

Vanguard®

Current Objective and Situation

- working as a data analyst for Vanguard
- goal: improve completion rates of Vanguards digital online business processes
- evaluate the results of a previously conducted A/B test
- aim of this presentation: draw a conclusion for the management team (you, the audience) whether to, or not to implement the new UI



Data Overview

Client profiles \rightarrow Dataset containing general info about our clients

Digital footprints \rightarrow Dataset tracking the digital movements of our clients while navigating through our online business process

Experiment roster → classification of our clients into "test" and "control" groups



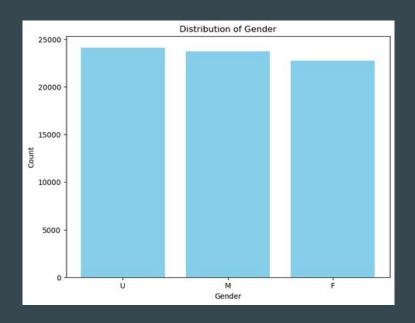
Data cleaning

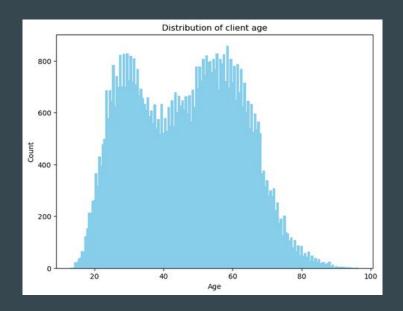
- checking for and dropping
 NaN-values
- concatenated the digital footprints tables vertically
- cleaned messy columns and replaced misleading values with fitting ones



Data Demographics

Who are our primary clients?

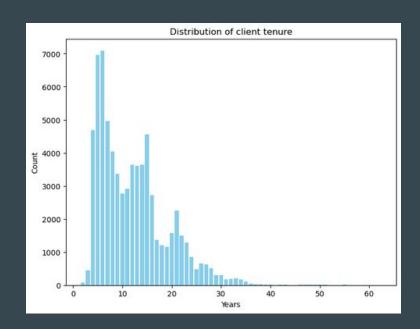


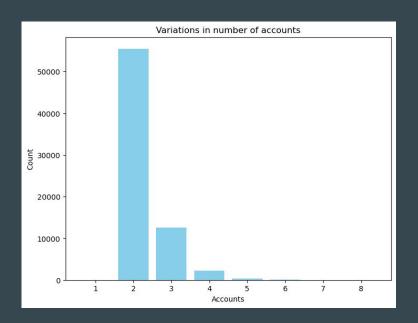


- total of appr. 70k clients
- relatively equally distributed regarding gender
- peak number of clients around the age of 30 and late 50s/60

Data Demographics

Who are our primary clients?

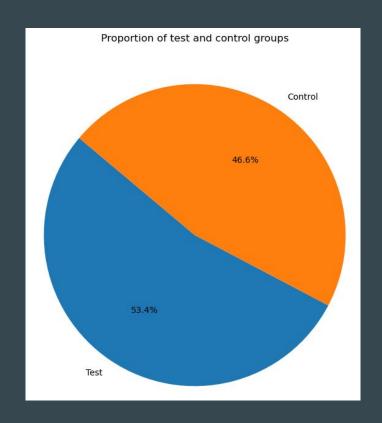




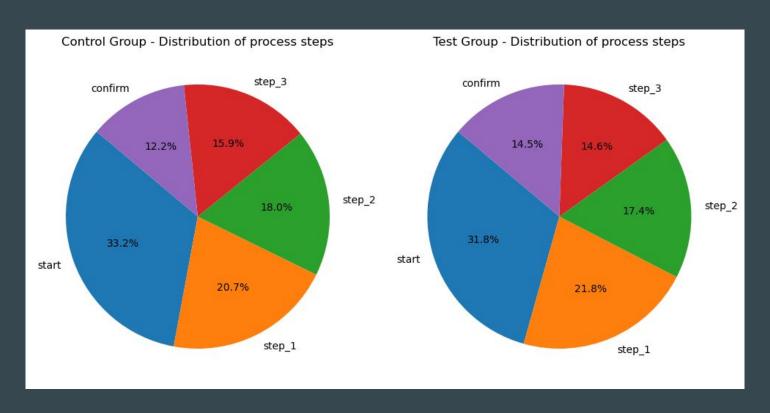
- most clients with Vanguard since
 4-15 years with a peak at around 6
 years
- most clients hold two accounts with Vanguard

