CY7C1062DV33

16 Mbit (512K X 32) Static RAM

Features

- High speed
  - t_{AA} = 10 ns
- Low active power
  - I_{CC} = 175 mA at 10 ns
- Low CMOS standby power
  - I_{SB2} = 25 mA
- Operating voltages of 3.3 ± 0.3V
- 2.0V data retention
- Automatic power down when deselected
- TTL compatible inputs and outputs
- Easy memory expansion with $\overline{CE}_1$, $\overline{CE}_2$, and $\overline{CE}_3$ features
- Available in Pb-free 119-ball PBGA package

Functional Description

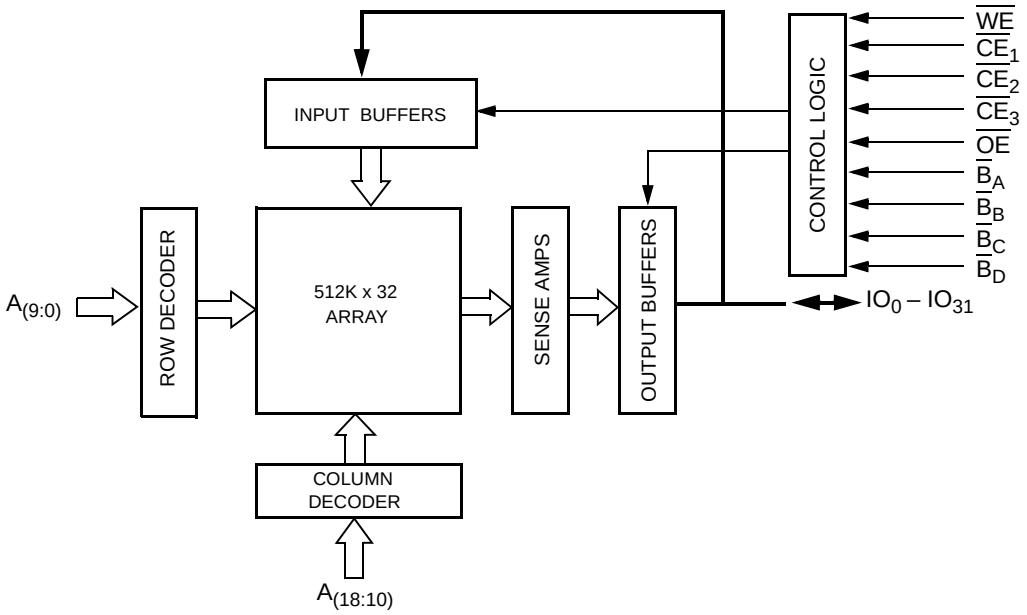
The CY7C1062DV33 is a high performance CMOS Static RAM organized as 524,288 words by 32 bits.

To write to the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{CE}_1$, $\overline{CE}_2$, and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW) and Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) input LOW. If Byte Enable A (B_A) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO_0 through IO_7) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{18}). If Byte Enable B (B_B) is LOW, then data from IO pins (IO_8 through IO_{15}) is written into the location specified on the address pins (A_0 through A_{18}). Likewise, B_C and B_D correspond with the IO pins IO_{16} to IO_{23} and IO_{24} to IO_{31}, respectively.

To read from the device, take Chip Enables ($\overline{CE}_1$, $\overline{CE}_2$, and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW) and Output Enable ($\overline{OE}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{WE}$) HIGH. If the first B_A is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on IO_0 to IO_7. If B_B is LOW, then data from memory appears on IO_8 to IO_{15}. Likewise, B_c and B_D correspond to the third and fourth bytes. See Truth Table on page 9 for a complete description of read and write modes.

The input and output pins (IO_0 through IO_{31}) are placed in a high impedance state when the device is deselected ($\overline{CE}_1$, $\overline{CE}_2$, or $\overline{CE}_3$ HIGH), the outputs are disabled ($\overline{OE}$ HIGH), the byte selects are disabled (B_{A-D} HIGH), or during a write operation ($\overline{CE}_1$, $\overline{CE}_2$ and $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW and $\overline{WE}$ LOW).

