db_seeder_dev - DBSeeder Development Image

This image supports the use of a Docker container for the development of the DBSeeder project in an Ubuntu environment.

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1. Installed core components

With the following command you can check in detail which software versions are included in the Docker image:

apt list --installed

Version 3.0.2

Component	Version	Remark	Status
asdf	v0.8.1-95f2cdf		
curl	7.68.0		base version
Docker Engine	20.10.8		base version
dos2unix	7.4.0		base version
Eclipse	2021-06-R		
GCC & G++	9.3.0		base version
Git	2.25.1		base version
GNU Make	4.2.1		base version
Gradle	7.2		
Java	16.0.2	openjdk	
LCOV	1.14		base version
OpenSSL	1.1.1.f		base version
Python	3.8.10		base version
Ubuntu	20.04.3 LTS	focal	base version

Component	Version	Remark	Status
Vim	8.2.2269		base version
wget	1.20.3		base version

2. Creating a new DBSeeder development container

2.1 Getting started

```
> REM Assumptions:
> REM - the name of the Docker container should be: my_db_seeder_dev
> REM
        - the path the host repository is: //C/projects/my_repro
> REM - the directory name for this repository inside the container should be:
my_repro_dir
> REM
       - you want to use the latest version of the Konnexions development image
> docker run --name my_db_seeder_dev \
             -v //C/projects/my_repro./my_repro_dir \
             konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
> REM Stopping the container
> docker stop my_db_seeder_dev
> REM Restarting the container
> docker start my_db_seeder_dev
> REM Entering a running container
> docker exec -it my_db_seeder_dev bash
```

2.2 Detailed syntax

A new container can be created with the docker run command.

Syntax:

```
docker run -it
    [--name <container_name>] \
    konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev[:<version>]
    [<cmd>]
```

Parameters:

- **container_name** an optional container identification
- **directory_repository** an optional host repository directory the default value is expecting the repository inside the container
- version an optional version number of the image or the constant latest

• cmd - an optional command to be executed in the container, default is bash for running the bash shell

Detailed documentation for the command docker run can be found here.

Examples:

1. Creating a new Docker container named my_db_seeder_dev using a repository inside the Docker container:

```
docker run -it --name my_db_seeder_dev konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
```

2. Creating a new Docker container named my_db_seeder_dev using the host repository of a Windows directory D:\projects\my_repro:

```
docker run -it --name my_db_seeder_dev -v //D/projects/my_repro:/my_repro
konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
```

3. Creating a new Docker container named my_db_seeder_dev using the host repository of a Linux directory /my_repro:

```
docker run -it --name my_db_seeder_dev -v /my_repro:/my_repro
konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
```

3. Working with an existing DBSeeder development container

3.1 Starting a stopped container

A previously stopped container can be started with the docker start command.

Syntax:

```
docker start <container_name>
```

Parameter:

• **container_name** - the mandatory container identification, that is an UUID long identifier, an UUID short identifier or a previously given name

Detailed documentation for the command docker start can be found here.

3.2 Entering a running container

A running container can be entered with the docker exec command.

Syntax:

```
docker exec -it <container_name> <cmd>
```

Parameter:

• **container_name** - the mandatory container identification, that is an UUID long identifier, an UUID short identifier or a previously given name

• cmd - the command to be executed in the container, e.g. bash for running the bash shell

Detailed documentation for the command docker exec can be found here.

4. Best practices

4.1 Use of a root repository directory on the host computer

If all relevant repositories are located within a common parent directory, then development work in all these repositories can be done within a single Konnexions development container.

Example:

In the following example we assume that the host directory is named C:\Temp\my_projects and should be mapped to the projects directory in the container.

