

Military Filtered Connectors

An Innovative Technology of Frequency Filtering

Company Profile Defense

Unwanted interferences at various frequencies that mix with signals are becoming a major problem to the electronics industry. EMI and RFI can result in havoc within electronic systems and lead to failure of complex and large projects.

Suppression components are vital to the task of tackling EMI and RFI. Such components ensure that all systems function properly.

One of the more practical and attractive low cost solutions is filtered connectors. They perfectly immunize systems against Radiated Emissions and Susceptibility and protect them against Fast Transients, ESD and Lightnings. These products are used more and more in Space, Aeronautical, Telecom, Ground Control Systems and Medical applications.

Filtered connectors offer the designer a solution that combines standard connectors with EMI/RFI suppression components. This combination saves space, offers design flexibility, reduces costs and allows easy retrofit and quick upgrade of existing systems.

RF Immunity Ltd. Military Filtered Connectors

A large diversity of connector sizes and types is available in various densities. All connectors meet the most stringent specifications of military standards: MIL-C-38999, MIL-C-26482, MIL-C-5015, MIL-C-83733, ARINC 404 and more.

Perfectly filtering Input/Output (I/O) interfaces of spacesensitive military systems demanding hermetic sealing, these filtered connectors are suitable for extreme environmental conditions. They can also include protective components to ensure transient resistance as well as fast HPM (High Power Microwave) pulse durability. The entire assembly is integrated into a single package,

where each contact pin has individual filter with specific type and level.

Together with other complying design considerations, the use of these filtered connectors enables modern platforms to meet the following reference standards: MIL-STD-461, MIL-STD-1275A, MIL-STD-704A, RTCA-DO160D. Each filtering module is integrated into the connector, keeping the connector outer form and size unchanged and preserving system Form, Fit and Function (F³). Designed for airborne, marine and ground-controlled portable equipment, this line of products can be used in a broad frequency range of up to 20 GHz.

The Advantages of the Innovative Filtering Technology Offered by RF Immunity Ltd.

→ Easy retrofit and upgrade

Available system space is not to be concerned about, as our compact connectors are the same in dimensions as the corresponding unfiltered connectors, allowing for easy retrofit and upgrade.

Design flexibility

Our advanced design technologies enable the introduction of a complete selection of both electrical and mechanical solutions, while extensive knowledge allows us to offer design for and production of filtered versions of most connector types.

Reduced cost and lead times

With most standard contact arrangement designs, we can reduce the procurement costs and minimize the tooling expenses, down to zero. Moreover, we offer small quantities and prototypes.

Weight and space savings

As the filtering elements are placed within the connectors, functional PCB area is kept minimal, and up to 72% of weight is saved compared to the standard configuration of a connector and separate discreet filtering components.

Custom designs

We cater to various custom designs which call for specific filtering, transient protection, sealing, etc.



List of Contents



ur products are exceptional and outstanding in quality, miniaturization and in the ability to achieve perfection under extreme environmental conditions, making them ideal for a variety of military, industrial, commercial, and avionic applications. They are extremely suitable for signal filtering and protection assignments in communication, video, telecom and telephony applications, as well as within standard and high voltage AC and DC power supplies. Filtering components that meet current loads of 35 Amperes are available.

Quality Assurance

We are committed to the full satisfaction of our customers and to meeting their technical requirements.

Complying with the highest requirements of quality standards is our company mission, and a continuous improvement program is employed in all the enterprise levels.

All our products are subject to meticulous tightly-controlled test procedures carried out with top-quality tools - from component acceptance inspection, through process control to final examination of the complete products.

Connectors

MIL-C-38999 Series I,II & III Pages 3-14
MIL-C-26482 Series II Pages 15-21
MIL-C-83723 Series III Pages 22-27

Electrical Characteristics Per Insert Arrangement

Introduction & Content
MIL-C-38999 Series I,II & III
MIL-C-26482 Series II
MIL-C-83723 Series III
Page 28
Page 29
Page 30
Page 31

Electrical Characteristics

Introduction & Content Page 32
Filter Types Pages 33-52
Transient Protection Page 53
Filters & Transient protection Pages 54-61

Other Connector Families

ARINC 600 Pages 62-63
ARINC 404 Pages 64-65
DPK Page 66
AUDIO Page 67
MIL-C-5015 Page 67
D-Type Page 67

Selected Projects

Pages 68-70

Design Notes

Page 71-76



MIL-C-38999 Series I

These general purpose connectors are used for high density applications. They are available in shell sizes 9 through 25 with up to 128 contacts of size 22 and mixed contact arrangements.

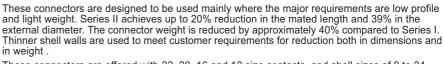
The MIL-C-38999 family is offered in a variety of receptacle mounting configurations. These include square flange receptacles for wall and box mounting and jam nut receptacles.

Series I connectors are available in a broad range of shell materials and finishes. Aluminum shells have finishes of bright cadmium, olive drab cadmium or electroless nickel. Olive drab cadmium finish is applied over a nickel under plate to create salt spray exposure durability.

These connectors can mate with non-filtered connectors and are drop-in replacements for non-filtered connectors.

Non-standard filter connector body sizes and shapes are available.

MIL-C-38999 Series II



These connectors are offered with 22, 20, 16 and 12 size contacts, and shell sizes of 8 to 24. Receptacle mounting options include square flanges for wall and box mounting and a jam nut mount.

Series II connectors are available in a broad range of shell materials and finishes: Aluminum shells are finished with bright cadmium, olive drab cadmium or electroless nickel. Olive drab cadmium finish is applied over a nickel under plate to create salt spray exposure durability.

These connectors can mate with non-filtered connectors and are drop-in replacements for non-filtered connectors.

Non-standard filter connector body sizes and shapes and insert arrangements are available.



MIL-C-38999 Series III

Series III provides an improved threaded connector with a quick disconnect feature of a bayonet connector. In addition, Series III is designed to withstand extreme environmental conditions of e.g. vibration, shock, fluid, sand dust and salt, encountered mainly in modern aircraft wheel wells, engine compartments and wing tips.

Series III connectors also include a ratcheting self-locking device which eliminates the need for safety wiring.

These connectors are offered with 22, 20, 16, 12, 8 size contacts, and shell sizes of 9 through 25. Pin count up to 128 pins. These connectors are offered in square flange and jam nut mount receptacles.

Series III connectors are available in a broad range of shell materials and finishes. Aluminum shells have finishes of olive drab, cadmium or electroless nickel. Stainless steel shells are passivated and nickel deposit finished. Zinc cobalt finishes are also available.

We can offer filtered solutions for MIL-C-38999 III connectors which include Fiber-Optics, Coax & Twinax contacts.

These connectors can mate with non-filtered connectors and are drop-in replacements for non-filtered connectors.

Non-standard filter connector body sizes and shapes and insert arrangements are available.



Material & Finish

Shell - Aluminum alloy, Olive drab Cadmium plating.
Aluminum alloy, Electroless nickel plating.
Stainless steel, passivated.
Aluminum alloy, Zinc cobalt plating.

Contacts - Copper alloy, Gold plate.

Grommet & O-ring - Silicon based elastomer.

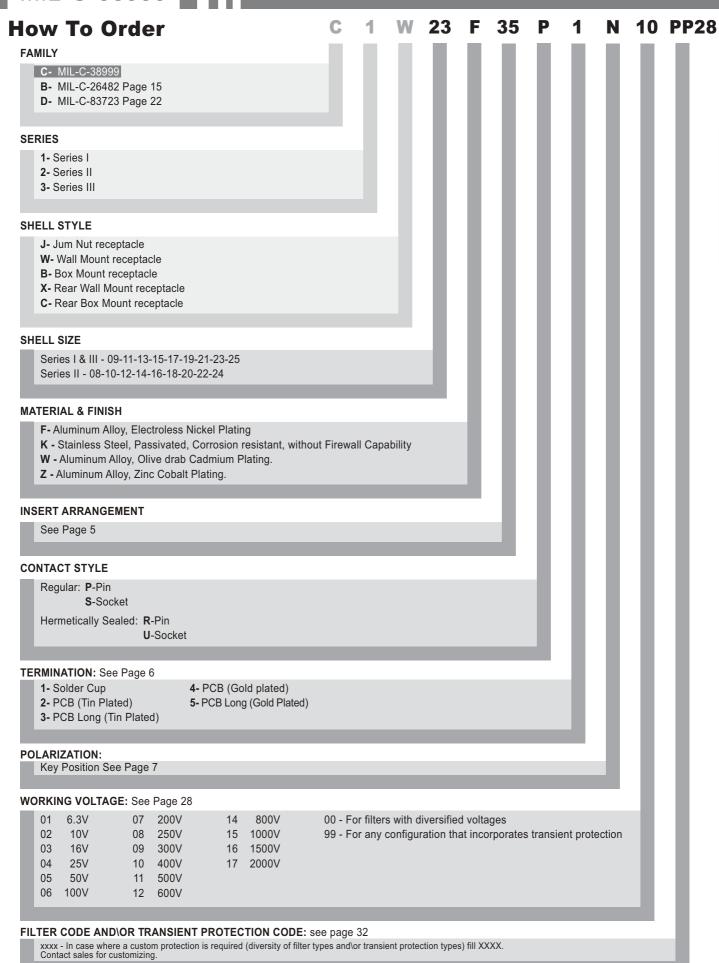
Contacts termination - PCB Tail, Gold plating. PCB Tail, Tin plating.

Solder cup, Tin plating.

Insert - High grade Thermoplastic \ Thermoset \ Epoxy.

Content of Section

How To Order	Page 4	Shell types of MIL-C-38999 Series I	Pages 8-9
Insert arrangements	Page 5	MIL-C-38999 Series II Key Position	Page 10
Termination types	Page 6	Shells types of MIL-C-38999 Series II	Pages 11-12
Environmental Conditions	Page 6	MIL-C-38999 Series III Key Position	Page 13
MIL-C-38999 Series I Key Position	Page 7	Shell types of MIL-C-38999 Series III	Page 14



Contact us for filter connectors not included in this catalog



Numbering example

Insert Arrangements Per MIL-STD-1560

Series I & III

Series II

Shell Size Insert Arrangement 6#20 (Contact quantity & Size) ô 0 CO O 0 0 0 0c 0998/0898 0935/0835 1105/1005 1135/1035 1198/1098 1304/1204 3 #20 6 #22D 5 #20 13 #22D 6 #20 4 #16 0 6 0 8 8 8 KO 0 0 0 .0 ô EΟ OB 0 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 ŏ ö 0 0 0 0 OE 0 1398/1298 1335/1235 1505/1405 1518/1418 1519 1535/1435 10 #20 22 #22D 5 #16 18 #20 19 #20 37 #22D /0 0 0 0 0 O 10 0 RO OA OB 10 00 of Ô Ō 6,00 0 0 d o^m 0 Ö O O 10 20 00 0v 0 0 YO 0x 0W 0 0 0 OY 0 FO OE o 0 0 1597/1497 1706/1606 1735/1635 1928/1828 1702 1726/1626 8 #20, 4 #16 38 #22D, 1 #8 6 #12 26 #20 55 #22D 26 #20, 2 #16 Twinax 10 VO WO , OA 00000 O O O^ OK ow o 0 10 O O= 0+ 0 0,000 00 0 0 0 O 0 0 40 , o o o 0000 .0 0 0 1932/1832 1935/1835 2111/2011 2135/2035 2139/2039 2175 32 #20 37 #20, 2 #16 66 #22D 11 #12 79 #22D 4 #8 Twinax 0 o ZO O OU O! o Ó 0 MO O ô O^e O OR wo. 0 0 ô 10 EEO LLO OU O2 O1 0 VO Os 00 UO OT 0 OE 0 0 ,O 0 9 2321/2221 2335/2235 2353/2253 2355/2255 2504/2404 2507 21 #16 100 #22D 53 #20 55 #20 48 #20, 8 #16 97 #22D, 2 #8 Twinax 0 0 ò ox 0 ó ŏ 0 O O11 Ox Oe OU 0 мО O Ow

2535/2435

128 #22D

1198

1098

(Odd sizes only)

(Even sizes)

0

0

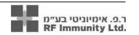


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γO О,

2529/2429

29 #16



9

2561/2461

61 #20

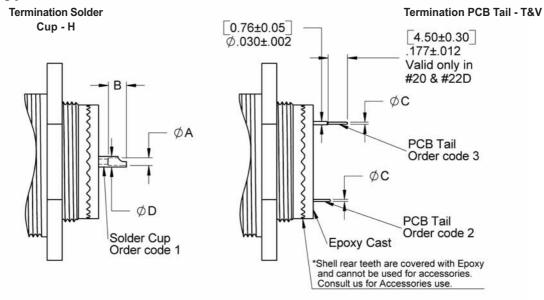
9 o

2546

40 #20, 4 #16, 2 #8 Coax

^{*} Mating face of Pin is Shown, Socket insert is opposite.

Termination Types



Termination Dimensions

* For Termination length refer to specific shell table in this catalog colums H, T, V.

Contact Size	#22	#20	#16	#12
Ø A ± .002	.043	.043	.074	.114
[±0.05]	[1.10]	[1.10]	[1.90]	[2.90]
B ± .012	.126	.126	.149	4.20
[±0.30]	[3.20]	[3.20]	[3.80]	[.165]
Ø C ±.002	.002	.002	.046	2.06
[±0.05]	[0.05]	[0.05]	[1.16]	[.081]
Ø D ± .002	.059	.059	.100	3.60
[±0.05]	[1.50]	[1.50]	[2.54]	[.141]

^{*} Consult us regarding special termination lengths and sizes.

Environmental Conditions

			Para	igraph PER	
Description	Values	ISO 2100	ISO 7137	MIL-STD-1334	MIL-STD- 202
Sealing**	$<10^{-3}$ cm ³ / Sec at \triangle P = 1atm				
Vibration (Random)	Up to 40g RMS 50-2000Hz	12		2005.1	201,204,215
Vibration (Sine)	Up to 15g PTP 10-2000Hz	12		2005.1	201,204,215
Shock	100g X 11msec		7	2004.1	213
Acceleration	40g	19			
Climatic					103,106
Temperature	-55°C to +125°C Operating & Storage				
Humidity	Up to 95% @ Storage Temperature range	18b		1002.2	
Altitude	Up to 70,000 ft	18a	4		
Salt Spray		22		1001.1	101
Sand & Dust		23	12		
Contact Endurance	More than 500 Mating cycles	16			

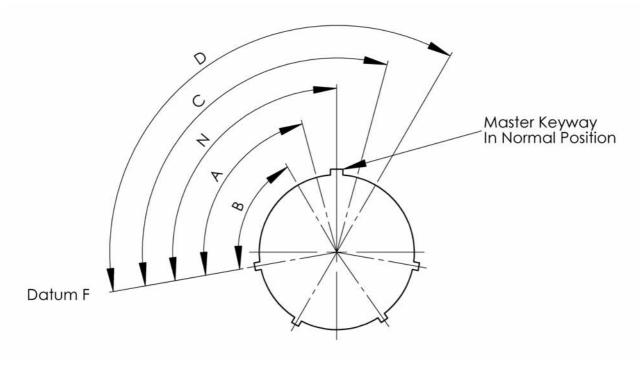
^{**} For Hermetically sealed connector the sealing conditions are $<10^{-5}$ cm³ / Sec at Δ P = 1atm

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.



^{*} Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

Key Position

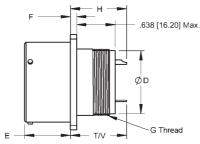


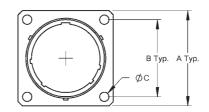
Mating face of Receptacle is shown in the figure (Plug is opposite).

01 11 0:		1	Keying Position	s	
Shell Size	N	Α	В	С	D
9	95	77	-	-	113
11	95	81	67	123	109
13	95	75	63	127	115
15	95	74	61	129	116
17	95	77	65	125	113
19	95	77	65	125	113
21	95	77	65	125	113
23	95	80	69	121	110
25	95	80	69	121	110

The master keyway is rotated to provide shell polarization the minor keys remain fixed. Insert Arrangement does not rotate with the Keyway.

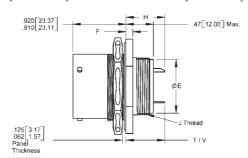
C1W Wall Mount Receptacle (MS27466 Compatible)

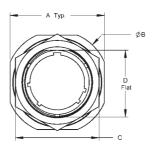




Shell Size	A Max	B ±.004	Ø C +.010 [0.25]	Ø D	E	F	G	H Ma		T ± .028	V ± .028
		[±0.01]	005 [0.13]	Max	Max	Max	Thread	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]	[±0.70]
9	.958	.719	.128	.4375	.632	.100	.4375-28	.874	.953	1.052	.953
9	[24.33]	[18.26]	[3.25]	[11.11]	[16.05]	[2.54]	UNEF	[22.20]	[24.20]	[26.71]	[24.21]
44	1.051	.812	.128	.5625	.632	.100	.5625-24	.874	.953	1.052	.953
11	[26.69]	[20.62]	[3.25]	[14.29]	[16.05]	[2.54]	UNEF	[22.20]	[24.20]	[26.71]	[24.21]
40	1.145	.906	.128	.6875	.632	.100	.6875-24	.874	.953	1.052	.953
13	[29.08]	[23.01]	[3.25]	[17.46]	[16.05]	[2.54]	UNEF	[22.20]	[24.20]	[26.71]	[24.21]
45	1.239	.969	.128	.8125	.632	.100	.8125-20	.874	.953	1.052	.953
15	[31.47]	[24.61]	[3.25]	[20.64]	[16.05]	[2.54]	UNEF	[22.20]	[24.20]	[26.71]	[24.21]
47	1.332	1.062	.128	.9375	.632	.100	.9375-20	.874	.953	1.052	.953
17	[33.83]	[26.97]	[3.25]	[23.81]	[16.05]	[2.54]	UNEF	[22.20]	[24.20]	[26.71]	[24.21]
40	1.458	1.156	.128	1.0625	.632	.100	1.0625-	.874	.953	1.052	.953
19	[37.03]	[29.36]	[3.25]	[26.99]	[16.05]	[2.54]	18 UNEF	[22.20]	[24.20]	[26.71]	[24.21]
0.4	1.582	1.250	.128	1.875	.602	.130	1.1875-	.906	.984	1.082	.983
21	[40.18]	[31.75]	[3.25]	[30.16]	[15.29]	[3.30]	18 UNEF	[23.00]	[25.00]	[27.48]	[24.98]
00	1.708	1.375	.147	1.313	.602	.130	1.3125-	.906	.984	1.082	.983
23	[43.38]	[34.92]	[3.73]	[33.34]	[15.29]	[3.30]	18 UNEF	[23.00]	[25.00]	[27.48]	[24.98]
0.5	1.832	1.500	.147	1.438	.602	.130	1.4375-	.906	.984	1.082	.983
25	[46.53]	[38.10]	[3.73]	[36.51]	[15.29]	[3.30]	18 UNEF	[23.00]	[25.00]	[27.48]	[24.98]

C1J Jam Nut Receptacle (MS27468 Compatible)





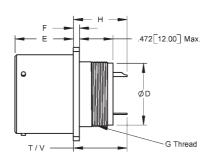
Shell Size	A Max	ØВ	С	D010	ØΕ	J	F ± .010	H Ma	x	T ± .028	V ± .028
Sileli Size	A WIAA	Max	Max	[-0.25]	Max	Thread	[±0.25]	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]	[±0.70]
0	1.078	1.204	.892	.655	.4375	.4375-28	.109	.591	.669	.768	.669
9	[27.38]	[30.58]	[22.65]	[16.64]	[11.11]	UNEF	[2.77]	[15.00]	[17.00]	[19.50]	[17.00]
44	1.266	1.391	1.017	.755	.5625	.5625-24	.109	.591	.669	.768	.669
11	[32.15]	[35.33]	[25.83]	[19.18]	[14.29]	UNEF	[2.77]	[15.00]	[17.00]	[19.50]	[17.00]
10	1.391	1.516	1.205	.942	.6875	.6875-24	.109	.591	.669	.768	.669
13	[35.33]	[38.50]	[30.60]	[23.93	[17.46]	UNEF	[2.77]	[15.00]	[17.00]	[19.50]	[17.00]
15	1.516	1.641	1.329	1.066	.8125	.8125-20	.109	.591	.669	.768	.669
15	[38.51]	[41.68]	[33.75]	[27.08]	[20.64]	UNEF	[2.77]	[15.00]	[17.00]	[19.50]	[17.00]
47	1.641	1.766	1.455	1.191	.9375	.9375-20	.109	.591	.669	.768	.669
17	[41.68]	[44.85]	[36.95]	[30.25]	[23.81]	UNEF	[2.77]	[15.00]	[17.00]	[19.50]	[17.00]
19	1.828	1.954	1.579	1.316	1.0625	1.0625-18	.140	.591	.669	.768	.669
19	[46.43]	[49.63]	[40.10]	[33.43]	[26.99]	UNEF	[3.56]	[15.00]	[17.00]	[19.50]	[17.00]
21	1.954	2.078	1.705	1.441	1.875	1.1875-18	.140	.621	.700	.798	.699
21	[49.63]	[52.78]	[43.30]	[36.60]	[30.16]	UNEF	[3.56]	[15.77]	[17.78]	[20.27]	[17.76]
23	2.078	2.204	1.829	1.566	1.3125	1.3125-18	.140	.621	.700	.798	.699
23	[52.78]	[55.98]	[46.45]	[39.78]	[33.34]	UNEF	[3.56]	[15.77]	[17.78]	[20.27]	[17.76]
25	2.204	2.328	2.017	1.691	1.4375	1.4375-18	.140	.621	.700	.798	.699
23	[55.98]	[59.13]	[51.23]	[42.95]	[36.51]	UNEF	[3.56]	[15.77]	[17.78]	[20.27]	[17.76]

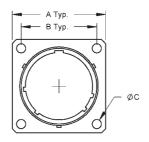
^{*} Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.



