DS90C383,DS90CF384

DS90C383/DS90CF384 +3.3V Programmable LVDS Transmitter 24-Bit Flat Panel Display (FPD) Link-65 MHz, +3.3V LVDS Receiver 24-Bit Flat Panel Display (FPD) Link-65 MHz



Literature Number: SNLS124



DS90C383/DS90CF384

+3.3V Programmable LVDS Transmitter 24-Bit Flat Panel Display (FPD) Link—65 MHz, +3.3V LVDS Receiver 24-Bit Flat Panel Display (FPD) Link—65 MHz

General Description

The DS90C383 transmitter converts 28 bits of CMOS/TTL data into four LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) data streams. A phase-locked transmit clock is transmitted in parallel with the data streams over a fifth LVDS link. Every cycle of the transmit clock 28 bits of input data are sampled and transmitted. The DS90CF384 receiver converts the LVDS data streams back into 28 bits of CMOS/TTL data. At a transmit clock frequency of 65 MHz, 24 bits of RGB data and 3 bits of LCD timing and control data (FPLINE, FPFRAME, DRDY) are transmitted at a rate of 455 Mbps per LVDS data channel. Using a 65 MHz clock, the data throughputs is 227 Mbytes/sec. The transmitter is offered with programmable edge data strobes for convenient interface with a variety of graphics controllers. The transmitter can be programmed for Rising edge strobe or Falling edge strobe through a dedicated pin. A Rising edge transmitter will inter-operate with a Falling edge receiver (DS90CF384) without any translation logic. The DS90CF384 is also offered in 64 ball, 0.8mm fine pitch ball grid array(FBGA) package which provides a 44 % reduction in PCB footprint (available Q3, 1999).

This chipset is an ideal means to solve EMI and cable size problems associated with wide, high speed TTL interfaces.

Features

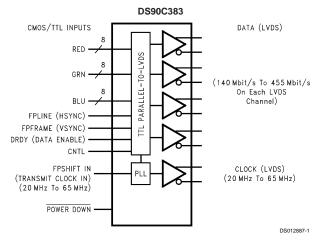
- 20 to 65 MHz shift clock support
- Programmable transmitter (DS90C383) strobe select (Rising or Falling edge strobe)
- Single 3.3V supply
- Chipset (Tx + Rx) power consumption < 250 mW (typ)
- Power-down mode (< 0.5 mW total)
- Single pixel per clock XGA (1024x768) ready
- Supports VGA, SVGA, XGA and higher addressability.
- Up to 227 Megabytes/sec bandwidth
- Up to 1.8 Gbps throughput
- Narrow bus reduces cable size and cost
- 290 mV swing LVDS devices for low EMI
- PLL requires no external components
- Low profile 56-lead TSSOP package.DS90CF384 also available in 64 ball, 0.8mm fine pitch
- ball grid array(FBGA) package
 Falling edge data strobe Receiver
- Compatible with TIA/EIA-644 LVDS standard
- ESD rating >7 kV
- Operating Temperature: -40°C to +85°C

Block Diagrams

Application DATA (LVDS) HOST GRAPHICS CMOS/ CONTROLLER TIL CLOCK (LVDS) FPSHIFT IN (TxCLK IN) DATA (LVDS) CMOS/ TIL CONTROLLER CNOS/ TIL CNOS/ T

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Block Diagrams (Continued)



Order Number DS90C383MTD See NS Package Number MTD56

Order Number DS90CF384MTD or DS90CF384SLC See NS Package Number MTD56 or SLC64A

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage (V_{CC}) -0.3V to +4V–0.3V to ($V_{\rm CC}$ + 0.3V) CMOS/TTL Input Voltage -0.3V to ($V_{\rm CC}$ + 0.3V) CMOS/TTL Output Voltage LVDS Receiver Input Voltage -0.3V to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$ -0.3V to $(V_{CC} + 0.3V)$ LVDS Driver Output Voltage LVDS Output Short Circuit

Continuous Duration Junction Temperature +150°C -65°C to +150°C Storage Temperature

Lead Temperature (Soldering, 4 sec for TSSOP) +260°C Solder Reflow Temperature (20 sec for FBGA) +220°C

Maximum Package Power Dissipation Capacity 25°C

MTD56 (TSSOP) Package:

DS90C383MTD 1.63 W DS90CF384MTD 1.61 W

Package Derating:

DS90C383MTD 12.5 mW/°C above +25°C DS90CF384MTD 12.4 mW/°C above +25°C Maximum Package Power Dissipation Capacity 25°C SLC64A Package:

DS90CF384SLC

Package Derating:

DS90CF384SLC 10.2 mW/°C above +25°C

2.0 W

ESD Rating (HBM, 1.5 k Ω , 100 pF) > 7 kV

Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Nom	Max	Units
Supply Voltage (V _{CC})	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Operating Free Air				
Temperature (T _A)	-40	+25	+85	°C
Receiver Input Range	0		2.4	V
Supply Noise Voltage (V _{CC})			100	mV_PP

Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

$\begin{array}{c cccc} V_{IH} & Higg \\ \hline V_{IL} & Low \\ \hline V_{OH} & Higg \\ \hline V_{OL} & Low \\ \hline V_{CL} & Inpu \\ \hline I_{IN} & Inpu \\ \hline I_{OS} & Out \\ \hline LVDS DC SP \\ \hline V_{OD} & Diffe \\ \hline \Delta V_{OD} & Chaccord \\ \hline \end{array}$	ph Level Input Voltage w Level Input Voltage w Level Output Voltage w Level Output Voltage w Level Output Voltage w Level Output Voltage but Clamp Voltage but Current thout Short Circuit Current PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage ange in Von between	$I_{OH} = -0.4 \text{ mA}$ $I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$ $I_{CL} = -18 \text{ mA}$ $V_{IN} = V_{CC}, \text{ GND, } 2.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{OUT} = 0 \text{ V}$ $R_{I} = 100 \Omega$	or 0.4V	2.0 GND 2.7	3.3 0.06 -0.79 ±5.1 -60	V _{CC} 0.8 0.3 -1.5 ±10	V V V V V
$\begin{array}{c cccc} V_{\rm IL} & {\rm Low} \\ \hline V_{\rm OH} & {\rm Hig} \\ \hline V_{\rm OL} & {\rm Low} \\ \hline V_{\rm CL} & {\rm Inpu} \\ \hline I_{\rm IN} & {\rm Inpu} \\ \hline I_{\rm OS} & {\rm Out} \\ \hline LVDS \ DC \ SP \\ \hline V_{\rm OD} & {\rm Diff} \\ \hline \Delta V_{\rm OD} & {\rm Cha} \\ \hline \end{array}$	w Level Input Voltage gh Level Output Voltage w Level Output Voltage but Clamp Voltage but Current rtput Short Circuit Current PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage	$\begin{split} I_{OL} &= 2 \text{ mA} \\ I_{CL} &= -18 \text{ mA} \\ V_{IN} &= V_{CC}, \text{ GND, } 2.5 \text{V c} \\ V_{OUT} &= 0 \text{V} \end{split}$	or 0.4V	GND	0.06 -0.79 ±5.1	0.8 0.3 -1.5	V V V
$\begin{array}{c cccc} V_{OH} & Hig\\ \hline V_{OL} & Low\\ \hline V_{CL} & Inpu\\ \hline I_{IN} & Inpu\\ \hline I_{OS} & Out\\ \hline LVDS DC SP\\ \hline V_{OD} & Difff\\ \hline \Delta V_{OD} & Che\\ \hline corr} \end{array}$	gh Level Output Voltage w Level Output Voltage but Clamp Voltage but Current rtput Short Circuit Current PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage	$\begin{split} I_{OL} &= 2 \text{ mA} \\ I_{CL} &= -18 \text{ mA} \\ V_{IN} &= V_{CC}, \text{ GND, } 2.5 \text{V c} \\ V_{OUT} &= 0 \text{V} \end{split}$	or 0.4V	_	0.06 -0.79 ±5.1	0.3	V V
V _{OL} Low V _{CL} Inpu I _{IN} Inpu I _{OS} Out LVDS DC SP V _{OD} Difff ΔV _{OD} Chaccom	w Level Output Voltage but Clamp Voltage but Current but Current but Current cutput Short Circuit Current PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage	$\begin{split} I_{OL} &= 2 \text{ mA} \\ I_{CL} &= -18 \text{ mA} \\ V_{IN} &= V_{CC}, \text{ GND, } 2.5 \text{V c} \\ V_{OUT} &= 0 \text{V} \end{split}$	or 0.4V	2.7	0.06 -0.79 ±5.1	-1.5	V
$\begin{tabular}{l l} $V_{\rm CL}$ & Inpu \\ $I_{\rm IN}$ & Inpu \\ $I_{\rm OS}$ & Out \\ $LVDS\ DC\ SP$ \\ $V_{\rm OD}$ & Difff \\ $\Delta V_{\rm OD}$ & Chack contains $V_{\rm CD}$ & Contains $V_{$	out Clamp Voltage out Current rtput Short Circuit Current PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage	I_{CL} = -18 mA V_{IN} = V_{CC} , GND, 2.5V c V_{OUT} = 0V	or 0.4V		-0.79 ±5.1	-1.5	V
$\begin{tabular}{l l} $V_{\rm CL}$ & Inpu \\ $I_{\rm IN}$ & Inpu \\ $I_{\rm OS}$ & Out \\ $LVDS\ DC\ SP$ \\ $V_{\rm OD}$ & Difff \\ $\Delta V_{\rm OD}$ & Chack contains $V_{\rm CD}$ & Contains $V_{$	out Current Itput Short Circuit Current PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$, GND, 2.5V c $V_{OUT} = 0V$	or 0.4V		±5.1		
I _{OS} Out	rtput Short Circuit Current PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage	V _{OUT} = 0V	or 0.4V			±10	μA
LVDS DC SP V _{OD} Diffi ΔV _{OD} Cha com	PECIFICATIONS ferential Output Voltage				-60		
V _{OD} Diffe ΔV _{OD} Cha com	ferential Output Voltage	$R_1 = 100\Omega$		•		-120	mA
ΔV _{OD} Cha		$R_L = 100\Omega$			•		
com	ange in Vos between	E		250	345	450	mV
	ango 100 zomoon					35	mV
	mplimentary output states						
V _{OS} Offs	set Voltage (Note 4)		1.125	1.25	1.375	V	
ΔV _{OS} Cha	ange in V _{OS} between				35	mV	
com	mplimentary output states						
I _{OS} Out	tput Short Circuit Current	$V_{OUT} = 0V, R_L = 100\Omega$			-3.5	-5	mA
I _{OZ} Out	tput TRI-STATE® Current	Power Down = 0V,			±1	±10	μA
		$V_{OUT} = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$					ı
V _{TH} Diff	ferential Input High Threshold	$V_{CM} = +1.2V$				+100	mV
V _{TL} Diffe	ferential Input Low Threshold			-100			mV
I _{IN} Inpu	out Current	$V_{IN} = +2.4V, V_{CC} = 3.6V$	/			±10	μA
		$V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} = 3.6V$				±10	μA
TRANSMITTI	ER SUPPLY CURRENT						
ICCTW Tra	ansmitter Supply Current	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 5 pF$,	f = 32.5 MHz		31	45	mA
Wo	orst Case	Worst Case Pattern	f = 37.5 MHz		32	50	mA
	7.01 0400	(Figures 1, 3), $T_A =$	f = 65 MHz		42	55	mA
		-40°C to +85°C	1 = 00 101112		72	00	1117 \

