1.5 A Low Dropout **Linear Regulator**

The NCP565/NCV565 low dropout linear regulator will provide 1.5 A at a fixed output voltage or an adjustable voltage down to 0.9 V. The fast loop response and low dropout voltage make this regulator ideal for applications where low voltage and good load transient response are important. Device protection includes current limit, short circuit protection, and thermal shutdown.

Features

- Ultra Fast Transient Response (<1.0 μs)
- Low Ground Current (1.5 mA at Iload = 1.5 A)
- Low Dropout Voltage (0.9 V at Iload = 1.5 A)
- Low Noise (28 µVrms)
- 0.9 V Reference Voltage
- Adjustable Output Voltage from 7.7 V down to 0.9 V
- 1.2 V, 1.5 V, 2.8 V, 3.0 V, 3.3 V Fixed Output Versions. Other Fixed Voltages Available on Request
- Current Limit Protection (3.3 A Typ)
- Thermal Shutdown Protection (160°C)
- NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC-Q100 Qualified and PPAP Capable
- These are Pb-Free Devices

Typical Applications

- Servers
- ASIC Power Supplies
- Post Regulation for Power Supplies
- Constant Current Source



ON Semiconductor®

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D²PAK 3 **CASE 936 FIXED**



MARKING

DIAGRAMS

Tab = Ground

- Pin 1. V_{in}
 - 2. Ground
 - 3. V_{out}



D²PAK 5 CASE 936A **ADJUSTABLE**



Tab = Ground

- Pin 1. N.C.
 - $2. V_{in}$
 - 3. Ground
 - 4. V_{out}
 - 5. Adj

xx = 12 or 33= P or V

- = Assembly Location
- WL = Wafer Lot
- = Year
- WW = Work Week
- = Pb-Free



DFN6, 3x3.3 CASE 506AX

P565 MNxx AYWW=

Voltage Rating

AJ = Adjustable

12 = 1.2 V 30 = 3.0 V

 $15 = 1.5 \, \text{V}$ $33 = 3.3 \, \text{V}$

28 = 2.8 V



SOT-223 **CASE 318E**



Voltage Rating уу

12 = 1.2 V

Assembly Location Year

W Work Week

Pb-Free Package

Tab = V_{out} Pin 1. Ground $2.\ V_{out}$

3. V_{in}

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 11 of this data sheet.

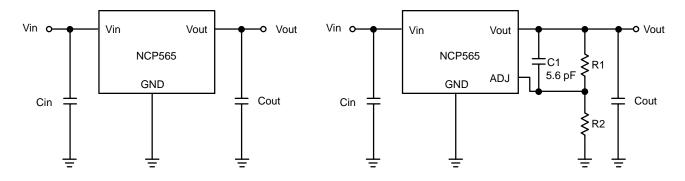


Figure 1. Typical Application Schematic, Fixed Output

Figure 2. Typical Application Schematic, Adjustable Output

PIN DESCRIPTION

D ² PAK 5	D ² PAK 3	DF	N6	SOT-223		
Pin No. Adj. Version	Pin No. Fixed Version	Pin No. Adj. Version	Pin No. Fixed Version	Pin No. Fixed Version	Symbol	Description
1	-	1, 2	1, 2, 5	-	N.C.	-
2	1	3	3	3	V _{in}	Positive Power Supply Input Voltage
3, Tab	2, Tab	6	6	1	Ground	Power Supply Ground
4	3	4	4	2, Tab	V _{out}	Regulated Output Voltage
5	_	5	_	_	Adj	This pin is to be connected to the sense resistors on the output. The linear regulator will attempt to maintain 0.9 V between this pin and ground. Refer to the Application Information section for output voltage setting.