C1X Rear Wall Mount Receptacle (MS27656 Compatible)



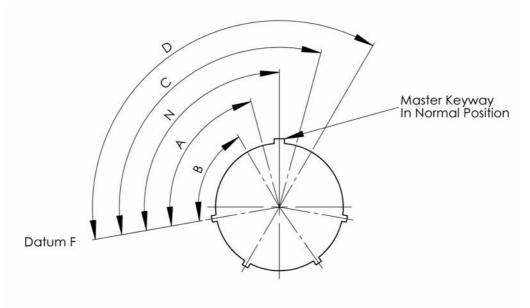


Shell Size	Α	B ± .008	Ø C ± .005	Ø D	E	F +.015	G	H Ma	X	T ± .028	V ± .028
Offerr Offe	Max	[±0.2]	[±0.13]	Max	Max	[+0.38]	Thread	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]	[±0.70]
0	.958	.719	.128	.4375	.820	.085	.4375-28	.689	.768	.864	.766
9	[24.33]	[18.26]	[3.25]	[11.11]	[20.82]	[2.16]	UNEF	[17.50]	[19.50]	[21.94]	[19.45]
44	1.051	.812	.128	.5625	.820	.085	.5625-24	.689	.768	.864	.766
11	[26.69]	[20.62]	[3.25]	[14.29]	[20.82]	[2.16]	UNEF	[17.50]	[19.50]	[21.94]	[19.45]
40	1.145	.906	.128	.6875	.820	.085	.6875-24	.689	.768	.864	.766
13	[29.08]	[23.01]	[3.25]	[17.46]	[20.82]	[2.16]	UNEF	[17.50]	[19.50]	[21.94]	[19.45]
4.5	1.239	.969	.128	.8125	.820	.085	.8125-20	.689	.768	.864	.766
15	[31.47]	[24.61]	[3.25]	[20.64]	[20.82]	[2.16]	UNEF	[17.50]	[19.50]	[21.94]	[19.45]
47	1.332	1.062	.128	.9375	.820	.085	.9375-20	.689	.768	.864	.766
17	[33.83]	[26.97]	[3.25]	[23.81]	[20.82]	[2.16]	UNEF	[17.50]	[19.50]	[21.94]	[19.45]
40	1.458	1.156	.128	1.0625	.820	.085	1.0625-18	.689	.768	.864	.766
19	[37.03]	[29.36]	[3.25]	[26.99]	[20.82]	[2.16]	UNEF	[17.50]	[19.50]	[21.94]	[19.45]
21	1.582	1.250	.128	1.875	.790	.115	1.1875-18	.717	.796	.894	.796
21	[40.18]	[31.75]	[3.25]	[30.16]	[20.06]	[2.92]	UNEF	[18.20]	[20.20]	[22.70]	[20.20]
23	1.708	1.375	.147	1.3125	.790	.115	1.3125-18	.717	.796	.894	.796
23	[43.38]	[34.92]	[3.73]	[33.34]	[20.06]	[2.92]	UNEF	[18.20]	[20.20]	[22.70]	[20.20]
25	1.832	1.500	.147	1.4375	.790	.115	1.4375-18	.717	.796	.894	.796
25	[46.53]	[38.10]	[3.73]	[36.51]	[20.06]	[2.92]	UNEF	[18.20]	[20.20]	[22.70]	[20.20]

 $^{^{\}star}$ Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.

Key Position

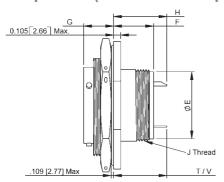


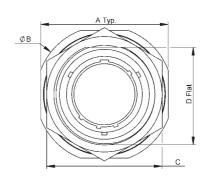
Mating face of receptacle is shown in the figure (Plug is opposite).

aa.		ı	Keying Position	S	
Shell Size	N	Α	В	С	D
8	100	82	-	-	118
10	100	86	72	128	114
12	100	80	68	132	120
14	100	79	66	134	121
16	100	82	70	130	118
18	100	82	70	130	118
20	100	82	70	130	118
22	100	85	74	126	115
24	100	85	74	126	115

The master keyway is rotated to provide shell polarization the minor keys remain fixed. Insert Arrangement does not rotate with the Keyway.

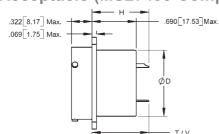
C2J Jam Nut Receptacle (MS27474 Compatible)

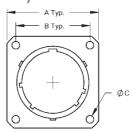




Shell Size	А	ØВ	С	D +.001[0.03]	ØΕ	F	G	J	H Max	K	T ± .028	V ± .028
Sileli Size	Max	Max	Max	006[0̄.15] ¯	Max	Max	Max	Thread	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]	[±0.70]
0	1.266	1.391	1.079	.817	.4375	.573	.443	.4375-28	.713	.791	.908	.810
8	[32.16]	[35.33]	[27.41]	[20.75]	[11.11]	[14.57]	[11.25]	UNEF	[18.10]	[20.10]	[23.07]	[20.57]
40	1.389	1.515	1.206	.941	.5625	.573	.443	.5625-24	.713	.791	.908	.810
10	[35.28]	[38.48]	[30.63]	[23.90]	[14.29]	[14.57]	[11.25]	UNEF	[18.10]	[20.10]	[23.07]	[20.57]
40	1.515	1.641	1.329	1.065	.6875	.573	.443	.6875-24	.713	.791	.908	.810
12	[38.48]	[41.68]	[33.76]	[27.05]	[17.46]	[14.57]	[11.25]	UNEF	[18.10]	[20.10]	[23.07]	[20.57]
44	1.641	1.766	1.455	1.190	.8125	.573	.443	.8125-20	.713	.791	.908	.810
14	[41.68]	[44.86]	[36.96]	[30.23]	[20.64]	[14.57]	[11.25]	UNEF	[18.10]	[20.10]	[23.07]	[20.57]
40	1.795	1.954	1.579	1.320	.9375	.573	.443	.9375-20	.713	.791	.908	.810
16	[45.59]	[49.63]	[40.11]	[33.53]	[23.81]	[14.57]	[11.25]	UNEF	[18.10]	[20.10]	[23.07]	[20.57]
40	1.905	2.031	1.705	1.440	1.0625	.573	.443	1.0625-	.713	.791	.908	.810
18	[48.39]	[51.59]	[43.31]	[36.58]	[26.99]	[14.57]	[11.25]	18 UNEF	[18.10]	[20.10]	[23.07]	[20.57]
00	2.031	2.157	1.829	1.565	1.1875	.548	.469	1.1875-	.685	.764	.882	.784
20	[51.59]	[54.78]	[46.46]	[39.75]	[30.16]	[13.91]	[11.91]	18 UNEF	[17.40]	[19.40]	[22.41]	[19.91]
00	2.156	2.281	2.017	1.690	1.3125	.548	.469	1.3125-	.685	.764	.882	.784
22	[54.74]	[57.94]	[51.23]	[42.93]	[33.34]	[13.91]	[11.91]	18 UNEF	[17.40]	[19.40]	[22.41]	[19.91]
0.4	2.279	2.405	2.142	1.815	1.4375	.548	.469	1.4375-	.685	.764	.882	.784
24	[57.89]	[61.09]	[54.41]	[46.10]	[36.51]	[13.91]	[11.91]	18 UNEF	[1740]	[19.40]	[22.41]	[19.91]

C2B Box Mount Receptacle (MS27499 Compatible)





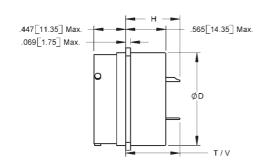
Shell Size	Α	B ±0.008	Ø C ±.008	Ø D ±.008	H Ma	x	T ± .028	V ± .028
Sileli Size	Max	[± 0.2]	[± 0.2]	[± 0.2]	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]	[±0.70]
0	.827	.594	.120	.453	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
8	[21.00]	[15.09]	[3.05]	[11.51]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
40	.953	.719	.120	.578	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
10	[24.20]	[18.26]	[3.05]	[14.69]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
40	1.047	.812	.120	.703	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
12	[26.60]	[20.62]	[3.05]	[17.86]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
4.4	1.141	.906	.120	.828	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
14	[28.98]	[23.01]	[3.05]	[21.04]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
40	1.234	.969	.120	.953	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
16	[31.34]	[24.61]	[3.05]	[24.21]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
40	1.327	1.062	.120	1.062	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
18	[33.70]	[26.97]	[3.05]	[26.98]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
20	1.453	1.156	.120	1.188	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
20	[36.90]	[29.36]	[3.05]	[30.18]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
00	1.578	1.250	.120	1.312	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
22	[40.08]	[31.75]	[3.05]	[33.33]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]
24	1.703	1.375	.147	1.438	.827	.906	1.025	1.123
24	[43.26]	[34.93]	[3.73]	[36.53]	[21.00]	[23.00]	[26.03]	[28.53]

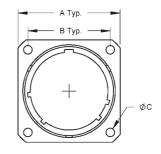
- * Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.
- * Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.





C2C Rear Box Mount Receptacle (MS27508 Compatible)



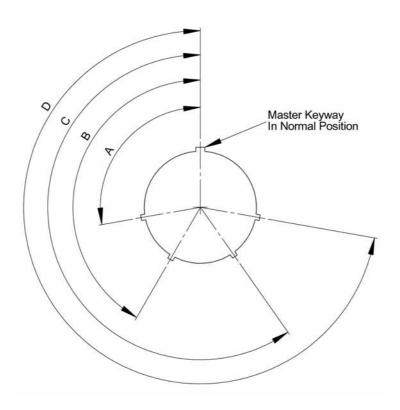


Shell Size	А	B ±0.008	Ø C ±.008	Ø D ±.008	H Max	(T	٧
Sileli Size	Max	[± 0.2]	[± 0.2]	[± 0.2]	#22, #20, #16	#12	Max	Max
0	.827	.594	.120	.547	.647	.785	.884	.786
8	[21.00]	[15.09]	[3.05]	[13.90]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
40	.953	.719	.120	.672	.647	.785	.884	.786
10	[24.20]	[18.26]	[3.05]	[17.07]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
12	1.047	.812	.120	.844	.647	.785	.884	.786
12	[26.60]	[20.62]	[3.05]	[21.44]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
4.4	1.141	.906	.120	.969	.647	.785	.884	.786
14	[28.98]	[23.01]	[3.05]	[24.62]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
40	1.234	.969	.120	1.094	.647	.785	.884	.786
16	[31.34]	[24.61]	[3.05]	[27.79]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
40	1.327	1.062	.120	1.219	.647	.785	.884	.786
18	[33.70]	[26.97]	[3.05]	[30.97]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
20	36.90	1.156	.120	1.344	.647	.785	.884	.786
20	[1.453]	[29.36]	[3.05]	[34.14]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
20	1.578	1.250	.120	1.469	.647	.785	.884	.786
22	[40.08]	[31.75]	[3.05]	[37.32]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]
24	1.703	1.375	.147	1.594	.647	.785	.884	.786
24	[43.26]	[34.93]	[3.73]	[40.49]	[16.44]	[19.94]	[22.46]	[19.96]

^{*} Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.

Key Position

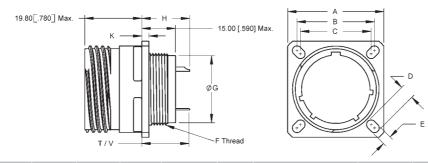


Mating face of receptacle is shown in the figure (Plug is opposite).

0:	Polarizing		Key Lo	cations	
Size	Positions	Α	В	С	D
	N	105	140	215	265
	Α	102	132	248	320
9	В	80	118	230	312
9	С	35	140	205	275
	D	64	155	234	304
	E	91	131	197	240
	N	95	141	208	236
	Α	113	156	182	292
44.4- 45	В	90	145	195	252
11 to 15	С	53	156	220	255
	D	119	146	176	298
	E	51	141	184	242
	N	80	142	195	293
	Α	135	170	200	310
47.4- 05	В	49	169	200	244
17 to 25	С	66	140	200	257
	D	62	145	180	280
	E	79	153	190	272

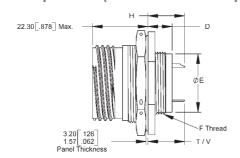
The master keyway is fixed, all minor keys are rotated to provide shell polarization. Insert Arrangement does not rotate with the Keyway.

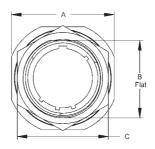
C3W Wall Mount Receptacle (D38999/20 Compatible)



Shell Size	A ±0.3	B ±0.26	C ±0.26	D ±0.2	E ±0.2	F	ØG	H Max	(J	K	T ± .028	V ± .028
Sileli Size	[± .012]	[± .010]	[± .010]	[± .008]	[± .008]	Thread	Max	#22, #20, #16	#12	Max	Max	[±0.70]	[±0.70]
9	23.80	18.26	15.09	5.49	3.25	M12x1.0-6g	12.00	18.50	20.50	20.83	2.50	23.00	20.50
9	[.937]	[.719]	[.594]	[.216]	[.128]	0.100R	[.472]	[.728]	[.807]	[.820]	[.098]	[.905]	[.807]
11	26.20	20.62	18.26	4.93	3.25	M15x1.0-6g	15.00	18.50	20.50	20.83	2.50	23.00	20.50
"	[1.031]	[.812]	[.719]	[.194]	[.128]	0.100R	[.590]	[.728]	[.807]	[.820]	[.098]	[.905]	[.807]
13	28.60	23.01	20.62	4.93	3.25	M18x1.0-6g	18.00	18.50	20.50	20.83	2.50	23.00	20.50
13	[1.126]	[.906]	[.812]	[.194]	[.128]	0.100R	[.708]	[.728]	[.807]	[.820]	[.098]	[.905]	[.807]
15	31.00	24.61	23.01	4.39	3.25	M22x1.0-6g	22.00	18.50	20.50	20.83	2.50	23.00	20.50
15	[1.220]	[.969]	[.906]	[.172]	[.128]	0.100R	[.866]	[.728]	[.807]	[.820]	[.098]	[.905]	[.807]
17	33.30	26.97	24.61	4.93	3.25	M25x1.0-6g	25.00	18.50	20.50	20.83	2.50	23.00	20.50
17	[1.311]	[1.062]	[.969]	[.194]	[.128]	0.100R	[.984]	[.728]	[.807]	[.820]	[.098]	[.905]	[.807]
19	36.50	29.36	26.97	4.93	3.25	M28x1.0-6g	28.00	18.50	20.50	20.83	2.50	23.00	20.50
19	[1.437]	[1.156]	[1.062]	[.194]	[.128]	0.100R	[1.102]	[.728]	[.807]	[.820]	[.098]	[.905]	[.807]
21	39.70	31.75	29.36	4.93	3.25	M31x1.0-6g	31.00	18.50	20.50	20.07	3.20	23.00	20.50
21	[1.563]	[1.250]	[1.156]	[.194]	[.128]	0.100R	[1.220]	[.728]	[.807]	[.790]	[.126]	[.905]	[.807]
23	42.90	34.93	31.75	6.15	3.91	M34x1.0-6g	34.00	18.50	20.50	20.07	3.20	23.00	20.50
23	[1.689]	[1.375]	[1.250]	[.242]	[.154]	0.100R	[1.338]	[.728]	[.807]	[.790]	[.126]	[.905]	[.807]
25	46.00	38.10	34.93	6.15	3.91	M37x1.0-6g	37.00	18.50	20.50	20.07	3.20	23.00	20.50
25	[1.811]	[1.500]	[1.375]	[.242]	[.154]	0.100R	[1.457]	[.728]	[.807]	[.790]	[.126]	[.905]	[.807]

C3J Jam Nut Receptacle (D38999/24 Compatible)



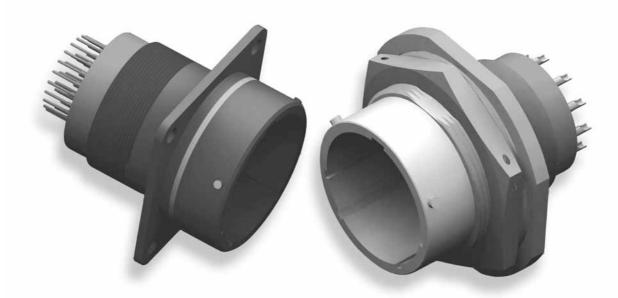


Shell Size	A ±0.4	B ±0.1	C ±0.1	.D	ØΕ	_, F	H Ma		T ± .028	V ± .028
011011 0120	[± .016]	[± .004]	[± .004]	Max	Max	Thread	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]	[±0.70]
9	27.00	17.35	17.35	12.50	12.00	M12x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	20.30	17.80
9	[1.063]	[.683]	[.683]	[.492]	[.472]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.799]	[.700]
44	31.80	20.55	20.55	12.50	15.00	M15x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	20.30	17.80
11	[1.252]	[.809]	[.809]	[.492]	[.590]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.799]	[.700]
4.0	34.90	25.35	25.35	12.50	18.00	M18x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	20.30	17.80
13	[1.374]	[1.002]	[1.002]	[.492]	[.708]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.799]	[.700]
45	38.10	28.45	28.45	12.50	22.00	M22x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	20.30	17.80
15	[1.500]	[1.120]	[1.120]	[.492]	[.866]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.799]	[.700]
47	41.30	31.90	31.90	12.50	25.00	M25x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	20.30	17.80
17	[1.626]	[1.256]	[1.256]	[.492]	[.984]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.799]	[.700]
4.0	46.00	34.90	34.90	12.50	28.00	M28x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	20.30	17.80
19	[1.811]	[1.374]	[1.374]	[.492]	[1.102]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.799]	[.700]
0.4	49.20	37.90	37.90	12.50	31.00	M31x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	21.10	17.80
21	[1.937]	[1.492]	[1.492]	[.492]	[1.220]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.829]	[.700]
00	52.40	41.15	41.15	12.50	34.00	M34x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	21.10	17.80
23	[2.063]	[1.620]	[1.620]	[.492]	[1.338]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.829]	[.700]
0.5	55.60	44.35	44.35	12.50	37.00	M37x1.0-6g	16.00	18.00	21.10	17.80
25	[2.189]	[1.746]	[1.746]	[.492]	[1.457]	0.100R	[.630]	[.709]	[.829]	[.700]

^{*} Dimensions are in Milimeters. Values in brackets are Inches equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.