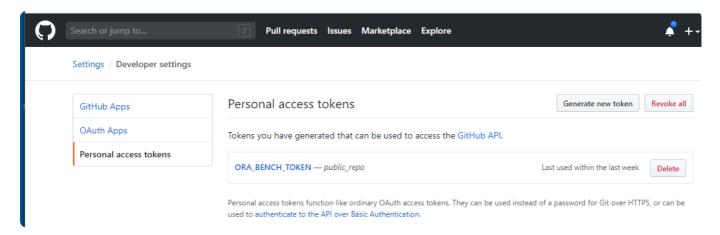
```
>C:\Temp\my_projects>docker run -it --name db_seeder_dev -v
//C/Temp/my_projects:/projects konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
root@35b9310932f1:/# cd projects
root@35b9310932f1:/projects# ls -ll
total 0
```

4.2 Use of private GitHub repositories inside the container

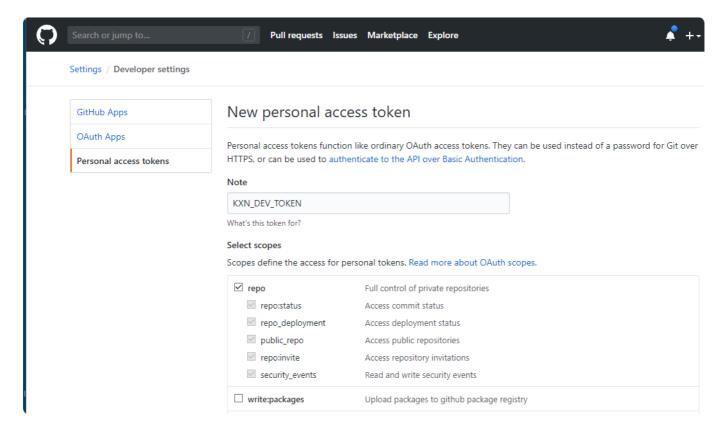
To access private repositories in GitHub, you must first create a new personal access token in GitHub and then add it to your git configuration inside the container.

1. Create a new personal access token in GitHub

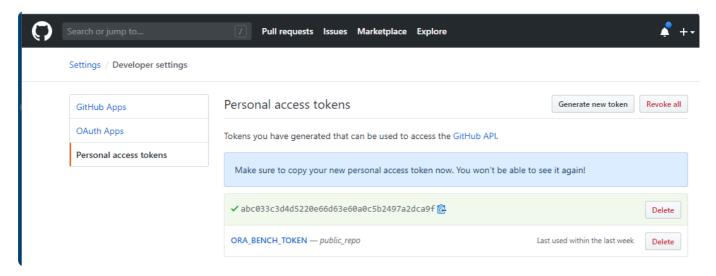
With the following URL you can create the access token: https://github.com/settings/tokens



Press the button Generate new token



Name the new token, select the scopes and press the button Generate token



• Write down the secret code and keep it in a safe place

2. Setting up the Docker container on the host machine

In the following example we assume that the host directory is named C:\Temp\my_projects and should be mapped to the projects directory in the container.

```
C:\Temp\my_projects>docker run -it --name db_seeder_dev -v
//C/Temp/my_projects:/projects konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
Unable to find image 'konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev
d51af753c3d3: Pull complete
...
a6bb30d1a5cf: Pull complete
```

```
Digest: sha256:5f6d6afc566ef9142d2d85b85dd331c0558eafaaf286179fd0ae787988c1b89b
Status: Downloaded newer image for konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
```

3. Initial configuration of git in the container

```
root@332206c300f1:/# export XDG_CONFIG_HOME=/projects
root@332206c300f1:/# mkdir -p $XDG_CONFIG_HOME/git/
root@332206c300f1:/# touch $XDG_CONFIG_HOME/git/config
root@332206c300f1:/# touch $XDG_CONFIG_HOME/git/credentials
root@332206c300f1:/# git config --file=$XDG_CONFIG_HOME/git/config
credential.helper 'store --file=/projects/git/credentials'
root@332206c300f1:/# git config --file=$XDG_CONFIG_HOME/git/config user.name "John
Doe"
root@332206c300f1:/# git config --file=$XDG_CONFIG_HOME/git/config user.email
"john.doe@company.com"
root@332206c300f1:/# git config --list --show-origin
                            credential.helper=store --
file:/projects/git/config
file=/projects/git/credentials
                            user.name=John Doe
file:/projects/git/config
file:/projects/git/config
                              user.email=john.doe@company.com
```

