

# Projectile Motion

A projectile is an object that, once thrown or dropped, continues to move only under the influence of gravity. Throwing a baseball, shooting a cannon, and diving off a high diving board are all examples. NASA flight planners use projectile motion to plan flight paths for space vehicles, such as sending rovers to Mars. You've already learned how to describe and model one-dimensional projectile motion in the Falling Bodies chapter. Now, we consider projectiles that also have horizontal motion, and therefore are moving in two dimensions.

First, we will compare the motion of projectiles that are dropped versus horizontally launched from the same height. This will frame our discussion of the important concept of independence of motion: the vertical and horizontal motions of a projectile can be considered and described independent from each other. This will allow you to predict how far horizontally launched objects will travel before hitting the ground. Next, you'll learn to describe the motion of projectiles launched at an angle (like some heavy ground artillery). Finally, you'll use what you've learned to create a model of any projectile motion.

## 1.1 Comparing Projectiles

This video was mentioned at the end of the kinematics chapter: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=zMF4CD7i3hg>. From the video, we can see that the addition of horizontal motion does not effect how fast an object is acted upon by gravity. Both objects hit the ground at the same time, regardless of whether horizontal motion was added or not.

## 1.2 Independence of Motion

we can describe the x and y motion separately. you already know how to describe the y motion from falling bodies show 2D kinematics equations graphs comparing x motions and y motions

## 1.3 Horizontally-launched Projectiles

example

exercise

exercise - Newton's cannon

## 1.4 Projectiles launched at an Angle

### 1.4.1 From the Ground

separating vertical and horizontal components of initial motion with trigonometry example

exercise - how far does the object travel?

exercise - at what angle should you launch for an object to go the furthest given a maximum launch velocity?

exercise - I have a target  $x$ -meters away, I must launch at  $v$ -miles per hour, what angle will allow me to hit my target, if any?

## 1.5 Simulating Projectile Motion

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*This is a draft chapter from the Kontinua Project. Please see our website (<https://kontinua.org/>) for more details.*

# Answers to Exercises