MIL-C-26482 Series II



These connectors are offered with 20, 16, 12 size contacts, and shell sizes of 8 through 24.

Square flange, jam nut single-hole mount receptacles are available.

The connectors are available with aluminum shells, electroless nickel and cadmium plated olive drab. Passivated stainless steel shells are also available.

They can mate with non-filtered connectors and they are drop-in replacements for non-filtered connectors. Non-standard filter connector body sizes and shapes and insert arrangements are available.

Material & Finish

Shell - Aluminum alloy, Olive drab Cadmium plating. Aluminum alloy, Electroless nickel plating. Stainless steel, passivated.

Contacts - Copper alloy , Gold plate.

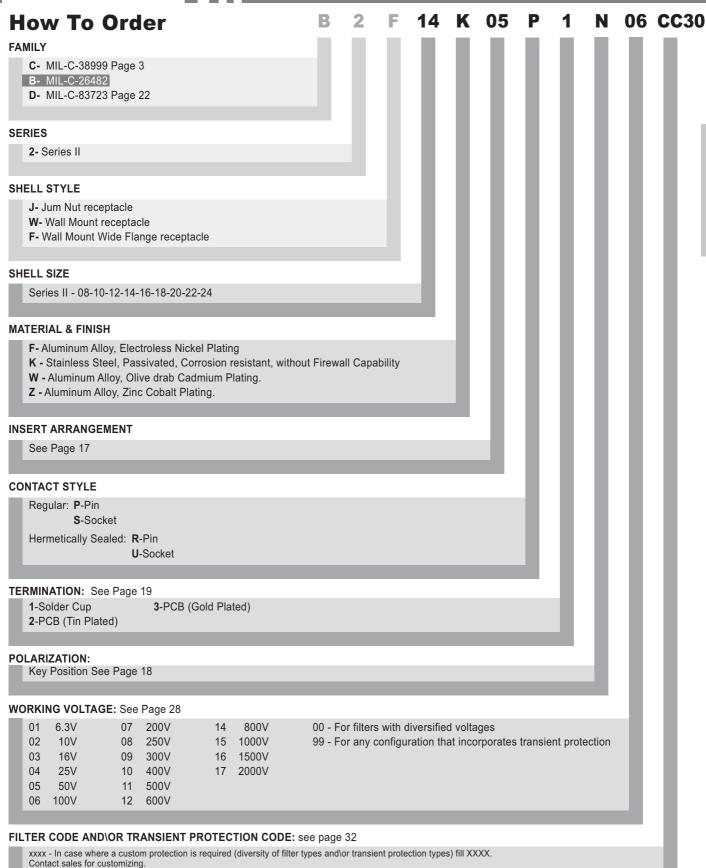
Grommet & O-ring - Silicon based elastomer.

Contacts termination - PCB Tail, Gold plating.
PCB Tail, Tin plating.
Solder cup, Tin plating.

Insert - High grade Thermoplastic \ Thermoset \ Epoxy.

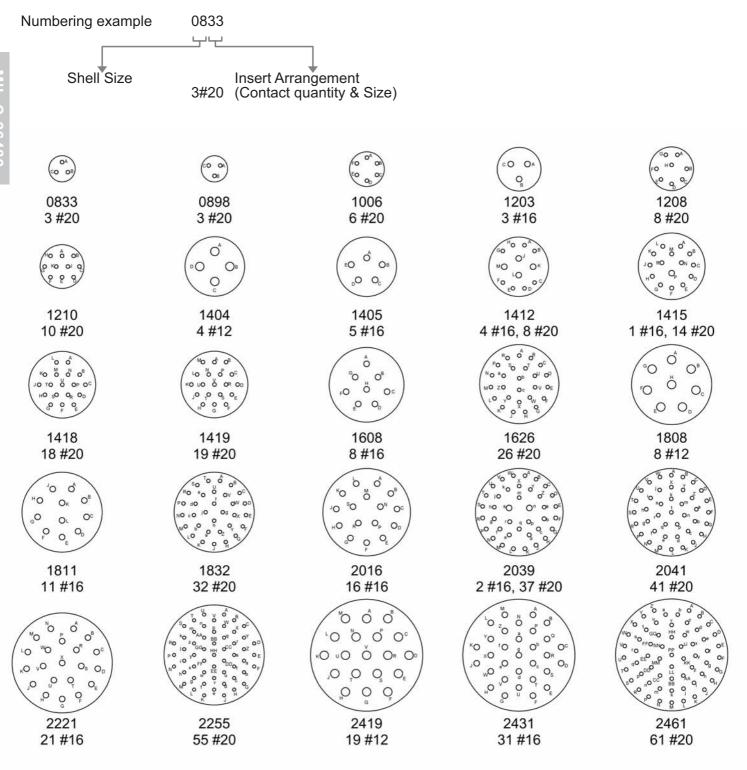
Content of Section

How To Order	Page 16
Insert arrangements	Page 17
Key Position	Page 18
Termination types	Page 19
Environmental Conditions	Page 19
Shell types	Pages 20-21



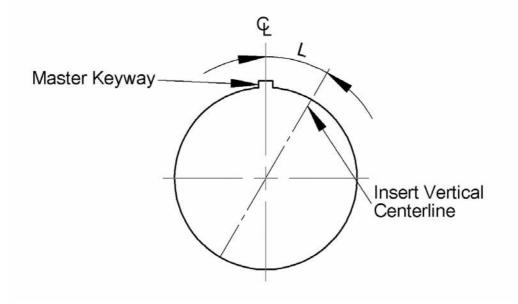


Insert Arrangements Per MIL-STD-1669



^{*}Mating face of Pin is Shown, Socket insert is opposite.

Key Position



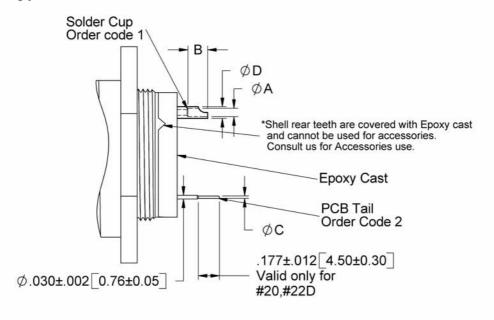
- 1. In the Normal insert clocking position (position N) the insert centerline coincides with the centerline of the master keyway of the shell.
- In the alternate insert clocking position (W,X,Y,Z) the pin Insert is rotated clockwise relative to the centerline of the master keyway as indicated in the figure and chart. The socket insert is rotated counter-clockwise.
- 3. Plugs have keys, receptacles have keyways.

Shell size & Insert			L Degrees		
Arrangement	N	W	X	Υ	Z
8-33	0	90	-	-	-
8-98	0	-	-	-	-
10-6	0	90	-	-	-
12-3	0	-	-	180	-
12-8	0	90	112	203	292
12-10	0	60	155	270	295
14-4	0	45	-	-	-
14-5	0	40	92	184	273
14-12	0	43	90	-	-
14-15	0	17	110	155	234
14-18	0	15	90	180	270
14-19	0	30	165	315	-
16-8	0	54	152	180	331
16-26	0	60	-	275	338
18-8	0	180	-	-	-
18-11	0	62	119	241	340
18-32	0	85	138	222	265
20-16	0	238	318	333	347
20-39	0	63	144	252	333
20-41	0	45	126	225	-
22-21	0	16	135	175	349
22-55	0	30	142	226	314
24-19	0	30	165	315	-
24-31	0	90	225	255	-
24-61	0	90	180	270	324

The master key is rotated to provide polarization the minor keys remain fixed. Insert Arrangement does not rotate with the Key/Keyway.



Termination Types & Sizes



Termination Dimensions

* For Extension Dimensions refer to specific shell table in this catalog colums H, T.

Contact Size	#22	#20	#16	#12
Ø A ± .002	.043	.043	.074	.114
[±0.05]	[1.10]	[1.10]	[1.90]	[2.90]
B ± .012	.126	.126	.149	4.20
[±0.30]	[3.20]	[3.20]	[3.80]	[.165]
Ø C ±.002	.002	.002	.046	2.06
[±0.05]	[0.05]	[0.05]	[1.16]	[.081]
Ø D ± .002	.059	.059	.100	3.60
[±0.05]	[1.50]	[1.50]	[2.54]	[.141]

^{*} Consult us regarding special termination lengths and sizes.

Environmental Conditions

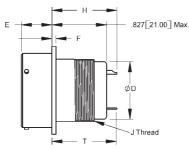
		Paragraph PER						
Description	Values	ISO 2100	ISO 7137	MIL-STD-1334	MIL-STD- 202			
Sealing**	$<10^{-3}$ cm ³ / Sec at \triangle P = 1atm							
Vibration (Random)	Up to 40g RMS 50-2000Hz	12		2005.1	201,204,215			
Vibration (Sine)	Up to 15g PTP 10-2000Hz	12		2005.1	201,204,215			
Shock	100g X 11msec		7	2004.1	213			
Acceleration	40g	19						
Climatic					103,106			
Temperature	-55°C to +125°C Operating & Storage							
Humidity	Up to 95% @ Storage Temperature range	18b		1002.2				
Altitude	Up to 70,000 ft	18a	4					
Salt Spray		22		1001.1	101			
Sand & Dust		23	12					
Contact Endurance	More than 500 Mating cycles	16						

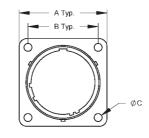
^{**} For Hermetically sealed connector the sealing conditions are <10-5 cm⁻³ / Sec at Δ P = 1atm

^{*} Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.

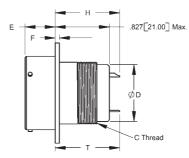
B2W Wall Mount Receptacle (MS3470 Compatible)

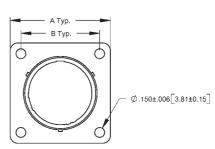




Shell Size	Α	B ±.005	Ø C ±0.006	ØЪ	Е	F ± .016	J	H Max	X	T ± .028
Sileii Size	Max	[± .13]	[± .15]	Max	Max	[±0.41]	Thread	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]
0	.828	.594	.120	.500	.462	.062	1/2-20	.984	1.063	1.161
8	[21.04]	[15.09]	[3.04]	[12.70]	[11.73]	[1.57]	UNF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
10	.954	.719	.120	.625	.462	.062	5/8-20	.984	1.063	1.161
10	[24.24]	[18.26]	[3.04]	[15.88]	[11.73]	[1.57]	UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
12	1.047	.812	.120	.750	.462	.062	3/4-20	.984	1.063	1.161
12	[26.60]	[20.62]	[3.04]	[19.05]	[11.73]	[1.57]	UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
4.4	1.141	.906	.120	.875	.462	.062	7/8-20	.984	1.063	1.161
14	[28.99]	[23.01]	[3.04]	[22.22]	[11.73]	[1.57]	UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
16	1.234	.969	.120	1.000	.462	.062	1-20	.984	1.063	1.161
16	[31.35]	[24.61]	[3.04]	[25.40]	[11.73]	[1.57]	UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
18	1.328	1.062	.120	1.063	.462	.062	1-1/16-	.984	1.063	1.161
10	[33.74]	[26.97]	[3.04]	[26.99]	[11.73]	[1.57]	18 UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
20	1.453	1.156	.120	1.875	.587	.094	1-3/16-	.984	1.063	1.161
20	[36.91]	[29.36]	[3.04]	[30.16]	[14.91]	[2.39]	18 UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
22	1.578	1.250	.120	1.3125	.587	.094	1-5/16-	.984	1.063	1.161
22	[40.09]	[31.75]	[3.04]	[33.34]	[14.91]	[2.39]	18 UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]
24	1.703	1.375	.147	1.4375	.587	.094	1-7/16-	.984	1.063	1.161
24	[43.26]	[34.93]	[3.73]	[36.51]	[14.91]	[2.39]	18 UNEF	[25.00]	[27.00]	[29.50]

B2F Wall Mount Receptacle Wide Flange (MS3472 Compatible)





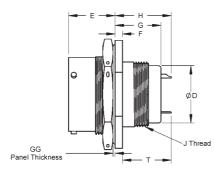
Shell Size	Α	B ±.005	С	ØЪ	Е	F ± .016	H Ma	Х	T ± .028
Sileli Size	Max	[± .13]	Thread	Max	Max	[±0.41]	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]
0	1.065	.734	1/2-20	.500	.493	.062	1.000	1.079	1.132
8	[27.06]	[18.64]	UNF	[12.70]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[28.75]
40	1.141	.812	5/8-20	.625	.493	.062	1.000	1.079	1.132
10	[28.99]	[20.62]	UNEF	[15.88]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[28.75]
40	1.266	.938	3/4-20	.750	.493	.062	1.000	1.079	1.132
12	[32.16]	[23.83]	UNEF	[19.05]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[28.75]
4.4	1.360	1.031	7/8-20	.875	.493	.062	1.000	1.079	1.132
14	[34.55]	[26.19]	UNEF	[22.22]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[28.75]
40	1.453	1.125	1-20	1.000	.493	.062	1.000	1.079	1.132
16	[36.91]	[28.58]	UNEF	[25.40]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[28.75]
40	1.532	1.203	1-1/16-18	1.063	.493	.062	1.000	1.079	1.132
18	[38.92]	[30.56]	UNEF	[26.99]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[28.75]
20	1.688	1.297	1-3/16-18	1.875	.587	.094	1.000	1.079	1.037
20	[42.88]	[32.94]	UNEF	[30.16]	[14.91]	[2.39]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[26.35]
20	1.766	1.375	1-5/16-18	1.3125	.587	.094	1.000	1.079	1.037
22	[44.86]	[34.93]	UNEF	[33.34]	[14.91]	[2.39]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[26.35]
24	1.891	1.500	1-7/16-18	1.4375	.587	.094	1.000	1.079	1.000
24	[48.04]	[38.10]	UNEF	[36.51]	[14.91]	[2.39]	[25.40]	[27.40]	[25.4]

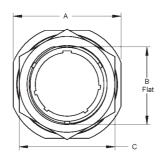
^{*} Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.



B2J Jam Nut Receptacle (MS3474 Compatible)



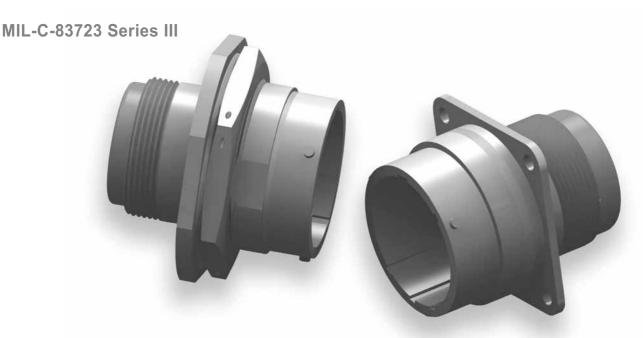


Ohall Oire	Α	B ±0.13	С	ØЪ	Е	F	G	GG	I Thursday	H Max		T ± .028
Shell Size	Max	[± .005]	Max	Max	E	F	Max	Max	J Thread	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]
0	.954	.525	.767	.500	.493	.062	.646	.187	1/2-20	.787	.886	.917
8	[24.24]	[13.34]	[19.49]	[12.70]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[16.40]	[4.75]	UNF	[20.00]	[22.00]	[23.30]
10	1.078	.650	.892	.625	.493	.062	.646	.187	5/8-20	.787	.886	.917
10	[27.39]	[16.51]	[22.66]	[15.88]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[16.40]	[4.75]	UNEF	[20.00]	[22.00]	[23.30]
40	1.266	.813	1.079	.750	.493	.062	.646	.187	3/4-20	.787	.886	.917
12	[32.16]	[20.65]	[27.41]	[19.05]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[16.40]	[4.75]	UNEF	[20.00]	[22.00]	[23.30]
4.4	1.391	.937	1.205	.875	.493	.062	.646	.187	7/8-20	.787	.886	.917
14	[35.34]	[23.80]	[30.61]	[22.22]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[16.40]	[4.75]	UNEF	[20.00]	[22.00]	[23.30]
40	1.516	1.061	1.329	1.000	.493	.062	.646	.187	1-20	.787	.886	.917
16	[38.51]	[26.95]	[33.76]	[25.40]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[16.40]	[4.75]	UNEF	[20.00]	[22.00]	[23.30]
40	1.641	1.186	1.455	1.063	.493	.062	.646	.187	1-1/16-18	.787	.886	.917
18	[41.69]	[30.12]	[36.96]	[26.99]	[12.52]	[1.57]	[16.40]	[4.75]	UNEF	[20.00]	[22.00]	[23.30]
20	1.828	1.311	1.579	1.875	.587	.094	.581	.250	1-3/16-18	.724	.803	.852
20	[46.44]	[33.30]	[40.11]	[30.16]	[14.91]	[2.39]	[14.75]	[6.35]	UNEF	[18.40]	[20.40]	[21.65]
00	1.954	1.436	1.705	1.3125	.587	.094	.581	.250	1-5/16-18	.724	.803	.852
22	[49.64]	[36.47]	[43.31]	[33.34]	[14.91]	[2.39]	[14.75]	[6.35]	UNEF	[18.40]	[20.40]	[21.65]
24	2.078	1.561	1.829	1.4375	.587	.094	.581	.219	1-7/16-18	.724	.803	.852
24	[52.79]	[39.65]	[46.46]	[36.51]	[14.91]	[2.39]	[14.75]	[5.56]	UNEF	[18.40]	[20.40]	[21.65]



 $^{^{\}star}$ Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.



The MIL-C-83723 Series III offers large diversity in one connector group. The Series III group offers connectors with a bayonet coupling.

A wide selection of configurations includes square flange, jam nut and hermetically sealed receptacles for panel and box mount applications.

These connectors are offered with 2 to 61 contacts of size 20, 16 or 12, and with shell sizes of 8 through 24.

They are available with cadmium or nickel finished aluminum shells. Also available are shells of passivated stainless steel.

The connectors can mate with non-filtered connectors and are drop-in replacements for non-filtered connectors.

Non-standard filter connector body sizes and shapes and insert arrangements are available.

Material & Finish

Shell - Aluminum alloy, Olive drab Cadmium plating. Aluminum alloy, Electroless nickel plating. Stainless steel, passivated.

Contacts - Copper alloy , Gold plate.

Grommet & O-ring - Silicon based elastomer.

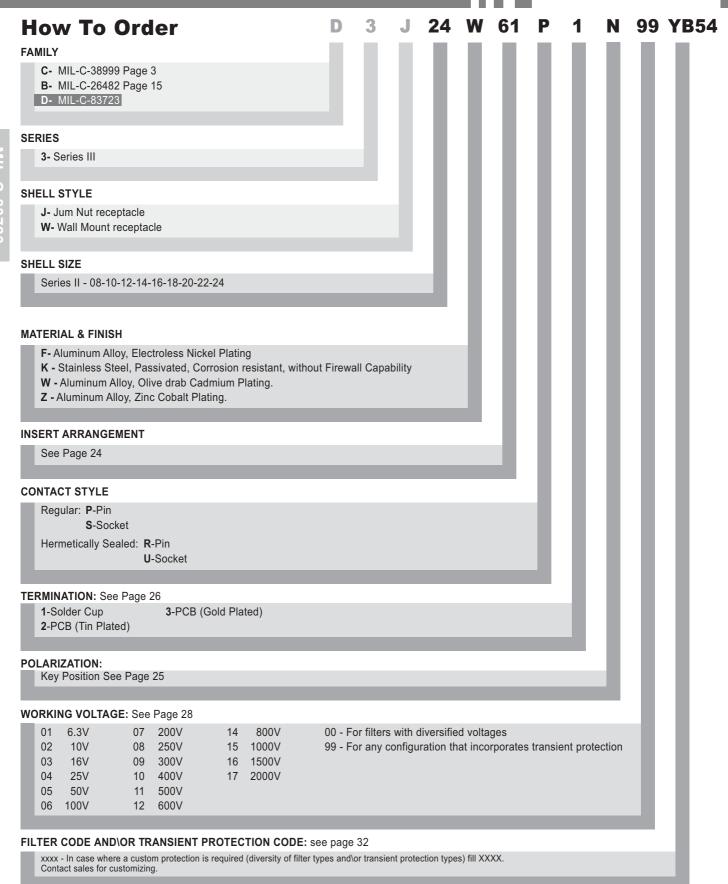
Contacts termination - PCB Tail, Gold plating. PCB Tail, Tin plating.

