



준비

다음과 같은 내용으로 yesterday.txt 파일을 작성하시오

Yesterday all my troubles
seemed so far away.
Now it looks
as though they're here to stay.
Oh, I believe in yesterday.

Suddenly I'm not half
the man I used to be.
There's a shadow hanging over me.
Oh, yesterday came suddenly.

Why she had to go,
I don't know,
she wouldn't say.
I said something wrong,
now I long for yesterday.

Yesterday love was
such an easy game to play.
Now I need a place to hide away.
Oh, I believe in yesterday.

Why she had to go,
I don't know,
she wouldn't say.
I said something wrong,
now I long for yesterday.

Yesterday love was
such an easy game to play.
Now I need a place to hide away.
Oh, I believe in yesterday.

Mm mm mm mm mm mm mm



문제1

yesterday.txt 파일을 읽어 각 단어들을 분리하고 key값은 1부터 시작하는 정수를, value 는 분리한 단어로 딕셔너리를 만드시오.

출력 예

```
{1: 'Yesterday', 2: 'all', 3: 'my', 4: 'troubles', 5: 'seemed', 6: 'so', 7: 'far', 8: 'away', 9: 'Now', 10: 'it', 11: 'looks', 12: 'as', 13: 'though', 14: "they're", 15: 'here', 16: 'to', 17: 'stay', 18: 'Oh,', 19: 'I', 20: 'believe', 21: 'in', 22: 'yesterday', 23: 'Suddenly', 24: "I'm", 25: 'not', 26: 'half', 27: 'the', 28: 'man', 29: 'I', 30: 'used', 31: 'to', 32: 'be', 33: "There's", 34: 'a', 35: 'shadow', 36: 'hanging', 37: 'over', 38: 'me', 39: 'Oh,', 40: 'yesterday', 41: 'came', 42: 'suddenly', 43: 'Why', 44: 'she', 45: 'had', 46: 'to', 47: 'go,', 48: 'I', 49: "don't", 50: 'know,', 51: 'she', 52: "wouldn't", 53: 'say', 54: 'I', 55: 'said', 56: 'something', 57: 'wrong,', 58: 'now', 59: 'I', 60: 'long', 61: 'for', 62: 'yesterday', 63: 'Yesterday', 64: 'love', 65: 'was', 66: 'such', 67: 'an', 68: 'easy', 69: 'game', 70: 'to', 71: 'play', 72: 'Now', 73: 'I', 74: 'need', 75: 'a', 76: 'place', 77: 'to', 78: 'hide', 79: 'away', 80: 'Oh,', 81: 'I', 82: 'believe', 83: 'in', 84: 'yesterday', 85: 'Why', 86: 'she', 87: 'had', 88: 'to', 89: 'go,', 90: 'I', 91: "don't", 92: 'know,', 93: 'she', 94: "wouldn't", 95: 'say', 96: 'I', 97: 'said', 98: 'something', 99: 'wrong,', 100: 'now', 101: 'I', 102: 'long', 103: 'for', 104: 'yesterday', 105: 'Yesterday', 106: 'love', 107: 'was', 108: 'such', 109: 'an', 110: 'easy', 111: 'game', 112: 'to', 113: 'play', 114: 'Now', 115: 'I', 116: 'need', 117: 'a', 118: 'place', 119: 'to', 120: 'hide', 121: 'away', 122: 'Oh,', 123: 'I', 124: 'believe', 125: 'in', 126: 'yesterday', 127: 'Mm', 128: 'mm', 129: 'mm', 130: 'mm', 131: 'mm', 132: 'mm', 133: 'mm'}
```



문제2

문제 1번에서 분리한 단어를 key값으로, 단어의 마지막 번호를 value로 딕셔너리를 만드시오.

출력 예

```
{'Yesterday': 105, 'all': 2, 'my': 3, 'troubles': 4, 'seemed': 5, 'so': 6, 'far': 7, 'away': 121, 'Now': 114, 'it': 10, 'looks': 11, 'as': 12, 'though': 13, "they're": 14, 'here': 15, 'to': 119, 'stay': 17, 'Oh,: 122, 'I': 123, 'believe': 124, 'in': 125, 'yesterday': 126, 'Suddenly': 23, "I'm": 24, 'not': 25, 'half': 26, 'the': 27, 'man': 28, 'used': 30, 'be': 32, "There's": 33, 'a': 117, 'shadow': 35, 'hanging': 36, 'over': 37, 'me': 38, 'came': 41, 'suddenly': 42, 'Why': 85, 'she': 93, 'had': 87, 'go,: 89, "don't": 91, 'know,: 92, "wouldn't": 94, 'say': 95, 'said': 97, 'something': 98, 'wrong,: 99, 'now': 100, 'long': 102, 'for': 103, 'love': 106, 'was': 107, 'such': 108, 'an': 109, 'easy': 110, 'game': 111, 'play': 113, 'need': 116, 'place': 118, 'hide': 120, 'Mm': 127, 'mm': 133}
```