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	ns	Min	Тур	Max	Units
TRANSI	MITTER SUPPLY CURRENT	•			•	•	•
ICCTG	Transmitter Supply Current	$R_{L} = 100\Omega,$ $C_{L} = 5 \text{ pF},$	f = 32.5 MHz		23	35	mA
	16 Grayscale	16 Grayscale Pattern	f = 37.5 MHz		28	40	mA
		(Figures 2, 3), $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	f = 65 MHz		31	45	mA
ICCTZ	Transmitter Supply Current	Power Down = Low	Power Down = Low			55	μΑ
	Power Down	Driver Outputs in TRI-ST					
		Power Down Mode					
RECEIV	ER SUPPLY CURRENT	•					
ICCRW	Receiver Supply Current	C _L = 8 pF,	f = 32.5 MHz		49	65	mA
	Worst Case	Worst Case Pattern	f = 37.5 MHz		53	70	mA
		(Figures 1, 4), T _A = -40°C to +85°C	f = 65 MHz		78	105	mA
ICCRG	Receiver Supply Current,	C _L = 8 pF,	f = 32.5 MHz		28	45	mA
	16 Grayscale	16 Grayscale Pattern	f = 37.5 MHz		30	47	mA
		(Figures 2, 4), T _A = -40°C to +85°C	f = 65 MHz		43	60	mA
ICCRZ	Receiver Supply Current	Power Down = Low			10	55	μΑ
	Power Down	Receiver Outputs Stay L	ow during				
		Power Down Mode					

Note 1: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. They are not meant to imply that the device should be operated at these limits. The tables of "Electrical Characteristics" specify conditions for device operation.

Note 3: Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. Voltages are referenced to ground unless otherwise specified (except $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OD}}$ and $\Delta V_{\mbox{\scriptsize OD}}).$

Note 4: V_{OS} previously referred as V_{CM} .

Transmitter Switching CharacteristicsOver recommended operating supply and -40°C to +85°C ranges unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
LLHT	LVDS Low-to-High Transition Time (Figure 3)		0.75	1.5	ns	
LHLT	LVDS High-to-Low Transition Time (Figure 3)		0.75	1.5	ns	
TCIT	TxCLK IN Transition Time (Figure 5)			5	ns	
TCCS	TxOUT Channel-to-Channel Skew (Figure 6)		250		ps	
TPPos0	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 0 (Figure 17)	f = 65 MHz	-0.4	0	0.3	ns
TPPos1	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 1	1.8	2.2	2.5	ns	
TPPos2	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 2	4.0	4.4	4.7	ns	
TPPos3	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 3	6.2	6.6	6.9	ns	
TPPos4	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 4	8.4	8.8	9.1	ns	
TPPos5	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 5	10.6	11	11.3	ns	
TPPos6	Transmitter Output Pulse Position for Bit 6	12.8	13.2	13.5	ns	
TCIP	TxCLK IN Period (Figure 7)	15	Т	50	ns	
TCIH	TxCLK IN High Time (Figure 7)		0.35T	0.5T	0.65T	ns
TCIL	TxCLK IN Low Time (Figure 7)		0.35T	0.5T	0.65T	ns
TSTC	TxIN Setup to TxCLK IN (Figure 7)	f = 65 MHz	2.5			ns
THTC	TxIN Hold to TxCLK IN (Figure 7)					ns
TCCD	TxCLK IN to TxCLK OUT Delay 25°C, V _{CC} = 3.3V (Figure 9)	3.0	3.7	5.5	ns	
TPLLS	Transmitter Phase Lock Loop Set (Figure 11)				10	ms
TPDD	Transmitter Power Down Delay (Figure 15)				100	ns

