# SBSGUI: Development and Operational Image

This image supports the use of a Docker container for the development and operation of SBSGUI in an Ubuntu environment.

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# 1. Installed core components

With the following command you can check in detail which software components in which versions are included in the Docker image:

apt list --installed

### Version 1.0.0

Component	Version	Remark	Status
asdf	v0.8.1-a1ef92a		
Erlang/OTP	24.0.2		
Git	2.32.0		
htop	3.0.5		
LCOV	1.14		
nginx	1.18.0		
Node.js [npm]	v14.17.1 [6.14.13]		
OpenSSL	1.1.1k		
rebar3	3.16.1		
tmux	3.2a		
Ubuntu	20.04.2 LTS	focal	
Vim	8.2.3017		
wget	1.21.1		
Yarn	1.22.10		

### 2. Creating a new SBSGUI container

# 2.1 Getting started

```
> REM Assumptions:
      - you want to map the container port 8443 to the host port 443
> REM
        - the name of the Docker container should be: my_db_seeder
> REM - the path the host repository is: //C/projects/my_repro
> REM - the directory name for this repository inside the container should be:
my_repro_dir
> REM
      - you want to use the latest version of the SBSGUI image
> docker run -it -p 443:8443 \
             --name my_db_seeder \
             -v //C/projects/my_repro:/my_repro_dir \
             konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder:latest
> REM Stopping the container
> docker stop my_db_seeder
> REM Restarting the container
> docker start my_db_seeder
> REM Entering a running container
> docker exec -it my_db_seeder bash
```

## 2.2 Detailed Syntax

A new container can be created with the docker run command.

#### Syntax:

```
docker run -it
    [-p <port>:8443] \
    [--name <container_name>] \
    konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder[:<version>]
    [<cmd>]
```

#### **Parameters:**

- **port** an optional listener port
- **container\_name** an optional container identification
- directory\_repository an optional host repository directory the default value is expecting the repository inside the container
- version an optional version number of the image or the constant latest
- cmd an optional command to be executed in the container, default is bash for running the bash shell

Detailed documentation for the command docker run can be found here.

#### **Examples:**

1. Creating a new Docker container named my\_db\_seeder using a repository inside the Docker container:

```
docker run -it --name my_db_seeder konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder:latest
```

2. Creating a new Docker container named my\_db\_seeder using the host repository of a Windows directory D:\projects\my\_repro:

```
docker run -it --name db_seeder -v //D/projects/my_repro:/my_repro
konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder:latest
```

3. Creating a new Docker container named my\_db\_seeder using the host repository of a Linux directory /my\_repro and mapping port 8443 to port 8000:

```
docker run -it --name my_db_seeder -p 8000:8443 -v /my_repro:/my_repro
konnexionsgmbh/db_seeder:latest
```

### 3 Working with an existing SBSGUI container

### 3.1 Starting a stopped container

A previously stopped container can be started with the docker start command.

#### Syntax:

```
docker start <container_name>
```

#### Parameter:

• **container\_name** - the mandatory container identification, that is an UUID long identifier, an UUID short identifier or a previously given name

Detailed documentation for the command docker start can be found here.

### 3.2 Entering a running container

A running container can be entered with the docker exec command.

#### Syntax:

```
docker exec -it <container_name> <cmd>
```

#### Parameter:

• **container\_name** - the mandatory container identification, that is an UUID long identifier, an UUID short identifier or a previously given name

• cmd - the command to be executed in the container, e.g. bash for running the bash shell

Detailed documentation for the command docker exec can be found here.