



**FACCTS User List**

Sophia Myles  
**Pascale Hutton**  
Ray Stevenson  
Amy Smart  
Amber Heard

Profile Availability User Role

First Name   
Middle Name   
Last Name

User ID   
User Email   
User Phone

User CLETS Certified ☐

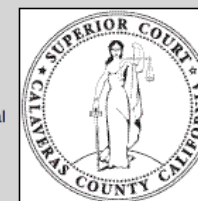
User Picture



[Click Update to Change](#)

UPDATE

Clerk of Court Seal



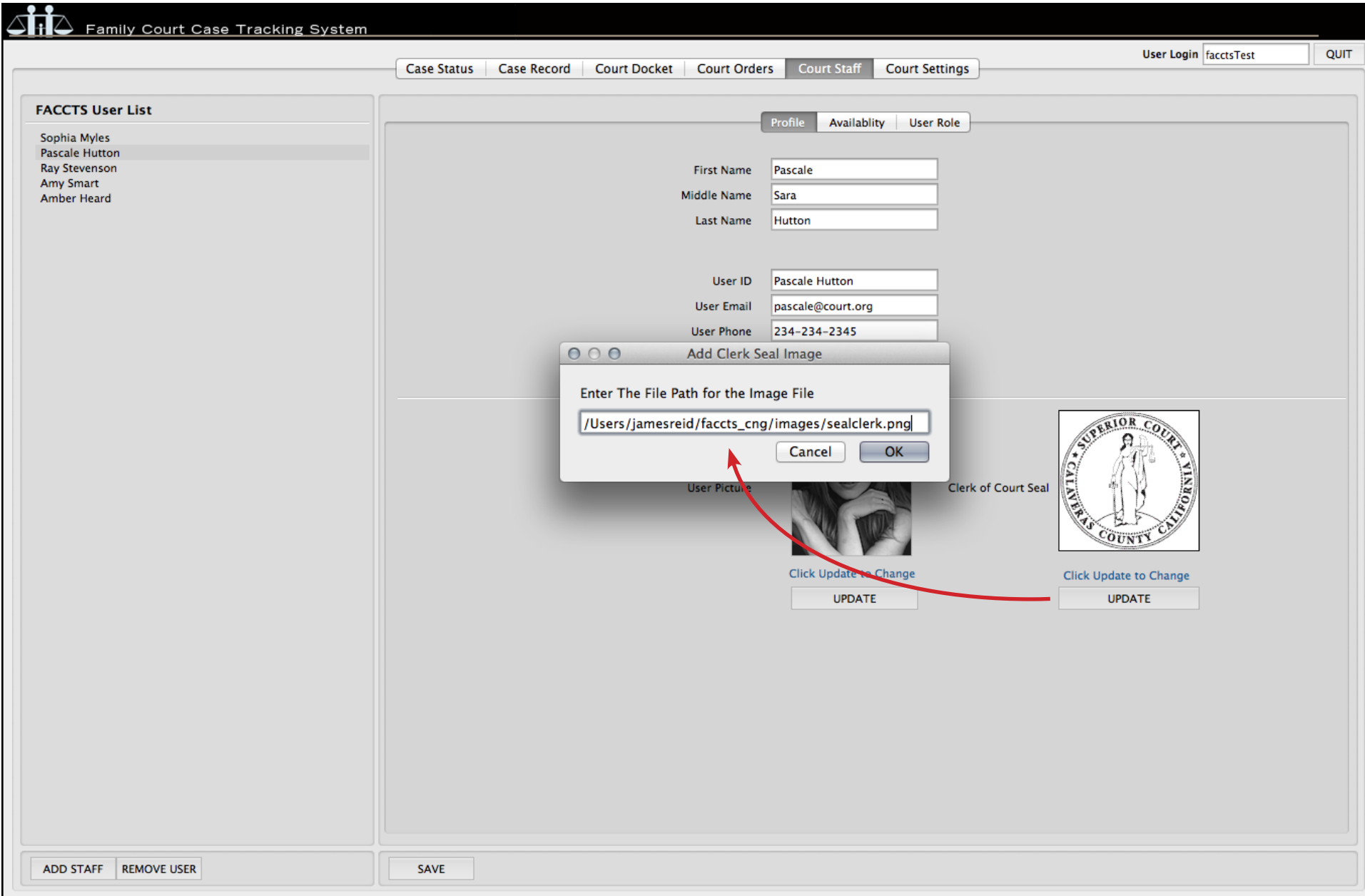
[Click Update to Change](#)

UPDATE

ADD STAFF REMOVE USER

SAVE

Profile add UI for Clerk to Upload Seal.



File Dialog to Direct User to Upload a CLERK SEAL Image.

Case Number:  
22-1251

### Start Date and End Date of Orders

This order *starts* on the date next to the judge's signature on page 3. The order *ends* on the expiration date in item ④ on page 1.

### Arrest Required if Order Is Violated

If an officer has probable cause to believe that the restrained person had notice of the order and has disobeyed the order, the officer must arrest the restrained person. (Pen. Code, §§ 836(c)(1), 13701(b).) A violation of the order may be a violation of Penal Code section 166 or 273.6. Agencies are encouraged to enter violation messages into CARPOS.

### Notice/Proof of Service

The law enforcement agency must first determine if the restrained person had notice of the order. Consider the restrained person "served" (given notice) if (Pen. Code, § 836(c)(2)):

- The officer sees a copy of the Proof of Service or confirms that the Proof of Service is on file; or
- The restrained person was informed of the order by an officer.

An officer can obtain information about the contents of the order and proof of service in CARPOS. If proof of service on the restrained person cannot be verified, the agency must advise the restrained person of the terms of the order and then enforce it.

### If the Protected Person Contacts the Restrained Person

Even if the protected person invites or consents to contact with the restrained person, this order remains in effect and must be enforced. The protected person cannot be arrested for inviting or consenting to contact with the restrained person. The order can be changed only by another court order. (Pen. Code, § 13710(b).)

### Conflicting Orders

A protective order issued in a criminal case on Form CR-161 takes precedence in enforcement over any conflicting civil court order. (Pen. Code, § 136.2(e)(2).) Any nonconflicting terms of the civil restraining order remain in full force. An *Emergency Protective Order* (Form EPO-001) that is in effect between the same parties and is more restrictive than other restraining orders takes precedence over all other restraining orders. (Pen. Code, § 136.2.)

(Clerk will fill out this part.)

### —Clerk's Certificate—

Clerk's Certificate  
[seal]



I certify that this *Temporary Restraining Order* is a true and correct copy of the original on file in the court.

Date: 8-12-2013 Clerk, by Pascale Hutton, Deputy

**This is a Court Order.**

Seal is placed on the form during form generation, prior to export to CCPOR or printing.