Note 2: Typical values are given for V_{CC} = 3.3V and T_A = +25C.

Receiver Switching Characteristics

Over recommended operating supply and -40°C to +85°C ranges unless otherwise specified

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	
CLHT	CMOS/TTL Low-to-High Transition Time (Figure 4)		2.2	5.0	ns	
CHLT	CMOS/TTL High-to-Low Transition Time (Figure 4)				5.0	ns
RSPos0	Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 0 (Figure 18)	f = 65 MHz	0.7	1.1	1.4	ns
RSPos1	Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 1		2.9	3.3	3.6	ns
RSPos2	Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 2		5.1	5.5	5.8	ns
RSPos3	Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 3	7.3	7.7	8.0	ns	
RSPos4	Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 4	9.5	9.9	10.2	ns	
RSPos5	Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 5	11.7	12.1	12.4	ns	
RSPos6	Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 6		13.9	14.3	14.6	ns
RSKM	RxIN Skew Margin (Note 5) (Figure 19)	f = 65 MHz	400			ps
RCOP	RxCLK OUT Period (Figure 8)				50	ns
RCOH	RxCLK OUT High Time (Figure 8)	f = 65 MHz	7.3	8.6		ns
RCOL	RxCLK OUT Low Time (Figure 8)		3.45	4.9		ns
RSRC	RxOUT Setup to RxCLK OUT (Figure 8)		2.5	6.9		ns
RHRC	RxOUT Hold to RxCLK OUT (Figure 8)		2.5	5.7		ns
RCCD	RxCLK IN to RxCLK OUT Delay 25°C, V _{CC} = 3.3V (Figure 10)				9.0	ns
RPLLS	Receiver Phase Lock Loop Set (Figure 12)				10	ms
RPDD					1	μs

Note 5: Receiver Skew Margin is defined as the valid data sampling region at the receiver inputs. This margin takes into account the transmitter pulse positions (min and max) and the receiver input setup and hold time (internal data sampling window-RSPOS). This margin allows for LVDS interconnect skew, inter-symbol interference (both dependent on type/length of cable), and clock jitter (less than 250 ps).

AC Timing Diagrams

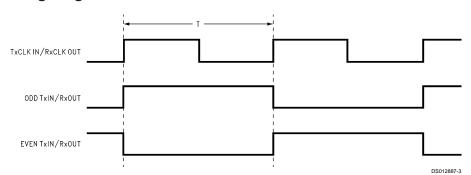


FIGURE 1. "Worst Case" Test Pattern

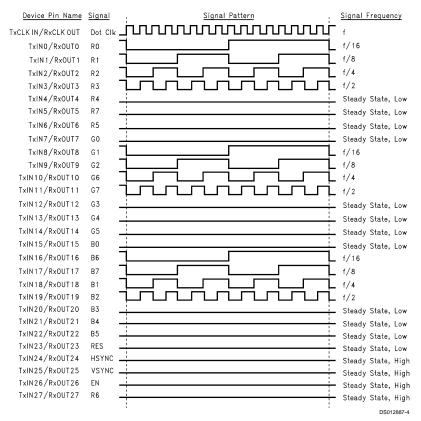


FIGURE 2. "16 Grayscale" Test Pattern (Notes 6, 7, 8, 9)

Note 6: The worst case test pattern produces a maximum toggling of digital circuits, LVDS I/O and CMOS/TTL I/O.

Note 7: The 16 grayscale test pattern tests device power consumption for a "typical" LCD display pattern. The test pattern approximates signal switching needed to produce groups of 16 vertical stripes across the display.

Note 8: Figures 1, 2 show a falling edge data strobe (TxCLK IN/RxCLK OUT).

Note 9: Recommended pin to signal mapping. Customer may choose to define differently.