4. Verification of the settings

```
root@332206c300f1:/# cat /projects/git/config
[credential]
    helper = store --file=/projects/git/credentials
[user]
    name = John Doe
[user]
    email = john.doe@company.com
```

5. Clone a repository for the first time

When prompted provide your github user name and the new personal access token from (1).

```
root@332206c300f1:/# cd projects
root@332206c300f1:~# git clone https://github.com/KonnexionsGmbH/docker_images
Cloning into 'docker_images'...
Username for 'https://github.com': John Doe
Password for 'https://john.doe@company.com':
abc033c3d4d5220e66d63e60a0c5b2497a2dca9f
remote: Enumerating objects: 78, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (78/78), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (49/49), done.
remote: Total 78 (delta 33), reused 68 (delta 23), pack-reused 0
```

```
Receiving objects: 100% (78/78), 167.83 KiB | 867.00 KiB/s, done.

Resolving deltas: 100% (33/33), done.
```

6. Verify if the clone completed with success

```
root@332206c300f1:~# cat /projects/git/credentials
https://John Doe:abc033c3d4d5220e66d63e60a0c5b2497a2dca9f@github.com
```

7. Verification after a restart of the Docker container

```
C:\Temp\my_projects>docker start db_seeder_dev
db_seeder_dev
C:\Temp\my_projects>docker exec -it db_seeder_dev bash
root@332206c300f1:/# export XDG_CONFIG_HOME=/projects
root@332206c300f1:/# git config --list --show-origin
file:/projects/git/config credential.helper=store --
file=/projects/git/credentials
file:/projects/git/config user.name=John Doe
file:/projects/git/config user.email=john.doe@company.com
```

8. Verification after the removal of the Docker container

Deleting the Docker container and image

```
C:\Temp\my_projects>docker stop db_seeder_dev
db_seeder_dev
C:\Temp\my_projects>docker rm db_seeder_dev
db_seeder_dev
C:\Temp\my projects>docker images
REPOSITORY
                           TAG
                                              IMAGE ID
                                                                   CREATED
SIZE
konnexionsgmbh/db seeder dev
                                latest
                                                    51757b5e414e
                                                                       6 hours
           3.71GB
ago
C:\Temp\my projects>docker rmi 51757b5e414e
Untagged: konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
Untagged:
konnexionsgmbh/db seeder dev@sha256:5f6d6afc566ef9142d2d85b85dd331c0558eafaaf28617
9fd0ae787988c1b89b
Deleted: sha256:51757b5e414e5333ace7b163484c06e4685c29312ad09d5d7d648c6936011a60
Deleted: sha256:7789f1a3d4e9258fbe5469a8d657deb6aba168d86967063e9b80ac3e1154333f
```

• Recreating the Docker container (and image)

```
C:\Temp\my_projects>docker run -it --name db_seeder_dev -v
//C/Temp/my_projects:/projects konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
Unable to find image 'konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev
d51af753c3d3: Pull complete
a6bb30d1a5cf: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:5f6d6afc566ef9142d2d85b85dd331c0558eafaaf286179fd0ae787988c1b89b
Status: Downloaded newer image for konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder_dev:latest
root@ad1f036bbc44:/# export XDG_CONFIG_HOME=/projects
root@ad1f036bbc44:/# git clone https://github.com/KonnexionsGmbH/docker_images
Cloning into 'docker_images'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 78, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (78/78), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (49/49), done.
remote: Total 78 (delta 33), reused 68 (delta 23), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (78/78), 167.83 KiB | 895.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (33/33), done.
```

• If we use the same path - where git/config and git/credentials exist - as in Step 4, git access (clone/push/pull) doesn't ask for username/password anymore.