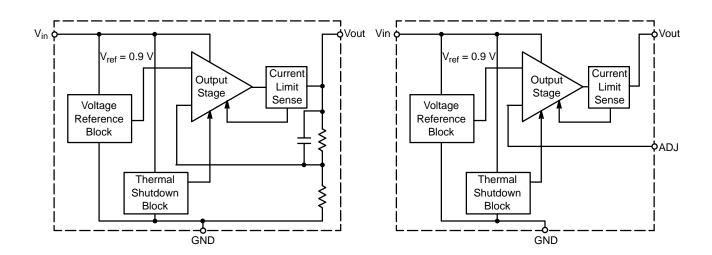


Figure 3. Block Diagram, Fixed Output

Figure 4. Block Diagram, Adjustable Output

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Voltage (Note 1)	V _{in}	18	V
Output Pin Voltage	V _{out}	-0.3 to V _{in} + 0.3	V
Adjust Pin Voltage	V_{adj}	-0.3 to $V_{in} + 0.3$	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

NOTE: This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests:

Human Body Model JESD 22-A114-B Machine Model JESD 22-A115-A

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Thermal Characteristics SOT–223 (Notes 1, 2) Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Pin	$R_{ hetaJA} \ R_{ hetaJP}$	107 12	°C/W
Thermal Characteristics DFN6 (Notes 1, 2) Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Pin	$R_{ hetaJA}$ $R_{ hetaJP}$	176 37	°C/W
Thermal Characteristics D ² PAK (5ld) (Notes 1, 2) Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Case Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Ambient Thermal Resistance, Junction–to–Pin	$egin{array}{c} {\sf R}_{ heta {\sf JC}} \ {\sf R}_{ heta {\sf JA}} \ {\sf R}_{ heta {\sf JP}} \end{array}$	3 83 4	°C/W

OPERATING RANGES

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Operating Input Voltage (Note 1)	V _{in}	V _{out} + V _{DO} , 2.5 (Note 3) to 9	V
Operating Junction Temperature Range	TJ	-40 to 150	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	T _A	-40 to 125	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-55 to 150	°C

- Refer to Electrical Characteristics and Application Information for Safe Operating Area.
 As measured using a copper heat spreading area of 50 mm² for SOT–223 and DFN6, 100 mm² for D²PAK, 1 oz copper thickness.
 Minimum V_{in} = (V_{out} + V_{DO}) or 2.5 V, whichever is higher.