Logic Block Diagram



Selection Guide

Description	–10	Unit
Maximum Access Time	10	ns
Maximum Operating Current	175	mA
Maximum CMOS Standby Current	25	mA

Pin Configuration

Figure 1. 119-Ball PBGA (Top View) [1]

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
A	IO_{16}	A	A	A	A	A	IO_0
B	IO_{17}	A	A	$\overline{CE}_1$	A	A	IO_1
C	IO_{18}	$\overline{B}_c$	$\overline{CE}_2$	NC	$\overline{CE}_3$	$\overline{B}_a$	IO_2
D	IO_{19}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	IO_3
E	IO_{20}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	IO_4
F	IO_{21}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	IO_5
G	IO_{22}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	IO_6
H	IO_{23}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	IO_7
J	NC	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	NC
K	IO_{24}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	IO_8
L	IO_{25}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	IO_9
M	IO_{26}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	IO_{10}
N	IO_{27}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	IO_{11}
P	IO_{28}	V_{DD}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{SS}	V_{DD}	IO_{12}
R	IO_{29}	A	$\overline{B}_d$	NC	$\overline{B}_b$	A	IO_{13}
T	IO_{30}	A	A	$\overline{WE}$	A	A	IO_{14}
U	IO_{31}	A	A	$\overline{OE}$	A	A	IO_{15}

Note
1. NC pins are not connected on the die.

Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. These user guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature ..... –65°C to +150°C

Ambient Temperature with Power Applied ..... –55°C to +125°C

Supply Voltage on V_{CC} Relative to GND [2] ....–0.5V to +4.6V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State [2] ..... –0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V

DC Input Voltage [2] ..... –0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V

Current into Outputs (LOW) ..... 20 mA

Static Discharge Voltage..... .....>2001V (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)

Latch Up Current ..... >200 mA

Operating Range

Range	Ambient Temperature	V_{CC}
Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	3.3V ± 0.3V

DC Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions [3]	–10		Unit
			Min	Max	
V_{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OH} = –4.0 mA	2.4		V
V_{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	V_{CC} = Min, I_{OL} = 8.0 mA		0.4	V
V_{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage		2.0	V_{CC} + 0.3	V
V_{IL}	Input LOW Voltage [2]		–0.3	0.8	V
I_{IX}	Input Leakage Current	GND ≤ V_I ≤ V_{CC}	–1	+1	µA
I_{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	GND ≤ V_{OUT} ≤ V_{CC}, Output disabled	–1	+1	µA
I_{CC}	V_{CC} Operating Supply Current	V_{CC} = Max, f = f_{MAX} = $1/t_{RC}$ I_{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels		175	mA
I_{SB1}	Automatic CE Power Down Current— TTL Inputs	Max V_{CC}, $\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{IH}, V_{IN} ≥ V_{IH} or V_{IN} ≤ V_{IL}, f = f_{MAX}		30	mA
I_{SB2}	Automatic CE Power Down Current—CMOS Inputs	Max V_{CC}, $\overline{CE}$ ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V, V_{IN} ≥ V_{CC} – 0.3V, or V_{IN} ≤ 0.3V, f = 0		25	mA

Note
2. V_{IL} (min) = –2.0V and V_{IH}(max) = V_{CC} + 2V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
3. $\overline{CE}$ indicates a combination of all three chip enables. When active LOW, $\overline{CE}$ indicates the $\overline{CE_1}$, $\overline{CE_2}$, and $\overline{CE_3}$ LOW. When HIGH, $\overline{CE}$ indicates the $\overline{CE_1}$, $\overline{CE_2}$, or $\overline{CE_3}$ HIGH.

Capacitance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	T_A = 25°C, f = 1 MHz, V_{CC} = 3.3V	8	pF
C_{OUT}	IO Capacitance		10	pF

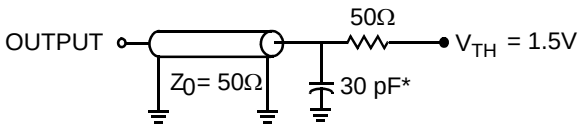
Thermal Resistance

Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	119-Ball PBGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Ambient)	Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four layer printed circuit board	20.31	°C/W
Θ_{JC}	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		8.35	°C/W

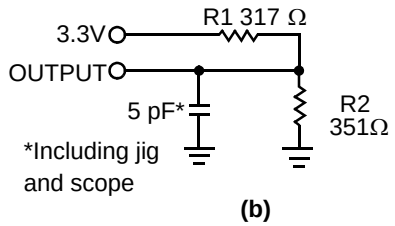
AC Test Loads and Waveforms

The AC test loads and waveform diagram follows. [4]