Solder cup, Tin plating.

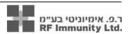
Insert - High grade Thermoplastic \ Thermoset \ Epoxy.

Content of Section

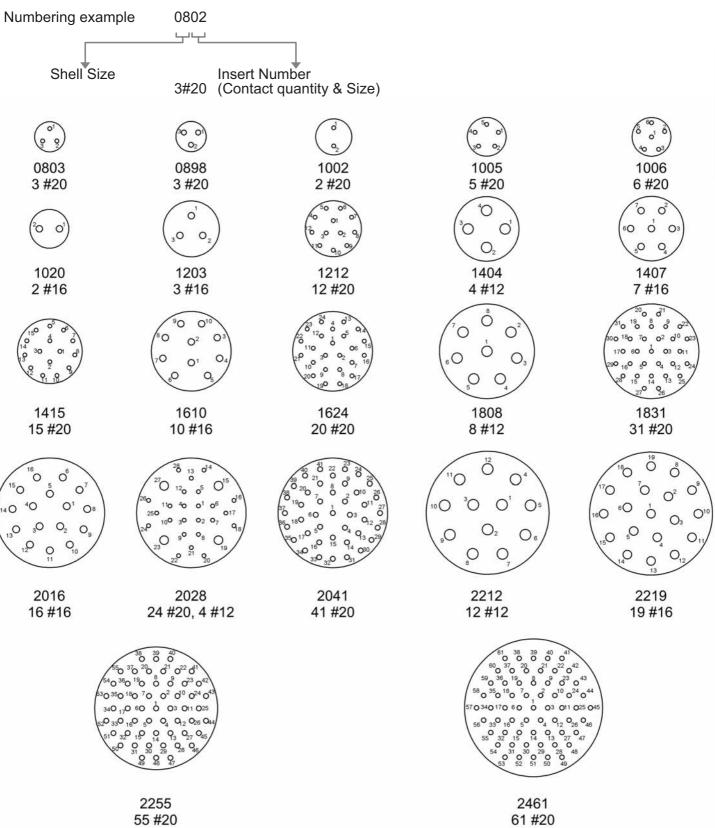
How To Order	Page 23
Insert arrangements	Page 24
Key Position	Page 25
Termination types	Page 26
Environmental Conditions	Page 26
Shell types	Page 27



Contact us for filter connectors not included in this catalog

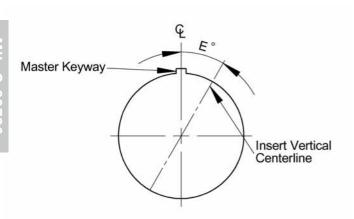


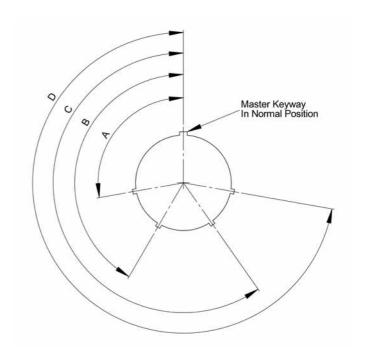
Insert Arrangements Per MIL-STD-1554



^{*}Mating face of Pin is Shown, Socket insert is opposite.

Key Position





Insert Clocking Per MIL-STD-1554

Shell Size	Polarizing Position	A	В	С	D	Insert Position E
	N	105	140	215	265	0
	1*	105	140	215	265	10
8,10	2*	105	140	215	265	20
0,10	3*	105	140	215	265	30
	4*	105	140	215	265	40
	5*	105	140	215	265	50
	N	105	140	215	265	0
	1*	105	140	215	265	10
40 Th 04	2*	105	140	215	265	20
12 Thru 24	3*	105	140	215	265	30
	4*	105	140	215	265	40
	5*	105	140	215	265	50

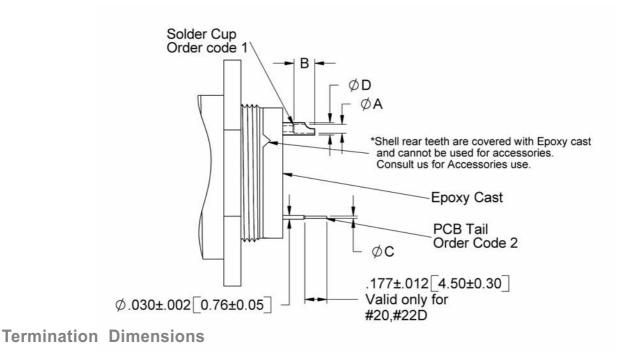
Keying Position Per MIL-STD-1554

Shell Size	Polarizing Position	A	В	С	D	Insert Position E
8 Thru 24	N	105	140	215	265	0
	6	102	132	248	320	0
8 & 10	7	80	118	230	312	0
0 0 10	8	35	140	205	275	0
	9	64	155	234	304	0
10 Only	Υ	25	115	220	270	0
	6	18	149	192	259	0
	7	92	152	222	342	0
12 Thru 24	8	84	152	204	334	0
	9	24	135	199	240	0
	Y	98	152	268	338	0

^{*} Position 1 thru 5 inactive for new design, (Ref MIL-STD-1554).

- In the "normal insert position" (position N) the insert centerline coincides with the centerline of the master keyway of the shell.
- 2. In the "alternate insert position" (1,2,3,4 & 5) the socket insert is rotated clockwise relative to the centerline of the master keyway as indicated in the figure and chart. The pin insert is rotated counter-clockwise.
- 3. Alternate polarizing positions 1,2,3,4 & 5 are for interchangeability use only. Not recommended for new design, per MIL-C-83723.
- 4. In the "alternate keying position" (positions 6, 7, 8, 9 & Y) the keyways are positioned as specified in the "Keying position" table with respect to the master keyway as shown in the drawing.
- 5. When the alternate keying position is used the insert clocking is always in the normal position.

Termination Types



* For Extension Dimensions refer to specific shell table in this catalog coulums H, T.

Contact Size	#22	#20	#16	#12
Ø A ± .002	.043	.043	.074	.114
[±0.05]	[1.10]	[1.10]	[1.90]	[2.90]
B ± .012	.126	.126	.149	4.20
[±0.30]	[3.20]	[3.20]	[3.80]	[.165]
Ø C ±.002	.002	.002	.046	2.06
[±0.05]	[0.05]	[0.05]	[1.16]	[.081]
Ø D ± .002	.059	.059	.100	3.60
[±0.05]	[1.50]	[1.50]	[2.54]	[.141]

^{*} Consult us regarding special termination lengths and sizes.

Environmental Conditions

			Para	graph PER	
Description	Values	ISO 2100	ISO 7137	MIL-STD-1334	MIL-STD- 202
Sealing**	$<10^{-3}$ cm ³ / Sec at \triangle P = 1atm				
Vibration (Random)	Up to 40g RMS 50-2000Hz	12		2005.1	201,204,215
Vibration (Sine)	Up to 15g PTP 10-2000Hz	12		2005.1	201,204,215
Shock	100g X 11msec		7	2004.1	213
Acceleration	40g	19			
Climatic					103,106
Temperature	-55°C to +125°C Operating & Storage				
Humidity	Up to 95% @ Storage Temperature range	18b		1002.2	
Altitude	Up to 70,000 ft	18a	4		
Salt Spray		22		1001.1	101
Sand & Dust		23	12		
Contact Endurance	More than 500 Mating cycles	16			

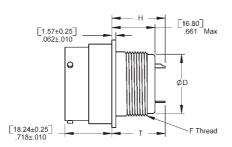
^{**} For Hermetically sealed connector the sealing conditions are <10-5 cm⁻³ / Sec at Δ P = 1atm

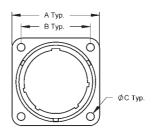
^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.



^{*} Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

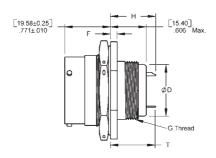
D3W Wall Mount Receptacle (MS83723 71 & 72 Compatible)

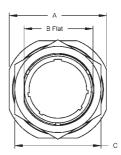




Shell Size	A ±0.13 [± .005]	B ±0.13 [± .005]	Ø C ±0.13 [± .005]	Ø D Max	F Thread	H Max #22, #20, #16	#12	T ± .028 [±0.70]
8	.812 [20.62]	.594 [15.09]	.120 [3.05]	.500 [12.70]	1/2-20 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
10	.937 [23.80]	.719 [18.26]	.120 [3.05]	.625 [15.86]	5/8-20 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
12	1.031 [26.19]	.812 [20.62]	.120 [3.05]	.750 [19.05]	3/4-20 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
14	28.58 [1.125]	.906 [23.01]	.120 [3.05]	.875 [22.23]	7/8-20 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
16	1.250 [31.75]	.969 [24.61]	.120 [3.05]	1.000 [25.40]	1-20 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
18	1.343 [34.11]	1.062 [26.97]	.120 [3.05]	1.063 [27.00]	1-1/16-18 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
20	1.437 [36.50]	1.156 [29.36]	.120 [3.05]	1.188 [30.16]	1-3/16-18 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
22	1.562 [39.67]	1.250 [31.75]	.120 [3.05]	1.313 [33.34]	1-5/16-18 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]
24	1.703 [43.26]	1.375 [34.93]	.149 [3.78]	1.438 [36.51]	1-7/16-18 UNEF	20.30 [.799]	.878 [22.30]	.965 [24.51]

D3J Jam Nut Receptacle (MS83723 73 & 74 Compatible)





Shell Size	A	В	С	ØО	F	G	H Max		T ± .028
Sileli Size	Max	Flat	Max	Max		Thread	#22, #20, #16	#12	[±0.70]
0	.596/.590	.979	.829	.500	.137/.097	1/2 20 LINEE	.744	.823	.912
8	[15.14/14.99]	[24.87]	[21.06]	[12.70]	[3.48/2.46]	1/2-20 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
10	.721/.715	1.104	.954	.625	.137/.097	E/0.20 LINEE	.744	.823	.912
10	[18.03/18.16]	[28.05]	[24.24]	[15.86]	[3.48/2.46]	5/8-20 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
10	.908/.902	1.291	1.142	.750	.137/.097	3/4-20 UNEF	.744	.823	.912
12	[23.06/22.91]	[32.80]	[29.01]	[19.05]	[3.48/2.46]	3/4-20 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
4.4	.971/.965	1.391	1.205	.875	.137/.097	7/0 00 LINEE	.744	.823	.912
14	[24.66/24.51]	[35.34]	[30.61]	[22.23]	[3.48/2.46]	7/8-20 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
40	1.096/1.090	1.516	1.329	1.000	.137/.097	4.00 LINEE	.744	.823	.912
16	[27.84/27.69]	[38.51]	[33.76]	[25.40]	[3.48/2.46]	1-20 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
10	1.220/1.214	1.641	1.455	1.063	.137/.097	1 1/1C 10 UNEE	.744	.823	.912
18	[30.99/30.84]	[41.69]	[36.96]	[27.00]	[3.48/2.46]	1-1/16-18 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
20	1.345/1.339	1.766	1.579	1.188	.137/.097	1 2/16 10 UNEE	.744	.823	.912
20	[34.16/34.01]	[44.86]	[40.11]	[30.16]	[3.48/2.46]	1-3/16-18 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
00	1.470/1.464	1.954	1.705	1.313	.169/.128	4.5/40.40.11NES	.744	.823	.912
22	[37.34/34.01]	[49.64]	[43.31]	[33.34]	[4.28/3.25]	1-5/16-18 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]
0.4	1.595/1.589	2.079	1.829	1.438	.169/.128	4 7/4C 40 LINES	.744	.823	.912
24	[40.51/40.36]	[52.81]	[46.46]	[36.51]	[4.28/3.25]	1-7/16-18 UNEF	[18.90]	[20.90]	[23.17]

^{*} Dimensions are in Inches. Values in brackets are Millimeters equivalents.

^{*} Dimensions subject to change without prior notice.

Introduction



Electrical Characteristics Per Insert Arrangement

This section describes the correlation between the maximum capacitance, the filter rated operating voltage and the connector insert arrangement. It also deals with the applicability of the transient protection with each insert arrangement. The tables in the following pages (29-31) summarize this information.

These tables (pages 29-31) can be used in two ways:

- Once a connector family, shell style and an insert arrangement are selected, and using these tables, the capacitance limits and the operating voltage can be extracted, and the transient protection applicability can be determined, all in relation to the selected filter and connector types.
- Once the correct filter and/or transient protection are selected, and using these tables the complying insert arrangement can be determined to meet the design requirements.

Homogenous Rated Operating Voltage Codes

Code	01	02	03	04	05	06	07	08	09	10	11	12	14	15	16	17
WV [V _{DC}]	6.3	10	16	25	50	100	200	250	300	400	500	600	800	1k	1.5k	2k

Combined Rated Operating Voltage Codes

Co	d e
00	99
For filters with Diversified Working Voltages	For any configuration that incorporates Transient Protection

Note: Fill one of the above mentioned codes in the relevant sections of the filtered connector P/N.

Content of Section

MIL-C-38999	Page 29
MIL-C-26482/II	Page 30
MIL-C-83723/III	Page 31



Insert Arrangement VS. Working Voltage and Maximum Capacitance of the Filter

O.1J O.3J O.3J C C C C C C C C C	π nF 2μ 660 300 300 200 44 20 13.6	6.3V 10V 16V 25V 50V 100V
nF nF nF 1μ 2μ 1μ 330 660 330 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 17-02 (#20 contacts & #8 coax contact) , 100 200 100 17-35, 19-35, 21-35, 23-35, 25-07, 25-35 22 44 22 And 10 20 10 Similar Insert Arrangements of 6.8 13.6 6.8	2µ 660 300 300 200 44 20	6.3V 10V 16V 25V 50V
99-35, 11-35, 13-35, 15-35, 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 150 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 300 3	660 300 300 200 44 20	10V 16V 25V 50V
Yes No 150 300 150 300 150 150 300 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 150 1	300 300 200 44 20	16V 25V 50V
99-35, 11-35, 13-35, 15-35, 150 300 150 17-02 (#20 contacts & #8 coax contact) , 100 200 100 17-35, 19-35, 21-35, 23-35, 25-07, 25-35 22 44 22 And 10 20 10 Similar Insert Arrangements of 6.8 13.6 6.8	300 200 44 20	25V 50V
17-02 (#20 contacts & #8 coax contact) , 100 200 100 17-35, 19-35, 21-35, 23-35, 25-07, 25-35 22 44 22 And 10 20 10 Similar Insert Arrangements of 6.8 13.6 6.8	200 44 20	50V
Yes No 17-35, 19-35, 21-35, 23-35, 25-07, 25-35 22 44 22 And 10 20 10 Similar Insert Arrangements of 6.8 13.6 6.8	44 20	
Yes No And Similar Insert Arrangements of 10 20 10 8 13.6 6.8	20	100V
Yes No Similar Insert Arrangements of 6.8 13.6 6.8		
	13.6	200V
INILE O GOGGOTH		250V 300V
		400V
		500V
		600V
		800V
		1KV
1μ 2μ 1μ	2μ	6.3V
470 940 470	940	10V
09-98, 11-05, 11-98, 13-98,15-18, 15-19, 470 940 470	940	16V
15-97(#20 contacts), 17-02 (#8 PWR 220 440 220	440	25V
contact), 17-26, 19-28 (#20 contacts), 19-32,	200	50V
21 ₋₃₉ (#20 contacts) 68 136 68	136	100V
Yes Yes 23-53 23-55 25-04 25-46 25-61 33 66 33	66	200V
And 27 54 27	54	250V
Similar Insert Arrangements of 15 30 15	30	300V
MIL_C_38999/II 12 24 12	24	400V
12 24 12	24	500V
8.2 16.4 8.2	16.4	600V
4.7 9.4 4.7	9.4	800V
2.7 5.4 2.7	5.4	1KV
10μ 20μ 10μ 4.7μ 9.4μ 4.7μ	20µ	6.3V 10V
4.7μ 9.4μ 4.7μ 2.2μ 4.4μ 2.2μ	9.4µ 4.4µ	16V
2.2μ 4.4μ 2.2μ 1μ 2μ 1μ	4.4μ 2μ	25V
470 940 470	940	50V
13-04, 15-05, 180 360 180	360	100V
15-97 (#16 contacts), 17-06, 19-28, 21-11, 100 200 100	200	200V
Yes Yes 23-21, 25-29 68 136 68	136	250V
And 47 94 47	94	300V
Similar Insert Arrangements of 27 54 27	54	400V
MIL-C-38999/II 33 66 33	66	500V
18 36 18	36	600V
10 20 10	20	800V
6.8 13.6 6.8	13.6	1KV
2.2 4.4 2.2	4.4	1.5KV
1.5 3 1.5	3	2KV
10µ 20µ 10µ	20µ	6.3V
4.7µ 9.4µ 4.7µ	9.4µ	10V
2.2µ 4.4µ 2.2µ	4.4µ	16V 25V
1µ 2µ 1µ	2µ	50V
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2µ 660	100V
21-75 180 360 180	360	200V
And 120 240 120	240	250V
Vac	164	300V
00 400	136	400V
MIL-C-38999/II 68 136 68 68	136	500V
39 78 39	78	600V
27 54 27	54	800V
18 36 18	36	1KV
6.8 13.6 6.8	13.6	1.5KV
6.8 13.6 6.8	13.6	2KV

Insert Arrangement VS. Working Voltage and Maximum Capacitance of the Filter

Prote	nsient ection cability	MIL-C-26482/II			rpe VS. Working laximum Capaci		
		Insert Arrangement	С	C²	L	π	
0.1J	0.3J		nF	nF	nF	nF	WV
			1μ	2μ	1μ	2μ	6.3V
			470	940	470	940	10V
			470	940	470	940	16V
			220	440	220	440	25V
		08-98, 08-33, 10-06, 12-08, 12-10,	100	200	100	200	50V
		14-12 (#20 contacts),	68	136	68	136	100V
		14-15 (#20 contacts),	33	66	33	66	200V
Yes	Yes	14-18, 14-19, 16-26 18-32, 20-39(#20 contacts)	27	54	27	54	250V
			15	30	15	30	300V
			12	24	12	24	400V
		20-41,22-55, 24-61	12	24	12	24	500V
			8.2	16.4	8.2	16.4	600V
			4.7	9.7	4.7	9.7	800V
			2.7	5.4	2.7	5.4	1KV
			10µ	20μ	10µ	20μ	6.3V
		4.7µ	9.4µ	4.7µ	9.4µ	10V	
		2.2µ	4.4µ	2.2µ	4.4µ	16V	
			1µ	2µ	1µ	2µ	25V
			470	940	470	940	50V
		12-03, 14-05,	180	360	180	360	100V
			100	200	100	200	200V
		14-12 (#16 contacts),	68	136	68	136	250V
Yes	Yes	14-15 (#16 contacts),	47	94	47	94	300V
		16-08, 18-08 18-11, 20-16,	27	54	27	54	400V
		20-39 (#16 contacts), 22-21, 24-19,24-31	33	66	33	66	500V
			18	36	18	36	600V
			18	36	18	36	800V
			6.8	13.6	6.8	13.6	1KV
			2.2	4.4	2.2	4.4	1.5KV
			1.5	3	1.5	3	2KV
			10µ	20µ	10µ	20µ	6.3V
			4.7µ	9.4µ	4.7µ	9.4µ	10V
			2.2µ	4.4μ	2.2µ	4.4μ	16V
			1μ	2µ	1µ	2µ	25V
			1μ	2µ	1µ	2µ	50V
			330	660	330	660	100V
			180	360	180	360	200V
			120	240	120	240	250V
Yes	Yes	14-04	82	164	82	164	300V
			68	136	68	136	400V
			68	136	68	136	500V
			39	78	39	78	600V
			27	54	27	54	800V
			18	36	18	36	1KV
			6.8	13.6	6.8	13.6	1.5KV
			6.8	13.6	6.8	13.6	2KV
			0.0	13.0	0.0	13.0	ZILV



