiv
  k \leftarrow 0; { which \count register we're on }
  m \leftarrow 0: { position in optarg }
  while optarg[m] do
     begin if optarq[m] = "*" then
        begin start\_there[k] \leftarrow false; incr(m);
        end
     else if optarq[m] = "." then
           begin incr(k);
           if k > 10 then
              begin write_ln(stderr, my_name, `:\_More\_\than\_\ten\_\count\_\registers\_\specified. `);
              uexit(1);
              end;
           incr(m):
           end
        else begin start\_count[k] \leftarrow strtol(optarq + m, address\_of(end\_num), 10);
           if end_num = optarq + m then
              \mathbf{begin} \ write\_ln(stderr, my\_name, `: \sqcup - \mathsf{page-start}_{\sqcup} \mathsf{values}_{\sqcup} \mathsf{must}_{\sqcup} \mathsf{be}_{\sqcup} \mathsf{numeric}_{\sqcup} \mathsf{or}_{\sqcup} *. `);
              uexit(1);
              end:
           start\_there[k] \leftarrow true; \ m \leftarrow m + end\_num - (optarg + m);
           end:
     end:
  start\_vals \leftarrow k;
```

```
118* How many pages to do.
\langle Define the option table 113* \rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow `max-pages': long\_options[current\_option].has\_arg \leftarrow 1:
  long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow 0; long\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 0; incr(current\_option);
  max\_pages \leftarrow 1000000: { default }
119* Resolution, in pixels per inch.
\langle Define the option table 113* \rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow `dpi'; long\_options[current\_option].has\_arq \leftarrow 1;
  long\_options[current\_option], flag \leftarrow 0; long\_options[current\_option], val \leftarrow 0; incr(current\_option);
  resolution \leftarrow 300.0: { default }
120* Magnification to apply.
\langle Define the option table 113*\rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow `magnification': long\_options[current\_option].has\_arq \leftarrow 1:
  long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow 0; long\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 0; incr(current\_option);
  new\_mag \leftarrow 0: { default is to keep the old one }
121* Whether to show numeric opcodes.
\langle Define the option table 113* \rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow `show-opcodes'; long\_options[current\_option].has\_arq \leftarrow 0;
  long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow address\_of(show\_opcodes); long\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 1;
  incr(current_option);
122* \langle Globals in the outer block 10 \rangle + \equiv
show_opcodes: c_int_tupe:
123* An element with all zeros always ends the list.
\langle Define the option table 113* \rangle + \equiv
  long\_options[current\_option].name \leftarrow 0; long\_options[current\_option].has\_arg \leftarrow 0;
  long\_options[current\_option].flag \leftarrow 0: long\_options[current\_option].val \leftarrow 0:
        Global filenames.
\langle Globals in the outer block 10\rangle + \equiv
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```

125.* Index. Pointers to error messages appear here together with the section numbers where each identifier is used.

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