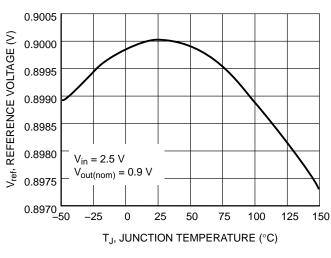
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{in} = V_{out} + 1.6 \text{ V}$, $V_{out} = 0.9 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_{in} = C_{out} = 150 \mu\text{F}$, unless otherwise noted, Note 4.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ADJUSTABLE OUTPUT VERSION					
Reference Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; V_{out} + 1.6 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -10 to 105°C)	V _{ref}	0.882 (-2%)	0.9	0.918 (+2%)	V
Reference Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; V_{out} + 1.6 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -40 to 125°C)	V _{ref}	0.873 (-3%)	0.9	0.927 (+3%)	V
ADJ Pin Current (Note 5)	I_{Adj}	-	30	_	nA
Line Regulation (I _{out} = 10 mA) (Note 5)	Reg _{line}	-	0.03	-	%
Load Regulation (10 mA < I _{out} < 1.5 A) (Note 5)	Reg _{load}	-	0.03	-	%
Dropout Voltage (I _{out} = 1.5 A, V _{out} = 2.5 V) (Note 6)	Vdo	_	0.9	1.3	V
Current Limit	I _{lim}	1.6	3.3	_	Α
Ripple Rejection (120 Hz; I _{out} = 1.5 A) (Note 5)	RR	-	85	_	dB
Ripple Rejection (1 kHz; I _{out} = 1.5 A) (Note 5)	RR	-	75	-	dB
Ground Current (I _{out} = 1.5 A)	I _{GND}	_	1.5	3.0	mA
Output Noise Voltage (f = 100 Hz to 100 kHz, I _{out} = 1.5 A) (Note 5)	V _n	_	28	_	μVrms
Thermal Shutdown Protection (Note 5)	T _{SHD}	_	160	-	°C
FIXED OUTPUT VOLTAGE ($V_{in} = V_{out} + 1.6 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $C_{in} = C_{out} = 150 \mu\text{F}$, unless other states of the contract	nerwise note	ed, Note 4	.)		•
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 2.8 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -10 to 105°C) 1.2 V version	V _{out}	1.176 (-2%)	1.2	1.224 (+2%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 2.8 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -40 to 125°C) 1.2 V version	V _{out}	1.164 (-3%)	1.2	1.236 (+3%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 3.1 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -10 to 105°C) 1.5 V version	V _{out}	1.470 (-2%)	1.5	1.530 (+2%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 3.1 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -40 to 125°C) 1.5 V version	V _{out}	1.455 (-3%)	1.5	1.545 (+3%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 4.4 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -10 to 105°C) 2.8 V version	V _{out}	2.744 (-2%)	2.8	2.856 (+2%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 4.4 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -40 to 125°C) 2.8 V version	V _{out}	2.716 (-3%)	2.8	2.884 (+3%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 4.6 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -10 to 105°C) 3.0 V version	V _{out}	2.940 (-2%)	3.0	3.060 (+2%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 4.6 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_{A} = -40 to 125°C) 3.0 V version	V _{out}	2.910 (-3%)	3.0	3.090 (+3%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 4.9 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_A = -10 to 105°C) 3.3 V version	V _{out}	3.234 (-2%)	3.3	3.366 (+2%)	V
Output Voltage (10 mA < I_{out} < 1.5 A; 4.9 V < V_{in} < 9.0 V; T_A = -40 to 125°C) 3.3 V version	V _{out}	3.201 (-3%)	3.3	3.399 (+3%)	V
Line Regulation (I _{out} = 10 mA) (Note 5)	Reg _{line}	-	0.03	-	%
Load Regulation (10 mA < I _{out} < 1.5 A) (Note 5)	Reg _{load}	-	0.03	-	%
Dropout Voltage (I _{out} = 1.5 A, V _{out} = 2.5 V) (Note 6)	Vdo	-	0.9	1.3	V
Current Limit	I _{lim}	1.6	3.3	_	Α
Ripple Rejection (120 Hz; I _{out} = 1.5 A) (Note 5)	RR	-	85	_	dB
Ripple Rejection (1 kHz; I _{out} = 1.5 A) (Note 5)	RR	-	75	_	dB
Ground Current (I _{out} = 1.5 A)	I _{GND}	-	1.5	3.0	mA
Output Noise Voltage (f = 100 Hz to 100 kHz, V _{out} = 1.2 V, I _{out} = 1.5 A) (Note 5)	V _n	-	38	-	μVrms
Thermal Shutdown Protection (Note 5)	T _{SHD}	_	160	_	°C

 ^{4.} Performance guaranteed over specified operating conditions by design, guard banded test limits, and/or characterization, production tested at T_J = T_A = 25°C. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.
 5. Typical values are based on design and/or characterization.

^{6.} Dropout voltage is a measurement of the minimum input/output differential at full load.

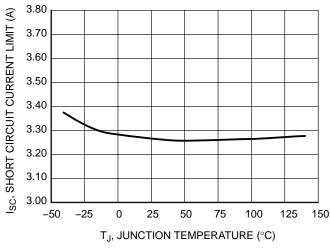
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



3.302 3.300 3.298 3.298 3.294 3.292 V_{in} = 4.9 V V_{out(nom)} = 3.3 V T_J, JUNCTION TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 5. Output Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 6. Output Voltage vs. Temperature



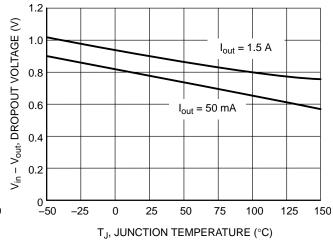
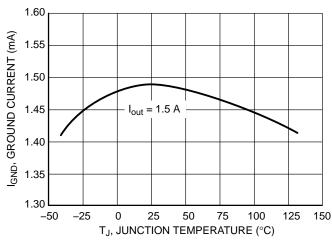