Insert Arrangement VS. Working Voltage and Maximum Capacitance of the Filter

Prote	sient ection cability	MIL-C-83723/III Insert Arrangement		Filter Ty N	vpe VS. Working laximum Capaci	Voltage and tance	
0.1J	0.3J	insert Arrangement	С	C²	L	π	wv
0.13	0.33		nF	nF	nF	nF	VV V
			1μ	2μ	1μ	2μ	6.3V
			470	940	470	940	10V
			470	940	470	940	16V
			220	440	220	440	25V
		08-03, 08-98, 10-05,	100	200	100	200	50V
			68	136	68	136	100V
.,	V	10-06, 12-12, 14-15,	33	66	33	66	200V
Yes	Yes	16-24, 18-31,20-28,	27	54	27	54	250V
		20-41, 22-55, 24-61	15	30	15	30	300V
		20 11, 22 00, 21 01	12	24	12	24	400V
			12	24	12	24	500V
			8.2	16.4	8.2	16.4	600V
			4.7	9.7	4.7	9.7	800V
			2.7	5.4	2.7	5.4	1KV
			10μ	20µ	10µ	20μ	6.3V
		14-07, 16-10,18-08,	4.7µ	9.4µ	4.7µ	9.4µ	10V
			2.2µ	4.4µ	2.2µ	4.4µ	16V
			1μ	2μ	1μ	2μ	25V
			470	940	470	940	50V
			180	360	180	360	100V
Yes	Yes		100	200	100	200	200V
		18-14, 20-16, 22-19	68	136	68	136	250V
			47	94	47	94	300V
			27	54	27	54	400V
			33	66	33	66	500V
			18	36	18	36	600V
			18	36	18	36	800V
			6.8	13.6	6.8	13.6	1KV
			2.2	4.4	2.2	4.4	1.5KV
			1.5 10µ	20µ	1.5 10µ	3 20µ	2KV 6.3V
			10μ 4.7μ	20μ 9.4μ	10μ 4.7μ	20μ 9.4μ	6.3V 10V
			4.7µ 2.2µ	9.4µ 4.4µ	4.7µ 2.2µ	9.4µ 4.4µ	16V
			2.2μ 1μ	2µ	2.2µ	2µ	25V
			1μ	2μ 2μ	1μ	2μ 2μ	50V
			330	660	330	660	100V
		10.00.10.00.10.00	180	360	180	360	200V
Yes	Yes	10-02, 10-20, 12-03, 14-04, 22-12	120	240	120	240	250V
		14-04, 22-12	82	164	82	164	300V
			68	136	68	136	400V
			68	136	68	136	500V
			39	78	39	78	600V
			27	54	27	54	800V
			18	36	18	36	1KV
			6.8	13.6	6.8	13.6	1.5KV
			6.8	13.6	6.8	13.6	2KV

Introduction

Electrical Charachteristics

The unique technology of RF Immunity enables the integration of a variety of filter types and a diversity of transient protections, into a single filtered connector.

This section of the catalog presents the electrical characteristics of the available filters and transient protections and their Filter Codes. If you select identical filters, transient protections or a combination of these two for all contacts, fill in the Filter Code into the P/N.

The Filter Codes are applicable only when the same filter type is used for all the connector contacts. If selected, a customized combination of filters and/or transient protections cannot be coded for the P/N by the customer. For such P/N replace the P/N filter code with XXXX and contact the sales department.

Five filter types (C, C^2 , L, J and π) and two transient protection types (0.1J and 0.3J), and the combinations of all filter types with all transient protection types are characterized in this section. For explanations regarding the selection of the most appropriate filter, please refer to the Design Notes (page 71).

General electrical characteristics

Working Voltage (WV) [V _{DC}]	A variety of operating voltages can be selected, from 6.3Vpc up to 2000Vpc. Note that the operating voltage limits the capacitance of the filter. Both the filter capacitance and operating Voltage correlate to the selected insert arrangement of the connector. Refer to the Electrical Characteristics VS. Insert Arrangement section (page 28).							
Dielectric Withstanding		WV<200Vpc			DWV - 250%			
Voltage (DWV)		oc <wv<500 td="" vdc<=""><td></td><td colspan="4">DWV - 150%</td></wv<500>		DWV - 150%				
	WV>500 VDC			DWV - 120%				
Insulation Resistance		25°C		500ΩF				
insulation Resistance		125°C			50ΩF			
I [A]	#22 Contact	20# Contact	#16 C	ontact	#12 Contact	#8 Contact		
I [A]	5 7.5 13			3	23	35		

The structure of this section and the use of the following **Frequency Range VS. Filter Type and Page Number** table and of the **Content of Section**, enables the designer to quickly and easily select the correct filter, transient protection or the combination of both.

Frequency Range VS. Filter Type and Page Number

	F:14 O 4 55	Page						
Frequency Range	Filter Cutoff Frequency	C Filter (1) (2)	C ² Filter (1) (2)	L&J Filter (1) (3)	π Filter (1)			
VHF and UHF $300MHz \le f \le 3GHz$	f_{co} ≥ 30MHz	33	38	43	48			
HF $3MHz \le f \le 30MHz$	f _{co} ≥ 3MHz	34	39	44	49			
$ MF \\ 300 KHz \le f \le 3 MHz $	<i>f</i> _{co} ≥ 300KHz	35	40	45	50			
LF $30KHz \le f \le 300KHz$	f _{co} ≥ 30KHz	36	41	46	51			
AUDIO f ≤ 30KHz	<i>f</i> _{co} < 30KHz	37	42	47	52			

Note: For other filter topologies, e.g. Double L&J, Hi (Double π), T and Double T, contact the sales department.

- (1) Refer to the Design Notes (page 71) for explanation regarding the differences between these filter topologies and for equivalent circuits.
- (2) Both C and C² type Filters, have a C type filter topology . The C² type filter provides higher attenuation.
- (3) J type filters have the same topology as L type filter. Refer to the illustrated description on page 75 for details related to the differences between the two.

Content of Section

C Filter	Pages 33-37
C ² Filter	Pages 38-42
L&J Filter	Pages 43-47
π Filter	Pages 48-52
0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 53
0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 53
C Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 54
C ² Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 55
L&J Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 56
π Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 57
C Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 58
C ² Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 59
L&J Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 60
π Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection	Page 61





C Filter

Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ $30MHz$	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

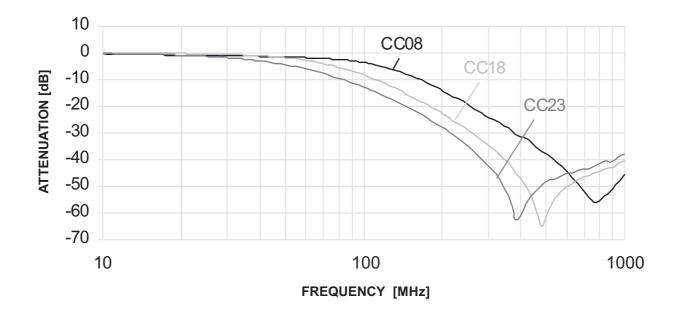
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{MHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CC08	47	92	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	32	37
CC18	120	62	0	0	0	0	0	2	27	54	30
CC23	180	40	0	0	0	0	1	7	37	43	29

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation



Note: All filters characteristics subject to change without prior notice





C Filter

Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF	
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz	

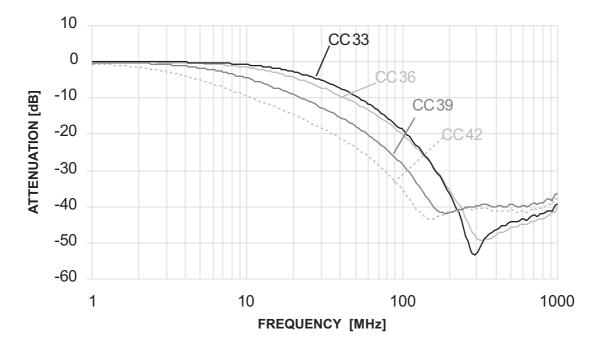
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 3 \text{MHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}			Min	. Attenuation	[dB] VS. Fre	quency [MHz	[] (1)		
Filter Code	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CC33	330	20.00	0	0	0	2	6	13	44	37	28
CC36	470	15.20	0	0	0	4	8	14	43	40	31
CC39	1000	7.30	0	0	1	9	14	22	34	33	26
CC42	2200	3.19	0	2	6	15	20	30	34	34	28

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation



Note: All filters characteristics subject to change without prior notice



ш

C Filter

Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF	
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz	

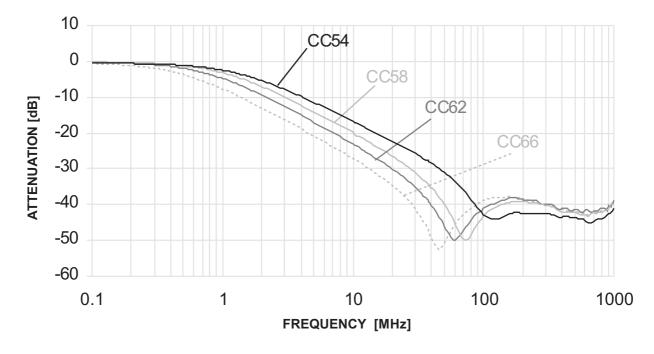
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 300 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code	Cap. [nF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CC54	4.7	1.180	0	9	13	22	28	37	37	37	33
CC58	6.8	0.925	0	11	16	27	35	37	34	36	30
CC62	10	0.695	2	15	20	32	43	36	35	36	30
CC66	15	0.420	5	18	23	37	46	32	33	34	28

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation



Note: All filters characteristics subject to change without prior notice



C Filter

Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

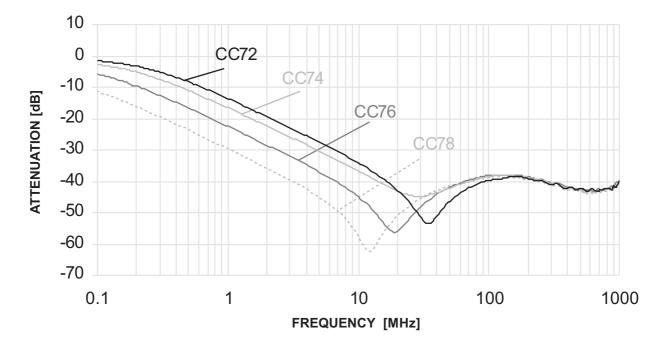
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Cap. [KH [nF] Typic	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code		[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CC72	33	182	11	25	31	48	43	34	36	37	32
CC74	47	109	14	28	33	40	38	32	34	36	31
CC76	100	63	20	34	40	43	38	33	35	37	32
CC78	220	30	27	42	53	41	38	33	35	36	31

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation





C Filter

Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ $30MHz$	30MHz ≤ f ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

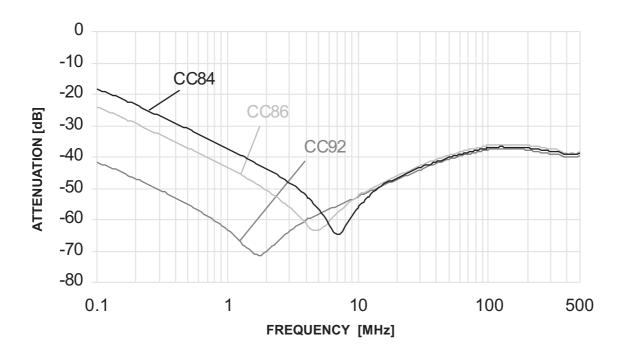
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \leq 30 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	71	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code	Cap. [μF] (2)	[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	
CC84	0.47	12.4	35	54	53	40	37	32	33	33	
CC86	1	6.2	41	59	47	38	34	29	30	30	
CC92	10	0.67	61	54	48	40	36	32	33	33	

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
 (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation









Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
f ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

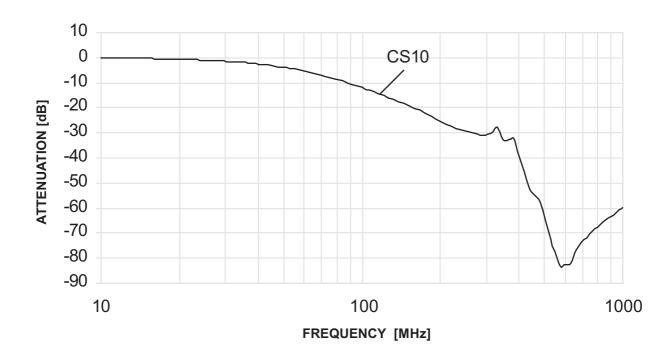
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{MHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)									
Filter Code	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CS10	164p	41.6	0	0	0	0	0	6	24	57	52

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
 (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
f ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ 3 0MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

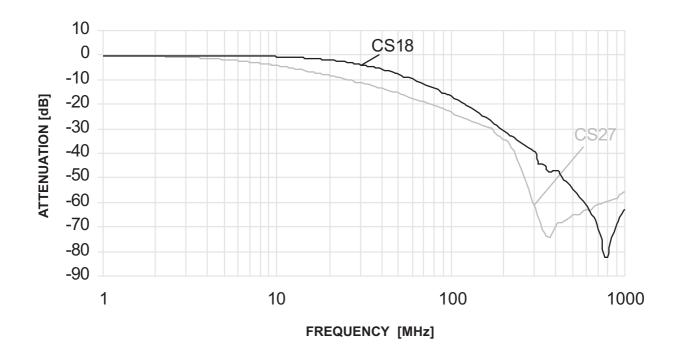
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 3 \text{MHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)									
Filter Code	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CS18	267	24.8	0	0	0	0	4	11	34	45	57
CS23	660	9.35	0	0	0	7	12	18	62	57	50
CS27	940	7.35	0	0	1	7	12	17	56	57	50

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
 (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation





Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ $30MHz$	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

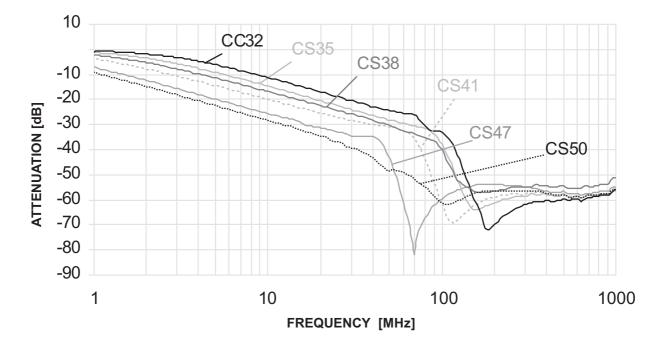
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 300 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}									
Filter Code	Cap. [nF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CS32	2.4	2.77	0	3	7	16	21	25	56	53	49
CS35	3.6	1.8	0	7	11	20	24	32	51	50	50
CS38	5.7	1.23	0	9	13	22	27	33	48	47	43
CS41	7.8	0.79	1	12	16	24	27	55	51	52	50
CS47	13.6	0.450	5	17	22	30	39	53	49	51	49
CS50	19.7	0.330	7	20	25	34	44	55	50	51	49

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
 (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
f ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ $30MHz$	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ $3GHz$

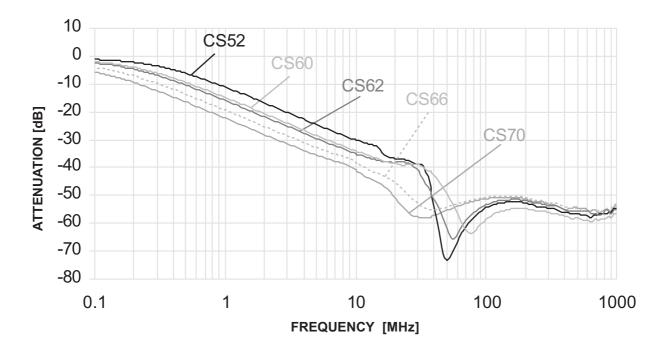
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

		f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code		[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
CS52	25	256	9	22	27	35	60	49	49	51	49
CS60	39.8	142	12	26	31	36	45	53	50	52	50
CS62	43	125	13	27	31	37	56	48	48	49	48
CS66	66	98	17	30	34	49	51	45	47	49	48
CS70	94	94	20	33	37	50	50	45	47	48	46

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation









Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

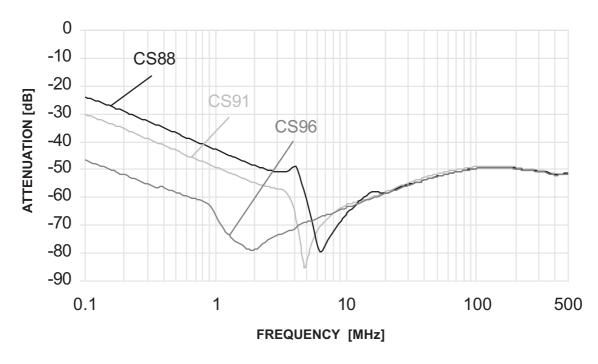
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \leq 30 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical f_{∞}	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code	Cap. [μF] (2)	[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	
CS88	0.94	6.5	40	54	61	50	47	42	44	44	
CS91	2	3.1	46	73	57	49	46	41	42	42	
CS96	20	0.35	62	65	59	51	48	43	44	45	

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ f ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

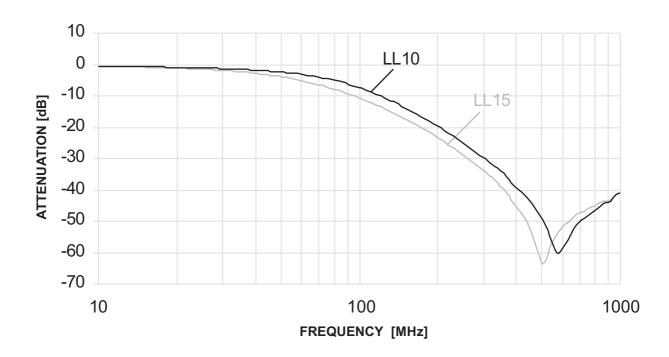
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{MHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	Typical f_{co}		Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code (*)	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000	
LL10	82	54.3	0	0	0	0	0	2	24	42	31	
LL15	120	42.5	0	0	0	0	0	5	29	45	31	

- (*) For J filter replace LL with JJ
- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation









Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 3MHz$.