Context of the A/B testing

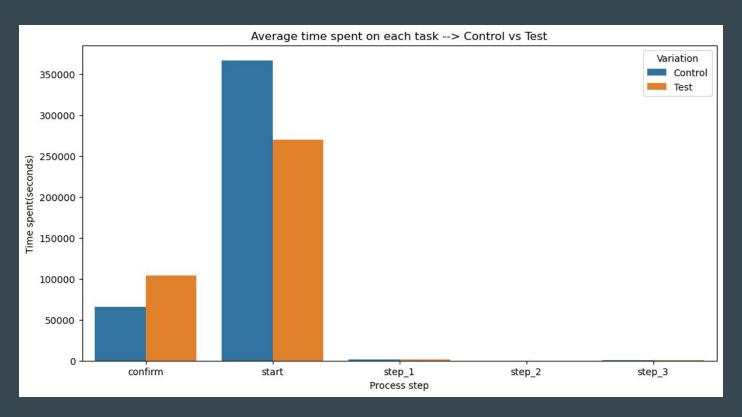
- in order to draw well-founded conclusions a experimental study using A/B testing was conducted
- population split up into "test" and "control" groups in order to make a direct comparison
- controlled test environment basis for hypothesis testing



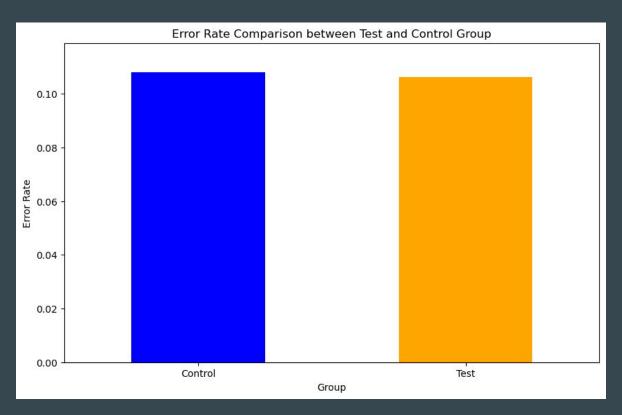
KPIs Test vs Control



KPIs Test vs Control



KPIs Test vs Control



Hypothesis Testing

- 1st Hypothesis:
 - →H0: there **is no** significant difference in completion rates between the control and the test group
 - \rightarrow H1: there **is a** significant difference in completion rates between the control and the test group
- alpha-significance-level: **5%**
- ran a two-sided z-test in python
- We reject the null hypothesis → we can say with a 95% certainty that there is a significant difference in completion rates between the "test" and "control" group!

Hypothesis Testing

- 2nd Hypothesis
 - \rightarrow H0: the increase in users **does not** meet/exceed the 5% mark
 - \rightarrow H1: the increase in users **does** meet/exceed the 5% mark
- alpha-significance-level: **5%**
- ran a one-sided z-test in python
- We fail to reject the null hypothesis \rightarrow There was no sufficient statistical evidence for us to disprove the null hypothesis

Hypothesis Testing

- 3rd Hypothesis
 - →H0: There is **no difference** between the average age of clients engaging with the old or the new UI
 - \rightarrow H1: There is **a difference** between the average age of clients engaging with the old or the new UI
- alpha-significance-level: **5%**
- ran two-sided t-test in python
- We reject the null Hypothesis → we can say with a 95% certainty that there is a significant difference between the average ages of the "test" and "control" group!

Experiment Evaluation

- ensure that population samples for "test" and "control" are a proper representation of the population
- potential biases could occur due to a misleading representation of the population, thereby falsifying test results and conclusions
- interesting additional data could be what kind of errors occur, thus perhaps giving insights for improvements to reach the 5% threshold



Tableau Visualizations

https://public.tableau.com/views/Project2_17260736861020/Project2?:language=fr-FR&publ[...]sid=&:redirect=auth&:display_count=n&:origin=viz_share_link

Teamwork & Project Management

- Used a Trello kanban and a Google-Doc to organize and breakdown the to-do's
- Split up the tasks at hand and made sure to check up on each other
- Communication between team members is crucial for a structured approach of the project



Challenges & Learnings

- Tableau Visualizations
- Hypothesis-testing
 - → clearly defining hypothesis
 - → thinking about what you want to achieve in the business context
- setting up the repository

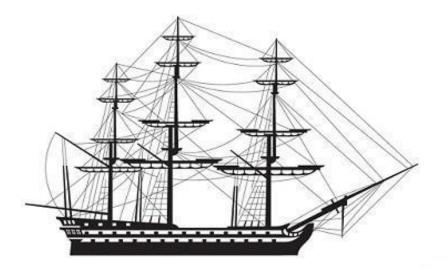


Conclusions

- new UI did show a **significant increase of completion rates**
- even though significant it did **not** meet the threshold for the implementation to be financially viable
- we found evidence for a significant difference between the average ages of the "test" and the "control" group

Ideas:

- rerun the A/B-testing while making sure that every group represents the population
- if we still come to the same conclusions it would be unwise to implement the new UI



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