

1. Special Neighbors

You're given a string **S** of length **N**. Find out the how many **alphabets** in that string have **special characters** as both left and right neighbors.

Note:

- Any character that is *not an alphabet, nor a digit* can be considered as **special character**.
- It's guaranteed that the string doesn't contain any spaces.

Input Format:

First line of input contains an integer **N** denoting the length of **S**.

Second line of input contains a string **S**.

Output Format:

Print the count of **alphabets** whose neighbors are **special characters**.

Constraints:

$$3 \leq N \leq 10^3.$$

S can have alphabets, digits and special characters.

Sample I/O:

Input 1:

6

T\$h%ub

Output 1:

1

Input 2:

8

#aditya#

Output 2:

0

Input 3:

12

#C\$o%D^i_N!g

Output 3:

5

2. Great Reverse

You're given an integer array **A** of length **N**.

We call an integer **Great**, if it's *strictly greater than* it's **reverse**.

Count how many great integers are there in the given array.

Input Format:

First line of input contains an integer **N**.

Next line contains **N** space separated integers.

Output Format:

Print the output according to the description.

Constraints:

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5 - 10^5 \leq A[i] \leq 10^5$$

Sample I/O:**Input 1:**

4
61 94 12 44

Output 1:

2

Input 2:

3
212 639 144

Output 2:

0

3. K times

You're given a string **S** consisting of lower case English alphabets. You're also given an integer **k**.

Print all the characters appeared for exactly **k** times the given string.

Note:

- Print the output in alphabetical order.
- It's guaranteed that there will at least be one character that appears for exactly **k** times.

Input Format:

First line of input contains a string **S**.

Second line of input contains an integer **k**.

Output Format:

Print the output according to the description.

Constraints:

$$1 \leq \text{len}(S), \quad k \leq 10^5$$

Sample I/O:**Input 1:**

iloveprogramming
2

Output 1:

g i m o r

Input 2:

aquickbrownfoxjumpesoverthelazydog
3

Output 2:

e