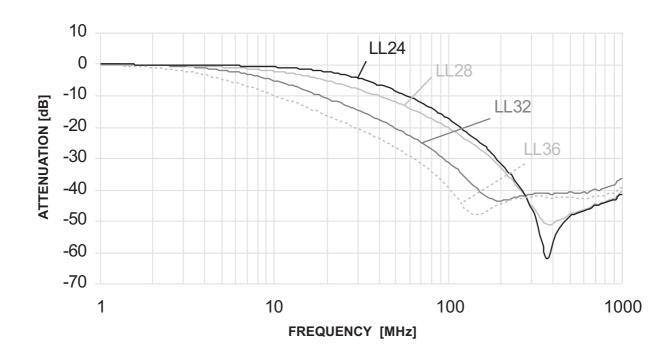
Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code (*)	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
LL24	220	23.3	0	0	0	1	5	12	40	42	33
LL28	470	12.6	0	0	0	4	8	14	38	40	31
LL32	1000	6.85	0	0	1	11	17	25	36	35	28
LL36	1800	3.7	0	2	6	17	23	33	37	34	31

(*) For J filter replace LL with JJ

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
f ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ $3GHz$

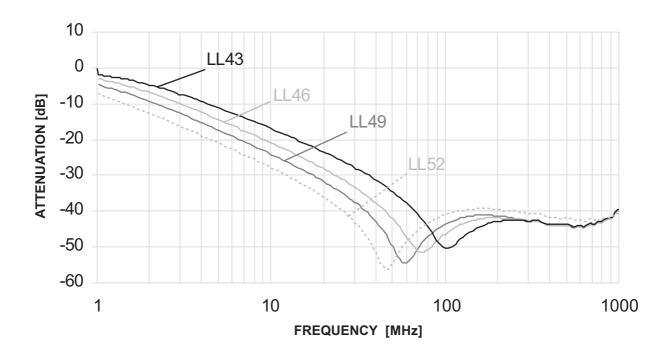
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 300 \text{KHz}$.

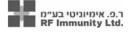
Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	cal fco	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code (*)	Cap. [nF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
LL43	4.7	1.4	0	8	13	24	31	44	37	38	31
LL46	6.8	0.975	0	12	17	30	39	41	37	38	31
LL49	10	0.690	2	15	21	34	44	38	36	38	30
LL52	15	0.46	5	18	24	39	50	36	35	36	31

- (*) For J filter replace LL with JJ
- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF	
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	$3MHz \le f \le 30MHz$	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 3GHz	

Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{KHz}$.

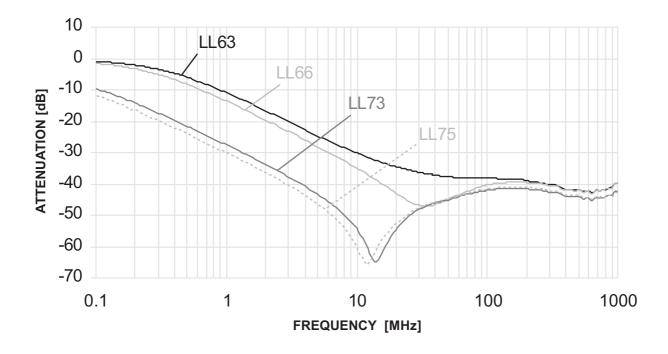
Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code (*)	Cap. [nF] (2)	[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
LL63	22	265	8	22	25	30	31	31	34	36	30
LL66	33	179	11	26	31	42	41	35	35	37	31
LL73	180	38	25	40	50	44	40	35	36	37	34
LL75	220	31	28	44	56	43	40	35	36	38	32

(*) For J filter replace LL with JJ

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation





Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	$3MHz \le f \le 30MHz$	30MHz ≤ f ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

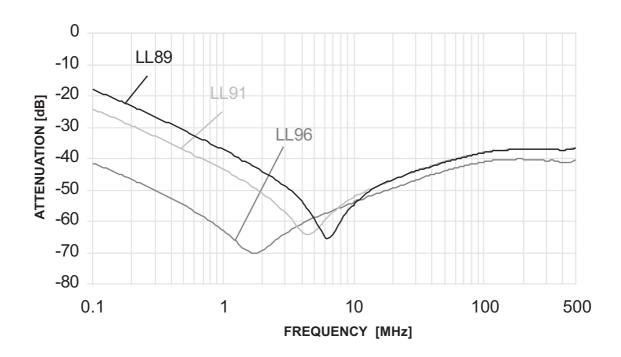
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \leq 30 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code (*)	Cap. [μF] (2)	[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	
LL89	0.47	11.5	35	55	51	40	38	33	32	31	
LL91	1	6.2	41	60	40	40	37	32	31	31	
LL96	10	0.68	60	55	49	42	39	34	34	33	

- (*) For J filter replace LL with JJ
- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation









Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ $30MHz$	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

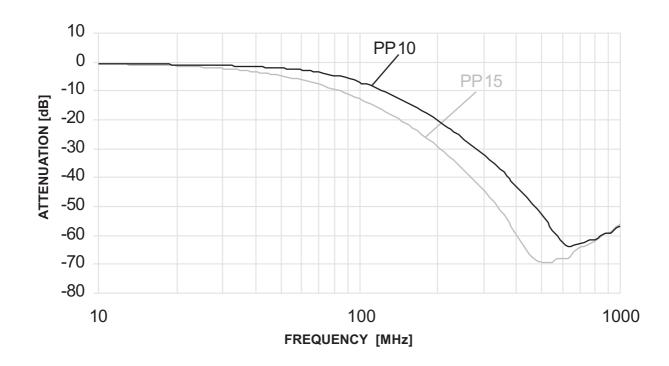
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{MHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical										
Filter Code	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
PP10	94	62.7	0	0	0	0	0	1	26	46	52
PP15	164	36.2	0	0	0	0	1	7	39	62	51

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ 3 0MHz	30MHz ≤ f ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

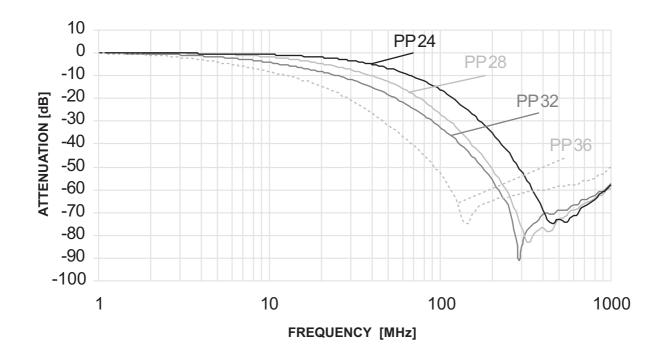
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 3 \text{MHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)									
Filter Code	Cap. [pF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000	
PP24	240	28.1	0	0	0	0	3	10	45	63	50	
PP28	440	14.5	0	0	0	4	9	20	67	65	54	
PP32	940	7.7	0	0	1	8	15	27	66	60	46	
PP36	2000	3.9	0	2	5	17	28	47	56	53	45	

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
 (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ 30MHz	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

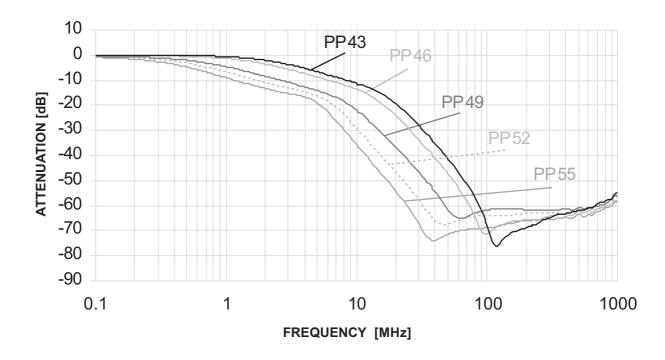
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 300 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)									
Filter Code	Cap. [nF] (2)	[MHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000	
PP43	3	2.5	0	4	7	23	35	58	57	54	47	
PP46	4.4	1.74	0	6	10	30	44	55	58	55	52	
PP49	9.4	0.677	2	11	18	43	57	55	56	55	49	
PP52	13.6	0.470	4	14	25	54	62	57	57	56	48	
PP55	20	0.325	6	16	32	62	66	60	58	57	49	

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation







Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ f ≤ 300 KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ $30MHz$	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

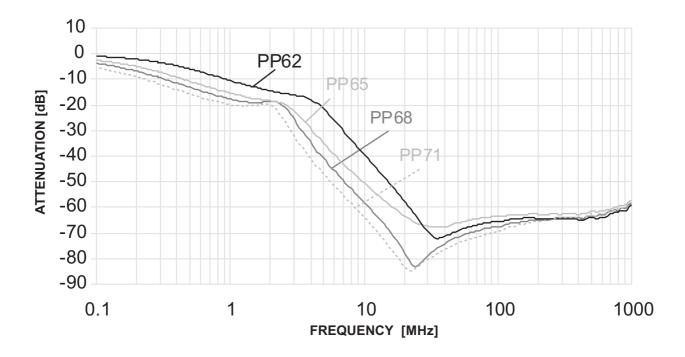
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \ge 30 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code	Cap. [nF] (2)	[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	1000
PP62	24	265	8	19	36	63	64	59	59	58	54
PP65	44	118	13	31	45	59	60	57	57	56	52
PP68	66	99	15	38	54	73	68	62	58	57	53
PP71	94	75	17	45	60	72	68	63	58	57	53

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation









Audio	LF	MF	HF	VHF	UHF
<i>f</i> ≤ 30KHz	30KHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300KHz	300KHz ≤ f ≤ 3MHz	3MHz ≤ f ≤ $30MHz$	30MHz ≤ <i>f</i> ≤ 300MHz	300MHz ≤ f ≤ 3GHz

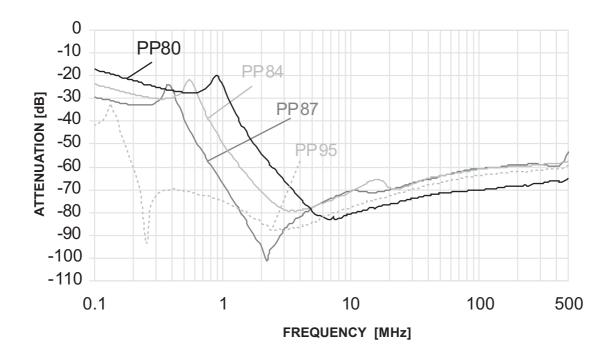
Typical cutoff frequency (-3dB) $f_{co} \leq 30 \text{KHz}$.

Minimum Attenuation

	Typical	f_{co}	Min. Attenuation [dB] VS. Frequency [MHz] (1)								
Filter Code	Cap. [μF] (2)	[KHz] Typical (3)	1	5	10	30	50	100	300	500	
PP80	0.44	12	22	76	76	68	65	60	59	58	
PP84	0.94	6.5	47	75	67	63	60	55	52	50	
PP87	2	3.2	62	73	65	61	58	53	52	49	
PP95	20	0.35	72	74	71	64	60	55	53	52	

- (1) Measured in 50Ω system according to MIL-STD -220, no load.
- (2) Capacitance tolerance: ±20%. For other capacitor values, contact the sales.
- (3) For estimation of the filter cut off frequency in non-50 Ω system please refer to the design notes.

Typical measured filter attenuation





0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection

Electrical Characteristics

Transient Protection Code	Working Voltage [Vɒc]	Maximum Breakdown Voltage [V]	Clamping Voltage [V]	Maximum Leakage Current [μΑ@Vɒc]	Transient Energy [J]	Maximum Capacitance [pF] (1)
ZA03	3.3	6.25	13.2	120	0.1	2175
ZA05	5.6	10.63	19.8	42	0.1	1650
ZA09	9.0	15.24	24.2	30	0.1	1125
ZA14	14	21.64	35.2	22.5	0.1	900
ZA18	18	28.75	46.2	12	0.1	525
ZA26	26	39.67	66	12	0.1	233
ZA30	30	47.15	73.7	12	0.1	188

⁽¹⁾ Measured at 0.5V _{RMS} @1KHz

0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection

Transient Protection Code	Working Voltage [Vɒc]	Maximum Breakdown Voltage [V]	Clamping Voltage [V]	Maximum Leakage Current [μΑ@Vɒc]	Transient Energy [J]	Maximum Capacitance [pF] (1)
ZC03	3.3	6.25	13.2	120	0.3	7500
ZC05	5.6	10.63	19.8	42	0.3	4500
ZC14	14	21.64	35.2	22.5	0.3	1350
ZC18	18	28.75	46.2	12	0.3	825
ZC26	26	39.67	66	12	0.3	375

⁽¹⁾ Measured at $0.5V_{RMS}@1KHz$



Note: For higher energy Transient Protection, contact the sales.



C Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection

	C Filt	ter and 0.1J Bi	idirectional Trai	nsient Protecti	on Code. Typic	al Capacitance	[nF]		
Filter Code Cap. [nF]	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)								
(1)	ZA03 2.175	ZA05 1.65	ZA09 1.125	ZA14 0.9	ZA18 0.525	ZA26 0.233	ZA30 0.188		
CC08									
0.047									
CC12 0.1									
CC18									
0.12									
CC23									
0.18									
CC33									
0.33									
CC36						YA01	YA02		
0.47						0.703	0.658		
CC39						YA03	YA04		
1						1.233	1.188		
CC42				YA05	YA06	YA07	YA08		
2.2				3.1	2.725	2.433	2.388		
CC45		YA9	YA10	YA11	YA12	YA13	YA14		
3.9		5.55	5.025	4.8	4.425	4.133	4.088		
CC54	YA15	YA16	YA17	YA18	YA19	YA20	YA21		
4.7	6.875	6.35	5.825	5.6	5.225	4.933	4.888		
CC58	YA22	YA23	YA24	YA25	YA26	YA27	YA28		
6.8	8.975	8.45	7.925	7.7	7.325	7.033	6.988		
CC62 10	YA29	YA30	YA31	YA32	YA33	YA34	YA35		
CC66	12.175	11.65	11.125	10.9	10.525	10.233	10.188		
15	YA36 17.175	YA37	YA38	YA39	YA40 15.525	YA41 15.233	YA42		
	17.175 YA43	16.65 YA44	16.125 YA45	15.9 YA46	15.525 YA47	15.233 YA48	15.188 YA49		
CC72 33	35.175	YA44 34.65	34.125	33.9	33.525	33.233	33.188		
CC74		34.65 YA51	YA52	33.9 YA53					
47	YA50 49.175	48.65	48.125	47.9	YA54 47.525	YA55 47.233	YA56 47.188		
CC76	49.175 YA57	48.65 YA58	48.125 YA59	47.9 YA60	47.525 YA61	47.233 YA62	47.188 YA63		
100	102.175	101.65	101.125	100.9	100.525	100.233	100.188		
CC78	YA64	YA65	YA66	YA67	YA68	YA69	YA70		
220	222.175	221.65	221.125	220.9	220.525	220.233	220.188		

⁽¹⁾ Refer to the attenuation on pages 33-37.

Example:

Assuming that a CC45 filter and a ZA14 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the CC45 row with the ZA14 column. The combined code is YA11. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 4.8nF.



⁽²⁾ Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Electrical Characteristics

C² Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection

	C² Fil	ter and 0.1J B	idirectional Tra	ınsient Protecti	ion Code. Typic	al Capacitance	e [nF]			
Filter Code Cap. [nF] (1)	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)									
	ZA03 2.175	ZA05 1.65	ZA09 1.125	ZA14 0.9	ZA18 0.525	ZA26 0.233	ZA30 0.188			
CS10										
0.164										
CS18										
0.267										
CS23						YB01	YB02			
0.66						0.893	0.848			
CS27						YB03	YB04			
0.94						1.173	1.128			
CS32			YB05	YB06	YB07	YB08	YB9			
2.4			3.525	3.3	2.925	2.633	2.588			
CS35		YB10	YB11	YB12	YB13	YB14	YB15			
3.6		5.25	4.725	4.5	4.125	3.833	3.788			
CS38	YB16	YB17	YB18	YB19	YB20	YB21	YB22			
5.7	7.875	7.35	6.825	6.6	6.225	5.933	5.888			
CS41	YB23	YB24	YB25	YB26	YB27	YB28	YB29			
7.8	9.975	9.45	8.925	8.7	8.325	8.033	7.988			
CS47	YB30	YB31	YB32	YB33	YB34	YB35	YB36			
13.6	15.775	15.25	14.725	14.5	14.125	13.833	13.788			
CS50	YB37	YB38	YB39	YB40	YB41	YB42	YB43			
19.7	21.875	21.35	20.825	20.6	20.225	19.933	19.888			
CS52	YB44	YB45	YB47	YB48	YB49	YB49	YB50			
25	27.175	26.65	26.125	25.9	25.525	25.233	25.188			
CS60	YB51	YB52	YB53	YB54	YB55	YB56	YB57			
39.8	41.975	41.45	40.925	40.7	40.325	40.033	39.988			
CS62	YB58	YB59	YB60	YB61	YB62	YB63	YB64			
43	45.175	44.65	44.125	43.9	43.525	43.233	43.188			
CS66	YB65	YB66	YB67	YB68	YB69	YB70	YB71			
66	68.175	67.65	67.125	66.9	66.525	66.233	66.188			
CS70	YB72	YB73	YB74	YB75	YB76	YB77	YB78			
94	96.175	95.65	95.125	94.9	94.525	94.233	94.188			

- (1) Refer to the attenuation on pages 38-42.
- (2) Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Example:

Assuming that a CS38 filter and a ZA14 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the CS38 row with the ZA14 column. The combined code is YB19. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 6.6nF.



L&J Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection

	L&J Filt	er and 0.1J Bi	directional Tra	nsient Protecti	on Code. Typic	al Capacitance	[nF] (*)			
Filter Code Cap. [nF] (1)	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)									
. ,	ZA03 2.175	ZA05 1.65	ZA09 1.125	ZA14 0.9	ZA18 0.525	ZA26 0.233	ZA30 0.188			
LL10 0.082										
LL15										
0.12 LL24										
0.22										
LL28						YC01	YC02			
0.47						0.703	0.658			
LL32						YC03	YC04			
1						1.233	1.188			
LL36				YC05	YC06	YC07	YC08			
1.8				2.7	2.325	2.033	1.988			
LL43	YC09	YC10	YC11	YC12	YC13	YC14	YC15			
4.7	6.875	6.35	5.825	5.6	5.225	4.933	4.888			
LL46	YC16	YC17	YC18	YC19	YC20	YC21	YC22			
6.8	8.975	8.45	7.925	7.7	7.325	7.033	6.988			
LL49 10	YC23 12.175	YC24 11.65	YC25 11.125	YC26 10.9	YC27 10.525	YC28 10.233	YC29 10.188			
LL52	YC30	YC31	YC32	10.9 YC33	10.525 YC34	10.233 YC35	YC36			
15	17.175	16.65	16.125	15.9	15.525	15.233	15.188			
LL63	YC37	YC38	YC39	YC40	YC41	YC42	YC43			
22	24.175	23.65	23.125	22.9	22.525	22.233	22.188			
LL66	YC44	YC45	YC46	YC47	YC48	YC49	YC50			
33	35.175	34.65	34.125	33.9	33.525	33.233	33.188			
LL73	YC51	YC52	YC53	YC54	YC55	YC56	YC57			
180	182.175	181.65	181.125	180.9	180.525	180.233	180.188			
LL75	YC58	YC59	YC60	YC61	YC62	YC63	YC64			
220	222.175	221.65	221.125	220.9	220.525	220.233	220.188			

- (*) For J filter replace YC with YD
 - (1) Refer to the attenuation on pages 43-47.
 - (2) Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Example:

Assuming that a LL46 filter and a ZA14 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the LL46 row with the ZA14 column. The combined code is YC19. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 7.7nF.