Figure 7. Short Circuit Current Limit vs. Temperature

Figure 8. Dropout Voltage vs. Temperature



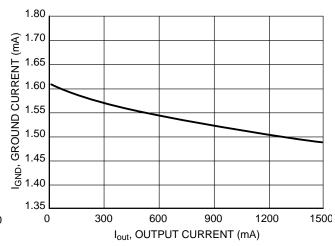


Figure 9. Ground Current vs. Temperature

Figure 10. Ground Current vs. Output Current

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

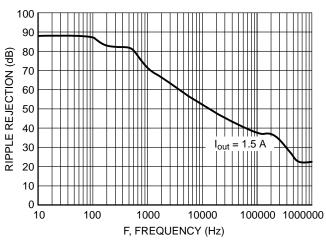


Figure 11. Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency

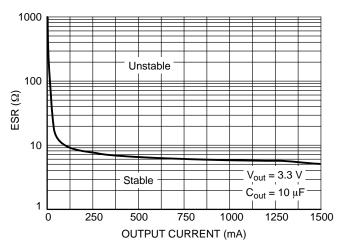


Figure 12. Output Capacitor ESR Stability vs.
Output Current

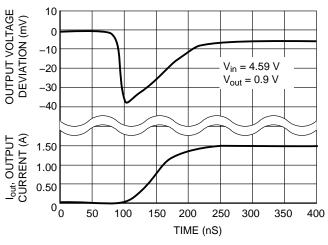


Figure 13. Load Transient from 10 mA to 1.5 A

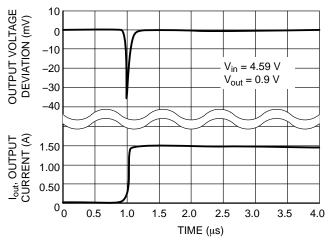


Figure 14. Load Transient from 10 mA to 1.5 A

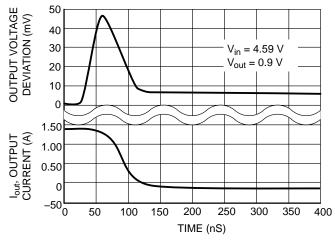


Figure 15. Load Transient from 1.5 A to 10 mA

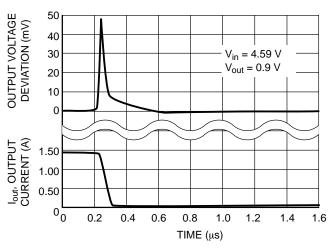
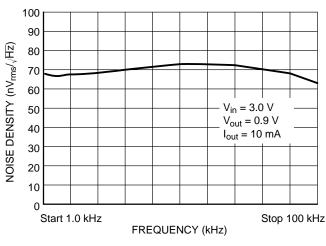


Figure 16. Load Transient from 1.5 A to 10 mA

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



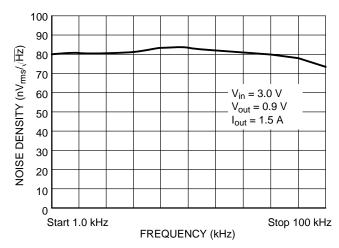


Figure 17. Noise Density vs. Frequency

Figure 18. Noise Density vs. Frequency

NOTE: Typical characteristics were measured with the same conditions as electrical characteristics.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The NCP565 low dropout linear regulator provides adjustable voltages at currents up to 1.5 A. It features ultra fast transient response and low dropout voltage. These devices contain output current limiting, short circuit protection and thermal shutdown protection.

