***SQL Intro***

1. Write a SQL query to find all information about all departments (use "TelerikAcademy" database).

SELECT \* FROM Departments

1. Write a SQL query to find all department names.

SELECT Name FROM Departments

1. Write a SQL query to find the salary of each employee.

SELECT Salary FROM Employees

1. Write a SQL to find the full name of each employee.

SELECT FirstName + ' ' + LastName AS FullName FROM Employees

1. Write a SQL query to find the email addresses of each employee (by his first and last name). Consider that the mail domain is telerik.com. Emails should look like “John.Doe@telerik.com". The produced column should be named "Full Email Addresses"."

SELECT FirstName + '.' + LastName + '@telerik.com'

AS [Full Email Addresses]

FROM Employees

1. Write a SQL query to find all different employee salaries.

SELECT DISTINCT Salary FROM Employees

1. Write a SQL query to find all information about the employees whose job title is “Sales Representative“.

SELECT \* FROM Employees

WHERE JobTitle = 'Sales Representative'

1. Write a SQL query to find the names of all employees whose first name starts with "SA".

SELECT \* FROM Employees

WHERE FirstName LIKE 'SA%'

1. Write a SQL query to find the names of all employees whose last name contains "ei".

SELECT \* FROM Employees

WHERE LastName LIKE '%ei%'

1. Write a SQL query to find the salary of all employees whose salary is in the range [20000…30000].

SELECT Salary FROM Employees

WHERE Salary BETWEEN 20000 AND 30000

1. Write a SQL query to find the names of all employees whose salary is 25000, 14000, 12500 or 23600.

SELECT FirstName, LastName, Salary FROM Employees

WHERE Salary IN (25000, 14000, 12500, 23600)

1. Write a SQL query to find all employees that do not have manager.

SELECT FirstName, LastName FROM Employees

WHERE ManagerID IS NULL

1. Write a SQL query to find all employees that have salary more than 50000. Order them in decreasing order by salary.

SELECT FirstName, LastName, Salary FROM Employees

WHERE Salary > 50000

ORDER BY Salary DESC

1. Write a SQL query to find the top 5 best paid employees.

SELECT TOP 5 FirstName, LastName, Salary FROM Employees

ORDER BY Salary DESC

1. Write a SQL query to find all employees along with their address. Use inner join with ON clause.

SELECT e.FirstName, e.LastName, a.AddressText

FROM Employees e

JOIN Addresses a

ON e.AddressID = a.AddressID

1. Write a SQL query to find all employees and their address. Use equijoins (conditions in the WHERE clause).

SELECT e.FirstName, e.LastName, a.AddressText

FROM Employees e, Addresses a

WHERE e.AddressID = a.AddressID

1. Write a SQL query to find all employees along with their manager.

SELECT e.FirstName + ' ' + e.LastName + ' is managed by ' + m.FirstName + ' ' + m.LastName

FROM Employees e, Employees m

WHERE e.ManagerID = m.EmployeeID

1. Write a SQL query to find all employees, along with their manager and their address. Join the 3 tables: Employees e, Employees m and Addresses a.

SELECT e.FirstName, e.LastName, m.FirstName + ' ' + m.LastName as Manager, a.AddressText

FROM Employees e

JOIN Employees m

ON e.ManagerID = m.EmployeeID

JOIN Addresses a

ON e.AddressID = a.AddressID

1. Write a SQL query to find all departments and all town names as a single list. Use UNION.

SELECT Name

FROM Departments

UNION

SELECT AddressText

FROM Addresses

1. Write a SQL query to find all the employees and the manager for each of them along with the employees that do not have manager. Use right outer join. Rewrite the query to use left outer join.

SELECT e.FirstName, e.LastName, m.FirstName + ' ' + m.LastName as Manager

FROM Employees m

RIGHT JOIN Employees e

ON m.EmployeeID = e.ManagerID

SELECT e.FirstName, e.LastName, m.FirstName + ' ' + m.LastName as Manager

FROM Employees e

LEFT JOIN Employees m

ON e.ManagerID = m.EmployeeID

1. Write a SQL query to find the names of all employees from the departments "Sales" and "Finance" whose hire year is between 1995 and 2005.

SELECT e.FirstName, e.LastName, e.HireDate,

d.Name AS [Department Name]

FROM Employees e

JOIN Departments d

ON e.DepartmentID = d.DepartmentID

WHERE (e.HireDate BETWEEN '1995-01-01 00:00:00' AND '2005-01-01 00:00:00')

AND (d.Name IN ('Sales', 'Finance'))