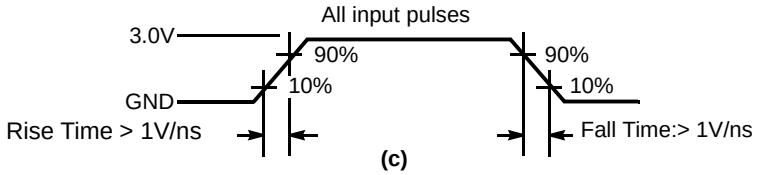


(a)

*Capacitive Load consists of all components of the test environment



(b)



(c)

Note

4. Valid SRAM operation does not occur until the power supplies have reached the minimum operating V_{DD} (3.0V). 100µs (t_{power}) after reaching the minimum operating V_{DD}, normal SRAM operation begins including reduction in V_{DD} to the data retention (V_{CCDR}, 2.0V) voltage.

AC Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range [5]

Parameter	Description	–10		Unit
		Min	Max	
Read Cycle				
t_{power}	V_{CC} (Typical) to the First Access [6]	100		µs
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	10		ns
t_{AA}	Address to Data Valid		10	ns
t_{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	3		ns
t_{ACE}	$\overline{CE}$ Active LOW to Data Valid [3]		10	ns
t_{DOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Data Valid		5	ns
t_{LZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ LOW to Low Z [7]	1		ns
t_{HZOE}	$\overline{OE}$ HIGH to High Z [7]		5	ns
t_{LZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ Active LOW to Low Z [3, 7]	3		ns
t_{HZCE}	$\overline{CE}$ Deselect HIGH to High Z [3, 7]		5	ns
t_{PU}	$\overline{CE}$ Active LOW to Power Up [3, 8]	0		ns
t_{PD}	$\overline{CE}$ Deselect HIGH to Power Down [3, 8]		10	ns
t_{DBE}	Byte Enable to Data Valid		5	ns
t_{LZBE}	Byte Enable to Low Z [7]	1		ns
t_{HZBE}	Byte Disable to High Z [7]		5	ns
Write Cycle[9, 10]				
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	10		ns
t_{SCE}	$\overline{CE}$ Active LOW to Write End [3]	7		ns
t_{AW}	Address Setup to Write End	7		ns
t_{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		ns
t_{SA}	Address Setup to Write Start	0		ns
t_{PWE}	$\overline{WE}$ Pulse Width	7		ns
t_{SD}	Data Setup to Write End	5.5		ns
t_{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		ns
t_{LZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ HIGH to Low Z [7]	3		ns
t_{HZWE}	$\overline{WE}$ LOW to High Z [7]		5	ns
t_{BW}	Byte Enable to End of Write	7		ns

Notes

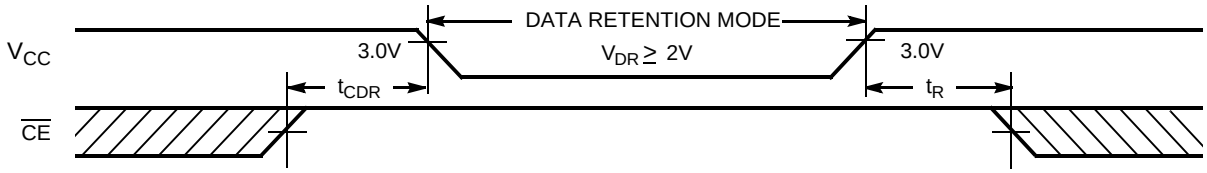
5. Test conditions assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5V, and input pulse levels of 0 to 3.0V. Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading as shown in (a) of AC Test Loads and Waveforms, unless specified otherwise.
6. t_{POWER} gives the minimum amount of time that the power supply is at typical V_{CC} values until the first memory access is performed.
7. t_{HZOE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{HZWE}, t_{HZBE}, t_{LZOE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{LZWE}, and t_{LZBE} are specified with a load capacitance of 5 pF as in (b) of AC Test Loads and Waveforms. Transition is measured ± 200 mV from steady state voltage.
8. These parameters are guaranteed by design and are not tested.
9. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of $\overline{CE}_1$ LOW, $\overline{CE}_2$ LOW, $\overline{CE}_3$ LOW and $\overline{WE}$ LOW. Chip enables must be active and $\overline{WE}$ must be LOW to initiate a write, and the transition of any of these signals terminate the write. The input data setup and hold timing are referenced to the leading edge of the signal that terminates the write.
10. The minimum write cycle time for Write Cycle No.2 ($\overline{WE}$ controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) is the sum of t_{HZWE} and t_{SD}.

Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

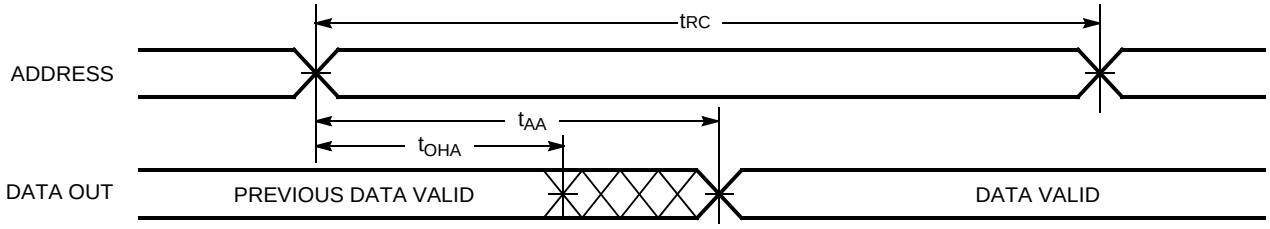
Parameter	Description	Conditions [3]	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V_{CC} for Data Retention		2			V
I_{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	V_{CC} = 2V, $\overline{CE} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, $V_{IN} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2V$, or $V_{IN} \leq 0.2V$			25	mA
t_{CDR} [11]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time		0			ns
t_R [12]	Operation Recovery Time		t_{RC}			ns

Data Retention Waveform



Switching Waveforms

Figure 2. Read Cycle No. 1 [13, 14]



Notes
11. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that affects these parameters.
12. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to $V_{CC(min)} \geq 50$ µs or stable at $V_{CC(min)} \geq 50$ µs
13. Device is continuously selected. $\overline{OE}$, $\overline{CE}$, $\overline{B_A}$, $\overline{B_B}$, $\overline{B_C}$, $\overline{B_D}$ = V_{IL}.
14. $\overline{WE}$ is HIGH for read cycle.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 3. Read Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{OE}$ Controlled) [3, 14, 15]