Electrical Characteristics

π Filter Combined with 0.1J Bidirectional Transient Protection

	π Filt	ter and 0.1J Bi	directional Tra	nsient Protectio	on Code. Typic	al Capacitance	e [nF]			
Filter Code Cap. [nF] (1)	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)									
(1)	ZA03 2.175	ZA05 1.65	ZA09 1.125	ZA14 0.9	ZA18 0.525	ZA26 0.233	ZA30 0.188			
PP10										
0.094										
PP15										
0.164										
PP24 0.24										
PP28							YE01			
0.44							0.628			
PP32						YE02	YE03			
0.94						1.173	1.128			
PP36				YE04	YE05	YE06	YE07			
2				2.9	2.525	2.233	2.188			
PP43			YE08	YE09	YE10	YE11	YE12			
3			4.125	3.9	3.525	3.233	3.188			
PP46	YE13	YE14	YE15	YE16	YE17	YE18	YE19			
4.4	6.575	6.05	5.525	5.3	4.925	4.633	4.588			
PP49	YE20	YE21	YE22	YE23	YE24	YE25	YE26			
9.4	11.575	11.05	10.525	10.3	9.925	9.633	9.588			
PP52	YE27	YE28	YE29	YE30	YE31	YE32	YE33			
13.6	15.775	15.25	14.725	14.5	14.125	13.833	13.788			
PP55	YE34	YE35	YE36	YE37	YE38	YE39	YE40			
20	22.175	21.65	21.125	20.9	20.525	20.233	20.188			
PP62	YE41	YE42	YE43	YE44	YE45	YE46	YE47			
24	26.175	25.65	25.125	24.9	24.525	24.233	24.188			
PP65	YE48	YE49	YE50	YE51	YE52	YE53	YE54			
44	46.175	45.65	45.125	44.9	44.525	44.233	44.188			
PP68	YE55	YE56	YE57	YE58	YE59	YE60	YE61			
66	68.175	67.65	67.125	66.9	66.525	66.233	66.188			
PP71	YE62	YE63	YE64	YE65	YE66	YE67	YE68			
94	96.175	95.65	95.125	94.9	94.525	94.233	94.188			
PP80	YE69	YE70	YE71	YE72	YE73	YE74	YE75			
440	442.175	441.65	441.125	440.9	440.525	440.233	440.188			

- (1) Refer to the attenuation on pages 48-52.
- (2) Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Example:

Assuming that a PP46 filter and a ZA14 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the PP46 row with the ZA14 column. The combined code is YE16. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 5.3nF.



C Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection

	C Filter and	0.3J Bidirectional T	ransient Protection	Code. Typical Cap	acitance [nF]			
Filter Code Cap. [nF] (1)	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)							
(.,	ZC03 7.5	ZC05 4.5	ZC14 1.35	ZC18 0.825	ZC26 0.375			
CC08								
0.047								
CC12								
0.1								
CC18								
0.12								
CC23								
0.18								
CC33								
0.33								
CC36								
0.47								
CC39					YF01			
1					1.375			
CC42				YF02	YF03			
2.2				3.025	2.575			
CC45			YF04	YF05	YF06			
3.9			5.25	4.725	4.275			
CC54			YF07	YF08	YF09			
4.7			6.05	5.525	5.075			
CC58			YF10	YF11	YF12			
6.8			8.15	7.625	7.175			
CC62		YF13	YF14	YF15	YF16			
10		14.5	11.35	10.825	10.375			
CC66	YF17	YF18	YF19	YF20	YF21			
15	22.5	19.5	16.35	15.825	15.375			
CC72	YF22	YF23	YF24	YF25	YF26			
33	40.5	37.5	34.35	33.825	33.375			
CC74	YF27	YF28	YF29	YF30	YF31			
47	54.5	51.5	48.35	47.825	47.375			
CC76	YF32	YF33	YF34	YF35	YF36			
100	107.5	104.5	101.35	100.825	100.375			
CC78	YF37	YF38	YF39	YF40	YF41			
220	227.5	224.5	221.35	220.825	220.375			

- (1) Refer to the attenuation on pages 33-37.
- (2) Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Example:

Assuming that a CC72 filter and a ZC18 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the CC72 row with the ZC18 column. The combined code is YF25. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 33.825nF.





C² Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection

Electrical Characteristics

	C² Filte	r and 0.3J Transi	ent Protection Code	e. Typical Capacitan	ce [nF]				
Filter Code Cap. [nF] (1)	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)								
	ZC03 7.5	ZC05 4.5	ZC14 1.35	ZC18 0.825	ZC26 0.375				
CS10									
0.164									
CS18									
0.267									
CS23									
0.66									
CS27					YG01				
0.94				V000	1.315				
CS32				YG02	YG03				
2.4			V004	3.225	2.775				
CS35			YG04	YG05	YG06				
3.6			4.95	4.425	3.975				
CS38 5.7			YG07	YG08 6.525	YG09 6.075				
CS41			7.05 YG10	YG11	YG12				
7.8			9.15	8.625	8.175				
CS47		YG13	YG14	YG15	YG16				
13.6		18.1	14.95	14.425	13.975				
CS50	YG17	YG18	YG19	YG20	YG21				
19.7	27.2	24.2	21.05	20.525	20.075				
CS52	YG22	YG23	YG24	YG25	YG26				
25	32.5	29.5	26.35	25.825	25.375				
CS60	YG27	YG28	YG29	YG30	YG31				
39.8	47.3	44.3	41.15	40.625	40.175				
CS62	YG32	YG33	YG34	YG35	YG36				
43	50.5	47.5	44.35	43.825	43.375				
CS66	YG37	YG38	YG39	YG40	YG41				
66	73.5	70.5	67.35	66.825	66.375				
CS70	YG42	YG43	YG44	YG45	YG46				
94	101.5	98.5	95.35	94.825	94.375				

- (1) Refer to the attenuation on pages 38-42.
- (2) Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Example:

Assuming that a CS62 filter and a ZC18 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the CS62 row with the ZC18 column. The combined code is YG35. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 43.825nF.



L&J Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection

	L Filter and 0.3	J Bidirectional Tr	ransient Protection	Code. Typical Capa	citance [nF] (*)				
Filter Code Cap. [nF] (1)	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)								
` ,	ZC03 7.5	ZC05 4.5	ZC14 1.35	ZC18 0.825	ZC26 0.375				
LL10									
0.082									
LL15									
0.12									
LL24									
0.22									
LL28									
0.47									
LL32					YH01				
1					1.375				
LL36				YH02	YH03				
1.8				2.625	2.175				
LL43			YH04	YH05	YH06				
4.7			6.05	5.525	5.075				
LL46			YH07	YH08	YH09				
6.8			8.15	7.625	7.175				
LL49		YH10	YH11	YH12	YH13				
10	VIII	14.5	11.35	10.825	10.375				
LL52	YH14	YH15	YH16	YH17	YH18				
15	22.5	19.5	16.35	15.825	15.375				
LL63	YH19	YH20	YH21	YH22	YH23				
22	29.5	26.5	23.35	22.825	22.375				
LL66	YH24	YH25	YH26	YH27	YH28				
33 LL73	40.5 YH29	37.5 YH30	34.35 YH31	33.825 YH32	33.375 YH33				
		184.5	181.35	180.825					
180 LL75	187.5 YH34	YH35	YH36	YH37	180.375 YH38				
220	227.5	224.5	221.35	220.825	220.375				

- (*) For J filter replace YH with YJ
 - (1) Refer to the attenuation on pages 43-47.
 - (2) Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Example:

Assuming that a LL63 filter and a ZC18 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the LL63 row with the ZC18 column. The combined code is YH22. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 22.825nF.

π Filter Combined with 0.3J Bidirectional Transient Protection

Electrical Characteristics

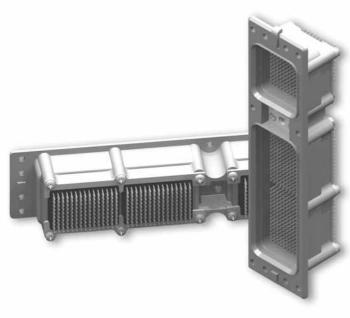
	π Filter and 0	.3J Bidirectional T	ransient Protection	Code. Typical Cap	acitance [nF]			
Filter Code Cap. [nF] (1)	Transient Protection Code. Capacitance [nF] (2)							
(-/	ZC03 7.5	ZC05 4.5	ZC14 1.35	ZC18 0.825	ZC26 0.375			
PP10								
0.094								
PP15								
0.164								
PP24 0.24								
PP28								
0.44								
PP32					YJ01			
0.94					1.315			
PP36				YJ02	YJ03			
2				2.825	2.375			
PP43			YJ04	YJ05	YJ06			
3			4.35	3.825	3.375			
PP46			YJ07	YJ08	YJ09			
4.4			5.75	5.225	4.775			
PP49		YJ10	YJ11	YJ12	YJ13			
9.4		13.9	10.75	10.225	9.775			
PP52		YJ14	YJ15	YJ16	YJ17			
13.6		18.1	14.95	14.425	13.975			
PP55	YJ18	YJ19	YJ20	YJ21	YJ22			
20	27.5	24.5	21.35	20.825	20.375			
PP62	YJ23	YJ24	YJ25	YJ26	YJ27			
24	31.5	28.5	25.35	24.825	24.375			
PP65	YJ28	YJ29	YJ30	YJ31	YJ32			
44	51.5	48.5	45.35	44.825	44.375			
PP68	YJ33	YJ34	YJ35	YJ36	YJ37			
66	73.5	70.5	67.35	66.825	66.375			
PP71	YJ38	YJ39	YJ40	YJ41	YJ42			
94	101.5	98.5	95.35	94.825	94.375			
PP80	YJ43	YJ44	YJ45	YJ46	YJ47			
440	447.5	444.5	441.35	440.825	440.375			

- (1) Refer to the attenuation on pages 48-52.
- (2) Refer to the characteristics on page 53.

Example:

Assuming that a PP62 filter and a ZC18 transient protection are selected for all the connector contacts, the combined code can be extracted by finding the intersection of the PP62 row with the ZC18 column. The combined code is YJ26. The typical capacitance of the combined filter is 24.825nF.





ARINC 600, Rack & Panel connector Series, feature low insertion force contacts.

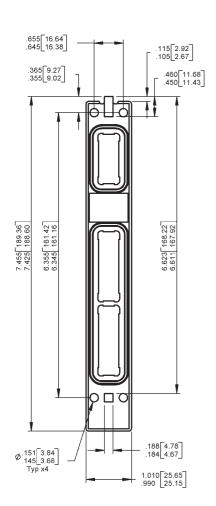
The ARINC 600 connectors are available both in environmental resistant and non- resistant versions.

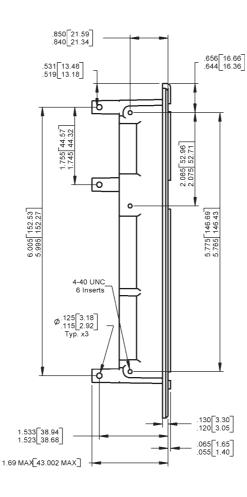
The series uses contact sizes of #1, #8, #12, #16, #20, #22 and Coax sizes of (#1, #5, #8).

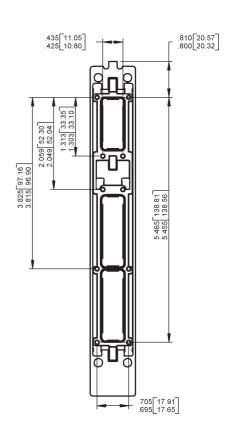
The connectors are available in 3 sizes: size 1 (low profile) and size 2 with 3 gangs only while size 3 comprises 6 gangs (the maximum number of contacts of # 22 is 800).

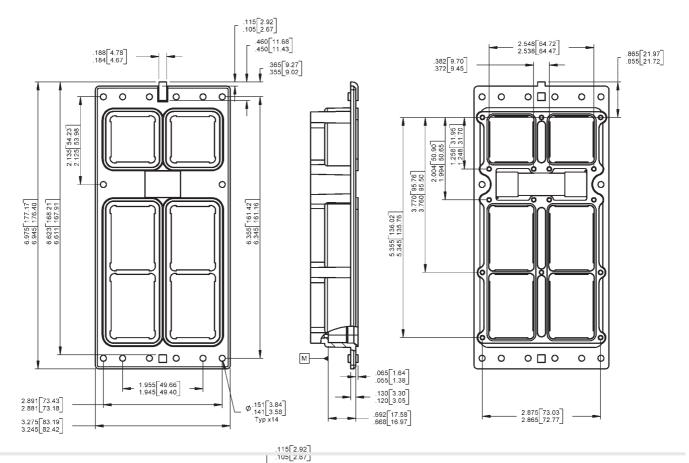
The ARINC 600 connectors are used mainly in Avionic applications.

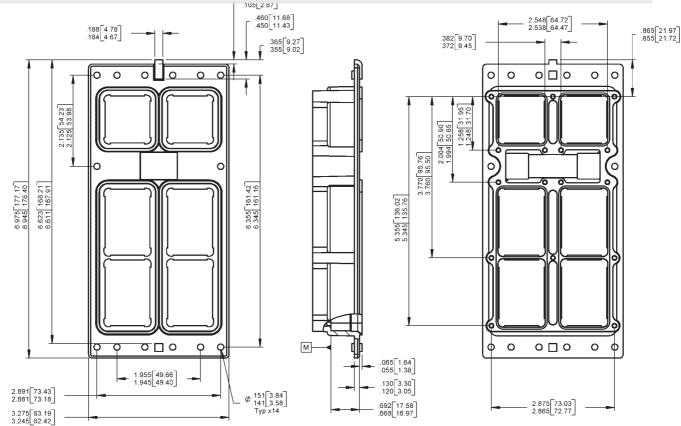
Filters and protection components are built in as fixed and/or replaceable modules. A diversity of filters and protection types as well as power line filters can be applied to meet RTCA specification.













The ARINC 404 connectors are one piece shell miniature rack and panel connectors. They are available in one, two, three and four gang versions with ARINC 404 standard shells.

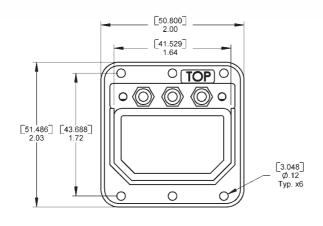
The shells are keystone shaped for polarization. The use of 3 hexagonal polarization posts provides up to 99 unique polarization positions.

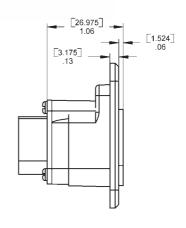
The plug and receptacle connectors can include RFI fingers for better conductivity. Receptacle gangs are available.

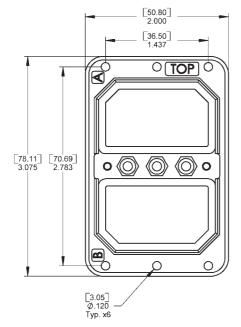
The series uses contact sizes of #4, #8, #12, #16, #20, #22, and Coax sizes (#5, #9, #11) Per MIL-C-81659

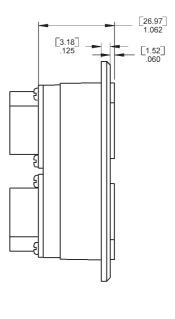
The ARINC 404 connectors are used mainly for Avionic applications.

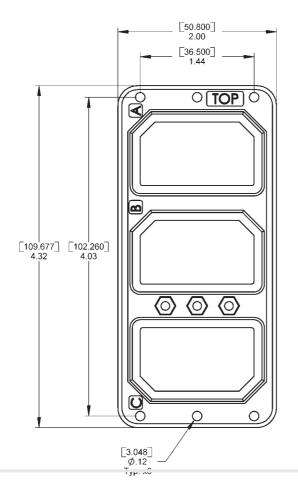
Filters and protection components are built in as fixed and/or replaceable modules. A diversity of filters and protection types as well as power line filters can be applied to meet RTCA specification.

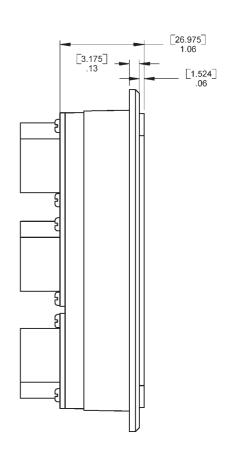


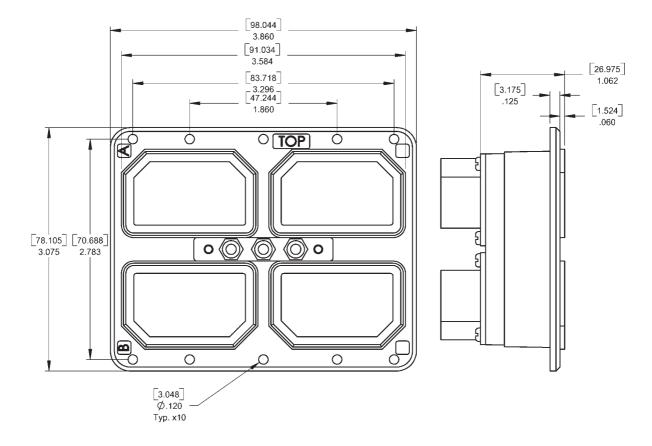












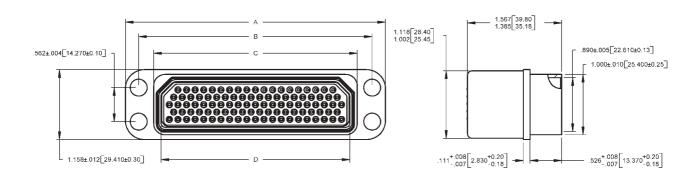


The DPK series rectangular connectors feature high performance environment-resistant.

The DPK connectors have up to 185 contacts with sizes of #22D, #20, #16 & #12 per MIL-C-83733.

The DPK connectors are used mainly in avionic applications. Filters and transient protection components are built in as constant and/or replaceable modules.

A diversity of filter and transient protection types and of power line filters can be applied to meet the stringent requirements of MIL-STD-461 and RTCA DO160D.



Shell Size	A Max	B Max	C Max	Ø D ± 0.2 [± .008]
DDKA	.979	.596/.590	.829	.625
DPKA	[24.87]	[15.14/14.99]	[21.06]	[15.88]
DDKD	1.104	.721/.715	.954	.750
DPKB	[28.05]	[18.03/18.16]	[24.24]	[19.05]

AUDIO



RF Immunity Ltd. is a leading provider of filtered audio connectors for military tactical ground communication systems.

The filtered audio connectors are exactly identical to the standard audio connectors in material, finish, electrical characteristics and in their capability to withstand hostile environment conditions. MIL-C-55116 compatible connectors with 5, 6 and 7 contacts are available in the same shell size. Miniature Audio Connector VBA series with 7 and 10 contacts that meets the VG 95351 and VG 96934 standards is also available.

PCB and Solder Cup contact terminations are offered.

Filter diversity combined with transient protection are available in a standard connector shell.

Mil-C-5015



These connectors accommodate contact sizes of 0 to 16 and shell sizes of 8 to 40.

Multiple interlock systems ensure permanent insert retention.

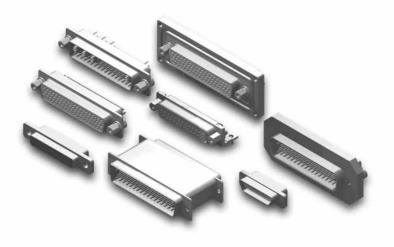
Complete environmental sealing is achieved by individually sealing the connector inner components. The circular connector series includes a self-locking plug version.

These connectors are available with cadmium or nickel finished aluminum shells. Shells of passivated stainless steel are also available.

The connectors can mate with non-filtered connectors and are drop-in replacements for non-filtered connectors.

Non-standard filter connector body sizes and shapes and insert arrangements are available.

D-Type



The D-type filtered connector family features D-Sub STD density, High density, Combo and MDM connectors. We offer standard as well as custom design configurations in form of sealed or special shell design connectors for extreme environmental conditions.

The D-type product line also includes adapters in a variety of sizes and configurations. Our filtering solutions for these families are provided in form of C, L & PI section filters and can also contain transient protection all enclosed in the standard shell dimensions. Please refer to our D-Sub catalogue for more information.



A filtered connector for military applications, based on D38999/24 Jam Nut connector with a custom back shell. A power line filter and a signal line filter are enclosed in its housing with a high filter attenuation from 1kHz up to 1GHz



A filtered connector for ground mobile military applications based on D38999/24 Jam Nut connector with a custom low profile back shell (less than the standard connector depth). It contains 28V/12A power line filter, double L section filter with Fco=6kHz and a diversity of additional signal filters.



A filtered connector and an EMP protection for military applications with special back shell design.

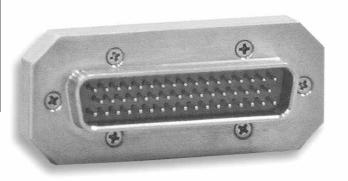
A 28V/10A Per MIL-STD-1275 power line filter and an EMP protection built in a low profile connector with the same depth as the standard one.