Input, Output Capacitor and Stability

An input bypass capacitor is recommended to improve transient response or if the regulator is located more than a few inches from the power source. This will reduce the circuit's sensitivity to the input line impedance at high frequencies and significantly enhance the output transient response. Different types and different sizes of input capacitors can be chosen dependent on the quality of power supply. A 150 μF OSCON 16SA150M type from Sanyo should be adequate for most applications. The bypass capacitor should be mounted with shortest possible lead or track length directly across the regulator's input terminals.

The output capacitor is required for stability. The NCP565 remains stable with ceramic, tantalum, and aluminum–electrolytic capacitors with a minimum value of 1.0 μF with ESR between 50 m Ω and 2.5 Ω . The NCP565 is optimized for use with a 150 μF OSCON 16SA150M type in parallel with a 10 μF OSCON 10SL10M type from Sanyo. The 10 μF capacitor is used for best AC stability while 150 μF capacitor is used for achieving excellent output transient response. The output capacitors should be placed as close as possible to the output pin of the device. If not, the excellent load transient response of NCP565 will be degraded.

Adjustable Operation

The typical application circuit for the adjustable output regulators is shown in Figure 2. The adjustable device develops and maintains the nominal 0.9 V reference voltage between Adj and ground pins. A resistor divider network R1 and R2 causes a fixed current to flow to ground. This current creates a voltage across R1 that adds to the 0.9 V across R2 and sets the overall output voltage.

The output voltage is set according to the formula:

$$V_{out} = V_{ref} \times \left(\frac{R1 + R2}{R2}\right) - I_{Adj} \times R2$$

The adjust pin current, I_{Adj} , is typically 30 nA and normally much lower than the current flowing through R1 and R2, thus it generates a small output voltage error that can usually be ignored.

Load Transient Measurement

Large load current changes are always presented in microprocessor applications. Therefore good load transient performance is required for the power stage. NCP565 has the feature of ultra fast transient response. Its load transient responses in Figures 13 through 16 are tested on evaluation board shown in Figure 19. On the evaluation board, it consists of NCP565 regulator circuit with decoupling and filter capacitors and the pulse controlled current sink to obtain load current transitions. The load current transitions are measured by current probe. Because the signal from current probe has some time delay, it causes un–synchronization between the load current transition and output voltage response, which is shown in Figures 13 through 16.

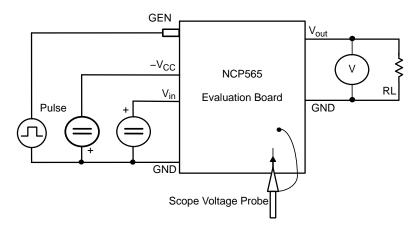


Figure 19. Schematic for Transient Response Measurement

PCB Layout Considerations

Good PCB layout plays an important role in achieving good load transient performance. Because it is very sensitive to its PCB layout, particular care has to be taken when tackling Printed Circuit Board (PCB) layout. The figures below give an example of a layout where parasitic elements are minimized. For microprocessor applications it is customary to use an output capacitor network consisting of

several capacitors in parallel. This reduces the overall ESR and reduces the instantaneous output voltage drop under transient load conditions. The output capacitor network should be as close as possible to the load for the best results. The schematic of NCP565 typical application circuit, which this PCB layout is base on, is shown in Figure 20. The output voltage is set to 3.3 V for this demonstration board according to the feedback resistors in the Table 1.