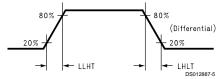


FIGURE 3. DS90C383 (Transmitter) LVDS Output Load and Transition Times

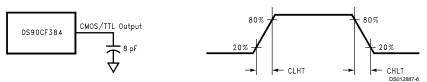


FIGURE 4. DS90CF384 (Receiver) CMOS/TTL Output Load and Transition Times

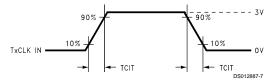
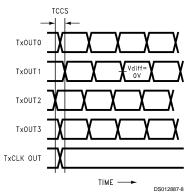


FIGURE 5. DS90C383 (Transmitter) Input Clock Transition Time



Measurements at $V_{\rm diff}$ = 0V TCCS measured between earliest and latest LVDS edges. TxCLK Differential Low High Edge

FIGURE 6. DS90C383 (Transmitter) Channel-to-Channel Skew

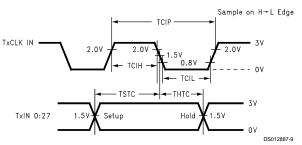


FIGURE 7. DS90C383 (Transmitter) Setup/Hold and High/Low Times (Falling Edge Strobe)

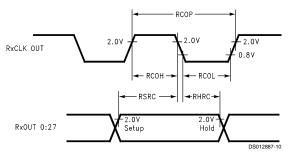


FIGURE 8. DS90CF384 (Receiver) Setup/Hold and High/Low Times

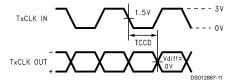


FIGURE 9. DS90C383 (Transmitter) Clock In to Clock Out Delay (Falling Edge Strobe)

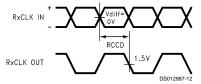


FIGURE 10. DS90CF384 (Receiver) Clock In to Clock Out Delay

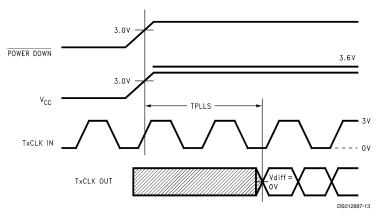


FIGURE 11. DS90C383 (Transmitter) Phase Lock Loop Set Time

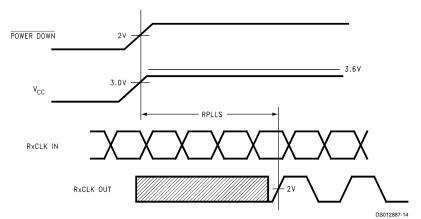


FIGURE 12. DS90CF384 (Receiver) Phase Lock Loop Set Time

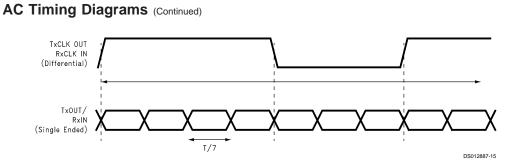


FIGURE 13. Seven Bits of LVDS in Once Clock Cycle

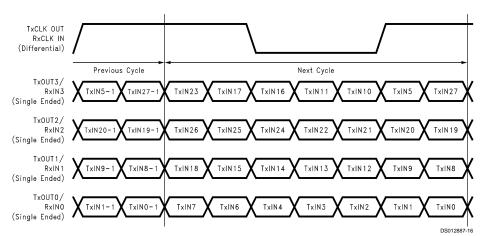


FIGURE 14. 21 Parallel TTL Data Inputs Mapped to LVDS Outputs

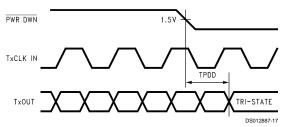
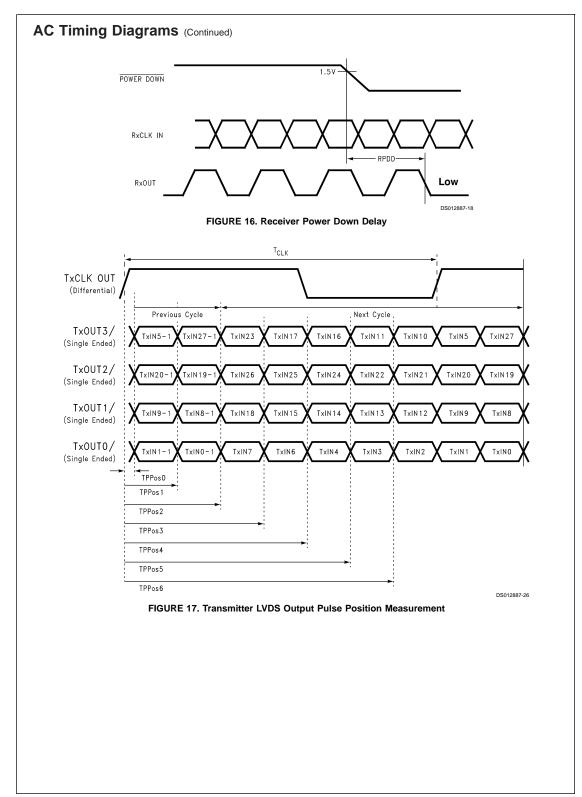
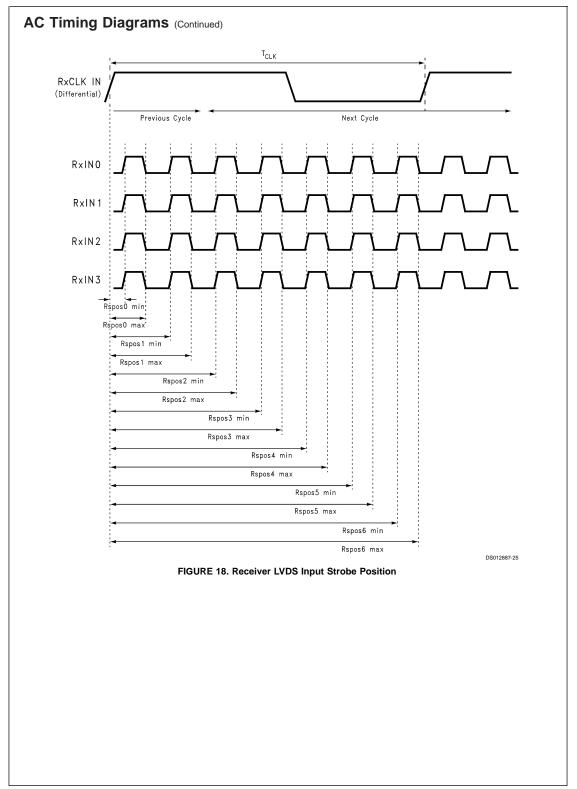
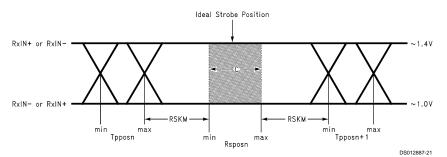