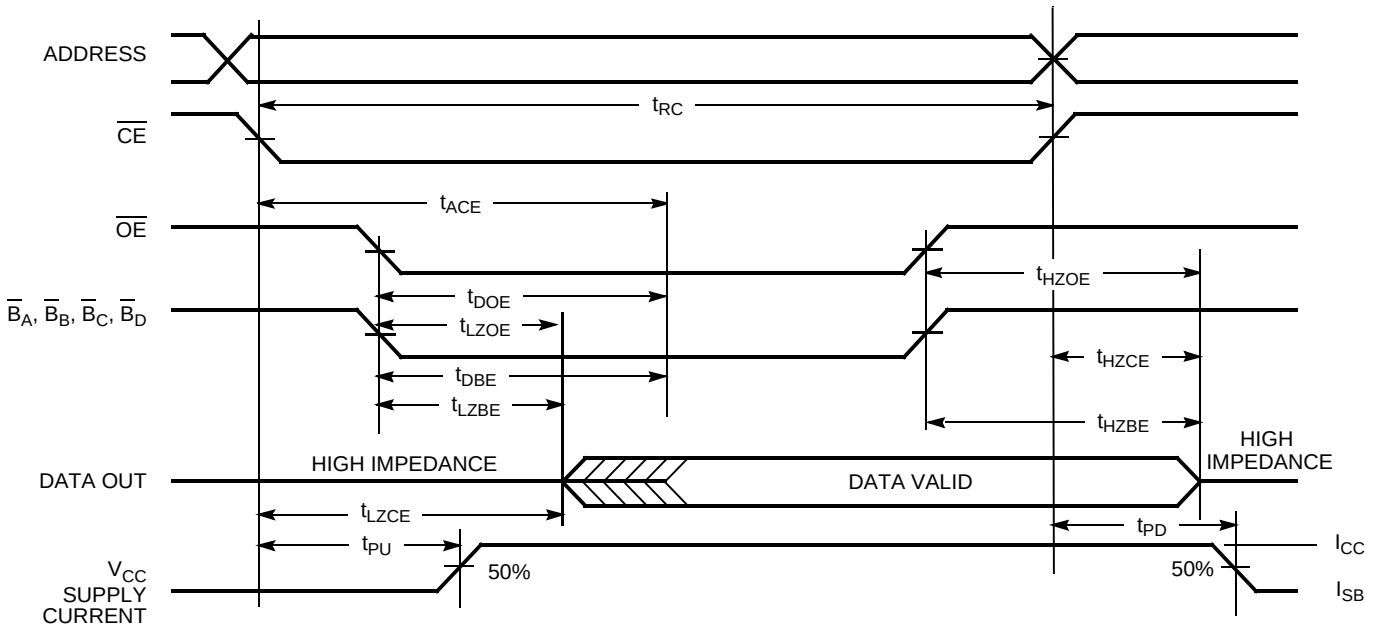
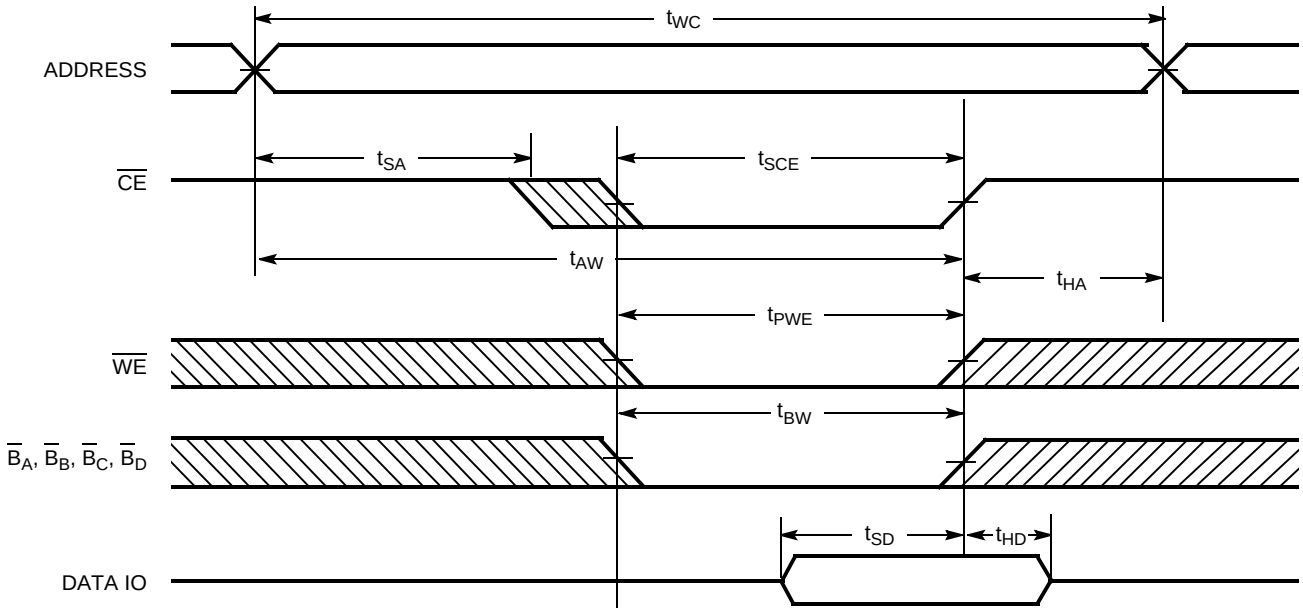


Figure 4. Write Cycle No. 1 ($\overline{CE}$ Controlled) [3, 15, 16, 17]



Notes
15. Address valid before or similar to $\overline{CE}$ transition LOW.
16. Data IO is high impedance if $\overline{OE}$ or $\overline{B}_A$, $\overline{B}_B$, $\overline{B}_C$, $\overline{B}_D$ = V_{IH}.
17. If $\overline{CE}$ goes HIGH simultaneously with $\overline{WE}$ going HIGH, the output remains in a high impedance state.