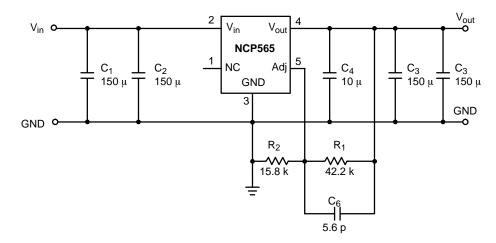


Figure 20. Schematic of NCP565 Typical Application Circuit

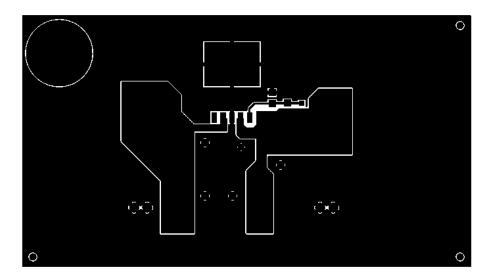


Figure 21. Top Layer

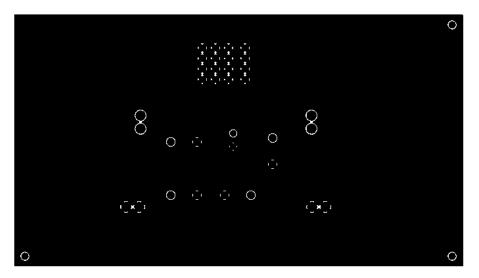


Figure 22. Bottom Layer

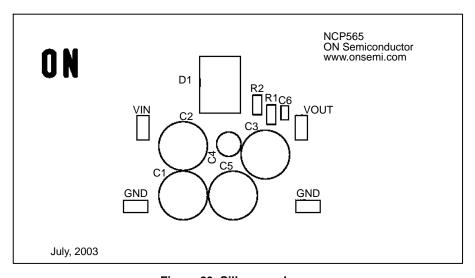


Figure 23. Silkscreen Layer

Table 1. Bill of Materials for NCP565 Adj Demonstration Board

Item	Used #	Component	Designators	Suppliers	Part Number
1	4	Radial Lead Aluminum Capacitor 150 μF/16 V	C1, C2, C3, C5	Sanyo Oscon	16SA150M
2	1	Radial Lead Aluminum Capacitor 10 μF/10 V	C4	Sanyo Oscon	10SL10M
3	1	SMT Chip Resistor (0805) 15.8 K 1%	R2	Vishay	CRCW08051582F
4	1	SMT Chip Resistor (0805) 42.2 K 1%	R1	Vishay	CRCW08054222F
5	1	SMT Ceramic Capacitor (0603) 5.6 pF 10%	C6	Vishay	VJ0603A5R6KXAA
6	1	NCP565 Low Dropout Linear Regulator	U1	ON Semiconductor	NCP565D2TR4

Protection Diodes

When large external capacitors are used with a linear regulator it is sometimes necessary to add protection diodes. If the input voltage of the regulator gets shorted, the output capacitor will discharge into the output of the regulator. The discharge current depends on the value of the capacitor, the output voltage and the rate at which $V_{\rm in}$ drops. In the NCP565 linear regulator, the discharge path is through a large junction and protection diodes are not usually needed. If the regulator is used with large values of output capacitance and the input voltage is instantaneously shorted to ground, damage can occur. In this case, a diode connected as shown in Figure 24 is recommended.

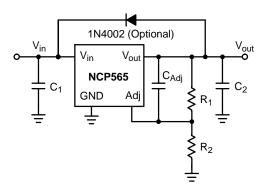


Figure 24. Protection Diode for Large Output Capacitors

Thermal Considerations

This series contains an internal thermal limiting circuit that is designed to protect the regulator in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. This feature provides protection from a catastrophic device failure due to accidental overheating. It is not intended to be used as a substitute for proper heat sinking. The maximum device power dissipation can be calculated by:

$$P_D = \frac{T_J(max) - T_A}{R_{\theta,JA}}$$

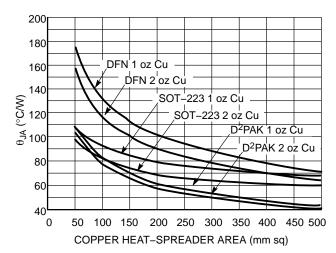


Figure 25. Thermal Resistance

ORDERING INFORMATION

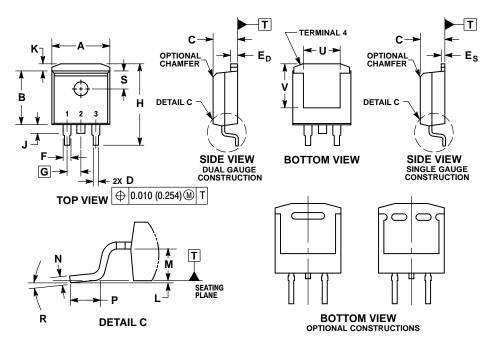
Device	Nominal Output Voltage**	Package	Shipping [†]
NCP565D2TG		D ² PAK 5 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Tube
NCP565D2TR4G	Adj	D ² PAK 5 (Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel
NCP565MNADJT2G		DFN6 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP565D2T12G		D ² PAK 3 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Tube
NCP565D2T12R4G	Fig. 1/4.000	D ² PAK 3 (Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel
NCP565MN12T2G	Fixed (1.2 V)	DFN6 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP565ST12T3G		SOT-223 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel
NCP565MN15T2G	Fixed (1.5 V)	DFN6 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP565MN28T2G	Fixed (2.8 V)	DFN6 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP565MN30T2G	Fixed (3.0 V)	DFN6 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP565D2T33G		D ² PAK 3 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Tube
NCP565D2T33R4G	Fixed (3.3 V)	D ² PAK 3 (Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel
NCP565MN33T2G		DFN6 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCV565D2TG*		D ² PAK 5	50 Units / Tube
NCV565D2TR4G*	Adj	(Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel
NCV565D2T12R4G*	F: v:1/4.000	D ² PAK 3 (Pb-Free)	800 / Tape & Reel
NCV565ST12T3G*	Fixed (1.2 V)	SOT-223 (Pb-Free)	4000 / Tape & Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.
*NCV Prefix for Automotive and Other Applications Requiring Unique Site and Control Change Requirements; AEC–Q100 Qualified and PPAP

Capable.
**For other fixed output versions, please contact the factory. The max Vout available for SOT–223 is 1.2 V.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

D²PAK 3 CASE 936-03 ISSUE D

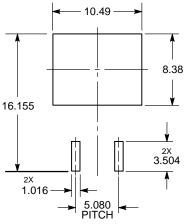


- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
- Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.

- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.
 TAB CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS A AND K.
 DIMENSIONS U AND V ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR TERMINAL 4.
 DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR GATE PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH AND GATE PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.025 (0.835) MAXIMUM.
 SINGLE GAUGE DESIGN WILL BE SHIPPED AFTER FPCN EXPIRATION IN OCTOBER 2011.

	INC	HES	MILLIN	IETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.386	0.403	9.804	10.236	
В	0.356	0.368	9.042	9.347	
С	0.170	0.180	4.318	4.572	
D	0.026	0.036	0.660	0.914	
ED	0.045	0.055	1.143	1.397	
Es	0.018	0.026	0.457	0.660	
F	0.051 REF		1.295 REF		
G	0.100	BSC	2.540	BSC	
Н	0.539	0.579	13.691	14.707	
J	0.125	MAX	3.175 MAX		
K	0.050	REF	1.270 REF		
L	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.254	
M	0.088	0.102	2.235	2.591	
N	0.018	0.026	0.457	0.660	
P	0.058	0.078	1.473 1.981		
R	5° REF		5° REF		
S	0.116 REF		2.946 REF		
U	0.200	MIN	5.080	MIN	
V	0.250	MIN	6.350 MIN		

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*

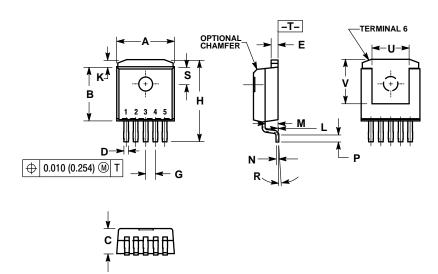


DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

^{*}For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

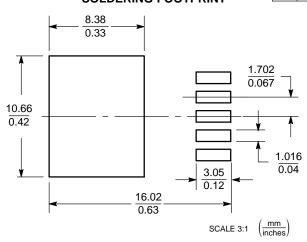
D²PAK 5 CASE 936A-02 **ISSUE C**



- NOTES:
 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. TAB CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS A AND K.
 4. DIMENSIONS U AND V ESTABLISH A MINIMUM MOUNTING SURFACE FOR TERMINAL 6.
 5. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR GATE PROTRUSIONS. MOLD FLASH AND GATE PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 0.025 (0.635) MAXIMUM.