FIGURE 15. Transmitter Power Down Delay







C — Setup and Hold Time (Internal data sampling window) defined by Rspos (receiver input strobe position) min and max Tppos — Transmitter output pulse position (min and max)

RSKM = Cable Skew (type, length) + Source Clock Jitter (cycle to cycle) (Note 10) + ISI (Inter-symbol interference) (Note 11)

Cable Skew — typically 10 ps-40 ps per foot, media dependent Note 10: Cycle-to-cycle jitter is less than 250 ps at 65 MHZ

Note 11: ISI is dependent on interconnect length; may be zero

FIGURE 19. Receiver LVDS Input Skew Margin

DS90C383 Pin Description—FPD Link Transmitter

Pin Name	I/O	No.	Description
TxIN	ı	28	TTL level input. This includes: 8 Red, 8 Green, 8 Blue, and 4 control lines — FPLINE,
			FPFRAME and DRDY (also referred to as HSYNC, VSYNC, Data Enable).
TxOUT+	0	4	Positive LVDS differential data output.
TxOUT-	0	4	Negative LVDS differential data output.
FPSHIFT IN	1	1	TTL level clock input. The falling edge acts as data strobe. Pin name TxCLK IN.
R_FB	1	1	Programmable strobe select.
RTxCLK OUT+	0	1	Positive LVDS differential clock output.
TxCLK OUT-	0	1	Negative LVDS differential clock output.
PWR DOWN	ı	1	TTL level input. When asserted (low input) TRI-STATES the outputs, ensuring low current at
			power down.
V _{CC}	I	3	Power supply pins for TTL inputs.
GND	- 1	4	Ground pins for TTL inputs.
PLL V _{CC}	I	1	Power supply pin for PLL.
PLL GND	1	2	Ground pins for PLL.
LVDS V _{CC}	I	1	Power supply pin for LVDS outputs.
LVDS GND	I	3	Ground pins for LVDS outputs.

Pin Name	I/O	No.	Description
RxIN+	- 1	4	Positive LVDS differential data inputs.
RxIN-	I	4	Negative LVDS differential data inputs.
RxOUT	0	28	TTL level data outputs. This includes: 8 Red, 8 Green, 8 Blue, and 4 control lines — FPLINE, FPFRAME, DRDY (also referred to as HSYNC, VSYNC, Data Enable).
RxCLK IN+	ı	1	Positive LVDS differential clock input.
RxCLK IN-	ı	1	Negative LVDS differential clock input.
FPSHIFT OUT	0	1	TTL level clock output. The falling edge acts as data strobe. Pin name RxCLK OUT.
PWR DOWN	I	1	TTL level input. When asserted (low input) the receiver outputs are low.
V _{CC}	I	4	Power supply pins for TTL outputs.
GND	I	5	Ground pins for TTL outputs.
PLL V _{CC}	I	1	Power supply for PLL.
PLL GND	I	2	Ground pin for PLL.
LVDS V _{CC}	T	1	Power supply pin for LVDS inputs.
LVDS GND	1	3	Ground pins for LVDS inputs.