A 220V/5A/50-60Hz/ 1 phase power line filter for telecom and military applications, DM filters and CM filters. The filter has Fco= 1kHz combined with lightning transient protection (20 J Pulse energy). The filters are integrated in a D38999/24 Jam Nut connector with a special, extended back shell.



A custom design connector developed by R.F. Immunity with an EMI filter for use in military applications. It features easy and quick mating and disconnecting and contains PI filters for frequencies ranging from 10kHz to 1GHz.



A hermetically sealed filtered connector based on D-Type 50 pin cavity. It is designed to meet extreme environmental conditions. A PI section filter is enclosed within similar dimensions of a standard D-Type connector.



A hermetically sealed filter plate interface for armed mobile military applications. It contains a 20A power line and signal line feed through filters.



A 10A DC power line feed through filter for DC and/or Control lines, a PI filter operating at frequency range of up to 1GHz.



A 40A DC power line feed through filter for DC lines with operating voltage of up to 100V. It contains a double PI section filter operating at frequency range of up to 1GHz.

Design Notes

Brief Introduction to EMC

The concern of designers to product electromagnetic compatibility issues has dramatically increased in the recent years. Many different standards have been developed and released, and all electrical and electronics engineers are aware of different compatibility tests. Unfortunately, there are still a lot of designers that encounter difficulties when dealing with EMC, either with understanding the issue, or in solving the related problems.

So, what is EMC?

ElectroMagnetic Compatibility (EMC) is defined as the ability of a device or system to satisfactorily function (without errors) in the target electromagnetic environmental conditions.

Nowadays, various EMC standards define the permissible electromagnetic interaction between every system and its immediate environment. All electronic systems must be compatible to all other systems in the affected environment, in terms of EMC. This system compatibility must be proven by tests to be certified by the applicable EMC standard.

All these developments had lead to the emergence of a new engineering branch - the EMC engineering.

EMC engineering use analytical methods, design practices, test procedures, and solution hardware and components both to enable the system to function without errors in its target electromagnetic environment, and to prevent it from inflicting errors to any adjacent system. It also enables the system to meet the EMC control specifications limits.

EMC deals with 3 major components:

- The source of interference (noisy system or power supply), also called EMI source.
- The victim of interference (sensitive circuitry), also called EMI victim
- The coupling path.

EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) is defined as the electromagnetic emissions discharged by a device or a system that interfere with the normal operation of other devices or systems.

Electromagnetic compatibility problems are generally solved by identifying at least two of the above mentioned components and eliminating one of them.

Potential sources of electromagnetic compatibility problems include radio transmitters, power lines, electronic circuits, lightnings, lamp dimmers, electric motors, arc welders, solar flares and just about everything that utilizes or creates electromagnetic energy. Potential receptors include radio receivers, electronic circuits, appliances, people, and just about everything that utilizes or can detect electromagnetic energy. The way this electromagnetic energy is transferred from a source to a receptor fall into one of the following four categories.

- 1. Conductance (electric current)
- 2. Inductive coupling (magnetic field)
- 3. Capacitive coupling (electric field)
- 4. Radiation (electromagnetic field)

The coupling paths are often comprised of a complex combination of these routes, making the path difficult to be identified, even when the source and/or receptor are known. There may be multiple coupling paths, and steps taken to attenuate one may enhance another.

- Conducted noise is coupled between components through interconnecting wires such as power supply and ground lines.
 Common impedance coupling is caused when currents from two or more circuits flow through the same impedance such as power supply and ground lines.
- Radiated electromagnetic field coupling can be handled in one
 of the following ways: in the near field, E and H field couplings
 are handled separately. In the far field, the coupling is handled
 as a plane wave coupling.
- Electric field coupling is caused by the voltage difference between conductors. The coupling mechanism can be modeled by a capacitor.
- Magnetic field coupling is caused by the current flow in conductors.
 The coupling mechanism can be modeled by a transformer.

The most common methods used for noise reduction include proper circuit design, shielding, grounding, **filtering**, isolation, separation and orientation, circuit impedance match control, cable design, and other noise cancellation techniques.

RF Immunity gained extensive experience in developing and producing filter and transient protection connectors. We have a variety of off the shelf connectors similar in size to standard connectors, and we have the capacity to develop custom made filtering products that are fully compatible with the customer specifications and enable the customer system to be approved by compatibility tests.



EMI Standards

The requirements for control of EMI characteristics of systems and equipment are defined by specifications and standards.

The specifications and standards define the permissible interaction between the electromagnetic environment on the one hand, and systems and equipment on the other hand. Different standards are applied in different countries. US, European, British, Australian, Japanese and many other standards are in use in the corresponding countries, but they all fall into 2 major groups of EMI standards:

- 1. Military.
- 2. Commercial/Industrial.

Each group is divided into sub-groups, each of which deals with different types of equipment and environment: avionic, ground, navy, communications, etc.

The standard tests relate to 1 or both of the following major categories: conducted and radiated.

These 2 categories deal with emission and susceptibility interferences; it is presented as CE - for conducted emission, RE - for radiated emission, CS - conducted susceptibility and RS - for radiated susceptibility. Each section deals with different level of interference as well as different frequency range.

Herein are the details of a few well-known standards:

 A variety of commercial and industrial standards are in use, and in general, they are applicable to certain types of equipment. Few of these standards are listed in the following table.

Equipment	Standard	Description	Test
Household Appliances, Electric Tools and	EN 55014-1	EMC: Emission	CE, RE
similar Aparatus	EN 55014-2	EMC: Immunity	CS, RS
Information Technology Equipment	EN 55022	Radio Disturbance Characteristics - Limits and Methods of Measurement	CE, RE
miormation reciniology Equipment	EN 55024	Immunity Characteristics - Limits and Methods of Measurement	CS, RS
	EN 61000-4-2	Electrostatic Discharge Requirements	ESD
	EN 61000-4-3	Radiated, RF, Electromagnetic Field Immunity	RS
	EN 61000-4-4	Electrical Fast Transient/Burst Immunity Test	Transient
Testing and Measurement Techniques	EN 61000-4-5	Surge Immunity Tests	Lightning
	EN 61000-4-6	Immunity to Conducted Disturbances, Induced by RF Fields	CS

EUROCAE ED-14D/RTCA-DO-160D
 ENVIROMENTAL CONDITIONS AND TEST PROCEDURES FOR AIRBORNE EQUIPMENT

ENVIROME	EUROCAE ED-14D/RTCA-DO-160D ENVIROMENTAL CONDITIONS AND TEST PROCEDURES FOR AIRBORNE EQUIPMENT							
Section	Change	Description						
17	-	Voltage Spikes						
18	2	Audio Frequency Conducted Susceptibility						
10	2	Power Inputs						
19	-	Induced Signal Susceptibility						
20	1	Radio Frequency Susceptibility						
20	'	(Radiated and Conducted)						
21	-	Emission of Radio Frequency Energy						
22	3	Lightning Induced Transient Susceptibility						
23	-	Lightning Direct Effects						
25	-	Electrostatic Discharge						



 MIL-STD-461
 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INTERFACE STANDARD REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CONTROL OF ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE CHARACTERISTICS OF SUBSYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT

REQ	UIREMENTS FOR THE (OF DEFENSE INTERFA			BSYSTEMS AND EQUIP	MENT
	MIL - STD - 461C			MIL - STD - 461D			MIL - STD - 461E	
TEST	DESCRIPTION	FREQ	TEST	DESCRIPTION	FREQ	TEST	DESCRIPTION	FREQ
CE01	Power / Signal Leads	30 Hz- 15 kHz	CE101	Power Leads	30 Hz- 10 kHz	CE101	Power Leads	30 Hz- 10 kHz
CE03	Power / Signal Leads	15 kHz- 50 MHz	CE102	Power Leads	10 kHz- 10 MHz	CE102	Power Leads	10 kHz- 10 MHz
CE06	Antenna Terminal	10 kHz- 26 GHz	CE106	Antenna Terminal	10 kHz- 40GHz	CE106	Antenna Terminal	10 kHz 40GH
CE07	Power Leads	Spikes / Time Domain	N.A			N.A		
CS01	Power Leads	30 Hz- 50 kHz	CS101	Power Leads	30 Hz- 50 kHz	CS101	Power Leads	30 Hz- 150 kH
CS02	Power Leads	50 kHz- 400 MHz						
CS03	Intermodulation	15 kHz- 10 GHz	CS103	Antenna Port- Intermodulation	15 kHz- 10 GHz	CS103	Antenna Port- Intermodulation	15 kHz 10 GHz
CS04	Undesired Sig. Rejection	30 Hz- 20 GHz	CS104	Antenna Port-Rej. of Undesired Sig.	30 Hz - 20 GHz	CS104	Antenna Port-Rej. of Undesired Sig.	30 Hz 20 GH
CS05	Cross Modulation	30 Hz - 20 GHz	CS105	Antenna Port- Cross Mod.	30 Hz- 20 GHz	CS105	Antenna Port- Cross Mod.	30 Hz- 20 GHz
CS06	Spikes, Power Leads		N.A			N.A		
CS07	Squelch Ckts							
CS09	Structure Common Mode Current	60 Hz- 100 kHz	N.A			N.A		
CS10	Damped Sinusoidal Transients (Terminals)	10 kHz- 100 MHz	N.A			N.A		
CS11	Damped Sinusoidal Transients (Cables)	10 kHz- 100 MHz	N.A			N.A		
RE01	Magnetic Field	30 Hz- 50 kHz	RE101	Magnetic Field	30 Hz- 100 kHz	RE101	Magnetic Field	30 Hz- 100 kH
RE02	Electric Field	14 kHz- 10 GHz	RE102	Electric Field	10 kHz- 18 GHz	RE102	Electric Field	10 kHz 18 GHz
RE03	Spurious & Harmonic	10 kHz- 40 GHz	RE103	Antenna Spurious & Harmonics	10 kHz- 40 GHz	RE103	Antenna Spurious & Harmonics	10 kHz 40 GH:
RS01	Magnetic Field, Equipment and Cables	30 Hz- 50 kHz	RS101	Magnetic Field	30 Hz- 100 kHz	RS101	Magnetic Field	30 Hz- 100 kH
RS02	Magnetic Induction, Equipment and Cables	Power line & Spike	N.A			N.A		

MIL-STD-461 DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE INTERFACE STANDARD REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CONTROL OF ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE CHARACTERISTICS OF SUBSYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT MIL - STD - 461C MIL - STD - 461D MIL - STD - 461E DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION TEST **FREQ TEST FREQ** TEST **FREQ** Electric Field, 14 kHz-10 kHz-2 MHz-RS03 Equipment and RS103 Electric Field RS103 Electric Field 40 GHz 40 GHz 40 GHz Cables Electromag. Transient Transient RS05 **Transients** RS105 Transients RS105 Transients Electromag. Field Electromag. Field Pulse Field 60 Hz-60 Hz-CS109 Structure Current CS109 Structure Current N.A 100 kHz 100 kHz 10 kHz-10 kHz-Bulk Cable Bulk Cable N.A CS114 CS114 400 MHz 200 MHz Injection Injection Bulk Cable **Bulk Cable** N.A CS115 Impulse CS115 Impulse Injection Injection Damp Sine Damp Sine Transients -10 kHz-Transients -10 kHz-N.A CS116 CS116 Cables, and 100 MHz Cables, and 100 MHz Power Leads Power Leads



Selecting filter Topology

Low pass passive filters are most commonly used to reduce EMI. There are several basic topologies of these filters -

C and C^2 , I, L, J, π , Double π (or Hi - Filter). Selecting the wrong filter topology may result in system oscillation and malfunction. Selecting the right filter topology is critical to significant EMI reduction and best system performance. The available RF Immunity filter topologies, performances and applications are described in the following table.

Note that an "in" label indicates connector front end and an "out" label indicates connector rear end.

Filter Topology Name	Filter Schem	Application	Theoretical f₀ (Cut off Frequency)	Theoretical Insertion Loss
C And C ²	In o Out	 The best performance is achieved when used with high impedance load and source Theoretical slope: -20 db/dec 	$f_{co} = \frac{1}{\pi RC}$	-20 db/dec
ı	In o C Out	 The best performance achieved when used with low impedance load and source Theoretical slope: -20 db/dec 	$f_{co} = \frac{R}{\pi L}$	-20db/dec
L	In Out	 The best performance is achieved when used with high impedance load and low impedance source Theoretical slope: -40 db/dec 	$f_{co} = \frac{1}{\pi \sqrt{LC}}$	-40 db/dec
J	In Out	 The best performance is achieved when used with low impedance load and high impedance source Theoretical slope: -40 db/dec 	$f_{co} = \frac{1}{\pi \sqrt{LC}}$	-40 db/dec
Pi	In Out	 The best performance is achieved when used with high impedance load and source Theoretical slope: -60 db/dec 	$f_{co} = \frac{1}{\pi\sqrt{2LC}}$	-60db/dec
Hi		 The best performance is achieved when used with high impedance load and source Theoretical slope: -120 db/dec 	$f_{co} = \frac{1}{\pi\sqrt{2LC}}$	-120 db/dec

Estimation of filter cut off frequency

Once the filter topology is selected, the filter Cut Off Frequency can be determined.

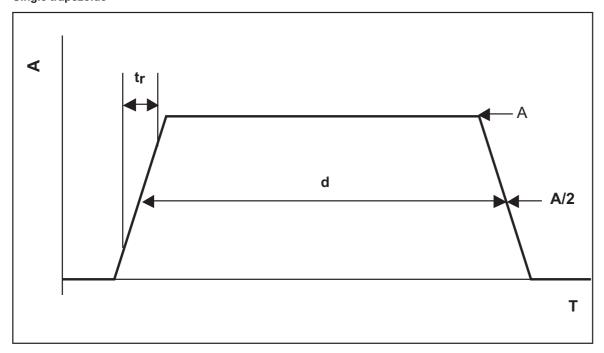
The filter cut off frequency is defined as the -3 db attenuation frequency. Attenuation -3 db means that half of the transmitted power is dissipated across the filter. The -3 db cut off frequency is considered to be the highest operation limit of the low pass filter range. The filter will attenuate dramatically all signals with frequency above the cut off frequency.

If the selected cut off frequency will be too low in comparison to the signal frequency and rise time, the filter will distort the signal shape. If it will be too high, undesired high frequency noise will be a part of the signal shape. Therefore the selection of the proper cut off frequency is crucial to the signal integrity.

To make the proper selection of the filter cut off frequency, the designer must estimate the spectrum of the signal.

The data pulse usually used in electronic systems is trapezoid in shape, with finite rise and fall times.

Single trapezoide

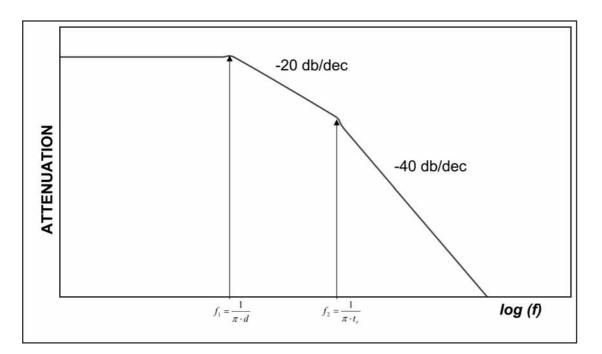


- A the pulse amplitude
- **d** the pulse duration; is the time interval in which the pulse value is higher than 50% of the amplitude
- t_r- the pulse rise time; is the required time for the signal to go from 10% to 90% of its amplitude.
 - Analyzing the pulse using the Fourier method, the following frequency domain graph is obtained.

The graph can help designers in estimating the spectrum of trapezoidal pulses.



Spectrum of trapezoidal data pulse



 f_1 - the first corner frequency ; f_2 - the second corner frequency

Please note, that the amplitude (dB) of the spectrum is different for a single data pulse and for a data pulse train, but the corner frequencies remain the same:

$$f_1 = \frac{1}{\pi \cdot d} \quad ; \quad f_2 = \frac{1}{\pi \cdot t_r}$$

The proper filter cut off frequency can be estimated by the following rule of thumb:

$$f_{co} = 10 \cdot f_2$$

where f_{co} is filter cut off frequency.

If an estimation of the cut off frequency is based on f_1 instead of f_2 , and/or the coefficient is selected smaller than 10; the resulting filtered signal could be distorted.

However in many cases the designer uses devices with very fast rise and fall times ($t_r \& t_f$) while the signal duration (d) is very long compared to the transition times. The t_r is not a critical factor in these cases. Slowing down the transition times ($t_r \& t_f$) at those designs is possible and actually can be a very good idea. So the estimated cut off frequency of the filter can be determined as follows:

$$f_{co} = (2 \div 3) \cdot f_2$$

When using both the filter and the transient protection on the similar signal line, the approximation of the common cut off frequency can be calculated using the equation of the C Filter presented on page 75 and assigning the total capacitance of the filter and the transient protection to that equation.

$$f_{co} = \frac{1}{\pi R C_T} \quad ; \quad C_T = C_F + C_{TP}$$

 C_T - Total Capacitance

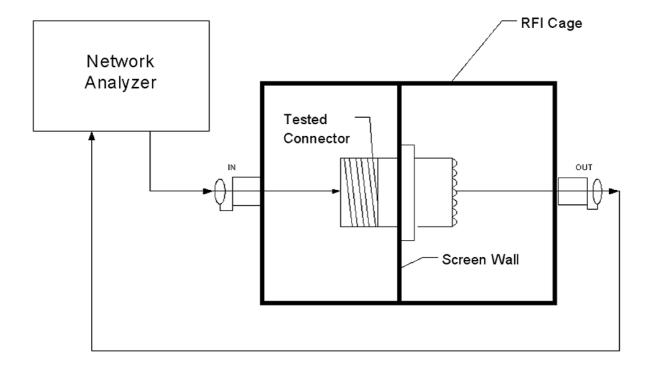
C_F - Typical Capacitance of the Filter

 C_{TP} - The Capacitance of Transient Protection

Measuring the Filter Performance

We measure filter performance in accordance with MIL-STD-220 with a 50Ω system and no load.

The test setup we use is as follows:



Filter performance in non-50 Ω system

If your system is not 50Ω matched, you can use the following formula for predicting the filter performance when used with other sources and/or load impedances.

Att. [db] =
$$log_{10}[1 + Z_SZ_L/(Z_{12}(Z_S + Z_L))]$$

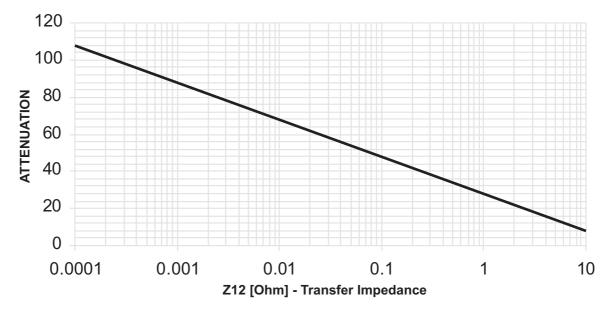
Z_S - Source Impedance

Z_L - Load Impedance

Z₁₂ - Transfer Impedance

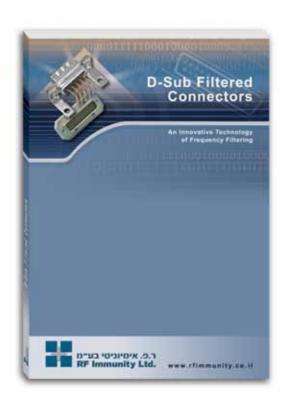
The transfer impedance Z₁₂ can be calculated using the following graph:

Attenuation VS. Transfer Impedance in 50 Ω System





Product Overview



D-Sub Filtered Connectors



Feed-Through Filters





COMPANY PRODUCT LINE:

- > D-Sub Filtered Connectors
- > Military Filtered Connectors
- > Feed-Through Filters