Switching Waveforms (continued)

Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{WE}$ Controlled, $\overline{OE}$ LOW) [3, 15, 16, 17]

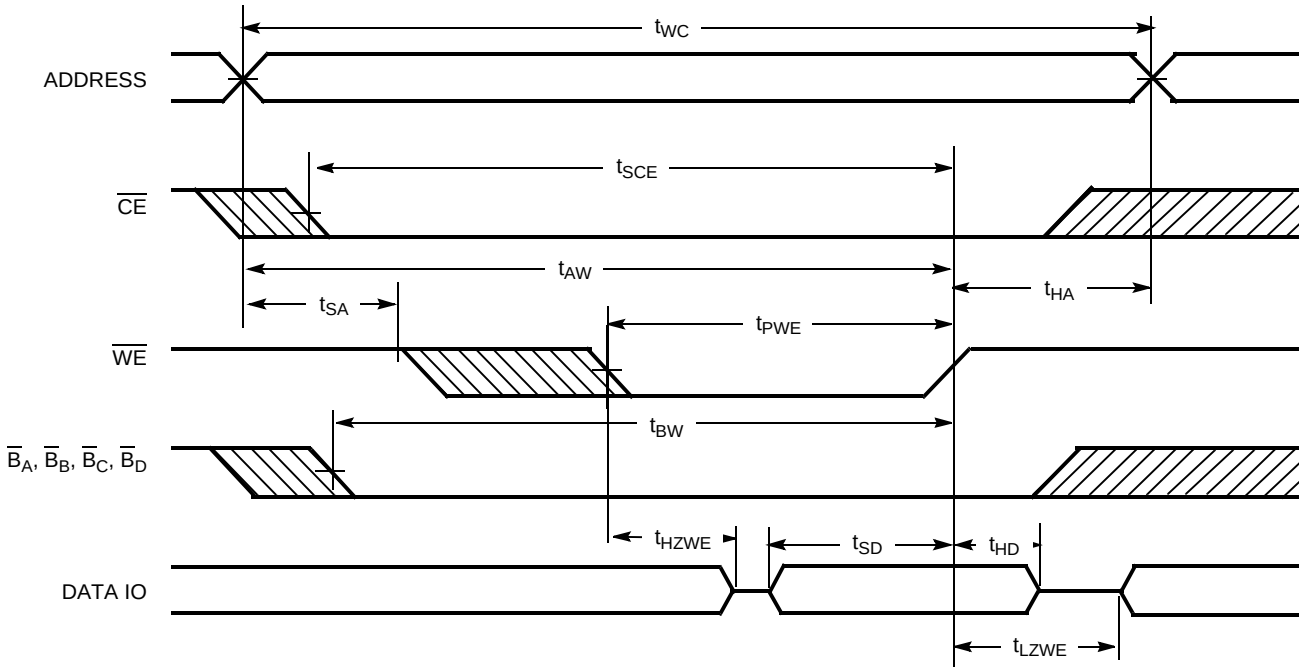
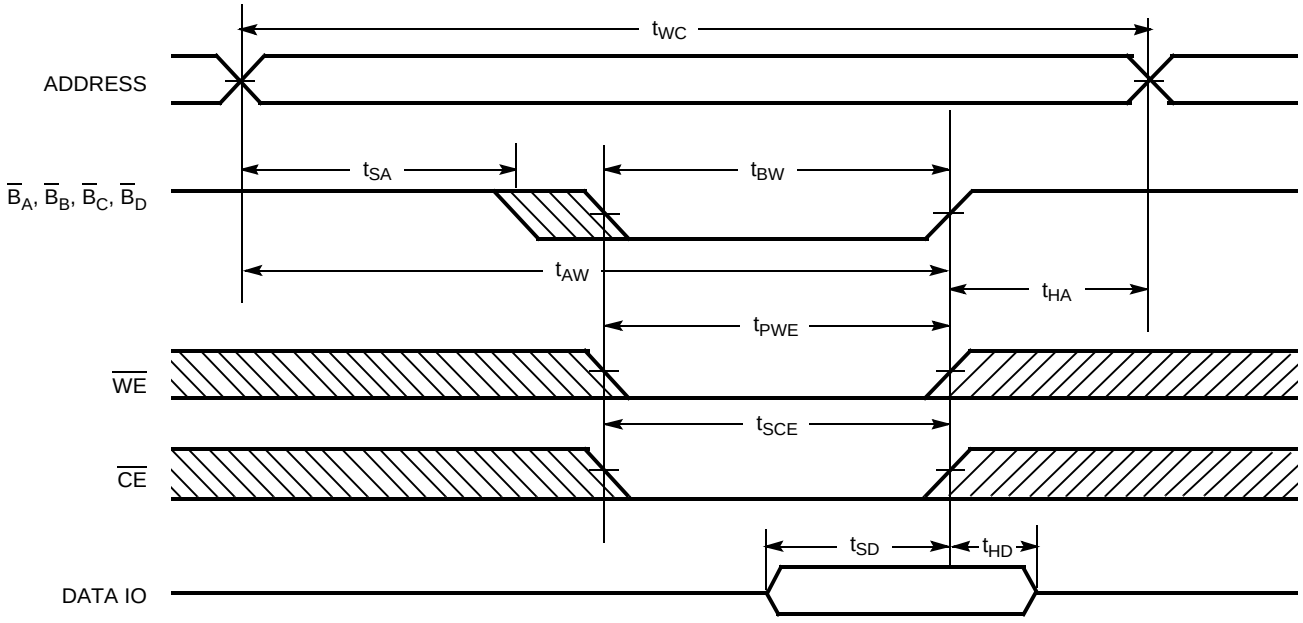


Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{B}_A$, $\overline{B}_B$, $\overline{B}_C$, $\overline{B}_D$ Controlled) [3]



Truth Table

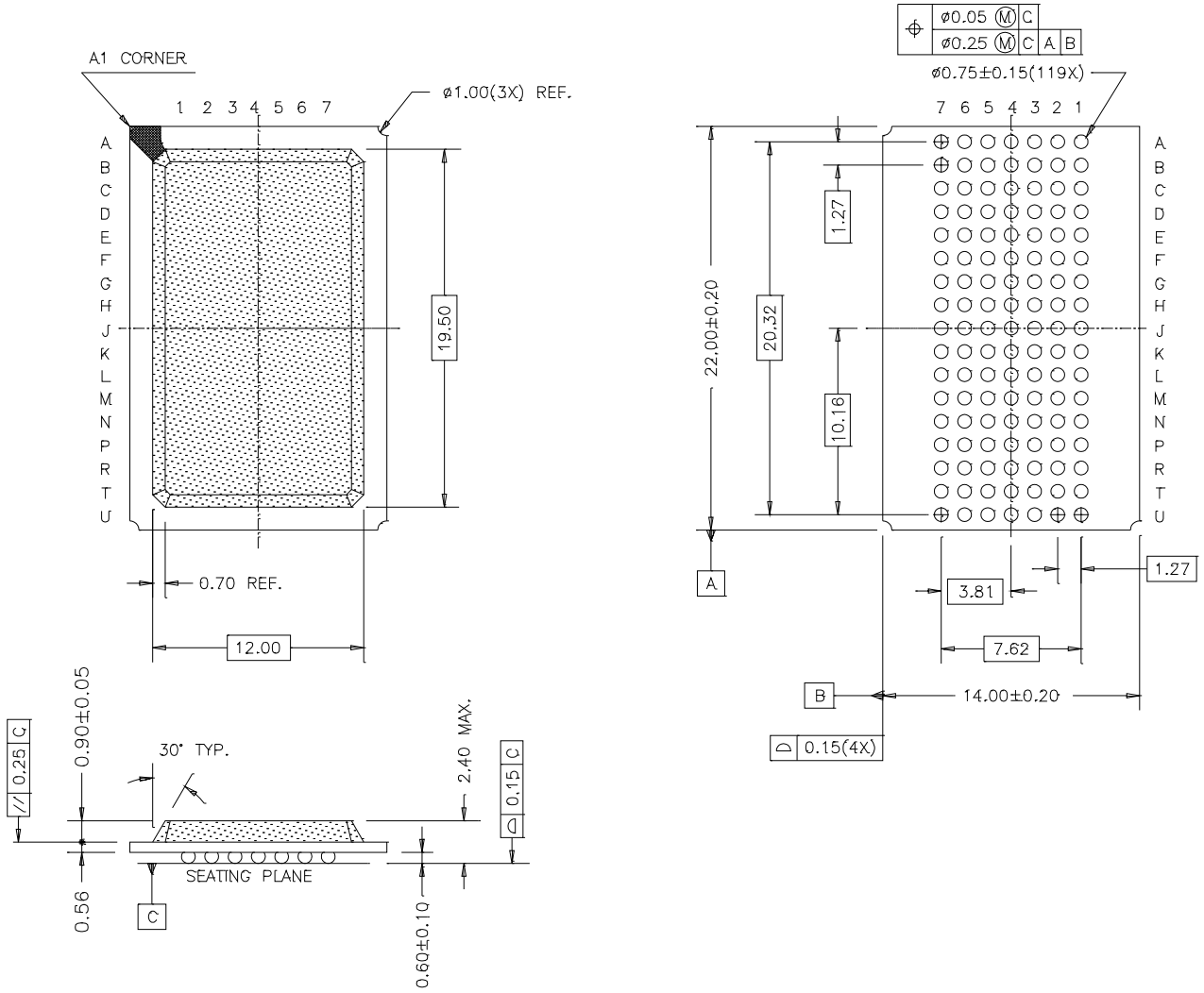
$\overline{CE_1}$	$\overline{CE_2}$	$\overline{CE_3}$	$\overline{OE}$	$\overline{WE}$	$\overline{B_A}$	$\overline{B_B}$	$\overline{B_C}$	$\overline{B_D}$	IO_0–IO_7	IO_8–IO_{15}	IO_{16}–IO_{23}	IO_{24}–IO_{31}	Mode	Power
H	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	Power Down	(I_{SB})
X	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	Power Down	(I_{SB})
X	X	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	Power Down	(I_{SB})
L	L	L	L	H	L	L	L	L	Data Out	Data Out	Data Out	Data Out	Read All Bits	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	L	H	L	H	H	H	Data Out	High Z	High Z	High Z	Read Byte A Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	L	H	H	L	H	H	High Z	Data Out	High Z	High Z	Read Byte B Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	L	H	H	H	L	H	High Z	High Z	Data Out	High Z	Read Byte C Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	L	H	H	H	H	L	High Z	High Z	High Z	Data Out	Read Byte D Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	X	L	L	L	L	L	Data In	Data In	Data In	Data In	Write All Bits	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	X	L	L	H	H	H	Data In	High Z	High Z	High Z	Write Byte A Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	X	L	H	L	H	H	High Z	Data In	High Z	High Z	Write Byte B Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	X	L	H	H	L	H	High Z	High Z	Data In	High Z	Write Byte C Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	X	L	H	H	H	L	High Z	High Z	High Z	Data In	Write Byte D Bits Only	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	H	H	X	X	X	X	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	(I_{CC})
L	L	L	X	X	H	H	H	H	High Z	High Z	High Z	High Z	Selected, Outputs Disabled	(I_{CC})

Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
10	CY7C1062DV33-10BGI	51-85115	119-Ball Plastic Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)	Industrial
	CY7C1062DV33-10BGXI		119-Ball Plastic Ball Grid Array (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm) (Pb-Free)	

Package Diagram

Figure 7. 119-Ball PBGA (14 x 22 x 2.4 mm)



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Document History

Document Title: CY7C1062DV33 16 Mbit (512K X 32) Static RAM Document Number: 38-05477				
Rev.	**ECN No.**	**Orig. of Change**	**Submission Date**	**Description of Change**
**	201560	SWI	See ECN	Advance data sheet for C9 IPP
*A	233748	RKF	See ECN	1.AC, DC parameters are modified as per EROS (Spec # 01-2165) 2.Pb-free offering in the Ordering Information
*B	469420	NXR	See ECN	Converted from Advance Information to Preliminary Removed –8 and –12 speed bins from product offering Removed Commercial operating Range Changed J7 Ball of PBGA from DNU to NC in the pinout diagram Included the Maximum ratings for Static Discharge Voltage and Latch Up Current on page 2 Changed $I_{CC(Max)}$ from 220 mA to 150 mA Changed $I_{SB1(Max)}$ from 70 mA to 30 mA Changed $I_{SB2(Max)}$ from 40 mA to 25 mA Specified the Overshoot specification in footnote 1 Changed t_{SD} from 5.5 ns to 5 ns Added Data Retention Characteristics table and waveform on page 5. Updated the 48-pin FBGA package Updated the Ordering Information Table
*C	499604	NXR	See ECN	Added note 1 for NC pins Updated Test Condition for I_{CC} in DC Electrical Characteristics table Added note for t_{ACE}, t_{LZCE}, t_{HZCE}, t_{PU}, t_{PD}, and t_{SCE} in AC Switching Characteristics Table on page 4
*D	1462583	VKN/AESA	See ECN	Converted from preliminary to final Updated block diagram Changed I_{CC} spec from 150 mA to 175 mA Updated thermal specs
*E	2541850	VKN/PYRS	07/22/08	Added -10BGI part in the Ordering Information table

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