DS90CF384 64 ball FBGA package Pin Description—FPD Link Receiver					
Pin Name	I/O	No.	Description		
RxIN+	I	4	Positive LVDS differential data inputs.		
RxIN-	I	4	Negative LVDS differential data inputs.		
RxOUT	0	28	TTL level data outputs. This includes: 8 Red, 8 Green, 8 Blue, and 4 control lines — FPLINE, FPFRAME, DRDY (also referred to as HSYNC, VSYNC, Data Enable).		
RxCLK IN+	ı	1	Positive LVDS differential clock input.		
RxCLK IN-	ı	1	Negative LVDS differential clock input.		
FPSHIFT OUT	0	1	TTL level clock output. The falling edge acts as data strobe. Pin name RxCLK OUT.		
PWR DOWN	I	1	TTL level input. When asserted (low input) the receiver outputs are low.		
V _{CC}	I	4	Power supply pins for TTL outputs.		
GND	I	5	Ground pins for TTL outputs.		
PLL V _{CC}	- 1	1	Power supply for PLL.		
PLL GND	I	2	Ground pin for PLL.		
LVDS V _{CC}	I	1	Power supply pin for LVDS inputs.		
LVDS GND	I	3	Ground pins for LVDS inputs.		
NC		6	Pins not connected.		

Applications Information

The DS90C383 and DS90CF384 are backward compatible with the existing 5V FPD Link transmitter/receiver pair (DS90CR583, DS90CR584, DS90CF583 and DS90CF584). To upgrade from a 5V to a 3.3V system the following must be addressed:

- 1. Change 5V power supply to 3.3V. Provide this supply to the $\rm V_{CC}, LVDS~V_{CC}$ and PLL $\rm V_{CC}$ of both the transmitter and receiver devices. This change may enable the removal of a 5V supply from the system, and power may be supplied from an existing 3V power source.
- 2. The DS90C383 (transmitter) incorporates a rise/fall strobe select pin. This select function is on pin 17, formerly a V_{CC} connection on the 5V products. When the rise/fall strobe select pin is connected to V_{CC}, the part is configured with a rising edge strobe. In a system currently using a 5V rising edge strobe transmitter (DS90CR583), no layout changes are required to accommodate the new rise/fall select pin on the 3.3V transmitter. The V_{CC} signal may remain at pin 17, and the device will be configured with a rising edge strobe.

When converting from a 5V falling edge transmitter (DS90CF583) to the 3V transmitter a minimal board layout change is necessary. The 3.3V transmitter will not be configured with a falling edge strobe if $V_{\rm CC}$ remains connected to the select pin. To guarantee the 3.3V transmitter functions with a falling edge strobe pin 17 should be connected to ground OR left unconnected. When not connected (left open) and internal pull-down resistor ties pin 17 to ground, thus configuring the transmitter with a falling edge strobe.

The DS90C383 transmitter input and control inputs accept 3.3V TTL/CMOS levels. They are not 5V tolerant.

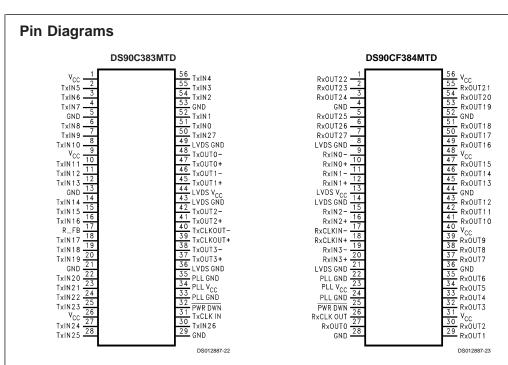


TABLE 1. Programmable Transmitter

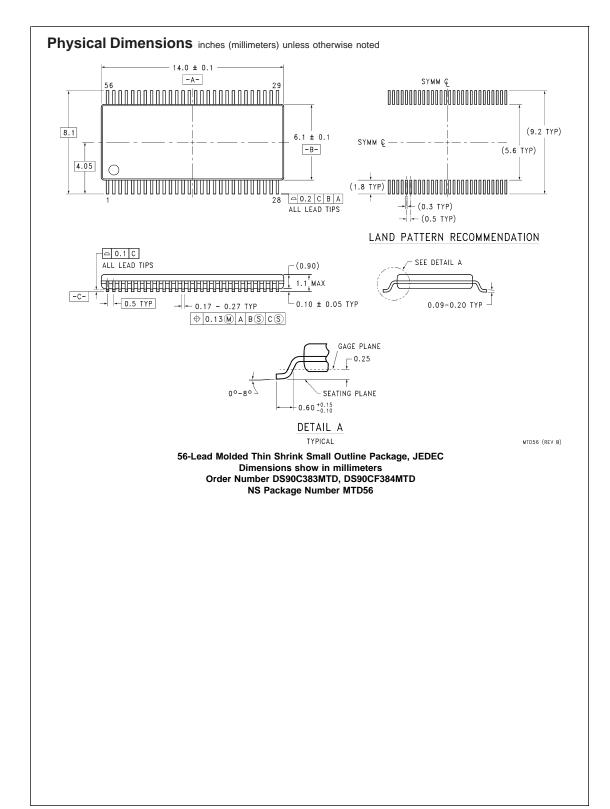
Pin	Condition	Strobe Status
R_FB	$R_FB = V_{CC}$	Rising edge strobe
R_FB	R_FB = GND	Falling edge strobe