	INCHES		MILLIN	IETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.386	0.403	9.804	10.236	
В	0.356	0.368	9.042	9.347	
С	0.170	0.180	4.318	4.572	
D	0.026	0.036	0.660	0.914	
E	0.045	0.055	1.143	1.397	
G	0.067	BSC	1.702 BSC		
Н	0.539	0.579	13.691	14.707	
K	0.050	REF	1.270 REF		
L	0.000	0.010	0.000	0.254	
M	0.088	0.102	2.235	2.591	
N	0.018	0.026	0.457	0.660	
Р	0.058	0.078	1.473	1.981	
R	5° REF		5° REF		
S	0.116	REF	2.946 REF		
U	0.200	MIN	5.080 MIN		
٧	0.250	MIN	6.350	MIN	

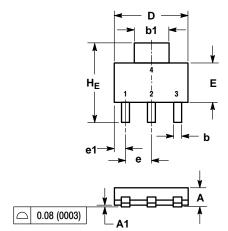
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT

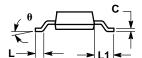


5-LEAD D2PAK

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOT-223 (TO-261) CASE 318E-04 ISSUE N



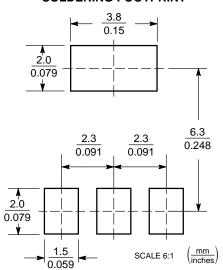


- NOTES: 7. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994. 8. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

	М	MILLIMETERS			INCHES	
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Α	1.50	1.63	1.75	0.060	0.064	0.068
A1	0.02	0.06	0.10	0.001	0.002	0.004
b	0.60	0.75	0.89	0.024	0.030	0.035
b1	2.90	3.06	3.20	0.115	0.121	0.126
С	0.24	0.29	0.35	0.009	0.012	0.014
D	6.30	6.50	6.70	0.249	0.256	0.263
E	3.30	3.50	3.70	0.130	0.138	0.145
е	2.20	2.30	2.40	0.087	0.091	0.094
e1	0.85	0.94	1.05	0.033	0.037	0.041
L	0.20			0.008		
L1	1.50	1.75	2.00	0.060	0.069	0.078
HE	6.70	7.00	7.30	0.264	0.276	0.287
θ		-			-	

10° 0° 10°

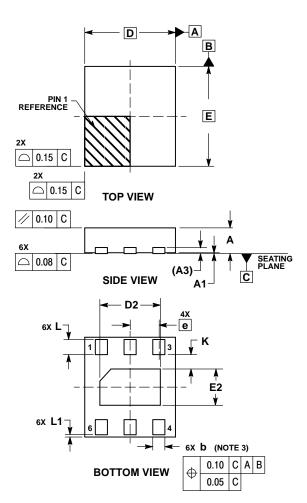
SOLDERING FOOTPRINT



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

DFN6 3x3.3 MM, 0.95 PITCH

CASE 506AX ISSUE O

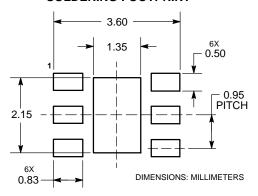


NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14 5M 1994
- Y14.5M, 1994. 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
- DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL.
- FROM TERMINAL.
 4. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED PAD AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.

	MILLIMETERS					
DIM	MIN	NOM	MAX			
Α	0.80	-	0.90			
A1	0.00		0.05			
А3	0	.20 REF				
b	0.30	-	0.40			
D	3.00 BSC					
D2	1.90	-	2.10			
Е	3	.30 BSC	;			
E2	1.10		1.30			
е	0	0.95 BSC				
K	0.20					
L	0.40	-	0.60			
L1	0.00		0.15			

SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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