```
Algorithm.java
```

```
1 import java.util.*;
 3 /**
     * File: Algorithm.java
 5
     * Description:
 6
7
             - The Investment Problem's Algorithm (Greedy Algorithm)
 8
                        Assignment 01 - ex2 Investment Problem CS353
     * Project:
     * Class:
10
11 * @author Dr. Lei Wang [Code Template Author]
12 * @author Kong Jimmy Vang [Completed Code Template]
14 public class Algorithm {
15
16
         // solve investment problem
17
18
               m — the total amount of money to be distributed to projects benefits — benefit function of each task
19
20
21
          * output:
22
23
               Money distribution on each project that can maximize the total benefit
24
         public int[] investment(int m, int[][] benefits)
25
26
              int[] res = new int[benefits.length];
27
              //**** Investment Algorithm *****//
int n = benefits.length; // n = number of projects
int size = m + n - 1; // size of int array
28
29
30
31
32
              // Find all possible ints with 5 bits.
33
              ArrayList<Long> longs = new ArrayList<>();
34
35
              for (long i = 0; i < Long.SIZE * size; i++)</pre>
36
                   long bits = 0;
                   for (long j = 0; j < size; j++)</pre>
37
38
39
                        bits += (i >> j) & 1;
                   }
40
41
42
                   if (bits == m)
43
                         longs.add(i);
45
                   }
              }
46
47
              // Find the max benefit from each investment.
int maxBenefit = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
48
49
              for (Long l : longs)
51
52
                   int[] investment = new int[benefits.length];
53
54
55
                   // Calculate investment and set up investment array.
56
                   int bits = 0;
57
58
                   long bit = 0;
                   int k = 0:
59
                   for (int j = 0; j <= size; j++)</pre>
60
61
                        bit = (l >> j) & 1;
62
                        if (bit == 1)
63
64
65
                             bits++;
66
67
                        else
68
                             if (k < benefits.length) {</pre>
69
70
71
72
73
74
75
                                   investment[k++] = bits;
                                   bits = 0;
                             }
                        }
                   }
76
77
78
                   // Check if the current investment is better than the previous max benefit. for (int j = 0; j < investment.length; j++)
                        if (investment[j] < benefits[j].length) {
    benefit += benefits[j][investment[j]];</pre>
79
80
81
82
                   }
83
                   // Replace max benefit if the current investment provides better benefits. if (maxBenefit < benefit)  
84
85
86
                        maxBenefit = benefit;
88
                         res = investment;
                   }
89
91
              // Return the max benefit.
92
```

```
93 return res;
94 }
95 }
96
```