	By Pin			By Pin Type	
in	Pin Name	Туре	Pin	Pin Name	Тур
1	RxOUT17	0	A4	GND	G
2	VCC	Р	B1	GND	G
3	RxOUT15	0	B6	GND	G
4	GND	G	D8	GND	G
5	RxOUT12	0	E3	GND	G
 3	RxOUT8	0	E5	LVDS GND	G
7	RxOUT7	0	G3	LVDS GND	G
8	RxOUT6	0	G7	LVDS GND	G
1	GND	G	H5	LVDS GND	G
2	NC		F6	PLL GND	G
 3	RxOUT16	0	G8	PLL GND	G
4	RxOUT11	0	E6	PWR DWN	
<u> </u>	VCC	P	H6	RxCLKIN-	+ i
<u> </u>	GND	G	H7	RxCLKIN+	1
7	RxOUT5	0	H2	RxIN0-	+ i
8	RxOUT3	0	H3	RxIN0+	1
1	RxOUT21	0	F4	RxIN1-	+ '
2	NC NC		G4	RxIN1+	<u>'</u>
	RxOUT18	0	G5	RXIN1+	'
3 4	RXOUT18 RXOUT14	0	F5	RxIN2+	'
					_
5	RxOUT9	0	G6	RxIN3-	
5	RxOUT4	0	H8	RxIN3+	I
7	NC NC		E7	RxCLKOUT	0
3	RxOUT1	0	E8	RxOUT0	0
1	VCC	P	C8	RxOUT1	0
2	RxOUT20	0	D5	RxOUT10	0
3	RxOUT19	0	B4	RxOUT11	0
4	RxOUT13	0	A5	RxOUT12	0
5	RxOUT10	0	D4	RxOUT13	0
6	VCC	Р	C4	RxOUT14	0
7	RxOUT2	0	A3	RxOUT15	0
8	GND	G	B3	RxOUT16	0
1	RxOUT22	0	A1	RxOUT17	0
2	RxOUT24	0	C3	RxOUT18	0
3	GND	G	D3	RxOUT19	0
4	LVDS VCC	Р	D7	RxOUT2	0
5	LVDS GND	G	D2	RxOUT20	0
3	PWR DWN	I	C1	RxOUT21	0
7	RxCLKOUT	0	E1	RxOUT22	0
3	RxOUT0	0	F1	RxOUT23	0
	RxOUT23	0	E2	RxOUT24	0
2	RxOUT26	0	G1	RxOUT25	0
3	NC		F2	RxOUT26	0
4	RxIN1-	I	H1	RxOUT27	0
5	RxIN2+	I	B8	RxOUT3	0
6	PLL GND	G	C6	RxOUT4	0
7	PLL VCC	Р	B7	RxOUT5	0
3	NC		A8	RxOUT6	0

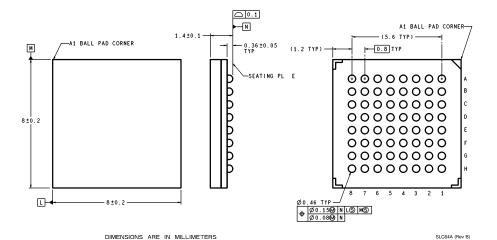
DS90CF384 64 ball, FBGA package pin definition—FPD Link Receiver (Continued)

	By Pin		By Pin Type		
G1	RxOUT25	0	A7	RxOUT7	0
G2	NC		A6	RxOUT8	0
G3	LVDS GND	G	C5	RxOUT9	0
G4	RxIN1+	I	E4	LVDS VCC	Р
G5	RxIN2-	I	H4	LVDS VCC	Р
G6	RxIN3-	I	F7	PLL VCC	Р
G7	LVDS GND	G	A2	VCC	Р
G8	PLL GND	G	B5	VCC	Р
H1	RxOUT27	0	D1	VCC	Р
H2	RxIN0-	I	D6	VCC	Р
H3	RxIN0+	I	B2	NC	
H4	LVDS VCC	Р	C2	NC	
H5	LVDS GND	G	C7	NC	
H6	RxCLKIN-	I	F3	NC	
H7	RxCLKIN+	I	F8	NC	
H8	RxIN3+	I	G2	NC	

G:Ground I: Input O:Output P:Power NC:Not connectted



Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



64 ball, 0.8mm fine pitch ball grid array(FBGA) Package
Dimensions show in millimeters
Order Number DS90CF384SLC
NS Package Number SLC64A

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